Registration number 1008747

PUKKA PIES LIMITED

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 25 MAY 2002

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<u>DIRECTORS' REPORT</u> FOR THE YEAR ENDED 25 MAY 2002

The directors present their report and the financial statements for the year ended 25 May 2002.

Principal activity and review of the business

The principal activity of the company is pie manufacturing.

The directors consider the results for the period and the financial position at 25 May 2002 to be satisfactory.

Results and dividends

The results for the year are set out on page 5.

The directors recommend payment of a final dividend amounting to £1,000,000.

Directors and their interests

The directors who served during the year and their interests in the company are as stated below:

	Ordinary shares		
	25 May '02	27 May '01	
T.K. Storer	16,200	29,700	
V.C. Storer	8,000	8,000	
T.D. Storer	4,100	4,100	
A.J. Storer	4,100	4,100	

Charitable and political contributions

During the year the company contributed £4,930 to charities.

Directors' responsibilities

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of the affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that year. In preparing these the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Auditors

In accordance with Section 385 of the Companies Act 1985, a resolution proposing that Robert Whowell & Partners be reappointed as auditors of the company will be put to the Annual General Meeting.

<u>DIRECTORS' REPORT</u> FOR THE YEAR ENDED 25 MAY 2002

This report was approved by the Board on 26 November 2002 and signed on its behalf by

T.K.Storer Kotores

Secretary

YEAR ENDED 25 MAY 2002

Independent auditors' report to the shareholders of Pukka Pies Limited

We have audited the financial statements of Pukka Pies Limited for the year ended 25 May 2002 which comprise the profit and loss account, the balance sheet, the statement of total recognised gains and losses and the related notes. These financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention as modified by the revaluation of certain fixed assets and the accounting policies set out therein.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As described in the statement of directors' responsibilities the company's directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards.

Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with relevant legal and regulatory requirements and United Kingdom Auditing Standards.

We report to you our opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view and are properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985. We also report to you if, in our opinion, the directors report is not consistent with the financial statements, if the company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if information specified by law regarding directors' remuneration and transactions with the company is not disclosed.

We read the directors' report and consider the implications for our report if we become aware of any apparent misstatements within it.

Basis of audit opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with United Kingdom Auditing Standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

YEAR ENDED 25 MAY 2002

Independent auditors' report to the shareholders of Pukka Pies Limited continued

Opinion

In our opinion the financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 25 May 2002 and of its profit for the year then ended and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985.

ROBERT WHOWELL & PARTNERS

CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS REGISTERED AUDITORS

Westwood House 78 Loughborough Road Quorn Leicestershire LE12 8DX

26 November 2002

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 25 MAY 2002

		Continuing operation	
	Notes	2002 £	2001 £
Turnover	2	21,112,825	20,381,211
Cost of sales		(10,756,379)	(10,773,632)
Gross profit		10,356,446	9,607,579
Administrative expenses		(6,025,998)	(5,540,133)
Operating profit	3	4,330,448	4,067,446
Other interest receivable and similar income		265,670	232,863
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation		4,596,118	4,300,309
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	7	(1,881,340)	(1,215,633)
Profit on ordinary activities after taxation		2,714,778	3,084,676
Dividends	8	(1,000,000)	(1,000,000)
Retained profit for the year		1,714,778	2,084,676

There are no recognised gains or losses other than the profit or loss for the above two financial years.

Note of historical cost profits and losses

4,596,118	4,300,309
4,750	4,750
	
4,600,868	4,305,059
====	
1 710 600	2 090 426
1,/19,320	2,089,426
	4,750

The notes on pages 8 to 16 form an integral part of these financial statements.

