COMPANY NUMBER 1140727

FLETCHER KING SERVICES LIMITED

ACCOUNTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2013

THURSDAY

A30N1IGJ A42 30/01/2014 COMPANIES HOUSE

#215

CONTENTS	Pages
Directors and advisers	2
Directors' report	3-4
Statement of directors' responsibilities	5
Independent Auditors' report	6-7
Statement of comprehensive income	8
Statement of financial position	9
Statement of changes in equity	10
Statement of cash flows	11
Notes to the accounts	12-29

DIRECTORS AND ADVISERS

DIRECTORS D J R Fletcher

R E G Goode R A Dickman

SECRETARY P E Bailey

REGISTERED OFFICE 61 Conduit Street

London W1S 2GB

BANKERS National Westmister Bank plc

PO Box 2AG 63 Piccadilly London W1A 2AG

ACCOUNTANTS AND FINANCIAL ADVISER Smith & Williamson

25 Moorgate London EC2R 6AY

AUDITORS Nexia Smith & Williamson

Chartered Accountants

25 Moorgate London EC2R 6AY

COMPANY'S REGISTERED NUMBER 1140727

DIRECTORS' REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2013

REGISTERED NUMBER

The company's registered number is 1140727

ACCOUNTS

The directors present their annual report on the affairs of the company, together with the accounts and auditors' report for the year ended 30 April 2013

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

During the year under review the company has acted as a trading subsidiary of Fletcher King Plc to carry on the business of commercial estate agency and surveying, providing a comprehensive range of services and expert advice throughout the United Kingdom The Company is registered in England and Wales

INTERNATIONAL ACCOUNTING STANDARDS

For the year ended 30 April 2013, the company has prepared its accounts in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS")

REVIEW OF THE BUSINESS

Investment transactions have been disappointing, and a number of transactions that we hoped would have been agreed by the year end failed to materialise

We started the new financial year with some good sales instructions and overall we expect our business in this sector to improve but it will not be without its difficulties

Fund Management is progressing well and the regular quarterly fee income from this and Asset Management is of immense value to the business

Rating had a good year with some significant appeals won

The number of Bank valuations increased and although it is a very competitive market we see no reason why this should not continue

Whilst we remain cautious we believe that the coming year will see some improvement in the UK property market generally

We will continue to strive for an increase in our recurring income received from property fund and asset management whilst at the same time seeking opportunities to enhance our transactional business

As the market improves overheads will come under pressure and these will be carefully monitored

DIRECTORS' REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2013 (continued)

RESULTS AND DIVIDEND

The statement of comprehensive income is set out on page 8. The balance to be transferred to reserves is £381,178 (2012 £353,992). The Directors recommend the payment of an ordinary final dividend of £1.38 (2012 £1.38) per share. An interim dividend of £3.38 (2012 £1.7.38) per share has already been paid to the shareholders.

PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Details of movements in property, plant and equipment are set out in note 10 to the accounts

POST BALANCE SHEET EVENTS

None

DIRECTORS

The directors during the year were

D J R Fletcher

R E G Goode

R A Dickman

DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION TO THE AUDITORS

In the case of each person who was a Director at the time this report was approved, so far as that Director was aware there was no relevant available information of which the Company's auditors were unaware, and that Director had taken all steps that the Director ought to have taken as a Director to make himself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the Company's auditors were aware of that information

AUDITORS

A resolution to re-appoint Nexia Smith & Williamson will be proposed at the next Annual General Meeting

The above report has been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime as set out within Part 15 of the CA 2006

By order of the Board

Peter Boily 29/1/1014

Peter Bailey Secretary

4

STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES

The directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' Report and the accounts in accordance with applicable law and regulations

Company law requires the directors to prepare accounts for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the accounts in accordance with applicable law and International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs) as adopted by the European Union. Under company law the directors must not approve the accounts unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these accounts, the directors are required to

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently,
- make judgments and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent,
- state that the financial statements comply with IFRSs as adopted by the European Union,
- prepare the accounts on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will
 continue in business

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the accounts comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Nexia Smith & Williamson

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF FLETCHER KING SERVICES LIMITED

We have audited the financial statements of Fletcher King Services Limited for the year ended 30 April 3013 which comprise the Statement of Comprehensive Income, the Statement of Financial Position, the Statement of Cash Flows, the Statement of Changes in Equity and the related notes 1 to 24 The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs) as adopted by the European Union

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditor

As explained more fully in the Directors' Responsibilities Statement set out on page 5, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Financial Reporting Council's (FRC's) Ethical Standards for Auditors.

