Caparo Investments Limited

Report and Financial Statements

Year Ended

31 December 2002



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19/08/03



Annual report and financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2002

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Directors

The Honourable Ambar Paul The Honourable Angad Paul

C G Steele

Secretary and registered office

C G Steele, Caparo House, 103 Baker Street, London, W1U 6LN.

Company number

998732

Auditors

BDO Stoy Hayward, 8 Baker Street, London, W1U 3LL.

Report of the directors for the year ended 31 December 2002

The directors present their report together with the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2002.

Principal activity

The principal activity of the company is making investments and dealing in securities.

Business review and future developments

The profit and loss account is set out on page 5 and shows the result for the year. The directors are satisfied with the results of the company during the year.

Dividends

The directors do not recommend a dividend for the year (2001 - £Nil).

Directors and directors' interests

The directors of the company during the year were:

The Honourable Ambar Paul The Honourable Angad Paul C G Steele

The interests of The Honourable Ambar Paul and The Honourable Angad Paul in the share capital of Caparo Group Limited, the ultimate parent company, are disclosed in the directors' report of that company. C G Steele had no interest in the shares of the ultimate parent company. No director had any interest in the share capital of any subsidiary company of the ultimate parent company.

Directors' responsibilities

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that year. In preparing those financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

Report of the directors for the year ended 31 December 2002 (Continued)

Directors' responsibilities (Continued)

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Auditors

Pursuant to a shareholders' resolution, the company is not obliged to re-appoint its auditors annually and BDO Stoy Hayward will, therefore, continue in office.

By order of the Board

C G Steele

Secretary

31 July 2003

Report of the independent auditors

To the shareholders of Caparo Investments Limited

We have audited the financial statements of Caparo Investments Limited for the year ended 31 December 2002 on pages 5 to 11 which have been prepared under the accounting policies set out on page 7.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

The directors' responsibilities for preparing the annual report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards are set out in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities.

Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with relevant legal and regulatory requirements and United Kingdom Auditing Standards.

We report to you our opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view and are properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985. We also report to you if, in our opinion, the Directors' Report is not consistent with the financial statements, if the company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if information specified by law regarding directors' remuneration and transactions with the company is not disclosed.

We read the Directors' Report and consider the implications for our report if we become aware of any apparent misstatements within it.

Our report has been prepared pursuant to the requirements of the Companies Act 1985 and for no other purpose. No person is entitled to rely on this report unless such a person is a person entitled to rely upon this report by virtue of and for the purpose of the Companies Act 1985 or has been expressly authorised to do so by our prior written consent. Save as above, we do not accept responsibility for this report to any other person or for any other purpose and we hereby expressly disclaim any and all such liability.

Basis of audit opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with United Kingdom Auditing Standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

Report of the independent auditors (Continued)

Opinion

In our opinion the financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2002 and of its profit for the year then ended and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985.

BDO STOY HAYWARD

Chartered Accountants and Registered Auditors

London

31 July 2003

Profit and loss account for the year ended 31 December 2002

	Note	2002 £'000	2001 £'000
Administrative expenses		8,904	(15)
Other operating income		68	78
Operating profit and profit on ordinary activities before taxation	4	8,972	63
Taxation on profit on ordinary activities	5	(43)	(31)
Profit on ordinary activities after taxation and retained profit for the financial year		8,929	32
Deficit brought forward		(10,501)	(10,533)
Deficit carried forward		(1,572)	(10,501)

All amounts relate to continuing activities.
All recognised gains and losses are included in the profit and loss account.

The notes on pages 7 to 11 form part of these financial statements.

Balance sheet at 31 December 2002

	Note	2002 £'000	2002 £'000	2001 £'000	2001 £'000
Fixed assets	6				
Investments	О		-		-
Current assets Investments Debtors, compared follows that the second	7	2		19	
Debtors - amounts falling due after more than one year	8	9,404		473	
		9,406		492	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	9	(20)		(23)	
Net current assets			9,386		469
Total assets less current liabilities			9,386		469
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	10		(10,948)		(10,960)
Net liabilities			(1,562)		(10,491)
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital Profit and loss account	11		10 (1,572)		10 (10,501)
Shareholders' deficit (including non-equity interests)	12		(1,562)		(10,491)

The financial statements were approved by the Board on 31 July 2003 and were signed on its behalf by:

C G Steele
Director

The notes on pages 7 to 11 form part of these financial statements.

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2002

1 Accounting policies

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and are in accordance with applicable accounting standards. The following principal accounting policies have been applied:

Basis of preparation

The ultimate parent company has confirmed that it will continue to support the company to enable it to fulfil its obligations and accordingly the financial statements have been prepared on the going concern basis.

Investments

Investments are stated at cost less provision for impairment.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax balances are recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed by the balance sheet date except that the recognition of deferred tax assets is limited to the extent that the company anticipates to make sufficient taxable profits in the future to absorb the reversal of the underlying timing differences.

