Registered number: 01128401

## **INDUSTRIAL ANCILLARIES LIMITED**

**FINANCIAL STATEMENTS** 

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

# INDUSTRIAL ANCILLARIES LIMITED REGISTERED NUMBER: 01128401

## BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2021

	Note		<b>202</b> 1 £		2020 £
Fixed assets					_
Tangible assets	4		2,765,159		2,859,387
Current assets					
Stocks		2,000,960		1,581,681	
Debtors: amounts falling due within one year	5	1,269,505		1,109,347	
Cash at bank and in hand		59,592		120,219	
		3,330,057		2,811,247	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	6	(2,526,661)		(2,224,725)	
Net current assets			803,396		586,522
Total assets less current liabilities			3,568,555		3,445,909
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	7		(1,209,392)		(1,331,317
Provisions for liabilities					
Deferred tax	8		(137,372)		(142,792)
Net assets			2,221,791	•	1,971,800
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital			600		600
Share premium account			52,900		52,900
Capital redemption reserve			50		50
Profit and loss account			2,168,241		1,918,250
			2,221,791	•	1,971,800

# INDUSTRIAL ANCILLARIES LIMITED REGISTERED NUMBER: 01128401

# BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED) AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2021

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and in accordance with the provisions of FRS 102 Section 1A - small entities.

The financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The Company has opted not to file the statement of comprehensive income in accordance with provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf on 22 August 2022.

### J A Dennis

Director

The notes on pages 3 to 9 form part of these financial statements.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

#### 1. General information

Industrial Ancillaries Limited is a private company limited by shares, incorporated in England and Wales (registered number: 01128401). Its registered office is Harper Way, Markham Vale, Chesterfield, Derbyshire, S44 5JX. The principal activity of the company throughout the year continued to be that of engineering merchants.

## 2. Accounting policies

### 2.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention unless otherwise specified within these accounting policies and in accordance with Section 1A of Financial Reporting Standard 102, the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006.

The company's functional and presentational currency is pounds sterling.

The following principal accounting policies have been applied:

#### 2.2 Foreign currency translation

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the spot exchange rates at the dates of the transactions.

At each period end foreign currency monetary items are translated using the closing rate.

Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of transactions and from the translation at period-end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

#### 2.3 Revenue

Revenue is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the revenue can be reliably measured. Revenue is measured as the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding discounts, rebates, value added tax and other sales taxes. The following criteria must also be met before revenue is recognised:

## Sale of goods

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when all of the following conditions are satisfied:

- the Company has transferred the significant risks and rewards of ownership to the buyer;
- the Company retains neither continuing managerial involvement to the degree usually associated with ownership nor effective control over the goods sold;
- the amount of revenue can be measured reliably;
- it is probable that the Company will receive the consideration due under the transaction; and
- the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transaction can be measured reliably.

## 2.4 Operating leases: the Company as lessee

Rentals paid under operating leases are charged to profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

### 2. Accounting policies (continued)

#### 2.5 Pensions

### Defined contribution pension plan

The Company operates a defined contribution plan for its employees. A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which the Company pays fixed contributions into a separate entity. Once the contributions have been paid the Company has no further payment obligations.

The contributions are recognised as an expense in profit or loss when they fall due. Amounts not paid are shown in accruals as a liability in the Balance sheet. The assets of the plan are held separately from the Company in independently administered funds.

#### 2.6 Current and deferred taxation

The tax expense for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the Statement of Income and Retained Earnings.

The current tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date in the countries where the Company operates and generates income.

Deferred tax balances are recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed by the Balance Sheet date, except that:

The recognition of deferred tax assets is limited to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits and any deferred tax balances are reversed if and when all conditions for retaining associated tax allowances have been met.

### 2.7 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets under the cost model are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

### 2. Accounting policies (continued)

## 2.7 Tangible fixed assets (continued)

Depreciation is charged so as to allocate the cost of assets less their residual value over their estimated useful lives, as follows.

The depreciation rates used are:

Freehold property - 2% straight line

Leasehold property improvements - over the length of the lease
Plant and machinery - 20% reducing balance
Motor vehicles - 25% reducing balance
Fixtures and fittings - 20% - 33% reducing balance

The assets' residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed, and adjusted prospectively if appropriate, or if there is an indication of a significant change since the last reporting date.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing the proceeds with the carrying amount and are recognised in profit or loss.

