Company Registration Number 971479

MIDAS KAPITI INTERNATIONAL LIMITED

(Formerly ACT International Limited)

Report and Financial Statements

31 May 1996

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MIDAS KAPITI INTERNATIONAL LIMITED

DIRECTORS' REPORT

The Directors present their annual report and audited financial statements for the year ended 31 May 1996.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITY

The principal activities of the company continue to be the supply of computer software and consultancy services, primarily for the international banking market, and the provision of management direction, marketing, and research and development for the company's fellow group undertakings.

REVIEW OF BUSINESS

For the year ended 31 May 1996, the Company recorded an operating profit of £7.56 million on turnover of £33.5 million. During the year the Company experienced good demand for its products generally and continued to build on previous successes in the Eastern European and UK markets.

The Company continued its investment in product development and the Directors are confident that the Company will continue its growth for the foreseeable future.

RESULTS

The results of the Company for the year are set out on page 5. The directors do not recommend the payment of a dividend (1995 - £1,300,000). Profits of £4,873,000 (1995 - £2,225,000) have been transferred to reserves.

DIRECTORS AND THEIR INTERESTS

The Directors who served during the year and the interests of those serving at the end of the year in the shares of the ultimate parent company, Misys plc, were as follows:

		Misys pła	:
	v ·	Ordinary shares of 5p each	
	•	1996	1995
,		•	(or date of
			appointment)
F P Helsby	•	<u>-</u>	-
J G Sussens		*	*
D Taylor		12,219	15,288
B W Moloney	(appointed I April 1996)	•	· -
J G Johnson	(appointed 18 March 1996)	163,757	163,757
T V Gray	(resigned 6 August 1995)	n/a	-
J Graham	(appointed 18 March 1996)	74,432	74,452
S Creed	(appointed I April 1996)	656	656

No Director had any interest in shares of the Company or any other group undertakings except than disclosed above.

^{*} J G Sussens is a director of the ultimate parent company, Misys plc, and his interest in shares is shown in the financial statements of that company.

MIDAS KAPITI INTERNATIONAL LIMITED

DIRECTORS' REPORT

EMPLOYEES

The company recognises the benefits of keeping employees informed of the progress of its business and providing them with information on matters concerning them as employees. Various methods of providing information are used within the company including consultative and discussion meetings between management and staff and the distribution of internal circulars, newsletters and Misys ple's annual report and financial statements.

It is the company's policy that disabled persons should have the same opportunities for employment, training, career development and promotion as other employees, based upon their abilities and aptitudes.

AUDITORS

On 1 February 1996 our auditors changed the name under which they practise to Deloitte & Touche and, accordingly, have signed their report in their new name. Deloitte & Touche have expressed their willingness to continue in office as auditors and a resolution to reappoint them will be proposed at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting.

Approved by the Board of Directors and signed on behalf of the Board.

D TAYBOR Secretary

31 July 1996

MIDAS KAPITI INTERNATIONAL LIMITED

STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES

The Directors are required to prepare financial statements which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company as at the end of the financial year and of the profit or loss of the Company for the year to that date. The requirements are specified in the Companies Act 1985 and in applicable accounting standards. It is also the Directors' responsibility to:

Maintain adequate accounting records;

Safeguard the assets of the Company;

Prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities;

Prepare financial statements on the going concern basis, unless it is inappropriate.

The Directors confirm that suitable accounting policies consistently applied and supported by reasonable and prudent judgements and estimates have been used in the preparation of the financial statements and that applicable accounting standards have been followed.

AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF

MIDAS KAPITI INTERNATIONAL LIMITED

We have audited the financial statements on pages 5 to 15 which have been prepared under the accounting policies set out on pages 8 and 9.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As described on page 3 the Company's Directors are responsible for the preparation of financial statements. It is our responsibility to form an independent opinion, based on our audit, on those statements and to report our opinion to you.

Basis of opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Auditing Standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

Opinion

In our opinion the financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at 31 May 1996 and of its profit for the year then ended and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985.

