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Registration number 01036027

Bibby Bulk Carriers Limited

Directors' Report and Financial Statements

for the Year Ended 31 December 2012

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Deloitte LLP Chartered Accountants & Statutory Auditor Liverpool United Kingdom

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Bibby Bulk Carriers Limited Company Information

Directors

Simon Jeremy Kitchen

Sean Thomas Golding

Company secretary

Bibby Bros & Co (Management) Limited

Registered office

105 Duke Street

Liverpool L1 5JQ

(www bibbyline co uk)

Auditor

Deloitte LLP

Chartered Accountants & Statutory Auditor

Liverpool

United Kingdom

Bibby Bulk Carriers Limited Directors' Report for the Year Ended 31 December 2012

The directors present their report and the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2012

Directors of the company

The directors who held office during the year were as follows Simon Jeremy Kitchen Sean Thomas Golding

Directors' liabilites

The Company has made qualifying third party indemnity provisions for the benefits of its directors which were in place during the year and remain in force at the date of this report

Principal activity

The principal activity of the company is the ownership and management of marine assets

Going concern

The current uncertain economic conditions present increased risks for all businesses. In response to such conditions, the directors have carefully considered those risks, including an assessment of any uncertainty on the forward trading projections for a period of at least twelve months from the date of signing the financial statements, and the extent to which they might affect the preparation of the financial statements on a going concern basis

Based on this assessment the directors consider that the company maintains an appropriate level of liquidity to meet the demands of the business including any capital and servicing obligations of external debt liabilities. In addition the company's assets are assessed for recoverability on a regular basis, and the directors consider that the company is not exposed to losses on these assets which would affect their decision to adopt the going concern basis.

On that basis the directors believe that there are no material uncertainties that lead to significant doubt upon the company's ability to continue as a going concern

Auditors

Each of the persons who is a director at the date of approval of this report confirms that

- so far as the director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the Company's auditors are unaware, and
- the director has taken all the steps that he ought to have taken as a director in order to make himself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditors are aware of that information

This confirmation is given and should be interpreted in accordance with the provisions of s418 of the Companies Act 2006

Small company provisions

This report has been prepared in accordance with the small companies regime under the Companies Act 2006

Bibby Bulk Carriers Limited Directors' Report for the Year Ended 31 December 2012

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Approved by the Board on 25 April 2013 and signed on its behalf by

Bibby Bros & Co (Management) Limited Company secretary

Bibby Bulk Carriers Limited Statement of Directors' Responsibilities

The directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law) Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to

- · select suitable accounting policies and apply them consistently,
- · make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent, and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Bibby Bulk Carriers Limited

We have audited the financial statements of Bibby Bulk Carriers Limited for the year ended 31 December 2012, which comprise the Profit and Loss Account, the Balance Sheet and the related notes 1 to 15 The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice)

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditor

As explained more fully in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland) Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards for Auditors

Scope of the audit of the financial statements

An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. This includes an assessment of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances and have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed, the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the directors, and the overall presentation of the financial statements. In addition, we read all the financial and non-financial information in the Directors' Report to identify material inconsistencies with the audited financial statements. If we become aware of any apparent material misstatements or inconsistencies we consider the implications for our report.

Opinion on the financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2012 and of its profit for the year then ended,
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice,
 and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006

Opinion on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the Directors' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements

Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Bibby Bulk Carriers Limited

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Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us, or
- · the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns, or
- · certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made, or
- · we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or
- the directors were not entitled to prepare the financial statements in accordance with the small companies regime and take advantage of the small companies exemption in preparing the directors' report

Sharon Thorne FCA (Senior Statutory Auditor)
For and on behalf of Deloitte LLP,
Chartered Accountants & Statutory Auditor
Liverpool
United Kingdom

25 April 2013

Bibby Bulk Carriers Limited Profit and Loss Account for the Year Ended 31 December 2012

	Note	2012 \$	2011 \$
Turnover	1	4,109,839	4,174,625
Cost of sales		(2,762,663)	(5,748,934)
Gross profit/(loss)		1,347,176	(1,574,309)
Administrative expenses		(265,459)	(165,954)
Operating profit/(loss)	2	1,081,717	(1,740,263)
Other interest receivable and similar income	3	77	1,071
Interest payable and similar charges	4	(557,301)	(608,399)
Profit/(loss) on ordinary activities before taxation		524,493	(2,347,591)
Tax on profit/(loss) on ordinary activities	5	(6,723)	(7,272)
Profit/(loss) for the finanical year	12	517,770	(2,354,863)

Turnover and operating results derive wholly from continuing operations

The company has no recognised gains or losses for either year other than the results above

(Registration number: 01036027)

