REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS AND

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2017

A6KNATSR

A20

05/12/2017 COMPANIES HOUSE

#212

COMPANY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2017

DIRECTORS:

J H K Forster I P Williams J L Smith C M C Young

SECRETARY:

J L Smith

REGISTERED OFFICE:

Oakleigh House High Street Hartley Wintney Hampshire RG27 8PE

REGISTERED NUMBER:

01000183 (England and Wales)

AUDITORS:

Wilkins Kennedy LLP Statutory Auditor Chartered Accountants Mount Manor House 16 The Mount Guildford Surrey GU2 4HN

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2017

The directors present their report with the financial statements of the company for the year ended 30 April 2017.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITY

The principal activity of the company in the year under review was that of investment in sheltered accommodation for the elderly.

DIRECTORS

The directors shown below have held office during the whole of the period from 1 May 2016 to the date of this report.

J H K Forster I P Williams J L Smith C M C Young

STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES

The directors are responsible for preparing the Report of the Directors and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law), including Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'. Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

STATEMENT AS TO DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION TO AUDITORS

So far as the directors are aware, there is no relevant audit information (as defined by Section 418 of the Companies Act 2006) of which the company's auditors are unaware, and each director has taken all the steps that he or she ought to have taken as a director in order to make himself or herself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditors are aware of that information.

This report has been prepared in accordance with the provisions of Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD:

J L Smith - Secretary

Date: 8 November 2017

REPORT OF THE INDEPENDENT AUDITORS TO THE MEMBERS OF HART RETIREMENT DEVELOPMENTS (SOUTHERN) LIMITED

We have audited the financial statements of Hart Retirement Developments (Southern) Limited for the year ended 30 April 2017 on pages five to twelve. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice), including Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in a Report of the Auditors and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As explained more fully in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities set out on page two, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards for Auditors.

Scope of the audit of the financial statements

An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. This includes an assessment of: whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances and have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed; the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the directors; and the overall presentation of the financial statements. In addition, we read all the financial and non-financial information in the Report of the Directors to identify material inconsistencies with the audited financial statements and to identify any information that is apparently materially incorrect based on, or materially inconsistent with, the knowledge acquired by us in the course of performing the audit. If we become aware of any apparent material misstatements or inconsistencies we consider the implications for our report.

Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 30 April 2017 and of its profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Opinion on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of our audit, the information given in the Report of the Directors for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements, and has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements. In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the company and its environment, we have not identified any material misstatements in the Report of the Directors.

REPORT OF THE INDEPENDENT AUDITORS TO THE MEMBERS OF HART RETIREMENT DEVELOPMENTS (SOUTHERN) LIMITED

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- the directors were not entitled to take advantage of the small companies' exemption from the requirement to prepare a Strategic Report or in preparing the Report of the Directors.

Robert Southey (Senior Statutory Auditor) for and on behalf of Wilkins Kennedy LLP

Statutory Auditor Chartered Accountants Mount Manor House 16 The Mount Guildford

Surrey GU2 4HN

Date: 22 - NOVEABER ZOIT

STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2017

	Notes	2017 £	2016 £
TURNOVER		391,640	574,374
Cost of sales		55,046	-
GROSS PROFIT		336,594	574,374
Administrative expenses		14,402	50,475
		322,192	523,899
Other operating income		8	14
OPERATING PROFIT and PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION	3	322,200	523,913
Tax on profit	4	-	-
PROFIT FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR	₹	322,200	523,913
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME Revaluation of property Income tax relating to other	Ē	-	525,930
comprehensive income		660,000	(95,000)
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR, NET OF INCOME T		660,000	430,930
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR		982,200	954,843

The notes form part of these financial statements

HART RETIREMENT DEVELOPMENTS (SOUTHERN) LIMITED (REGISTERED NUMBER: 01000183)