#### 2.8 Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value, being the estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost is based on the cost of purchase on a first in, first out basis. Work in progress and finished goods include labour and attributable overheads.

At each balance sheet date, stocks are assessed for impairment. If stock is impaired, the carrying amount is reduced to its selling price less costs to complete and sell. The impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

### 2. Accounting policies (continued)

#### 2.9 Financial instruments

The Company only enters into basic financial instruments transactions that result in the recognition of financial assets and liabilities such as bank and cash balances, trade and other accounts receivable and payable, loans from banks and other third parties and loans to and from related parties.

Debt instruments (other than those wholly repayable or receivable within one year), including loans and other accounts receivable and payable, are initially measured at the transaction price and subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Debt instruments that are payable or receivable within one year, typically trade debtors and creditors, are measured, initially and subsequently, at the undiscounted amount of the cash or other consideration expected to be paid or received. However, if the arrangements of a short-term instrument constitute a financing transaction, the financial asset or liability is measured, initially, at the present value of the future cash flow discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument and subsequently at amortised cost.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the Balance sheet when there is an enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

### 3. Employees

The average monthly number of employees, including directors, during the year was 24 (2020 - 33).

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

## 4. Tangible fixed assets

5.

	Freehold property £	Short-term leasehold property £	Plant and machinery £	Motor vehicles £	Fixtures and fittings	Total £
Cost						
At 1 January 2021	3,242,325	11,915	670,879	17,765	423,548	4,366,432
Additions	-	8,474	11,134		2,552	22,160
Disposals	-	-	•	(17,765)	•	(17,765
At 31 December 2021	3,242,325	20,389	682,013	-	426,100	4,370,827
Depreciation						
At 1 January 2021	634,593	7,149	539,814	16,656	308,833	1,507,045
Charge for the year on owned assets	60,347	3,936	28,031	278	22,965	115,557
Disposals	-	-	-	(16,934)	-	(16,934
At 31 December 2021	694,940	11,085	567,845	-	331,798	1,605,668
Net book value						
At 31 December 2021	2,547,385	9,304	114,168		94,302	2,765,159
At 31 December 2020	2,607,732	4,766	131,065	1,109	114,715	2,859,387
Debtors						
					2021 £	2020 £
Trade debtors					1,219,809	1,055,458
Other debtors					-	2,913
Prepayments and accrued	income				49,696	50,976
				_	1,269,505	1,109,347

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

<ol><li>Creditor</li></ol>	s: Amounts	falling	due within	one year
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	2021	2020
	£	£
Bank overdrafts	397,439	248,361
Bank loans	300,931	<b>1</b> 19,011
Trade creditors	351,915	645,675
Corporation tax	95,945	63,049
Other taxation and social security	126,538	131,230
Other creditors	1,092,943	967,384
Accruals and deferred income	130,950	20,015
Share capital treated as debt	30,000	30,000
	2,526,661	2,224,725
Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one year		
	2021 £	2020 £
Bank loans	1,209,392	1,331,317

## Secured loans

7.

Included in creditors are bank loans amounting to £1,510,323 (2020 - £1,450,328) on which security has been given by the company.

Included in creditors falling due after more than one year is an amount of £691,346 (2020 - £825,553) in respect of liabilities which fall due for payment after more than five years from the balance sheet date.

1,209,392

1,331,317

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

### 8. Deferred taxation

		2021 £
At beginning of year Charged to profit or loss		142,792 (5,420)
At end of year	- -	137,372
The provision for deferred taxation is made up as follows:		
	2021 £	2020 £
Accelerated capital allowances	137,372	<b>1</b> 51,448
Tax losses carried forward	-	(8,656)
	137,372	142,792

## 9. Commitments under operating leases

At 31 December 2021 the Company had future minimum lease payments due under non-cancellable operating leases for each of the following periods:

	2021 £	2020 £
Not later than 1 year	8,060	14,529
Later than 1 year but not later than 5 years	14,105	20,150
	22,165	34,679

## 10. Auditors' information

The auditors' report on the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2021 was unqualified.

The audit report was signed on 22 August 2022 by Andrew Irvine (Senior statutory auditor) on behalf of Shorts.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.