Balance Sheet at 31 December 2012

	Note	2012 \$	2011 \$
Fixed assets			
Tangible fixed assets	6	21,856,911	22,871,022
Current assets			
Stocks	7	81,112	63,345
Debtors	8	2,203,753	1,578,693
Cash at bank and in hand		325,119	492,855
		2,609,984	2,134,893
Creditors Amounts falling due within one year	9	(2,226,220)	(1,845,450)
Net current assets		383,764	289,443
Total assets less current liabilities		22,240,675	23,160,465
Creditors Amounts falling due after more than one year	10	(8,066,334)	(9,503,894)
Net assets		14,174,341	13,656,571
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	11	10,304,299	10,304,299
Profit and loss account	12	3,870,042	3,352,272
Shareholders' funds	13	14,174,341	13,656,571

These accounts have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime

Approved by the Board on 25 April 2013 and signed on its behalf by

Sean Thomas Golding

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Director

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2012

1 Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with applicable UK law and accounting standards for small companies

Exemption from preparing a cash flow statement

The accounts do not include a cash flow statement because the company, as a small reporting entity, is exempt from the requirements to prepare such a statement

Going concern

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis

The current economic conditions present increased risks for all businesses. In responses to such conditions, the directors have carefully considered those risks, including an assessment of any uncertainty on forward trading projections for a period of at least twelve months from the date of signing the financial statements, and the extent to which they affect the preparation of the financial statements on a going concern basis

Based on this assessment the directors consider that the company maintains an appropriate level of liquidity, sufficient to meet the demands of the business including any capital and servicing obligations of external debt liabilities. In addition the company's assets are assessed for recoverability on a regular basis, and the directors consider that the company is not exposed to losses on these assets which would affect their decision to adopt the going concern basis.

On this basis the directors believe that there are no material uncertainties that lead to significant doubt upon the company's ability to continue as a going concern

Turnover

Turnover is recognised in the period assets and services are made available to customers net of direct commissions payable and value added tax. All turnover is controlled in the UK deriving from the chartering of vessels in international waters

Foreign currency

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into the functional and reporting currency at the exchange rate ruling at the date of transaction. Assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into the functional and reporting currency at the closing rate at the balance sheet date and any exchange differences are included in the profit and loss account.

Taxation

Current tax is provided at amounts expected to be paid (or recovered) using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2012

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Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost, net of depreciation and any impairment. Depreciation is provided on tangible fixed assets to write off the cost or valuation, less any estimated residual value, over their expected useful economic life.

Tangible fixed assets are subject to impairment review with regard to market conditions. If any indication of impairment exists after such review, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of any impairment loss. Recoverable amount is the higher of fair value and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. If the recoverable amount of an asset is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

The recoverable amount of fleet is reviewed based on events and changes in circumstances that would indicate that the carrying amount of the assets might not be recovered including current vessel market valuation indicators. Should there be any indication of impairment we review the potential for actual impairment by considering the future cash flows related to the vessels. This requires us to make estimates covering future charter rates, running costs, discount rates, gearing ratios, remaining useful economic life and residual value. The assessment is made at an individual vessel level since separately identifiable cash flow information for each vessel is available. These assumptions are based on historical trends as well as future expectations. The key assumption relates to future earnings and we use rates currently in effect for the duration of existing time charters. For future periods not covered by an existing charter we estimate daily time charter rates using a number of indicators, including the last ten years' historic average time charter rate and management's view of the cyclicality and impact of the trends existing in the shipping market in the short to medium term. Actual equivalent time charter rates are currently lower than our forward estimated rates. Although management believe that the assumptions used to evaluate potential impairment are reasonable, such assumptions are subjective and there is no certainty as to how long time charter rates and vessel values will remain at their current levels.

Depreciation is provided as follows

Asset class

Depreciation method and rate

Fleet

4% Straight line

Stock

Stock is valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value of fleet stores

Bank borrowings and derivative financial instruments

Interest bearing debt is recorded at proceeds received net of direct issue costs. Finance charges, including premiums payable on settlement or redemption and direct issue costs, are released to the profit and loss account using the effective interest method

The company uses derivative instruments to reduce exposure to interest rate movements. Interest under such instruments is recognised over the periods of the specific underlying debt liabilities that the derivative hedges against

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2012

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2	Oper	atıng	profit	/(loss)
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	2012	2011
	\$	\$
Foreign currency losses	3,237	-
Depreciation of tangible fixed assets	1,014,111	1,140,616
Impairment of tangible fixed assets		2,855,083

The company's audit fee of \$1,500 (2011 \$1,500) has been borne by the parent undertaking. The company has no non-audit fees for either year

There was no remuneration payable to the directors in either year and the company does not have any employees

