Trinifold Management Limited

DIRECTORS' REPORT AND ACCOUNTS

For the year ended 30 September 2004

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COMPANY INFORMATION

Directors

WG Curbishley RN Rosenberg MD Miller

Secretary

SEA Standing

Company number 1154197

Registered office Sanctuary House 45-53 Sinclair Road London W14 0NS

Business address

12 Oval Road Camden London NW17DH

Accountants

Baker Tilly Chartered Accountants 2 Bloomsbury Street London WC1B 3ST

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DIRECTORS' REPORT

For the year ended 30 September 2004

The directors present their report and accounts for the year ended 30 September 2004. Comparative figures are for the 7 month period ended 30 September 2003.

Principal activities

The principal activity of the company continues to be that of involvement in the music and entertainment business.

Review of business

Both the level of business and the year end financial position were as expected in the light of current trading conditions and the directors do not anticipate any material changes in the present level of activity.

Results and dividends

The profit for the year after taxation amounted to £1,843,721 (2003: £1,075,025).

The directors do not recommend a payment of a dividend (2003: nil).

Directors and their interests

The directors at 30 September 2004 were:

WG Curbishley RN Rosenberg MD Miller

Mr M D Miller is also a director of the ultimate parent company, The Sanctuary Group plc. Details of his shareholding in that company are given in its statutory accounts.

The shareholdings of other directors in The Sanctuary Group plc are as follows:-

Ordinary Shares of 12.5p each 30 September 2004 30 September 2003

WG Curbishley RN Rosenberg

Charitable contributions

During the year the company made charitable donations of £3,350 (2003: £2,300).

Auditors

A resolution proposing the reappointment of Baker Tilly as auditors will be put to the members at the next Annual General Meeting.

On behalf of the Board

M D Miller

Director

Dated: 11 February 2005

STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES

Company law requires the directors to prepare accounts for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period.

In preparing those accounts, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- prepare the accounts on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and to enable them to ensure that the accounts comply with the Companies Act 1985. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF

TRINIFOLD MANAGEMENT LIMITED

We have audited the financial statements on pages 4 to 11.

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with section 235 of the Companies Act 1985. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditors' report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinion we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

The directors' responsibilities for preparing the Annual Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards are set out in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities on page 2.

Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with relevant legal and regulatory requirements and United Kingdom Auditing Standards.

We report to you our opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view and are properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985. We also report to you if, in our opinion, the Directors' Report is not consistent with the financial statements, if the company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if information specified by law regarding directors' remuneration and transactions with the company and other members of the group is not disclosed.

We read other information contained in the Annual Report, and consider whether it is consistent with the audited financial statements. This other information comprises only the Directors' Report. We consider the implications for our report if we become aware of any apparent misstatements or material inconsistencies with the financial statements. Our responsibilities do not extend to any other information.

Basis of opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Auditing Standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

Opinion

In our opinion the financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company at 30 September 2004 and of the company's profit for the year then ended and have been properly prepared in accordance with The Companies Act 1985.

BAKER TILLY
Registered Auditor
Chartered Accountants
2 Bloomsbury Street
London WC1B 3ST

11 February 2005

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT

For the year ended 30 September 2004

	Notes	Year ended 30 September 2004 £	Period ended 30 September 2003 £
Turnover	2	2,742,403	1,937,316
Administrative expenses		(840,812)	(405,562)
Operating profit	3	1,901,591	1,531,754
Other income	6	8,510	4,410
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation		1,910,101	1,536,164
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	7	(66,380)	(461,139)
Profit on ordinary activities after taxation, retained		1,843,721	1,075,025
Retained profit brought forward		3,268,357	2,193,332
Retained profit carried forward		5,112,078	3,268,357

The operating profit for the year arises from the company's continuing operations.

There are no recognised gains and losses other than those passing through the profit and loss account.