Deloitte & Touche

Chartered Accountants and Registered Auditors

Colmore Gate

2 Colmore Row

Birmingham

B3 2BN

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MIDAS KAPITI INTERNATIONAL LIMITED PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT Year ended 31 May 1996

	Note	Year ended 31 May 1996 £000	14 months ended 31 May 1995 £000
TURNOVER		36,614	35,349
Cost of sales		(13,201)	(13,853)
GROSS PROFIT		23,413	21,496
Operating costs			
Administrative expenses		(15,852)	(14,846)
OPERATING PROFIT	2	7,561	6,650
Interest	5	(382)	218
PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAXATION		7,179	6,868
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	6	(2,306)	(3,343)
PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES AFTER TAXATION		4,873	3,525
Dividend	7	-	(1,300)
PROFIT FOR THE PERIOD	16	4,873	2,225

The results for the year are from continuing activities.

MIDAS KAPITI INTERNATIONAL LIMITED BALANCE SHEET 31 May 1996

	NT /				
	Note	1996 £000	£000	1995 £000	£000
FIXED ASSETS			2000	2000	£000
Tangible assets	8		1 440		1.560
Investments	9		1,448 1,010		1,562
	,		1,010		<u> </u>
			2,458		1,562
CURRENT ASSETS					
Stocks	10	6		67	
Debtors	11	21,246	•	8,447	
Cash at bank and in hand		4,412	_	5,302	
		25,664		13,816	
CREDITORS: amounts falling due					
within one year	12	(13,245)		(9,282)	٠
NET CURRENT ASSETS			12,419		4,534
					
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIE	S		14,877		6,096
CREDITORS: amounts falling due					
after more than one year	12		(284)		(221)
DEFERRED INCOME	13		(8,094)		(4,237)
			6,499		1,638
		~			,
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					*
Share capital	15		3,000		3,000
Capital redemption reserve			6		6
Profit and loss account	16		4,333		(423)
			7,339		2,583
Goodwill reserve	16		(840)		(945)
EQUITY SHAREHOLDER'S FUNDS	17		6,499		1,638

Approved by the Board of Directors on 31 July 1996 and signed on its behalf by

SUSSENS, Director

MIDAS KAPITI INTERNATIONAL LIMITED STATEMENT OF TOTAL RECOGNISED GAINS AND LOSSES

Year ended 31 May 1996

	Year ended 31 May 1996 £000	14 months ended 31 May 1995
PROFIT FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD	4,873	£000 3,525
Difference on exchange on retranslation of net assets of overseas undertaking	(12)	(28)
Total recognised gains and losses	4,861	3,497

Year ended 31 May 1996

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Accounting convention

The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with applicable accounting standards.

Tangible fixed assets

Depreciation is provided at rates calculated to write off the cost, less estimated residual value of each asset, on a straight line basis over its expected useful life. The rates applied from the date of purchase are:

Short leasehold property

Over lease term

Furniture, fittings & equipment

10% - 50% per annum

Stocks

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Where contract revenue is deferred, the related costs are treated as work in progress (net of any progress payments received) and released when revenue is recognised.

Deferred taxation

Deferred taxation is calculated using the liability method on all timing differences, at the rate at which it is anticipated the timing difference will reverse. Deferred taxation assets are only recognised if recovery beyond reasonable doubt is within the foreseeable future.

Pensions

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme covering the majority of its employees. The costs of the pension scheme are charged to the profit and loss account as incurred.

Income recognition

Turnover represents amounts invoiced to customers (net of value added tax) for goods and services. Revenue from sales of hardware and packaged software products is recognised when the product is despatched unless more onerous acceptance provisions have been agreed with the customer, in which case date of acceptance is the point where income is recognised. Bespoke contracts are taken to profit when the project has reached the point of practical completion. Contracted income invoiced in advance for fixed periods is taken to income in equal monthly instalments over the period of the contract.

Leasing

Fixed assets held under finance leases are capitalised in the balance sheet and are depreciated over their useful lives. The capital elements of future obligations under leases are included as liabilities in the balance sheet. The interest elements of the lease obligations are charged to the profit and loss account over the period of the leases and represent a constant proportion of the balance of capital repayments outstanding.

Rentals paid under operating leases are charged to the profit and loss account on a straight line basis over the lease term. Any premium or discount on the acquisition of a lease is spread over the lease term.