Scope of the audit of the financial statements

A description of the scope of an audit of financial statements is provided on the FRC's website at www frc org uk/auditscopeukprivate

Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 30 April 2013 and of its profit for the year then ended,
- · have been properly prepared in accordance with IFRSs as adopted by the European Union, and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006

Opinion on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the Strategic Report and the Directors' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us, or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns, or
- · certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made, or
- · we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit

Nexia Smith & bith.

Stephen Drew
Senior Statutory Auditor, for and on behalf of
Nexia Smith & Williamson
Statutory Auditor
Chartered Accountants

Date 29 Sunumy 2014

25 Moorgate London EC2R 6AY

STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME for the year ended 30 APRIL 2013

	Notes	2013 £	2012 £
REVENUE		2,962,766	3,036,037
Staff costs Depreciation Other operating charges	5 9	(1,572,933) (42,980) (1,029,600)	(1,587,366) (45,450) (965,125)
OPERATING PROFIT		317,253	438,096
Income from investments Finance income	6 6	111,109 5,635	10,693 8,600
PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION	4	433,997	457,389
Taxation	7	(52,819)	(103,397)
PROFIT FOR THE PERIOD		381,178	353,992

All the company's activities are considered to be continuing

There is no other comprehensive income and therefore does not present a statement of comprehensive income

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION as at 30 APRIL 2013

	Notes	2013 £	2012 £
NON-CURRENT ASSETS			
Property, plant and equipment	9	141,137	180,093
Available for sale investments	10	350,002	350,002
Deferred tax asset	16	62,789	62,789
	·	553,928	592,884
CURRENT ASSETS			
I rade and other receivables	12	1,746,548	1.154,805
Cash and cash equivalents	13	1,103,674	1,397,072
		2,850,222	2,551,877
TOTAL ASSETS		3,404,150	3,144,761
CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Trade and other payables	14	916,423	767,884
Current taxation liabilities	7	41,819	46,855
Other creditors and provision	15	529,293	556,439
TOTAL LIABILITIES		1,487,535	1,371,178
SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY			
Share capital	17	50,000	50,000
Profit and loss reserve		1,866,615	1,723,583
TOTAL SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY		1,916,615	1,773,583
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		3,404,150	3,144,761

Approved by the Board on 29), and signed on its behalf

R GOODE Director

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY for the year ended 30 APRIL 2013

	Share capital	Profit & loss	Total
	£	£	£
Balance at 1 May 2011 Net profit for the period	50,000	2,307,736 353,992	2,357,736 353,992
Total comprehensive income Equity dividends paid	-	353,992 (938,145)	353,992 (938,145)
Balance as at 30 April 2012 Net profit for the period	50,000	1,723,583 381,178	1,773,583 381,178
Total comprehensive income Equity dividends paid	- -	381,178 (238,146)	381,178 (238,146)
Balance at 30 April 2013	50,000	1,866,615	1,916,615

The profit and loss reserve comprises the undistributed profits of the Company

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS for the year ended 30 APRIL 2013