BALANCE SHEET AS AT 25 MAY 2002

		20	002	20	001
	Notes	£	£	£	£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	9		13,562,243		14,283,480
Current assets					
Stocks	10	1,240,420		1,071,615	
Debtors	11	1,565,374		1,918,586	
Cash at bank and in hand		8,697,628		5,525,803	
		11,503,422		8,516,004	
Creditors: amounts falling					
due within one year	12	(2,221,030)		(2,189,627)	
Net current assets			9,282,392	<u> </u>	6,326,377
Total assets less current			<u> </u>		
liabilities			22,844,635		20,609,857
Provisions for liabilities					
and charges	13		(520,000)		•
Net assets			22,324,635		20,609,857
Capital and reserves					=======================================
Called up share capital	15		50,000		50,000
Revaluation reserve	16		1,091,167		1,095,917
Profit and loss account	16		21,183,468		19,463,940
Equity shareholders' funds	18		22,324,635		20,609,857

The financial statements were approved by the Board on 26 November 2002 and signed on its behalf by

T.K. Storer	distance
Director	

CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 25 MAY 2002

		2002	2001
	Notes	£	£
Reconciliation of operating profit to net			
cash inflow from operating activities			
Operating profit		4,330,448	4,067,446
Depreciation		1,290,384	1,354,420
(Increase) in stocks		(168,805)	(174,417)
Decrease in debtors		353,212	(88,713)
(Decrease) in creditors		(20,246)	(486,264)
(Decrease) in provisions			(92,000)
Net cash inflow from operating activities		5,784,993	4,580,472
Cash flow statement			
Net cash inflow from operating activities		5,784,993	4,580,472
Returns on investments and servicing of finance	20	265,670	232,863
Taxation	20	(1,309,691)	(1,475,733)
Capital expenditure	20	(569,147)	(915,650)
		4,171,825	2,421,952
Equity dividends paid		(1,000,000)	(1,000,000)
Increase in cash in the year		3,171,825	1,421,952
Reconciliation of net cash flow to movement in net	funds (Note 21)		
Increase in cash in the year		3,171,825	1,421,952
Net funds at 27 May 2001		5,525,803	4,103,851
Net funds at 25 May 2002		8,697,628	5,525,803

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 25 MAY 2002

1. Accounting policies

Accounting convention

The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention modified to include the revaluation of certain fixed assets.

The company has consistently applied all relevant accounting standards.

Turnover

Turnover represents the total invoice value, excluding value added tax, of sales made during the year.

Tangible fixed assets and depreciation

Depreciation is provided at rates calculated to write off the cost or valuation less residual value of each asset over its expected useful life, as follows:

Land and buildings

2% on cost or valuation for buildings only

Fixtures, fittings

and equipment

- 15% to 30% on net book value

Motor vehicles

25% on net book value

The directors have adopted FRS 15 in relation to the revaluation of land and buildings. It is now company policy to carry out full valuations of these assets every five years with interim valuations in the intervening years. An amount equal to the excess of the annual depreciation charge on revalued assets over the notional historical cost depreciation charge on those assets is transferred annually from the revaluation reserve to the profit and loss reserve.

Stock

Stock is valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

Pensions

The pension costs charged in the financial statements represent the contribution payable by the company during the year.

The regular cost of providing retirement pensions and related benefits is charged to the profit and loss account over the employees' service lives on the basis of a constant percentage of earnings.

Deferred taxation

Provision is made for deferred taxation using the liability method to take account of timing differences between the incidence of income and expenditure for taxation and accounting purposes.

2.	<u>Turnover</u>		
		2002	2001
		£	£
	Geographical market		
	UK	20,868,732	20,137,381
	Europe	244,093	243,830
		21,112,825	20,381,211
•	On quating mustit	2002	2001
3.	Operating profit	2002 £	2001 £
	Operating profit is stated after charging:	3.	r
	Depreciation and other amounts written off tangible assets	1,278,071	1,334,097
	Loss on disposal of tangible fixed assets	12,313	20,323
	Auditors' remuneration	15,000	14,000
	214dio16 Tellidio16dio16	=====	=====
4.	Interest receivable and similar income	2002	2001
		£	£
	Bank interest	265,670	232,863
5.	Employees		
	Number of employees		
	The average monthly numbers of employees	2002	2001
	(including the directors) during the year were:	Number	Number
	Directors	4	4
	Staff	241	241
		245	245
	Employment costs	2002	2001
	• •	£	£
	Wages and salaries	4,807,929	4,632,386
	Social security costs	370,969	359,945
	Other pension costs	752,729	636,251
		5,931,627	5,628,582

