Norfield Finance Limited

Filleted Accounts

31 August 2023

Norfield Finance Limited

Registered number: 01118852

Balance Sheet

as at 31 August 2023

	Notes		2023		2022
			£		£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	3		1		1
Current assets					
Debtors	4	-		275	
Cash at bank and in hand		17,666		27,519	
		17,666		27,794	
Creditors: amounts falling					
due within one year	5	(8,725)		(18,603)	
Net current assets			8,941		9,191
Net assets		_	8,942	_	9,192
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital			3,902		3,902
Profit and loss account			5,040		5,290
Shareholders' funds		_	8,942		9,192

The directors are satisfied that the company is entitled to exemption from the requirement to obtain an audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Act.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

The accounts have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the special provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The profit and loss account has not been delivered to the Registrar of Companies.

J K Palmer

Director

Approved by the board on 29 March 2024

Norfield Finance Limited Notes to the Accounts for the year ended 31 August 2023

1 Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The accounts have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with FRS 102, The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (as applied to small entities by section 1A of the standard).

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of discounts and value added taxes. Turnover includes revenue earned from the sale of goods and from the rendering of services. Turnover from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have transferred to the buyer. Turnover from the rendering of services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract. The stage of completion of a contract is measured by comparing the costs incurred for work performed to date to the total estimated contract costs.

Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulative depreciation and any accumulative impairment losses. Depreciation is provided on all tangible fixed assets, other than freehold land, at rates calculated to write off the cost, less estimated residual value, of each asset evenly over its expected useful life, as follows:

Plant and machinery over 5 years
Fixtures, fittings, tools and equipment over 5 years

Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price), less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts. Loans and other financial assets are initially recognised at transaction price including any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method, less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts.

Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price). Loans and other financial liabilities are initially recognised at transaction price net of any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method.

Taxation

A current tax liability is recognised for the tax payable on the taxable profit of the current and past periods. A current tax asset is recognised in respect of a tax loss that can be carried back to recover tax paid in a previous period. Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences between the recognition of income and expenses in the financial statements and their inclusion in tax assessments. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference, except for revalued land and

investment property where the tax rate that applies to the sale of the asset is used. Current and deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Provisions

Provisions (ie liabilities of uncertain timing or amount) are recognised when there is an obligation at the reporting date as a result of a past event, it is probable that economic benefit will be transferred to settle the obligation and the amount of the obligation can be estimated reliably.

2	Employees	2023 Number	2022 Number
	Average number of persons employed by the company	0	0
3	Tangible fixed assets		
			Plant and machinery etc
	0		£
	At 1 September 2022		9.011
	At 1 September 2022 At 31 August 2023		8,911
	At 31 August 2023		
	Depreciation		
	At 1 September 2022		8,910
	At 31 August 2023		8,910
	Net book value		
	At 31 August 2023		1
	At 31 August 2022		
	At 51 August 2022		ı
4	Debtors	2023	2022
		£	£
	Trade debtors		275
5	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	2023	2022
•		£	£
	Trade creditors	16	1,470
	Taxation and social security costs	411	415
	Other creditors	8,298	16,718
		8,725	18,603

6 Other information

Norfield Finance Limited is a private company limited by shares and incorporated in England.

Its registered office is: 43 Mornington Road Chingford London E4 7DT

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.