	2013 £	2012 £
Cash flow from operating activities	-	-
Profit before taxation	433,997	457,389
Adjusted for	42.090	45,450
Depreciation expense Income from investments	42,980 (111,109)	(10,693)
Finance income	(5,635)	(8,600)
Cashflows from operating activities before movements in	360,233	483,546
working capital Increase/(decrease) in trade and other receivables	(591,743)	287,315
Increase/(decrease) in trade and other receivables	121,393	193,363
Cash (absorbed)/generated from operations	(110,117)	964,224
Taxation paid	(57,855)	(116,972)
Net cash outflow from operating activities	(167,972)	847,252
Investing activities		
Purchase of fixed assets	(4,024)	(250,000)
Purchase of investments	5,635	(230,000) 8,600
Finance income Income from investments	111,109	10,693
Net cash inflow from investing activities	112,720	(230,707)
Cash flows used in financing activities		(070.145)
Dividends paid to shareholder	(238,146)	(938,145)
Net cash flows used in financing activities	(238,146)	(938,145)
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(293,398)	(321,600)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	1,397,072	1,718,672
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year (note 13)	1,103,674	1,397,072

Cash and cash equivalents (which are presented as a single class of asset on the face of the balance sheet) comprise cash at bank and short term deposits

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS for the year ended 30 APRIL 2013

1. GENERAL INFORMATION

Fletcher King Services Limited ('the Company') carries on the business of property fund management, property asset management, rating valuations and surveying throughout the United Kingdom The Company is a private limited company incorporated and domiciled in England and Wales The registered office address is 61 Conduit Street, London, W1S 2GB These financial statements are presented in Sterling which is the Company's functional currency. The Company has no overseas operations

2. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below These policies, which are also applicable to the financial statements of the Group, have been consistently applied to all the years presented

Basis of preparation

The Company is a wholly owned subsidiary of a listed Group. In common with other European listed companies, the Group is required to prepare its consolidated financial statements in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) as adopted by the European Union

The company is itself a subsidiary company and is exempt from the requirement to prepare group accounts by virtue of section 401 of the Companies Act 2006. These financial statements therefore present information about the company as an individual undertaking and not about its group. The company and its subsidiaries are included within the consolidated accounts of Fletcher King plc, a company incorporated in the England and Wales.

At the date of authorisation of these financial statements, the following new Standards and Interpretations were in issue and relevant to the group

New standards and interpretations

At the date of authorisation of these financial statements, the following new standards and interpretations have been issued but are not yet effective and have not been applied in these financial statements -

- o Amendments to IAS12 Deferred Tax Recovery of Underlying Assets
- o Amendments to IFRS 7 Disclosures offsetting Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities
- o IFRS 13 Fair Value Measurement

The directors do not anticipate that the adoption of these standards and interpretations will have a material impact on the Group's financial statements. Certain of these standards and interpretations will require additional disclosures over and above those currently included in these financial statements in the period of application.

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with IFRS requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates and also requires management to exercise judgement in applying the Company's accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are highly significant to the financial statements, are set out below

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS for the year ended 30 APRIL 2013

2. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Property, plant and equipment and Depreciation

Property, plant and equipment are stated at historical cost, net of depreciation, at rates calculated to write off the cost, less residual value, of each asset over its expected useful life. Depreciation rates on a straight line basis are as follows -

Motor vehicles	25%
Office furniture and fittings	25%
Computer equipment	33%
Short leasehold premium and improvements	10%

Cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the asset. Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to the income statement during the financial period in which they are incurred.

Residual values and useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at each balance sheet date. An asset's carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if the asset's carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount. Gains and losses on disposal are determined by comparing proceeds with carrying amount. These are included in the income statement.

Investments

Investments held by the Company in subsidiary entities, not held for sale, are shown at cost less any provision for impairment

The Directors determine the classification of investments held by the Group at initial recognition and re-evaluate this designation at each reporting date. At the balance sheet date all these investments were classified as available-for-sale. Available-for-sale investments are initially recognised at the fair value of the consideration given, including associated acquisition costs, which may equate to cost. On subsequent measurement, available-for-sale investments are measured at either fair value or at cost where fair value is not readily ascertainable. Changes in fair value are recognised in equity, together with the related deferred tax asset or liability. When such investments are disposed of, the accumulated gains or losses, previously recognised in equity, are transferred to the income statement.