Year ended 31 May 1996

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Foreign exchange

Assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the rates of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date or at rates specified in related forward contracts. Transactions in foreign currencies are translated at the rate ruling at the date of each transaction or at rates specified in related forward contracts. Exchange differences arising from settlement of trading indebtedness are included in operating profit.

The profit and loss accounts of overseas undertakings are translated at the average rates ruling throughout the periods or at rates at which forward cover exists. The balance sheets of overseas undertakings are translated into Sterling at the rates ruling at the balance sheet dates. Exchange differences arising on translation of the opening net assets and results of overseas undertakings and those resulting from borrowing and other transactions, executed solely for the purpose of exposure management, are dealt with through reserves.

Goodwill

The excess of the fair value of the purchase consideration over the fair value of net assets (liabilities) acquired is written off against reserves in the year of acquisition. A separate negative goodwill reserve has been created in the Balance Sheet for the purpose of writing off the goodwill. The goodwill reserve so created is reduced by appropriation from the profit and loss account reserve over a ten year period.

2. OPERATING PROFIT

	Year ended	14 months ended 31 May
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1995
		£000
Operating profit is arrived at after charging:		******
-Depreciation of owned assets	469	715
Depreciation of assets held under finance leases	89	49
Operating leases - plant and machinery	247	290
- land and buildings	1,776	1,537
Auditors' remuneration - audit services	17	15
EMPLOYEES		
	Year ended	14 months
·	31 Máy	ended 31 May
	1996	1995
	Number	Number
The average number employed by the company was as follows:		
Programming and support staff	379	214
Sales staff	52	31
Administrative and Management staff	63	56
	494	301
	Depreciation of owned assets Depreciation of assets held under finance leases Operating leases - plant and machinery	Operating profit is arrived at after charging: Depreciation of owned assets Depreciation of assets held under finance leases Operating leases - plant and machinery - land and buildings Auditors' remuneration - audit services The average number employed by the company was as follows: Programming and support staff Sales staff Administrative and Management staff 1996 \$\frac{31 \text{ May}}{1996}\$ Number

14 months
nded 31 May
1995
£000
12,570
1,641
342
14,553
14 months
nded 31 May
1995
£000
420
36
-
456
-
147
14 months
nded 31 May
1995
Number
5
, -
1
1
1

Command Comm	5.	Interest receivable	Year ended 31 May 1996 £000	14 months ended 31 May 1995 £000
(382) 218 6. TAX ON PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES Year ended 14 months ended 31 May 1996 1995 \$000 \$2000 Corporation tax at 33% (1995 - 33%) 2,303 3,218 Deferred and Corporation tax over provided in previous periods 3 125 2,306 3,343 7. DIVIDEND Year ended 14 months ended 31 May ended 31 May 1996 1995 \$2000 \$2000		Other interest payable	(408)	. (11)
6. TAX ON PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES Year ended		Finance lease interest payable	(21)	(9)
Year ended 14 months 31 May ended 31 May 1996 1995			(382)	218
7. DIVIDEND Year ended 31 May 1996 1995 1900 Year ended 31 May 2000 Interim paid	6.	TAX ON PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES		·
7. DIVIDEND Year ended Tyear			Year ended	14 months
### Corporation tax at 33% (1995 - 33%) Deferred and Corporation tax over provided in previous periods 2,303			-	ended 31 May
Corporation tax at 33% (1995 - 33%) Deferred and Corporation tax over provided in previous periods 2,306 2,306 3,218 2,306 3,343 7. DIVIDEND Year ended 31 May ended 31 May 1996 1995 £000 Interim paid			1996	1995
7. DIVIDEND Year ended 3 125 2,306 7. DIVIDEND Year ended 31 May ended 31 May 1996 1995 1900 Interim paid			£000	£000
7. DIVIDEND Year ended 3 125 2,306 7. DIVIDEND Year ended 31 May ended 31 May 1996 1995 1900 Interim paid		Corporation tax at 33% (1995 - 33%)	2.303	3 219
7. DIVIDEND Year ended 14 months 31 May ended 31 May 1996 1995 £000 £000	*		·	•
7. DIVIDEND 31 May ended 31 May 1996 1995 £000 £000			2,306	3,343
7. DIVIDEND 31 May ended 31 May 1996 1995 £000 £000				-
1996 1995 £000 £000	_	·	Year ended	14 months
£000 £000	7.	DIVIDEND	31 May	ended 31 May
Interim paid	-		1996	1995
Interim paid - 1,300			£000	£000
		Interim paid		1,300

