MALVERN INSTRUMENTS LIMITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31st DECEMBER 1994 (REGISTERED IN ENGLAND NUMBER 1020602)

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DIRECTORS' REPORT

The Directors present their annual report and the audited financial statements for the year ended 31st December 1994.

Review of the business

The principal activity of the company, which has remained unchanged during the year, is the manufacture and sale of advanced electronic and laser instruments for use in a wide variety of industries.

Results and dividends

The profit after taxation for the year ended 31st December 1994 was £1,698,000 (1993: £1,073,000). The directors recommend the payment of a dividend of £1,000,000 (1993: Nil).

The retained profit of £698,000 (1993: £1,073,000) was transferred to reserves. The full results for the year are shown in the profit and loss account on page 7.

Directors

The directors who served during the year were as follows:

Dr D Jane Bishop (Appointed 21 February 1994)

A R Bragginton

Dr D J Campbell (Appointed 29 July 1994)

Dr T A Cooper

P I Walker (Appointed 5 January 1994)

Henley Investment Management Limited

Hockley Court Investment Management Limited

D W Aslin (Resigned 30 September 1994)

D M Roberts (Resigned 16 September 1994)

D W Thompson (Resigned 29 July 1994)

D J Watson (Resigned 16 September 1994)

DIRECTORS' REPORT (continued)

Directors' interests

No director had any interest in the share capital of the company. The interests of the directors in the share capital of the ultimate parent company, Burnfield PLC, were as follows:

Burnfield PLC ordinary shares of 10p each

	31st December 1994		1st January of appointm	1994 or date ent if later
	Options	SAYE	Options	SAYE
Dr. D J Bishop	-	-	•	-
A R Bragginton	-	10,069	-	10,069
Dr. D J Campbell	-	-	-	-
Dr. T A Cooper	50,000	25,173	50,000	25,173
P I Walker	-	-	_	-

Fixed assets

The changes in fixed assets are set out in note 8 to the financial statements.

Research and development

The directors consider that new product development and innovation play an important role in the company's success and, accordingly, they continue to further the company's research and development programme. This is allied to a continual appraisal of manufacturing processes and techniques to provide greater efficiency and reduce costs.

Health and safety

The company's policy is to ensure that, as far as it is reasonably practicable, there is a working environment which will minimise the risk to the health and safety of employees and those persons who are authorised to be on its premises.

Disabled persons

Disabled applicants for employment are given equal consideration with other applicants in that selection for employment is determined on the basis of ability to do the work required. Suitable opportunities are offered to disabled persons in order to promote their career development. If an employee becomes disabled while in employment due consideration would be given to continued employment whether in the same or in an alternative capacity and training would be given where necessary.

DIRECTORS' REPORT

(continued)

Employee participation

Regular meetings take place between the management and employee representatives so that employees are made aware of matters that are likely to affect their interests and their views can be taken into account. A summary of this year's results will be handed to each employee.

Insurance

An insurance policy to cover directors' and officers' liability was in effect during the year.

Elective resolutions

By elective resolutions passed by the company in a general meeting on 30 April 1993 the company dispensed with the requirement to lay financial statements before the company in a general meeting, the holding of annual general meetings and the obligation to appoint auditors annually.

Auditors

On 6th February 1995 the company's auditors changed the name under which they practise to KPMG and, accordingly, have signed their report in their new name.

By Order of the Board

ර Parsons

Company Secretary

6 March 1995

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES

in respect of the preparation of financial statements

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss for that period. In preparing those financial statements, the directors are required to:

- * select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- * make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent:
- * state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- * prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. They have general responsibility for taking such steps as are reasonably open to them to safeguard the assets of the company and to prevent and detect fraud and any other irregularities.

REPORT OF THE AUDITORS TO THE MEMBERS OF MALVERN INSTRUMENTS LIMITED

We have audited the financial statements on pages 7 to 19.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As described on page 5 the company's directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements. It is our responsibility to form an independent opinion, based on our audit, on those statements and to report our opinion to you.

Basis of opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Auditing Standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we consider necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

Opinion

In our opinion the financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 1994 and of its profit for the year then ended and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985.

KPMG

Chartered Accountants Registered Auditors

2 Cornwall St., Birmingham B3 2DL 6 March 1995

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31st DECEMBER 1994

Year ended 31st Dec 1993

	Notes	£'000	£'000
Turnover Cost of sales	2	11,723 (5,654)	11,298 (5,607)
Gross profit		6,069	5,691
Distribution costs Administrative expenses		(2,850) (887)	(2,428) (1,779)
Operating profit		2,332	1,484
Interest receivable		20	152
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation Taxation on profit on ordinary activities	3 6	2,352 (654)	1,636 (563)
Profit on ordinary activities after taxation Dividend	7	1,698 (1,000)	1,073
Retained profit for the year	14	698	1,073

Turnover and results reported above all relate to continuing activities.

A statement of movements on reserves is given in Note 14.

There is no material difference between the results as disclosed in the profit and loss account and the results calculated on an unmodified historical cost basis.