Available-for-sale financial assets are included in non-current assets unless management intends to dispose of the investment within twelve months of the balance sheet date

Financial instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are recognised on the Company's balance sheet when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument

1) Trade and other receivables

Trade and other receivables are initially measured at fair value, and are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. A provision is established when there is objective evidence that the Company will not be able to collect all amounts due. The amount of any provision is recognised in the income statement.

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS for the year ended 30 APRIL 2013 (continued)

2. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

All financial assets are reviewed annually for impairment, and permanent impairment losses are reflected in the income statement. Investment income is recognised in the income statement.

ii) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents includes cash in hand, call deposits held with banks, and other short-term highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less

iii) Financial liabilities and equity

Financial liabilities and equity instruments issued by the Company are classified in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the Company after deducting all of its liabilities. The accounting policies adopted for specific financial liabilities and equity instruments are set out below.

a) Trade and other payables

Trade and other payables are initially measured at fair value, and are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method

b) Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares or options are shown in equity as a deduction from the proceeds, net of tax

Taxation

Current income tax is provided on taxable profits at the current rate. Deferred income tax is provided in full, using the liability method, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the financial statements. Deferred income tax is determined using the tax rates expected to apply when the related deferred income tax asset is realised or the deferred income tax liability is settled. Deferred income tax assets are only recognised to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised.

Income tax and deferred tax are reflected in the income statement, unless they relate to items recognised in equity in which case they are recognised in equity

Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Company has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events, it is probable that the Company will be required to settle the obligation, and the amount can be reliably estimated Provisions are measured at the Directors' best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the obligation at the balance sheet date

Revenue recognition

Revenue comprises commissions and fees receivable excluding value added tax and is measured at fair value. Fees on property transactions and other contingent fee arrangements are recognised as earned on the unconditional completion of a contract or when a fee is contractually due. Fees for other professional services are recognised on completion of the assignment.

Interest and investment income is recognised on a time-proportion basis using the effective interest method

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS for the year ended 30 APRIL 2013 (continued)

Operating profit

Operating profit is stated before compensation received, finance income and costs, profit on disposals and taxation

Employee benefits

No pension schemes are operated by the Company Contributions to employees' money-purchase pension schemes are made on an arising basis where these form part of contractual remuneration obligations. The Company recognises a liability and an expense for cash-settled bonuses when contractually obliged or when there is a past practice creating a constructive obligation.

Group accounts

The company is itself a subsidiary company and is exempt from the requirement to prepare group accounts by virtue of section 401 of the Companies Act 2006. These financial statements therefore present information about the company as an individual undertaking and not about its group. The company and its subsidiaries are included within the consolidated accounts of Fletcher King plc, a company incorporated in England and Wales.

Leases

Leases of property, plant and equipment where the Company has substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership are classified as finance leases. Assets held under finance leases and hire purchase agreements are capitalised and included in non-current assets and are amortised in accordance with the depreciation policies detailed above. Obligations under such agreements are included in creditors net of finance charges allocated to future periods. Finance charges are debited to the income statement so that the annual rate of charge on the outstanding obligation is approximately constant.

Leases where the lessor retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership are classified as operating leases. Payments made under operating leases are charged to the statement of comprehensive income on a straight-line basis over the period of the lease.

Dividend distributions

Dividends distributed to the Company's shareholders are recognised as a liability in the Company's financial statements in the period in which the dividends are paid or approved by the Company's shareholders

3. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND ASSUMPTIONS

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with International Financial Reporting Standards requires management to make estimates and assumptions concerning the future. While the resulting accounting estimates will, by definition, seldom equal the related actual results, in the opinion of the Directors the estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are detailed below

a) Impairment of available-for-sale investments

The fair value of available-for-sale investments is determined by reference to the underlying value of the assets of those investments

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS for the year ended 30 APRIL 2013 (continued)

3. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND ASSUMPTIONS (continued)

b) Provisions for impairment of trade receivables

Trade receivables are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost less provision for impairment. The Directors have made provisions for impairment where there is objective evidence that the Company will not be able to collect all amounts due

c) Recognition of deferred tax assets

Deferred income tax is provided in full using the liability method, on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amount used for the tax base. A deferred income tax asset is recognised only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the asset can be utilised. Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are not discounted. Deferred tax is measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period when the asset is realized or the liability is settled, based on tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date.

d) Revenue recognition

The Directors regularly review the basis for recognition of revenue, which comprises commissions and fees receivable excluding value added tax. There have not been any provisions for impairment of available for sale investments or trade receivables and the basis of revenue recognition has not changed in the year.

2013 £	2012 £
42,980	45,450
21,500	21,000
2,800 - 09,926 18,650	2,800 950 286,666 19,200
	09,926

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS for the year ended 30 APRIL 2013 (continued)

5.	STAFF COSTS	£	£
	Basic wages and salaries	1,053,425	1,074,146
	Performance based payments	306,954	350,721
		1,360,379	1,424,867
	Social security costs	175,961	124,622
	Other costs	36,593	37,877
		1 572,933	1,587,366
	The Company does not operate any pension schemes		
	Average monthly number of employees were as follows	No.	No.
	Management	4	4
	Fee earners	7	7 7
	Administration	7	
		18	18
6.	FINANCE INCOME	2013	2012
		£	£
	Bank interest	5,635	8,600
	Income from trade investments	111,109	10,693
		116,744	19,293

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS for the year ended 30 APRIL 2013 (continued)

7.	TAXATION	2013 £	2012 £
	Current tax		
	UK Corporation tax - Current year	63,807	99,000
	Prior year	(10,988)	(6,068)
		52,819	92,932
	Deferred tax		
	UK deferred tax – current year	-	10,465
	Total tax charge for the year	52,819	103,397
	The tax assessed for the year is higher than the standard rate of corpora	ation tax in the UK	(24%) The
		ition tax in the Oil	(2170)
	differences are explained below		
	differences are explained below		
	differences are explained below	2013 £	2012 £
	Profit on ordinary activities before tax		·
	Profit on ordinary activities before tax	£	£
		£	£
	Profit on ordinary activities before tax Profit on ordinary activities multiplied by corporation tax in the UK of 23 9% (2012 25 8%)	£ 433,997 103,725	£ 457,389
	Profit on ordinary activities before tax Profit on ordinary activities multiplied by corporation tax in the UK of 23 9% (2012 25 8%) Depreciation in excess of capital allowances	£ 433,997 103,725 4,199	£ 457,389
	Profit on ordinary activities before tax Profit on ordinary activities multiplied by corporation tax in the UK of 23 9% (2012 25 8%) Depreciation in excess of capital allowances Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	£ 433,997 103,725 4,199 8,015	£ 457,389 118,006 4,377
	Profit on ordinary activities before tax Profit on ordinary activities multiplied by corporation tax in the UK of 23 9% (2012 25 8%) Depreciation in excess of capital allowances Expenses not deductible for tax purposes Group dividend received	£ 433,997 103,725 4,199	£ 457,389 118,006 4,377
	Profit on ordinary activities before tax Profit on ordinary activities multiplied by corporation tax in the UK of 23 9% (2012 25 8%) Depreciation in excess of capital allowances Expenses not deductible for tax purposes Group dividend received Group losses surrendered	£ 433,997 103,725 4,199 8,015 (23,900)	£ 457,389 118,006 4,377 9,442
	Profit on ordinary activities before tax Profit on ordinary activities multiplied by corporation tax in the UK of 23 9% (2012 25 8%) Depreciation in excess of capital allowances Expenses not deductible for tax purposes Group dividend received Group losses surrendered Prior period adjustment	£ 433,997 103,725 4,199 8,015 (23,900) (28,277)	457,389 118,006 4,377 9,442 - (37,272)
	Profit on ordinary activities before tax Profit on ordinary activities multiplied by corporation tax in the UK of 23 9% (2012 25 8%) Depreciation in excess of capital allowances Expenses not deductible for tax purposes Group dividend received Group losses surrendered	£ 433,997 103,725 4,199 8,015 (23,900) (28,277)	457,389 118,006 4,377 9,442 - (37,272) (6,068)