3 Other interest receivable and similar income

	2012 \$	2011 \$
Bank interest receivable	77	1,071

4 Interest payable and similar charges

	2012 \$	2011 \$
Interest on bank borrowings	557,301	608,399
	557,301	608,399

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2012

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5 Taxation

Tax on profit/(loss) on ordinary activities			
	2012 \$	2011 \$	
Current tax			
Corporation tax charge	6,723	7,272	
Factors affecting current tax charge for the year Tax on profit/(loss) on ordinary activities for the year is lower than (2011 - higher than) the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 24 5% (2011 - 26 5%)			
The differences are reconciled below	2012	2011	
	2012 \$	2011 \$	
Profit/(loss) on ordinary activities before taxation	524,493	(2,347,591)	
Corporation tax at standard rate	128,501	(622,112)	
Trading assessment of tonnage tax regime	6,723	7,272	
Trading (profits)/losses not assessed under corporation tax regime	(128,501)	622,112	
Total current tax			

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2012

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		Fleet S	Total S
	Cost		
	At 1 January 2012 and 31 December 2012	28,513,472	28,513,472
	Depreciation and impairment		
	At 1 January 2012	5,642,450	5,642,450
	Charge for the year	1,014,111	1,014,111
	At 31 December 2012	6,656,561	6,656,561
	Net book value		
	At 31 December 2012	21,856,911	21,856,911
	At 31 December 2011	22,871,022	22,871,022
7	Stocks		
		2012	2011
		\$	\$
	Stocks	81,112	63,345
8	Debtors		
0	Dentois		
		2012 \$	2011 \$
	Trade debtors	338,016	382,651
	Amounts owed by Group undertakings	1,203,582	391,507
	Other debtors	662,155	804,535
		2,203,753	1,578,693

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2012

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Bank loans (due 2 - 5 years)

9 Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year

	2012 \$	2011 \$
Bank loans	1,437,560	1,437,560
Trade creditors	357,009	243,711
Amounts owed to Group undertakings	83,316	54,404
Corporation tax	6,723	7,272
Other creditors	341,612	102,503
	2,226,220	1,845,450
10 Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one year		
	2012 \$	2011 \$
Bank loans	·	
	\$ 8,066,334	9,503,894
Bank loans Creditors amounts falling due after more than one year includes the	\$ 8,066,334	9,503,894
Bank loans Creditors amounts falling due after more than one year includes the	\$ 8,066,334	9,503,894 ich security has
Bank loans Creditors amounts falling due after more than one year includes the	\$ 8,066,334 ne following liabilities, on white the same state of the same sta	\$ 9,503,894 ich security has 2011

The company has a bank loan that is repayable in line with the above with final repayment due in 2016. The loan is secured by statutory mortgages on certain vessels and guarantees of fellow group undertakings. The rate of interest inherent in the loan is LIBOR plus 3%. A second priority mortgage also exists on certain vessels in respect of the derivative trading of the company's parent undertaking. In addition the company's assets are cross-guaranteed against the loans of fellow subsidiary undertakings of the parent company.

8,066,334

10,941,454

6,628,774

9,503,894

The company uses derivatives to manage exposure to interest rate movements on its bank borrowings. Such derivatives are not included at fair value in the accounts. The fair value as at 31 December 2012 is a liability of \$540,430 (2011 \$486,374) based on market values of equivalent instruments at the balance sheet date.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2012

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11 Share capital

Allotted, called up and fully paid sha	res			
		2012	2011	
	No.	\$	No.	\$
Ordinary shares of £1 each	6,616,360	10,304,299	6,616,360	10,304,299
12 Reserves			Profit and	
			loss account	Total \$
At 1 January 2012			3,352,272	3,352,272
Profit for the year			517,770	517,770
At 31 December 2012			3,870,042	3,870,042
13 Reconciliation of movement in share	holders' funds			
			2012 \$	2011 \$
Profit/(loss) attributable to the members	s of the company		517,770	(2,354,863)
Net addition/(reduction) to shareholder	s' funds		517,770	(2,354,863)
Shareholders' funds at 1 January			13,656,571	16,011,434
Shareholders' funds at 31 December			14,174,341	13,656,571

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2012

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14 Related party transactions

The company has taken advantage of the exemption in FRS8 "Related Party Disclosures" from disclosing transactions with other wholly-owned members of the group controlled by the ultimate parent undertaking

15 Control

The company is controlled by Bibby Line Limited The Company is a wholly owned subsidiary of Bibby Line Limited, which is itself a wholly owned subsidiary of Bibby Line Group Limited

Bibby Line Limited is the parent undertaking of the smallest group which consolidates these accounts for which the company is a member

Bibby Line Group Limited is the parent undertaking of the largest group which consolidates these accounts for which the company is a member

The ultimate controlling party is disclosed in the accounts of Bibby Line Group Limited Copies of the Group financial statements can be obtained from Bibby Line Group Limited, 105 Duke Street, Liverpool, L1 5JQ (www bibbygroup co uk)