BALANCE SHEET 30 APRIL 2017

		2017		2016	
	Notes	£	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS	_				
Tangible assets	6 7		-		6,796,880
Investments	7				2
			-		6,796,882
CURRENT ASSETS					
Debtors	8	772,202		1,675,419	
Cash at bank		644,245		27,786	
		1,416,447		1,703,205	
CREDITORS					
Amounts falling due within one year	9	13,739		19,579	
NET CURRENT ASSETS			1,402,708		1,683,626
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES			1,402,708		8,480,508
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES	10		-		660,000
NET ASSETS			1,402,708		7,820,508
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Carrial and Reserves Called up share capital	11		5,000		5,000
Retained earnings	12		1,397,708		7,815,508
recurred carriings	14				7,010,000
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			1,402,708		7,820,508

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on & November 2017 and were signed on its behalf by:

C M C Young - Director

J L Smith - Director

The notes form part of these financial statements

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2017

	Called up share capital £	Retained earnings	Total equity £
Balance at 1 May 2015	5,000	7,177,665	7,182,665
Changes in equity Dividends Total comprehensive income Balance at 30 April 2016	5,000	(317,000) 954,843 7,815,508	(317,000) 954,843 7,820,508
Changes in equity Dividends Total comprehensive income	- -	(7,400,000) 982,200	(7,400,000) 982,200
Balance at 30 April 2017	5,000	1,397,708	1,402,708

The notes form part of these financial statements

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2017

1. STATUTORY INFORMATION

Hart Retirement Developments (Southern) Limited is a private company, limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The company's registered number and registered office address can be found on the Company Information page.

The presentation currency of the financial statements is the Pound Sterling (£).

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of preparing the financial statements

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" and the Companies Act 2006. The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

The company continues to adopt the going concern basis in preparing its financial statements as there are no indications that it cannot continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. The directors are considering the future plans for the company.

Financial reporting standard 102 - reduced disclosure exemptions

The company has taken advantage of the following disclosure exemptions in preparing these financial statements, as permitted by FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland":

- · the requirements of Section 7 Statement of Cash Flows;
- the requirement of Section 33 Related Party Disclosures paragraph 33.7.

Turnover

Turnover represents income received from fixed asset investments, representing lease transfer and ground rent income. It is company policy to account for lease transfer income when completion has taken place.

Tangible fixed assets

Freehold reversionary interests arise on the sale of units on 150 year leases. The original amount incorporated into the balance sheet at the time of sale is derived from an apportionment of costs on the development of individual sites. The percentage of costs apportioned is set by the directors with the assistance of independent professional advice as required, and is based on the present value of future income to the company from the leases. This income arises on a charge made on the sale proceeds of a lease every time it is sold or by way of an annual ground rent.

The long leasehold interest which represents The Empire, Bath, is valued annually by the directors. The amount incorporated into the balance sheet is based on an average of approximately ten years' ground rent receivable, adjusted to reflect the directors' estimate of the open market value.

No depreciation is provided on freehold and leasehold investment properties. This constitutes a departure from the Companies Act 2006, which requires fixed assets to be depreciated over their useful economic lives, and is necessary to enable the financial statements to give a true and fair view.

Investment properties are valued by the directors at open market value based on the present value of the future income streams. Any aggregate surplus or deficit arising on revaluation is transferred to the revaluation reserve except where a deficit is deemed to represent a permanent diminution in value, in which case it is charged to the profit and loss account.

Investments in subsidiaries

Investments in subsidiary undertakings are recognised at cost.

Page 8	continued

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2017

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Taxation

Current tax is recognised for the amount of income tax payable in respect of the taxable profit for the current or past reporting periods using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences at the reporting date. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against future taxable profits or against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities.

Deferred tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Investments

Investments are held at cost less any provision for impairment.

Short term debtors and creditors

Debtors and creditors with no stated interest rate and receivable or payable within one year are recorded at transaction price. Any losses arising from impairment are recognised in the income statement in administrative expenses.