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS for the year ended 30 APRIL 2013 (continued)

8	DIVIDEND	2013 £	2012 £
	Equity dividends on ordinary shares		
	Declared and paid during the year Final dividend for year ended 30 April 2012	69,073	69,076
	£1 38 per share (2011 £1 38) Interim dividend for the year ended 30 April 2013 £3 38 (2012 £17 38)	169,073	869,069
		238,146	938,145
	Proposed final dividend for the year ended 30 April 2013	69,073	69,073

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS for the year ended 30 APRIL 2013 (continued)

9 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

2013	Furniture, fittings and computers	Motor vehicles	Short leasehold premium and	Total
	£	£	improvements £	£
Cost				
At 1 May 2012	149,971	53,348	276,252	479,571
Additions	4,024	<u>-</u>		4,024
At 30 April 2013	153,995	53,348	276,252	483,595
Depreciation				
At 1 May 2012	117,217	53,348	128,913	299,478
Charge for year	15,356	-	27,624	42,980
At 30 April 2013	132,573	53,348	156,537	342,458
Net book value at 30 April 2013	21,422	-	119,715	141,137
2012 Cost				
At 1 May 2011 Additions	149,971 -	53,348	276,252	479,571 -
At 30 April 2012	149,971	53,348	276,252	479,571
Depreciation				
At 1 May 2011	99,392	53,348	101,288	254,028
Charge for year	17,825		27,625	45,450
At 30 April 2012	117,217	53,348	128,913	299,478
Net book value at 30 April 2012	32,754	_	147,339	180,093

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS for the year ended 30 APRIL 2013 (continued)

10.	AVAILABLE-FOR-SALE INVESTMENTS	2013 £	2012 £
	Fair value		
	At 1 May	350,002	100,002
	Additions	-	250,000
	At 30 April	350,002	350,002
	Represented by		
	Investment in UK Subsidiaries	100,002	100,002
	Investment in UK Property Syndicate	250,000	250,000
		350,002	350,002

The investment in the subsidiaries relates to full ownership of Fletcher King Investment Management PLC, Fletcher King Equity Partners Limited and Fletcher King LP Limited, companies incorporated in England and Wales

An amount of £250,000 represents a member's interest in the Stratton House Investment Properties Syndicate (SHIPS 11) which was acquired during the year ended 30 April 2012. The investment is stated at cost, which is equal to the fair value of the investment based on the underlying value of the Syndicate's assets. Under IFRS 7 Financial Instruments. Disclosures and IFRS 13 Fair Value Measurement this is classified under the fair value hierarchy as Level 2. These are the only financial assets which the company carries at fair value.

11. INVESTMENT IN SUBSIDIARIES

The company owns 100% of the ordinary share capital of Fletcher King LP Limited, Fletcher King Equity Partners Limited and Fletcher King Investment Management PLC

	County of Incoporation	Ownership	Reserves	Profit for the year	Year end
Fletcher King Investment Management plc	England & Wales	100%	343,637	49,727	30/04/13
Fletcher King LP Limited	England & Wales	100%	1	0	31/03/13
Fletcher King Equity Partners Limited	England & Wales	100%	1	0	31/03/13

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS for the year ended 30 APRIL 2013 (continued)

12.	TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES	2013 £	2012 £
	Trade receivables	1,112,518	652,937
	Less provision for impairment	1,112,518	652,937
	Amounts owed by group undertakings Other receivables	299,601 110,292 224,137	285,876 15,754 200,238
	Prepayments and accrued income	1,746,548	1,154,805

Trade receivables constitute the only financial assets within the category "Loans and receivables" as defined by IAS 39

The directors estimate that the carrying amount of trade debtors approximates to their fair value

As at 30 April 2013, trade receivables of £Nil were considered to be impaired (2012 £ Nil)