Year ended 31 May 1996

8. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

	Short Leasehold	Furniture, fittings and	
	property	equipment	Total
_	£000	£000	£000
Cost			
At 1 June 1995	66	8,051	8,117
Differences on exchange	(1)	(2)	(3)
Additions	-	445	445
Disposals	-	(967)	(967)
At 31 May 1996	65	7,527	7,592
Accumulated depreciation			
At 1 June 1995	27	6,528	6,555
Differences on exchange	(1)	(2)	(3)
Charge for the year	19	539	558
Disposals	-	(966)	(966)
At 31 May 1996	45	6,099	6,144
Net book value			
At 31 May 1996	20	1,428	1,448
At 31 May 1995	39	1,523	1,562
		- Addition	

Included in the above analysis are fixed assets held under finance leases with a net book value of £396,000 (1995 - £283,000).

9. INVESTMENTS

Shares in subsidiary undertakings

aniii

£

Cost and net book value

Transfer from group undertaking and at 31 May 1996

1,010,000

The Company's investments comprise the entire issued share capital of Quotient plc, registered in England, an intermediate parent company within the Misys Group.

The Company is a wholly owned subsidiary of Misys plc and has consequently taken advantage of S228 Companies Act 1985 not be prepare group financial statements.

Year ended 31 May 1996

10.	STOCKS		
		1996	1995
	•	£000	£000
	Work in progress	6	67
11.	DEBTORS		
	•	1996	1995
		£000	£000
	Trade debtors	3,714	3,971
	Amounts owed by group undertakings	15,904	3,145
	Other debtors	752	, 550
	Prepayments and accrued income	876	781
		21,246	8,447
12.	CREDITORS	1996	1995
		£000	£000
	Amounts falling due within one year		
	Trade creditors	986	1,144
	Corporation tax payable	4,750	2,722
	Other taxation and social security	1,495	492
	Obligations under finance leases	121	61
	Other creditors	178	3,074
	Accruals	5,715	1,789
		13,245	9,282
	Amounts falling due after more than one year		
	Obligations under finance leases repayable between two and five years	284	221
	- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	 -	

		1996	1995
		£000	£000
	To be recognised in one year	8,094	4,237
	Deferred income represents amounts invoiced in advance in respective hardware maintenance and support services.	t of contracts for the provision of soft	ware and
14.	DEFERRED TAXATION	^	
	The unprovided assets are as follows:	1996 £000	1995 £000
	Depreciation in excess of capital allowances	791	
	Other timing differences and losses	390	681 174
	•	1,181	855
15.	SHARE CAPITAL		
		1996	1995
	Authorised, allotted and fully paid	£000	£000
	3,000,000 Ordinary shares of £1 each	3,000	3,000
	·		=
16.	RESERVES		•
		Profit and loss account £000	Goodwill reserve £000
	At 1 June 1995	(423)	(945)
	Differences on exchange	(12)	
	Profit for the year	4,873	-
	Appropriation for the year	(105)	105
	At 31 May 1996	4,333	(840)
		*	

17. RECONCILIATION OF SHAREHOLDER'S FUNDS

	1996 £000	1995 £000
Total recognised gains and losses Dividends	4,861	3,497
Goodwill written off on acquisition	• -	(1,300) (1,050)
Net addition to shareholder's funds	4,861	1,147
Opening shareholder's funds	1,638	491
Closing shareholder's funds	6,499	1,638

18. FINANCIAL COMMITMENTS

The annual commitments under non-cancellable operating leases are as follows:

•	Land and	
	buildings	Other
Operating leases which expire	€000	£000
Within one year	-	179
Between two and five years	146	- 86
After five years	1,204	-
	1,350	265
		

19. ULTIMATE PARENT COMPANY

The company's ultimate parent company is Misys plc, a company registered in England. Copies of the group financial statements of Misys plc may be obtained from The Registrar of Companies, Companies House, Crown Way, Maindy, Cardiff CF4 3UZ.