Deferred tax balances are not discounted.

Foreign currencies

Profit and loss accounts of overseas subsidiary undertakings are translated at average rates of exchange prevailing during the year. Their net assets are translated at year end rates, the difference on exchange being taken to reserves.

Other monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at year end rates, the exchange differences arising being taken to the profit and loss account.

Cash flow statement

Under FRS 1 (revised), the company is exempt from the requirement to prepare a cash flow statement on the grounds that the parent company is a wholly owned subsidiary undertaking.

2 Employees

The company had no employees the current or previous year.

3 Directors

None of the directors received any remuneration during the year.

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2002 (Continued)

4	Operating profit/(loss)	2002 £'000	2001 £'000
	This has been arrived at after crediting:		
	Release of provision against intercompany loan	8,931	-
5	Taxation on profit on ordinary activities	2002 £'000	2001 £'000
	UK corporation tax on profit for the year Adjustment in respect of previous years	20 23	31
	Taxation on profit on ordinary activities	43	31
	The current tax on ordinary activities for the year is different from the the UK. The differences are explained below:	standard rate of corpo	oration tax in
		2002 £'000	2001 £'000
	Profit on ordinary activities before tax	8,972	63
	Profit on ordinary activities at the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 30% (2001 – 30%)	2,692	19
	Effects of: Expenses not deductible for tax purposes Adjustment to current tax charge in respect of previous years Income not chargeable for tax purposes	23 (2,672)	12 - -
	Current tax charge for year	43	31

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2002 (Continued)

6 Fixed asset investments

	Shares in subsidiary undertakings £'000	Shares in participating interest £'000	Total £'000
Cost		~ 555	~ 000
At 1 January 2002	50	408	458
Additions	-	10	10
At 31 December 2002	50	418	468
			
Provisions			
At 1 January 2002	50	408	458
Charge for year	-	10	10
At 31 December 2002	50	418	468
			
Net book value			
At 31 December 2001 and at 31 December 2002	-	-	-

The following were the principal subsidiaries of the company at the balance sheet date:

Percentage of equity				
Subsidiary undertaking	shares held	Principal activity		
Directly held				
Steel Sales Limited Caparo Properties Limited	100% 100%	Intermediate holding company Investment company		

Consolidated financial statements are not prepared as the company is a wholly owned subsidiary of Caparo Group Limited. The results of the company are included within the consolidated results of Caparo Group Limited.

7 Current asset investments

	2002 £'000	2001 £'000
Listed investments:		
On London Stock Exchange	2	19

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2002 (Continued)

8	Debtors: amounts falling due after more than one year		
		2002	2001
		£'000	£'000
	Amounts due from fellow subsidiary undertakings	9,404	473
0			
9	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	2002	2001
		£'000	£'000
	Corporation tax	20	
10	Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year		
10	Creditors, amounts raining due after more than one year	2002	2001
		£'000	£'000
	Amounts owed to ultimate parent undertaking	10,948	10,960
	The loan has no fixed repayment date and bears no interest.		
11	Share capital		
		2002 £'000	2001 £'000
	Authorised:	100	400
	100,000 deferred ordinary shares of £1 each 1,000 ordinary shares of 10p each	100	100
	1,000 ordinary shares of rop each		
		100	100
		+++	
	Allotted, called up and fully paid:		
	10,000 deferred ordinary shares of £1 each	10	10
	1,000 ordinary shares of 10p each		-
		10	10

The non-equity deferred ordinary shares have no voting rights or distribution rights and are only entitled to a distribution, limited to the nominal value of the shares, in the event of the company being wound up.

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2002 (Continued)

12	Reconciliation of movements in shareholders' deficit			
		2002 £'000	2001 £'000	
	Profit for the year Opening shareholders' deficit	8,929 (10,491)	32 (10,523)	
	Closing shareholders' deficit	(1,562)	(10,491)	

13 Related party transactions

Caparo Investments Limited owns 33.3% of the equity share capital of Victor Film Company Limited. The Honourable Angad Paul was a director of Victor Film Company Limited until November 2002.

The company has taken advantage of the exemption allowed by Financial Reporting Standard 8, "Related Party Transactions", not to disclose any transactions with entities that are included in the consolidated financial statements of Caparo Group Limited.

14 Ultimate parent company and controlling parties

The company is a subsidiary of Caparo Group Limited, which is the ultimate parent company.

The Right Honourable The Lord Paul of Marylebone, The Honourable Ambar Paul, The Honourable Akash Paul and The Honourable Angad Paul, directors of Caparo Group Limited, are jointly and indirectly interested in the whole of the issued share capital of Caparo Group through shareholdings registered in the name of Caparo International Corporation, a company registered in the British Virgin Islands.

15 Continued support

The ultimate parent company has confirmed it will continue to support the company to enable it to fulfil its remaining obligations.