3. OPERATING PROFIT

The operating profit is stated after charging:

	2017	2016
	£	£
Auditors' remuneration	8,054	8,500

4. TAXATION

Analysis of the tax charge

No liability to UK corporation tax arose for the year ended 30 April 2017 nor for the year ended 30 April 2016.

Reconciliation of total tax charge included in profit and loss

The tax assessed for the year is lower than the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK. The difference is explained below:

	2017 £	2016 £
Profit before tax	322,200	523,913
Profit multiplied by the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 20% (2016 - 20%)	64,440	104,783
Effects of: Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	· •	563
Utilisation of tax losses Group loss relief	(41,234) (23,206)	(105,346)
Total tax charge	<u>-</u>	-

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2017

4. TAXATION - continued

Tax effects relating to effects of other comprehensive income

	Revaluation of property	Gross £	2017 Tax £ 660,000	Net £ 660,000
	Revaluation of property	Gross £ 525,930	2016 Tax £ (95,000)	Net £ 430,930
5.	DIVIDENDS		2017 £	2016 £
	Ordinary shares of £1 each Interim		7,400,000	317,000
6.	TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS	Freehold land and buildings £	Long leasehold £	Totals £
	COST At 1 May 2016 Disposals	5,622,194 (5,622,194)	1,174,686 (1,174,686)	6,796,880 (6,796,880)
	At 30 April 2017	•	-	-
•	NET BOOK VALUE At 30 April 2017			
	At 30 April 2016	5,622,194	1,174,686	6,796,880

During the year the company disposed of its investment property portfolio at market value, which resulted in no profit or loss on disposal.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2017

7.	FIXED ASSET INVESTMENTS		Shares in group undertakings £
	COST At 1 May 2016 Disposals		2 (2)
	At 30 April 2017		
	NET BOOK VALUE At 30 April 2017		
	At 30 April 2016		2
8.	DEBTORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR		
		2017 £	2016 £ .
	Amounts owed by group undertakings Other debtors	660,328 111,874	1,503,823 171,596
	-	772,202	1,675,419
	Included within debtors is £111,874 (2016 - £129,874) which falls due after i	more than one	e year.
9.	CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR		
		2017 £	2016 £
	Amounts owed to group undertakings Other creditors	5,739 8,000	19,579
		13,739	19,579
10.	PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES		2012
		2017 £	2016 · £
	Deferred tax Other timing differences	-	660,000
			Deferred tax £
	Balance at 1 May 2016 Provided during year		660,000 (660,000)
	Balance at 30 April 2017		

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2017

10. PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES - continued

Deferred tax is in relation to the potential gain on revalued properties.

No deferred tax asset relating to losses carried forward is provided for in the financial statements due to the profit being dependent on the property market performance, and therefore outside the company's control.

11. CALLED UP SHARE CAPITAL

	Allotted, issued and fully paid: Number: Class:		Nominal	2017	2016
	5,000	Ordinary	value: £1	£ 5,000 ———	£ 5,000 —
12.	RESERVES				Retained earnings £
	At 1 May 20° Profit for the Dividends Deferred tax				7,815,508 322,200 (7,400,000) 660,000
	At 30 April 20	017			1,397,708

Non-distributable profits relating to the revaluation of investment properties included in retained earnings total £nil (2016 - £4,048,019). This amount is net of the tax charge which is expected on the disposal of the properties.

13. ULTIMATE PARENT COMPANY

The directors regard Kaye Enterprises Limited, a company incorporated in England and Wales, as the ultimate parent company by virtue of its 100% holding in the equity share capital of the parent company Hart Retirement Holdings Limited, the immediate parent company. Consolidated group accounts can be obtained from Companies House, Crown Way, Cardiff, CF14 3UZ.

There is no ultimate controlling party.

14. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

The company has taken advantage of exemption, under the terms of Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland', not to disclose related party transactions with wholly owned subsidiaries within the group.