There were no recognised gains or losses other than the profit reported above.

BALANCE SHEET

AT 31st DECEMBER 1994

		1994		1993	
	Note	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Fixed Assets					
Tangible assets	8		1,288		1,052
Current assets	•	0.007		4.050	
Stocks Debtors	9 10	2,007 6,125		1,656 4,167	
Deplois	10	0,125		4,107	
		8,132		5,823	
Creditors:	4.4	(4 CES)		(0.260)	
Amounts falling due within one year	11	(4,658)		(2,368)	
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
Net current assets			3,474		3,455
Total assets less current liabilities	6		4,762		4,507
Provision for liabilities	12		_		(443)
Net assets			4,762		4,064
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	13		272		272
Capital redemption reserve	14		109		109
Profit and loss account	14		4,381		3,683
			4,762		4,064

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors on 6th March 1995 and signed on its behalf by:

P I Walker

Director

D/J Campbell Director

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31st DECEMBER 1994

1. Principal accounting policies

(a) Accounting convention

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with Applicable Accounting Standards.

(b) Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are depreciated at rates calculated to write off the original cost or subsequent valuation, less the estimated residual value, in equal instalments over the expected useful life of the assets concerned.

(c) Leased assets

Operating lease rentals are charged to the profit and loss account in the year to which they relate.

(d) Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost comprises the actual cost of raw materials, direct labour and attributable manufacturing overheads, where appropriate. Net realisable value represents the estimated selling price less the costs of completion, marketing, selling and distribution.

(e) Deferred taxation

Deferred taxation is provided using the liability method in respect of timing differences except where the liability is not expected to arise in the foreseeable future.

(f) Foreign currencies

Transactions in foreign currencies are recorded at the rate ruling at the date of the transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at rates ruling at the balance sheet date. All exchange differences are recorded in the profit and loss account.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31st DECEMBER 1994 (continued)

1. Principal accounting policies (continued)

(g) Pensions

The costs of providing pensions for employees are charged to the profit and loss account over the average expected remaining service lives of the current employees in the scheme.

(h) Research and development

Expenditure on research and development is written off in the year in which it is incurred.

2. Turnover

Turnover represents the invoiced amount of goods sold, excluding value added tax. The analysis of turnover by geographical area is as follows:

	Year ended 31st December 1994 £'000	Year ended 31st December 1993 £'000
United Kingdom Europe Africa America Asia Australia	2,271 3,746 206 2,331 2,889 280	2,329 3,630 385 2,337 2,264 353
	11,723	11,298

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31st DECEMBER 1994 (continued)

3. Profit on ordinary activities before taxation

The profit on ordinary activities before taxation is stated after charging/(crediting)

	Year ended		Year ended
	31st December		31st December
	1994		1993
	£'000		£'000
Depreciation	116		67
Profit on sale of fixed assets	(8)		-
Auditors' remuneration			
Audit fees	18		17
Fees to auditors for non audit services	10	*	14
Research and development expenditure	521		503
Operating lease rentals - plant and machinery	145		139
Hire of plant and machinery	29		8
Group interest receivable	(20)		(151)
Bank interest receivable	-		(1)

^{*} In addition, fees for non-audit services of £72,000 (1993: Nil) have been charged against the brought forward reorganisation provision.

4. Employees

The average weekly number of employees (including directors) was as follows:

The arelage mostly manner of employees (m	•	
	Year ended	Year ended
	31st December	31st December
	1994	1993
Factory direct	41	43
Factory indirect	28	26
Sales and administration	58	54
	127	123
		
The aggregate payroll costs of these persons	were as follows:	
	£'000	£'000
Wages and salaries	2,463	2,176
Social security costs	214	211
Other pension costs	. 87	76
	2,764	2,463

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31st DECEMBER 1994 (continued)

5. Directors' emoluments

	Year ended 31st December 1994	Year ended 31st December 1993
	£'000	£'000
Emoluments	369	320
Compensation for loss of office	35	26
Pension contributions	27	31
	431	377
		
Emoluments of the chairman, exclupension contributions	ding -	-
Lichart naid disaster analysism nav		
Highest paid director, excluding per contributions	1SION 61	59

The emoluments of all the directors, excluding pension contributions, fell within the following ranges:

	Number	Number
£0-£5,000	2	3
£10,001-£15,000	-	2
£15,001-£20,000	-	1
£20,001-£25,000	1	1
£30,001-£35,000	3	-
£35,001-£40,000	-	-
£40,001-£45,000	1	3
£45,001-£50,000	3	1
£55,001-£60,000	-	1
£60 001-£65 000	1	_

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31st DECEMBER 1994 (continued)

6. Taxation on profit on ordinary activities

	Year ended 31st December 1994 £'000	Year ended 31st December 1993 £'000
Current year:		
UK corporation tax at 33%	635	452
Deferred taxation	19	118
	654	570
Adjustment in respect of prior years:		
UK corporation tax	-	(37)
Deferred taxation	-	30
	654	563
7. Dividend		
	Year ended	Year ended
	31st December	31st December
	1994	1993
	£'000	£'000
Dividend proposed at 367.25p per share	1,000	-