BALANCE SHEET 30 September 2004

	Notes	2004 £	2004 £	2003 £	2003 £
Fixed assets Tangible assets	8		75,342		87,690
Current assets Debtors Cash at bank and in hand	9 10	3,364,923 2,822,219		1,980,724 2,165,687	
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	11	6,187,142 (1,150,306)		4,146,411 (965,644)	
Net Current assets			5,036,836		3,180,767
Total assets less current Liabilities			5,112,178		3,268,457
Capital and reserves Called up share capital Profit and loss account	13		100 5,112,078		100 3,268,357
Shareholders' funds – all equity interests	14		5,112,178		3,268,457

The financial statements were approved by the Board on 11 February 2005

M D Miller

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

For the year ended 30 September 2004

1 Accounting policies

1.1 Basis of preparation

The accounts have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

1.2 Turnover

Turnover represents the invoiced value of services provided net of VAT.

1.3 Tangible fixed assets and depreciation

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost less depreciation. Depreciation is provided on all tangible fixed assets at rates calculated to write off the cost less estimated residual value of each asset over its expected useful life, as follows:

Leasehold improvements over the duration of the lease Fixtures, fittings & equipment 25% reducing balance basis Motor vehicles 25% reducing balance basis

1.4 Leasing

Rental payments under operating leases are charged to the profit and loss account on a straight line basis over the period of the lease.

1.5 Foreign currency translation

Transactions denominated in foreign currencies are recorded at the rate of exchange ruling at the date of the transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rates of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date. All differences are taken to the profit and loss account.

1.6 Deferred Taxation

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events that result in an obligation to pay more tax in the future or a right to pay less tax in the future have occurred at the balance sheet date. Timing differences are differences between the company's taxable profits and its results as stated in the financial statements that arise from the inclusion of gains and losses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in the financial statements.

Deferred tax is measured at the average tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which timing differences are expected to reverse, based on tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the balance sheet date. Deferred tax is measured on a non-discounted basis.

2 Turnover

The total turnover of the company for the year has been derived from its principal activity wholly undertaken in the United Kingdom.

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

For the year ended 30 September 2004

3	Operating profit	Year ended	Period ended
		30 September	30 September
		2004	2003
		£	£
	Operating profit is stated after charging:		
	Depreciation of owned tangible fixed assets	19,312	11,601
	Operating lease rentals		
	- Plant and machinery	10,306	3,584
	- Other assets	84,000	58,100
	Auditors' remuneration	7,500	7,000
			
4	Directors' emoluments	Year ended	Period ended
4	Directors empluments	30 September	30 September
		2004	2003
		£	£
		*	~
	Aggregate emoluments	205,250	116,667
	.,08.00.00		
	Emoluments disclosed above include the following amounts paid to		
	the highest paid director:		
	A	102 (25	59.224
	Aggregate emoluments	102,625	58,324
			
5	Employees	Year ended	Period ended
		30 September	
		2004	2003
		Number	Number
	Number of employees		
	The average monthly number of employees during the year was:		
	Administration	9	9
	Employment seets	£	c
	Employment costs Wages and salaries	370,063	£ 203,413
	Social security costs	41,860	203,413
	Boolal Scenity Costs	41,000	24,902
		411,923	228,375

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

For the year ended 30 September 2004

6	Other Income	Year ended 30 September 2004 £	Period ended 30 September 2003 £
	Interest receivable and similar income	8,510	4,410
			
7	Tax on profit on ordinary activities	Year ended 30 September 2004 £	Period ended 30 September 2003 £
	Analysis of charge in period		
	Current taxation		
	U.K. Corporation tax	-	461,139
	Adjustment in respect of previous years	68,756	-
	Total Current taxation	68,756	461,139
	Deferred taxation – reversal of timing difference	(2,376)	-
	Tax on profit on ordinary activities	66,380	461,139
	Factors affecting tax charge for the period The differences from the tax assessed at the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 30% (2003 - 30%) are explained below:		
		£	£
	Profit on ordinary activities before taxation	1,919,141	1,536,164
	Profit on ordinary activities multiplied by the standard rate of corporation	n =====	
	tax in the UK of 30% (2003 – 30%) Effects of:	575,742	460,849
	Capital allowances in excess of depreciation	2,376	290
	Losses claimed from other group companies	(578,118)	-
	Adjustment to tax charge in respect of previous years	68,756	-
	Current tax charge for the period	68,756	461,139
			