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 25 MAY 2002

5.1.	Directors' emoluments	2002	2001
		£	£
	Remuneration and other emoluments	536,367	486,029
	Pension contributions	22,800	21,200
		559,167	507,229
		Number	Number
	Number of directors to whom retirement benefits		
	are accruing under a money purchase scheme	-	-
	Number of directors to whom retirement benefits		
	are accruing under a defined benefit scheme	2	2
	Highest paid director	£	£
	Amounts included above:		
	Emoluments and other benefits	149,587	142,415
	Pension contributions	11,400	-
		160,987	142,415

6. Pension costs

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme in respect of certain members of staff. The scheme and its assets are held by independent managers. The pension charge represents contributions due from the company and amounted to £20,000 (2001 - £-).

The company also operates a defined benefit scheme for the directors and staff. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the company in independently administered funds.

Analysis of the amount charged to operating profit

	2002	2001
	£	£
Current service cost	732,729	636,251

7.	Taxation	2002 £	2001 £
	UK current year taxation		
	UK corporation tax at 30.00% (2001 - 30.00%)	1,361,340	1,204,700
	Transfer to deferred taxation	520,000	<u> </u>
		1,881,340	1,204,700
	Prior years		
	UK corporation tax	-	10,933
		1,881,340	1,215,633
•			•••
8.	<u>Dividends</u>	2002	2001
		£	£
	Dividends on equity shares:		
	Ordinary shares - final proposed	1,000,000	1,000,000

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 25 MAY 2002

9.	Tangible fixed assets	Land and Buildings <u>Freehold</u> £	Fixtures, Fittings and Equipment £	Motor <u>Vehicles</u>	<u>Total</u> £
	Cost/revaluation	*	3 ₩	*	*
	At 27 May 2001	9,578,835	11,612,310	1,675,512	22,866,657
	Additions	42,475	258,308	296,964	597,747
	Disposals	-	(14,880)	(168,493)	•
	At 25 May 2002	9,621,310	11,855,738	1,803,983	23,281,031
	Depreciation				
	At 27 May 2001	940,915	6,774,358	867,904	8,583,177
	On disposals	-	(14,880)	(127,580)	(142,460)
	Charge for the year	168,785	843,371	265,915	1,278,071
	At 25 May 2002	1,109,700	7,602,849	1,006,239	9,718,788
	Net book values		<u>_</u>		
	At 25 May 2002	8,511,610	4,252,889	797,744	13,562,243
	At 25 May 2001	8,637,920	4,837,952	807,608	14,283,480

The freehold property was professionally valued by Messrs Spencers Druce, Chartered Surveyors, on an open market basis on 2nd May 1990 with subsequent additions shown at cost. The directors are carrying out regular valuations of the freehold property and are of the opinion that the current market value is not materially different from that stated above.

The directors have adopted FRS 15 in relation to the revaluation of land and buildings. It is now company policy to carry out full valuations of these assets every five years with interim valuations in the intervening years.

Freehold property includes freehold land at a valuation of £1,182,000 (2001 - £1,182,000).

Tangible fixed assets included at a valuation would have been included on a historical cost basis at:

	2002	2001
	£	£
Cost	8,473,143	8,430,668
Depreciation	1,052,699	888,664
Net book value	7,420,444	7,542,004

Depreciation of freehold buildings has been calculated on the revalued amount where applicable; based on cost the charge would have been lower by £4,750 (2001 - £4,750).