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31st DECEMBER 1994 (continued)

8. Tangible fixed assets

or rangino imal doore		Plant,	
	Freehold	fixtures	
	land and	and motor	Total
	buildings	vehicles	
	£'000	£'000	£'000
Cost:			
At 1st January 1994	926	430	1,356
Additions	_	362	362
Disposals	-	(41)	(41)
At 31st December 1994	926	751	1,677
Depreciation:			
At 1st January 1994	108	196	304
Charge for the year	15	101	116
Disposals	-	(31)	(31)
At 31st December 1994	123	266	389
Net book value:			
At 31st December 1994	803	485	1,288
At 31st December 1993	818	234	1,052

Freehold land of £268,000 has not been depreciated.

Depreciation is provided at the following annual rates on a straight line basis:

Freehold buildings	2%
Plant and equipment	10 - 25%
Vehicles	25%
Computer equipment	33%

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31st DECEMBER 1994 (continued)

9. Stocks

	1994 £'000	1993 £'000
Raw materials	366	362
Work in progress	1,276	1,100
Finished goods	365	194
	2,007	1,656

10. Debtors

	1994	1993
	£'000	£'000
Trade debtors	1,335	1,288
Amounts owed by parent company	3,429	1,778
Amounts owed by fellow subsidiary undertakings	892	688
Other debtors	183	134
Prepayments and accrued income	83	82
Corporation tax recoverable	15	-
Advance corporation tax	-	197
Deferred taxation	188	-
	6,125	4,167

The deferred taxation balance included above is recoverable after more than one year.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31st DECEMBER 1994 (continued)

11. Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year

	1994		1993
	£'000		£'000
Bank overdraft	987		152
Payments on account	52		29
Trade creditors	724		865
Other taxes and social security costs	102		86
Other creditors	561		479
Accruals and deferred income	800		580
Dividend payable	1,000		-
Corporation tax	432		177
	4,658		2,368
12. Provision for liabilities			
	Reorganisation	Deferred	
	provision	taxation	Total
	£'000	£'000	£'000
At 1st January 1994	650	(207)	443
Provided	-	20	20
Utilised	(494)	(1)	(495)
Transfer to creditors	(156)	-	(156)
At 31st December 1994	-	(188)	(188)

The deferred taxation asset has been disclosed in debtors.

An analysis of the provision and the full potential liability for deferred taxation is as follows:-

as lullows				
	Provided		Potential	
	1994	1993	1994	1993
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Accelerated capital allowances	8	(43)	8	(43)
Other timing differences	(196)	(164)	(196)	(164)
	(188)	(207)	(188)	(207)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31st DECEMBER 1994 (continued)

13. Share capital	1994	1993		
	Number	£'000	Number	£'000
Authorised: Ordinary shares of £1 each	500,000	500 ——	500,000	500
Allotted, called up and fully paid: Ordinary shares of £1 each	272,290	272	272,290	272

14. Reserves		
	Capital	Profit
	redemption	and loss
	reserve	account
	£'000	£'000
At 1st January 1994	109	3,683
Retained profit for the year	•	698
At 31st December 1994	109	4,381

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31st DECEMBER 1994 (continued)

15. Reconciliation of the movements in shareholders funds

in shareholders funds		
	1994	1993
	£'000	£'000
Profit on ordinary activities after taxation	1,698	1,073
Dividend	(1,000)	-
	698	1,073
Opening shareholders' funds	4,064	2,991
Closing shareholders' funds	4,762	4,064

16. Commitments

a) Capital expenditure

Future capital expenditure commitments for which no provision has been made in these financial statements are as follows:

made in these imaneial statements are as it	1994	1993
	£'000	£'000
Contracted for	119	-
Authorised but not contracted for	26	1

b) Operating leases

Annual commitments under non-cancellable other operating leases are as follows:-

	1994 £'000	1993 £'000
Expiring within one year Expiring between two and five years	32 94	23 96
	126	119

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31st DECEMBER 1994 (continued)

17. Pensions

The company participates in the group pension schemes operated by the parent company. The assets of the schemes are held in trust funds separate from the group.

The pension cost is assessed on the advice of a professionally qualified actuary and the latest actuarial reviews for this purpose were on 6th April 1993. The pension cost for the year was £87,000 (1993 : £76,000).

A full disclosure note is contained in the financial statements of the parent company, Burnfield PLC.

18. Contingent liabilities

The company had given a guarantee to the company's bank in the normal course of business amounting to £5,154,000 (1993: £5,165,000).

19. Director's Transactions

During the year, to enable Dr T A Cooper to undertake his new duties within the Burnfield group as managing director of Malvern Instruments GmbH, the company granted a relocation loan of £10,000 which was repaid on 19th August 1994.

19. Ultimate parent company

The ultimate parent company is Burnfield PLC, a company incorporated in Great Britain and registered in England and Wales. Copies of the consolidated financial statements of that company may be obtained from 12 Hockley Court, Hockley Heath, Solihull, West Midlands B94 6NW.