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

For the year ended 30 September 2004

8	Tangible fixed assets	Leasehold improvements	Fixtures, fittings & equipment	Motor vehicles	Total
		£	£	£	£
	Cost	42.500	207.040	22.212	472 760
	At 1 October 2003 Additions	43,508 -	397,940 6,964	32,312	473,760 6,964
	At 30 September 2004	43,508	404,904	32,312	480,724
	Depreciation				
	At 1 October 2003	32,996	342,980	10,094	386,070
	Charge for the year	4,344	9,422	5,546	19,312
	At 30 September 2004	37,340	352,402	15,640	405,382
	Net book value				
	At 30 September 2004	6,168	52,502	16,672	75,342
	At 30 September 2003	10,512	54,960	22,218	87,690
					
9	Debtors			2004 £	2003 £
	Trade debtors			289,997	152,967
	Amounts owed by group of	ompanies		15,116	14,751
	Other debtors			101,763	102,035
	Deferred Tax	·		2,376	1 710 071
	Prepayments and accrued	income		2,955,671	1,710,971
				3,364,923	1,980,724
					
10	Cash at bank and in han	đ		2004	2003
				£	£
	Bank and cash			2,810,576	2,150,128
	Clients designated bank ac	ecounts		11,643	15,559
				2,822,219	2,165,687
				=====	

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS
For the year ended 30 September 2004

11	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	2004 £	2003 £
	Amounts owed to group companies	72,766	68,856
	Corporation tax	743,403	674,647
	Other taxes and social security costs	96,763	7,391
	Other creditors	174,199	199,454
	Accruals and deferred income	63,175	15,296
		1,150,306	965,644
12	Provision for liabilities and charges	2004	2003
	S	£	£
	Deferred Taxation		
	Accelerated capital allowances	2,376	-
			
	At 1 October 2003	_	_
	Deferred tax credited to profit and loss account	2,376	-
	At 30 September 2004 – Debtor – see note 9	2,376	
			 _
13	Share capital	2004	2003
		£	£
	Authorised		
	100 Ordinary shares of £1 each	100	100
	Allotted, called up and fully paid		
	100 Ordinary shares of £1 each	100	100
	·		
1.4	December 11 diese of commenced in the second 11 and 12 and 12	2004	2002
14	Reconciliation of movements in shareholders' funds	2004 £	2003 £
	Profit for the financial period	1,843,721	1,075,025
	Net movement in shareholders' funds	1,843,721	1,075,025
	Opening shareholders' funds	3,268,457	2,193,432
	Closing shareholders' funds	5,112,178	3,268,457

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

For the year ended 30 September 2004

15 Commitments under operating leases

At 30 September 2004 the company had annual commitments under non-cancelable operating leases as follows:

Land a	Land and buildings	
2004	2003	
£	£	
84,000	84,000	

Expiry date: In over 5 years

16 Related party disclosures

In preparing these financial statements, the directors have taken advantage of the exemptions available under paragraph 3(c) of the Financial Reporting Standard No.8 Related Party Disclosures.

17 Cash Flow statements

In accordance with Financial Reporting Standard No.1, cash flow statements have not been prepared as the cash flows of the company are included in those of the ultimate parent company, The Sanctuary Group plc.

18 Ultimate parent company and controlling party

In the directors' opinion the immediate and ultimate parent company at 30 September 2004 was The Sanctuary Group plc a company registered in England and Wales.

Copies of the group financial statements of The Sanctuary Group plc are available from Companies House, Crown Way, Maindy, Cardiff CF4 3UZ

19 Contingent liabilities

During the year, the company has provided cross guarantees in respect of bank loans and overdrafts of certain group undertakings. The amount outstanding at 30 September 2004 was £68,222,000 (2003: £59,452,000)