The ageing of trade receivables is as follows	£	£
Neither impaired nor past due Not impaired but overdue by less than 30 days Not impaired but overdue by between 30 and 60 days Not impaired but overdue by more than 60 days Impaired	668,000 380,113 34,805 29,600	287,088 291,929 35,700 38,220
	1,112,518	652,937

The maximum exposure to credit risk in relation to trade receivables at the reporting date is the fair trade receivables. The Company does not hold any collateral as security

Other receivables do not contain impaired assets

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS for the year ended 30 APRIL 2013 (continued)

13.	CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	2013 £	2012 £
	Cash at bank and in hand Short term deposits	1,103,674	1,397,072
		1,103,674	1,397,072

The directors consider that the carrying amount of these assets approximates to their fair value. The credit risk on liquid funds is limited because the counter-party is a bank with a high credit rating

14.	TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES	2013 £	2012 £
	Trade payables Taxation and social security Other payables Amounts due to Group undertakings	291,262 302,280 208,180 114,701	250,984 268,109 46,789 202,002
		916,423	767,884

Trade payables principally comprise amounts outstanding for trade purchases and ongoing costs. The average credit period taken for credit purchases is 19 days (2012–23). The directors consider that the carrying amount of trade payable approximates to their fair value.

15.	OTHER CREDITORS AND PROVISIONS	2013 £	2012 £
	Bonus accruals Other accruals and deferred income	347,598 181,695	350,721 205,718
		529,293	556,439

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS for the year ended 30 APRIL 2013 (continued)

16 DEFERRED TAXATION

The following are the major deferred tax assets/(liabilities) recognised by the Company and movements thereon during the current and prior reporting period

		Holiday pay accrual £	Revaluation of investments	Total £	
	At 1 May 2011	3,254	70,000	73,254	
	Timing differences on provisions	(465)	(10,000)	(10,465)	
	At 30 April 2012	2,789	60,000	62,789	
	Movement due to change in tax rate				
	At 30 April 2013	2,789	60,000	62,789	
17.	SHARE CAPITAL			2013 £	2012 £
	Authorised 50,000 ordinary shares of £1 each			50,000	50,000
	Allotted, called up and fully paid 50,000 ordinary shares of £1 each			50,000	50,000

The company has one class of ordinary shares which carry no rights to fixed income

18. FINANCIAL COMMITMENTS

There were no capital commitments as at 30 April 2013 (2012 none)

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS for the year ended 30 APRIL 2013 (continued)

19. OPERATING LEASE COMMITMENTS

As at 30 April 2013 and 2012, the Company had outstanding commitments under non-cancellable leases which fall due as follows

	Propert	y leases	Other lea	ases	Total	I
	2013 £	2012 £	2013 £	2012 £	2013 £	2012 £
Within 1 year In one to five years	287,000 571,000	287,000 858,000	-	22,000 8,000	287,000 571,000	309,000 866 000
	858,000	1,145,000	-	30,000	858,000	1,175,000

Property leases relate to office premises occupied by the Company Other leases relates to office equipment Leases are negotiated for periods averaging approximately five years, usually with fixed rentals

20 REMUNERATION OF KEY MANAGEMENT PERSONNEL

The remuneration of the directors, who are the key management personnel of the Company, is set out below in aggregate for each of the categories specified in IAS 24 Related Party Disclosures

	2013 £	2012 £
Short term employee benefits	593,332	595,359
	£	£
Highest paid director	209,187	236,229

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS for the year ended 30 APRIL 2013 (continued)

21. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

There were no sales of goods or services to other group companies in the year (2012 Nil)

There were no purchases of goods or services from other group companies in the year (2012 Nil)

Amounts in the balance sheet at the year end in respect of group companies are as follows

	Amounts owed by related parties		Amounts owed to related parties		
	2013			2013	2012
	£	£	£	£	
Fletcher King plc	-	~	114,701	202,002	
Fletcher King Investment Management plc	40,875	28,400	-	-	
Fletcher King LP Limited	258,527	257,277	-	-	
Fletcher King EP Limited	199	199		-	

Sale of goods and services to related parties were made at the Company's usual list prices Purchases were made at market price Transactions in the year related to the settlement by the Company of certain services and taxation liabilities on behalf of other group companies

The amounts outstanding are unsecured and will be settled in cash. No guarantees have been given or received. No provisions have been made for doubtful debts in respect of the amounts owed by related parties.

22. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The Company's financial instruments comprise listed equity securities, UK unlisted investments, cash and cash equivalents, and items such as trade payables and trade receivables which arise directly from its operations. The main purpose of these financial instruments is to provide finance for the Company's operations.

The Company's operations expose them to a variety of financial risks including credit risk, interest rate risk, liquidity risk and equity price risk. Commensurate with the size of the Company, the directors set the policies regarding financial risk management, and these are implemented accordingly

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS for the period ended 30 APRIL 2013 (continued)

22. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

Financial assets at amortised cost	2013 £	2012 £
Trade receivables Amounts owed by group undertakings Other receivables Cash and cash equivalents	1,112,518 299,601 110,292 1,103,674 2,626,085	652,937 285,876 15,754 1,397,072 2,351,639
Financial liabilities at amortised cost	2013 £	2012 £
Trade payables Other payables Amounts owed to group undertakings Bonus accruals Other accruals and deferred income	291,262 208,180 114,701 347,598 181,695	250,984 46,789 202,000 350,721 205,718

Credit risk

The Company's credit risk is attributable both to trade receivables and to cash balances held. The Company has implemented policies to ensure that credit checks are made on potential clients before work is carried out on their behalf. The amount of exposure to any individual counterparty is subject to limits set by the directors. Cash balances held are deposited with leading banks.

The carrying amount of financial assets represents the maximum credit exposure. The maximum credit exposure to credit risk at the reporting date was

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS for the period ended 30 APRIL 2013 (continued)

22. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

2013	2012
£	£
1,112,518	652,937
1,103,674	1,397,072
110,292	15,754
2,326,484	2,065,763
	1,112,518 1,103,674 110,292

Interest rate risk

The Company has interest bearing assets, but no interest bearing liabilities. Interest bearing assets comprise only cash and cash equivalents which earn interest at a variable rate. The interest earned on the Company's cash and cash equivalents, denominated in sterling, derived principally from Money Market deposits of differing fixed time periods and from call deposits held with banks which provide short-term liquidity to meet liabilities when they fall due

The Company is exposed to interest rate risk as a result of these positive cash balances. As at 30 April 2013, if interest rates had increased by 0.5% with all other variables held constant, post tax profit and equity for the Company would have been £5,635 (2012 £8,600) higher. Conversely, if interest rates had decreased by 0.5% with all other variables held constant, post tax profit and equity for the Company would have been £5,635 (2012 £8,600) lower.

The Company's cash and cash equivalents earned interest during the year at an average of 0.5% (2012 0.5%)

Liquidity risk

The Company actively maintains cash and cash equivalents to ensure that there are sufficient funds available for a period of at least six months to meet liabilities when they fall due

The following table shows the contractual maturities of the Company's financial liabilities, all of which are measured at amortised cost

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS for the period ended 30 APRIL 2013 (continued)

22. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

	2013 £	2012 £
Financial liabilities falling due		
Within 1 month	483,435	429,521
From 2 to 3 months	421,568	424,691
From 4 to 6 months	123,732	
	1,028,735	854,212

23. CAPITAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Company seeks, when managing capital, to safeguard the Company's ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide returns for shareholders and to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital

The company defines capital as being share capital plus reserves. The Board of Directors monitors the level of capital employed in order to achieve these objectives.

24 ULTIMATE PARENT UNDERTAKING

The directors regard Fletcher King Plc, registered in England and Wales, as the ultimate parent company Copies of the accounts are available by application to the Company Secretary at 61 Conduit Street, London W1S 2GB