10.	Stocks	2002 £	2001 £
	Raw materials and consumables	534,420	505,410
	Finished goods and goods for resale	706,000	566,205
		1,240,420	1,071,615
11.	<u>Debtors</u>	2002	2001
		£	£
	Trade debtors	1,265,283	1,660,839
	Other debtors	105,371	65,485
	Prepayments and accrued income	194,720	192,262
		1,565,374	1,918,586
12.	Creditors: amounts falling due	2002	2001
	within one year	£	£
	Trade creditors	271,254	313,362
	Corporation tax	681,349	629,700
	Other taxes and social security costs	135,087	114,645
	Accruals and deferred income	133,340	131,920
	Proposed dividend	1,000,000	1,000,000
		2,221,030	2,189,627
13.	Provisions for liabilities and charges		
		Deferred	
		Taxation	
		(Note 14)	<u>Total</u>
		£	£
	Movements in the year	520,000	520,000
	At 25 May 2002	520,000	520,000

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 25 MAY 2002

14. Deferred taxation

Deferred tax is analysed over the following timing differences:

		Not			
		Provided		Provided	
		2002	2001	2002	2001
		£	£	£	£
	Accelerated capital allowances	<u>-</u>	540,000	520,000	
	Movements on the provision for deferred taxatio	n are:			
				2002	2001
				£	£
	At 27 May 2001 Transferred from profit and			-	-
	loss account			520,000	
	At 25 May 2002		;	520,000	
15.	Share capital			2002 £	2001 £
	Authorised equity			Z.	r
	50,000 Ordinary shares of £1 each		:	50,000	50,000
	Allotted, called up and fully paid equity				
	50,000 Ordinary shares of £1 each			50,000	50,000
				Profit	
16.	Equity reserves		Revaluation	and Loss	
			Reserve	Account	<u>Total</u>
			£	£	£
	At 27 May 2001		1,095,917	19,463,940	20,559,857
	Transfer of realised profit		(4,750)	4,750	-
	Retained profit for the year			1,714,778	1,714,778
	At 25 May 2002		1,091,167	21,183,468	22,274,635

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 25 MAY 2002

17. Defined benefit pension arrangements

The company provides pension arrangements to the directors and the majority of employees through one defined benefit scheme and the related costs are assessed in accordance with the advice of professionally qualified actuaries.

The latest actuarial valuation was carried out on 6 April 2002. The valuation was carried out using the Projected Unit method and the details of this valuation are shown below. As the scheme is now closed to new members, it should be noted that under the Projected Unit method the current service cost will increase as the members of the Scheme approach retirement.

Principal actuarial assumptions (%pa):

Other

	Directors and staff 2002
Rate of increase in salaries	4.5
Rate of increase in pensions in payment	2.5
Discount rate	5.5
Inflation assumption	4.0
Interest rate	4.0
The principal assets of the scheme are:	
	£
Equities	2,659,300
Bonds	1,758,960
Property	806,190
Other	10,550
Long-term rates of return on these assets (% pa):	
Equities	9.0
Bonds	8.0
Property	7.0

As at 25 May 2002, the actuary has identified potential underfunding in the pension scheme of £445,000.

4.0

18.	Reconciliation of movements in shareholders' funds		2002 £	2001 £
	Profit for the year Dividends		2,714,778 (1,000,000)	3,084,676 (1,000,000)
	Opening shareholders' funds		1,714,778 20,609,857	2,084,676 18,525,181
	Closing shareholders' funds		22,324,635	20,609,857
19.	Capital commitments		2002 £	2001 £
	Contracted for but not provided in the financial statements			110,000
20.	Gross cash flows			
			2002 £	2001 £
	Returns on investments and servicing of finance Interest received		265,670	232,863
	Taxation Corporation tax paid		(1,309,691)	(1,475,733)
	Capital expenditure Payments to acquire tangible assets Receipts from sales of tangible assets		(597,747) 28,600	(971,406) 55,756
			(569,147)	(915,650)
21.	Analysis of changes in net funds	Opening <u>Balance</u>	Cash <u>Flows</u>	Closing <u>Balance</u>
		£	£	£
	Cash at bank and in hand	5,525,803	3,171,825	8,697,628
	Net funds	5,525,803	3,171,825	8,697,628