Registered number: 01017666

CRICKHOWELL ESTATES LIMITED

DIRECTORS' REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019



COMPANY INFORMATION

Directors

N J Phillips, FRICS

C M A Lane, FCA

J D Ford

N G H Manns, FRICS

Company secretary

C M A Lane, FCA

Registered number

01017666

Registered office

23a Gold Tops Newport South Wales NP20 4UL

Independent auditor

Grant Thornton UK LLP

Chartered Accountants & Statutory Auditor

11/13 Penhill Road

Cardiff

South Glamorgan

CF11 9UP

Bankers

National Westminster Bank Plc

High Street Newport South Wales NP20 1GG

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DIRECTORS' REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019

The directors present their report and the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2019.

Directors

The directors who served during the year were:

N J Phillips, FRICS C M A Lane, FCA J D Ford N G H Manns, FRICS

Directors' responsibilities statement

The directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law, including FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs and profit or loss of the Company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the Company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

The directors are responsible for the maintenance and integrity of the corporate and financial information included on the Company's website. Legislation in the United Kingdom governing the preparation and dissemination of financial statements may differ from legislation in other jurisdictions.

Disclosure of information to auditor

The directors confirm that:

- so far as each director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the Company's auditor is unaware, and
- the directors have taken all the steps that they ought to have taken as directors in order to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the Company's auditor is aware of that information.

DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019

Auditor

The auditor, Grant Thornton UK LLP, will be proposed for reappointment in accordance with section 485 of the Companies Act 2006.

Small companies note

In preparing this report, the directors have taken advantage of the small companies exemptions provided by section 415A of the Companies Act 2006.

This report was approved by the board and signed on its behalf.

C M A Lane, FCA

Director

Date: 8 July 2019



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF CRICKHOWELL ESTATES LIMITED

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Crickhowell Estates Limited (the 'Company') for the year ended 31 March 2019, which comprise the Statement of comprehensive income, the Statement of financial position and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion, the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs as at 31 March 2019 and of its loss for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the ISAs (UK) require us to report to you where:

- the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is not appropriate; or
- the directors have not disclosed in the financial statements any identified material uncertainties that may
 cast significant doubt about the Company's ability to continue to adopt the going concern basis of
 accounting for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the financial statements are
 authorised for issue.



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF CRICKHOWELL ESTATES LIMITED (CONTINUED)

Other information

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Directors' Report, other than the financial statements and our Auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the Directors' report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the Directors' report has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

Matter on which we are required to report under the Companies Act 2006

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the Company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the Directors' report.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- the directors were not entitled to prepare the financial statements in accordance with the small companies regime and take advantage of the small companies' exemptions in preparing the Directors' report and from the requirement to prepare a strategic report.



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF CRICKHOWELL ESTATES LIMITED (CONTINUED)

Responsibilities of directors for the financial statements

As explained more fully in the Directors' responsibilities statement on page 1, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an Auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at: www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our Auditor's report.

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the Company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an Auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Company and the Company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

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Rhian Owen

Senior Statutory Auditor

for and on behalf of Grant Thornton UK LLP Statutory Auditor, Chartered Accountants

July 2019

Cardiff

Date: 🗸

STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019

	Note	2019 £	2018 £
Turnover		1,104	1,103
Gross profit	-	1,104	1,103
Administrative expenses		(29,687)	(39,726)
Operating loss	-	(28,583)	(38,623)
Interest receivable and similar income		-	205
Loss before tax	-	(28,583)	(38,418)
Tax on loss		-	-
Loss for the financial year	<u>-</u>	(28,583)	(38,418)

There were no recognised gains and losses for 2019 or 2018 other than those included in the statement of comprehensive income.

There was no other comprehensive income for 2019 (2018: £Nil).

The notes on pages 8 to 12 form part of these financial statements.

CRICKHOWELL ESTATES LIMITED REGISTERED NUMBER:01017666

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 31 MARCH 2019

					•
	Note		2019 £		2018 £
Current assets					
Stocks	5	1,938,464		1,857,314	
Debtors: amounts falling due within one year	6	44,331		45,026	
Cash at bank and in hand	7	2,368		67,515	
		1,985,163		1,969,855	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	8	(4,203,609)		(4, 159, 718)	
Net current liabilities			(2,218,446)		(2,189,863)
Total assets less current liabilities			(2,218,446)		(2, 189, 863)
Net liabilities			(2,218,446)		(2, 189, 863)
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital			3,000		3,000
Profit and loss account			(2,221,446)		(2, 192, 863)
			(2,218,446)		(2,189,863)

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and in accordance with the provisions of FRS 102 Section 1A - small entities.

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf by:

N J Phillips, FRICS

Director

N G H Manns, FRICS

Director

Date: 8 July 2019

The notes on pages 8 to 12 form part of these financial statements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019

1. General information

Crickhowell Estates Limited is a private company limited by shares and incorporated in Wales, with its registered office at: 23a Gold Tops, Newport, NP20 4UL. The company's registration number is 01017666. The financial statements are prepared in sterling, the functional currency of the Company. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest £1.

Crickhowell Estates Limited's principal activity is the active development of land.

2. Accounting policies

2.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention unless otherwise specified within these accounting policies and in accordance with Section 1A of Financial Reporting Standard 102, the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006.

The preparation of financial statements in compliance with FRS 102 requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise judgement in applying the Company's accounting policies.

