COMPANY REGISTRATION NUMBER 01166132

PENNINE IMPORT & EXPORT LIMITED

UNAUDITED ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED
31 MARCH 2013

ACHIDAY



L15 23/12/2013 COMPANIES HOUSE

#25

ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2013

CONTENTS	PAGE
Report to the directors on the preparation of the unaudited statutory financial statements	1
Abbreviated Balance sheet	2
Notes to the Abbreviated accounts	3

REPORT TO THE DIRECTORS ON THE PREPARATION OF THE UNAUDITED STATUTORY ACCOUNTS OF PENNINE IMPORT & EXPORT LIMITED

YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2013

In order to assist you to fulfil your duties under the Companies Act 2006, we have prepared for your approval the abbreviated accounts of Pennine Import & Export Limited for the year ended 31 March 2013 as set out on pages 2 to 4 from the company's accounting records and from information and explanations you have given us

As a practising member firm of the Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales (ICAEW), we are subject to its ethical and other professional requirements which are detailed at icaew com/regulations

This report is made solely to the Board of Directors of Pennine Import & Export Limited, as a body, in accordance with the terms of our engagement letter. Our work has been undertaken solely to prepare for your approval the abbreviated accounts of Pennine Import & Export Limited and state those matters that we have agreed to state to them, as a body, in this report in accordance with AAF 02/10 as detailed at icaew com/compilation. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than Pennine Import & Export Limited and its Board of Directors, as a body, for our work or for this report.

It is your duty to ensure that Pennine Import & Export Limited has kept adequate accounting records and to prepare statutory abbreviated accounts that give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities, financial position and loss of Pennine Import & Export Limited You consider that Pennine Import & Export Limited is exempt from the statutory audit requirement for the year

We have not been instructed to carry out an audit or a review of the abbreviated accounts of Pennine Import & Export Limited. For this reason, we have not verified the accuracy or completeness of the accounting records or information and explanations you have given to us and we do not, therefore, express any opinion on the statutory abbreviated accounts.

MENZIES LLP

Chartered Accountants

Menzas LLR

Ashcombe House 5 The Crescent Leatherhead Surrey KT22 8DY

13 Jennes 2013

ABBREVIATED BALANCE SHEET

31 MARCH 2013

		2013		2012	
	Note	£	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS Tangible assets	2		1,876,104		1,801,993
CURRENT ASSETS Stocks Debtors Cash at bank and in hand		26,521 887,174 757,090		37,575 852,559 891,950	
CREDITORS Amounts falling due with year	nin one	1,670,785 8,522		1,782,084 36,804	
NET CURRENT ASSETS			1,662,263		1,745,280
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILI	TIES		3,538,367		3,547,273
CAPITAL AND RESERVES Called-up equity share capital Other reserves Profit and loss account	3		800 200 3,537,367		800 200 3,546,273
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			3,538,367		3,547,273

For the year ended 31 March 2013 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies

Directors' responsibilities

J G Fattal

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its accounts for the year in question in accordance with section 476, and
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to
 accounting records and the preparation of accounts

These abbreviated accounts have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime

These abbreviated accounts were approved by the directors and authorised for issue on signed on their behalf by

21.12 13

, and are

Company Registration Number 01166132

The notes on pages 3 to 4 form part of these abbreviated accounts

NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2013

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of accounting

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective April 2008)

Turnover

The turnover shown in the profit and loss account represents amounts receivable for goods and services provided during the year in the normal course of business, net of trade discounts, VAT and other sales and related taxes

Fixed assets

All fixed assets are initially recorded at cost

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost or revaluation of an asset, less its estimated residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows

Freehold Property

2% straight line

Office Equipment

10% reducing balance

Investment properties

Investment properties are shown at their open market value. The surplus or deficit arising from the annual revaluation is transferred to the investment revaluation reserve unless a deficit, or its reversal, on an individual investment property is expected to be permanent, in which case it is recognised in the profit and loss account for the year.

This is in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective April 2008) which, unlike the Companies Act 2006, does not require depreciation of investment properties Investment properties are held for their investment potential and not for use by the company and so their current value is of prime importance. The departure from the provisions of the Act is required in order to give a true and fair view.

Stocks

Stock is stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost means purchase price calculated on a first in, first out basis. Net realisable value means the estimated price less all costs to be incurred in marketing, selling and distribution.

Operating lease agreements

Rentals applicable to operating leases where substantially all of the benefits and risks of ownership remain with the lessor are charged against profits on a straight line basis over the period of the lease

Deferred taxation

Provision is made for deferred taxation on the liability method for all sort term timing differences. Provision is also made for long term timing difference, except to the extent that there is a reasonable probability of the tax not falling due for payment in the foreseeable future. Such tax not provided for is disclosed as a contingent liability.

Foreign currencies

Monetary assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated at the rate of exchange at the balance sheet date

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rate of exchange ruling at the date of the transaction. All exchange differences are dealt with through the profit and loss account

Financial instruments

Financial instruments are classified and accounted for, according to the substance of the contractual arrangement, as either financial assets, financial liabilities or equity instruments. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2013

	ED		

	Tangible Assets £
COST	-
At 1 April 2012	1,915,626
Additions	80,721
At 31 March 2013	1,996,347
DEPRECIATION	
At 1 April 2012	113,633
Charge for year	6,610
At 31 March 2013	120,243
NET BOOK VALUE	
At 31 March 2013	1,876,104
At 31 March 2012	1,801,993
Included within Freehold land and property is land in the sum of £650,000	
SHARE CAPITAL	
Allotted, called up and fully paid:	

3

	2013		2012	
	No	£	No	£
Ordinary shares of £1 each	800	800	800	800

ULTIMATE CONTROLLING PARTY

The director's consider the ultimate controlling party to be J. G. Fattal by virtue of his shareholding