The following principal accounting policies have been applied:

2.2 Going concern

In preparing the financial statements the directors have considered the current financial position of the company and the likely future cash flows. At the date of issuing the financial statements, the directors have concluded that it is appropriate to prepare the financial statements on a going concern basis. In forming this conclusion, the directors have considered that, whilst the company has recorded a loss in the current financial year and has net current liabilities, it has the formal support of its ultimate parent company Newbridge Construction Limited. The directors have assessed the ability of the parent company to provide support and concluded that it is appropriate to rely on this support in assessing appropriateness of adopting the going concern basis.

2.3 Turnover

Turnover in respect of property and land disposals is recognised when all conditions have been met to ensure completion of the sale. Turnover in respect of rents receivable is recognised over the period to which the rent relates and is stated net of Value Added Tax. Turnover arises solely in the United Kingdom.

2.4 Interest income

Interest income is recognised in the Statement of comprehensive income using the effective interest method.

2.5 Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value, and consist of land and property held for resale and development. Stock is reviewed annually, and consideration given to whether the assets are impaired.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.6 Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price, less any impairment. Loans receivable are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment.

2.7 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash is represented by cash in hand and deposits with financial institutions repayable without penalty on notice of not more than 24 hours. Cash equivalents are highly liquid investments that mature in no more than three months from the date of acquisition and that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash with insignificant risk of change in value.

2.8 Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at the transaction price. Other financial liabilities, including bank loans, are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

2.9 Financial instruments

The Company only enters into basic financial instrument transactions that result in the recognition of financial assets and liabilities like trade and other debtors and creditors, loans from banks and other third parties, loans to related parties and investments in non-puttable ordinary shares.

Debt instruments (other than those wholly repayable or receivable within one year), including loans and other accounts receivable and payable, are initially measured at present value of the future cash flows and subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Debt instruments that are payable or receivable within one year, typically trade debtors and creditors, are measured, initially and subsequently, at the undiscounted amount of the cash or other consideration expected to be paid or received. However, if the arrangements of a short-term instrument constitute a financing transaction, like the payment of a trade debt deferred beyond normal business terms or financed at a rate of interest that is not a market rate or in the case of an out-right short-term loan not at market rate, the financial asset or liability is measured, initially, at the present value of the future cash flow discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument and subsequently at amortised cost.

Financial assets that are measured at cost and amortised cost are assessed at the end of each reporting period for objective evidence of impairment. If objective evidence of impairment is found, an impairment loss is recognised in the Statement of comprehensive income.

For financial assets measured at amortised cost, the impairment loss is measured as the difference between an asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated cash flows discounted at the asset's original effective interest rate. If a financial asset has a variable interest rate, the discount rate for measuring any impairment loss is the current effective interest rate determined under the contract.

For financial assets measured at cost less impairment, the impairment loss is measured as the difference between an asset's carrying amount and best estimate of the recoverable amount, which is an approximation of the amount that the Company would receive for the asset if it were to be sold at the reporting date.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.9 Financial instruments (continued)

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the Statement of financial position when there is an enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

3. Auditor's remuneration

Fees payable to the Company's auditor for the audit of the Company's annual financial statements totalled £2,000 (2018 - £1,900).

4. Employees

The Company has no employees other than the directors, who did receive £Nil remuneration (2018: £Nil).

5. Stocks

		2019 £	2018 £
	Land and property	1,938,464	1,857,314
6.	Debtors		
		2019 £	2018 £
	Other debtors	44,331	45,026
		44,331	45,026
7.	Cash and cash equivalents	•	
•		2019 £	2018 £
	Cash at bank and in hand	2,368	67,515

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019

8.	Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year		
		2019 £	2018 £
	Trade creditors	8,201	7,203
	Amounts owed to group undertakings	4,192,568	4,144,646
	Amounts owed to related parties	-	4,029
	Other creditors	2,840	3,840
		4,203,609	4,159,718
9.	Financial instruments		
		2019 £	2018 £
	Financial assets		
	Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss	2,368	67,515

Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss comprise cash at bank and in hand.

10. Related party transactions

Name of related party	Relationship
Trustees of Llanover Estate Pontymister Developments Limited	B C Herbert (Trustee of Llanover Estate) N J Phillips, FRICS (Director with a significant interest)

During the year, Crickhowell Estates Limited made purchases from Trustees of Llanover Estate of £4,021 (2018: £4,029). At 31 March 2019, there was £2,922 (2018: £4,029) owing to Trustees of Llanover Estate.

During the year, Crickhowell Estates Limited made purchases from Pontymister Developments Limited of £Nil (2018: £25,875). At 31 March 2019, there was £Nil (2018: £Nil) owing to Pontymister Developments Limited.

The company has taken advantage of the exemption afforded under FRS 102 section 33 'Related party disclosure', as a subsidiary undertaking which is 100% controlled by the ultimate parent undertaking, and has not disclosed transactions with other group companies. The immediate parent company of Crickhowell Estates Limited is Newbridge Construction Limited.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019

11. Controlling party

The immediate parent company and ultimate parent company is Newbridge Construction Limited, a company registered in England and Wales. The registered address of Newbridge Construction Limited is 23a Gold Tops, Newport, South Wales, NP20 4UL. This is the parent of the smallest and largest group of which the company is a member. Consolidated financial statements are not prepared.

Copies of the financial statements of Newbridge Construction Limited are available from Companies House, Crown Way, Cardiff, CF14 3UZ.

The directors consider that there is no ultimate controlling party.