SCOTTISH SEA FARMS LIMITED (formerly Hydro Seafood GSP Limited)

Report and Accounts

31 December 2001



Company Registration Number: 958001

DIRECTORS

David Rackham
Ole-Eirik Leroy (appointed 29 August 2001)
Leif-Inge Nordhammer
Helge Singlestad (appointed 29 August 2001)
Gustave Witzoe (appointed 29 August 2001)
Jim Gallagher (appointed 29 August 2001)
John Garrett Speirs (resigned 29 August 2001)

SECRETARY

Jim Gallagher

AUDITORS

Ernst & Young LLP George House 50 George Square Glasgow G2 1RR

BANKERS

Den Norske Bank ASA 20 St Dunston's Hill London EC3R 8HY

SOLICITORS

McClure Naismith 192 St Vincent Street Glasgow G2 5TQ

REGISTERED OFFICE

c/o McClure Naismith Pountney Hill House 6 Laurence Pountney Hill London EC4R 0BL

DIRECTORS' REPORT

The directors present their report and accounts for the group for the year ended 31 December 2001.

RESULTS AND DIVIDENDS

The directors submit the audited accounts of the group for the year ended 31 December 2001. The loss for the year after taxation amounts to £4,117,771 and is dealt with as shown in the consolidated profit and loss account. No dividend is proposed.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITY AND REVIEW OF THE BUSINESS

During the year the activities of the group consisted of the farming and sale of salmon.

From early in the year the group was up for sale again following the decision by the Department of Trade and Industry regarding the sale of the business to Nutreco. During the May and June period several prospective owners visited the company. Norskott Havbruk AS, being a 50/50 joint venture between SalMar AS and Leroy Seafood Group of Norway, finalised the purchase of the company during August. The business was able to remain focused on the operational issues throughout this period.

The group operated to previously defined strategies and procedures during the period from the beginning of the year to the end of August. The new owners did not make any significant changes to the operation of the business during the latter period of the year and were prepared to take their time to evaluate the business performance before proposing operational changes.

Biological results showed improvement ahead of expectations with improved growth, mortality and lower feed conversions. The good performance helped to improve the confidence and the morale of individuals throughout the group.

Over 4000 tonnes of third party fish were processed in Shetland and on the mainland to improve utilisation of the processing plants and therefore generate extra revenue. Phase one of the upgrading of the South Shian processing operations was completed enabling an increase in single shift processing capacity in time for the high production period of August to December.

The salmon market demand during the year was greatly influenced by the global oversupply situation and the lack of confidence in the market post September 11th. The prices fell in November to levels not seen before in the market.

Over 50% of sales were to the UK market with France and the USA taking some 30% of the production. Production was weighted towards the end of the year when the price dropped significantly. Large volumes of larger fish during the latter part of the year reflected the good growth performance but the price suffered as a result.

It became clear during the year that the compensation claim against the Scottish Executive was going to be difficult to resolve to the group's benefit and the likelihood is that the group will not continue with the legal action.

DIRECTORS

David Rackham was a director for the whole year under review. Asbjorn Reinkind and John Speirs resigned as directors on 29 August 2001. On the same day, Ole-Eirik Leroy, Leif-Inge Nordhammer, Helge Singlestad and Gustave Witzoe were appointed directors. In addition, Jim Gallagher was appointed a director on 15 January 2002.

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS

No director had any interest in the share capital of the company or its subsidiaries throughout the year.

DIRECTORS' REPORT

DISABLED EMPLOYEES

The group gives full consideration to applications from disabled persons where the requirements of the job can be adequately fulfilled by a handicapped or disabled person.

Where existing employees become disabled, it is the group's policy wherever practicable to provide continuing employment under normal terms and conditions and to provide training and career development and promotion to disabled employees where appropriate.

EMPLOYEE INVOLVEMENT

During the year, the policy of providing employees with information about the group has been continued through the regular newsletters. Employees have also been encouraged to present their suggestions and views on the group's performance. Regular meetings are held between management and employees to allow a free flow of information and ideas.

CREDITOR PAYMENT POLICY AND PRACTICE

It is the company's policy that payments to suppliers are made in accordance with those terms and conditions agreed between the company and its suppliers, provided that all trading terms and conditions have been complied with.

At 31 December 2001, the company had an average of 64 days purchases outstanding in trade creditors.

AUDITORS

In accordance with Section 386 of the Companies Act 1985, an elective resolution has been passed to dispense with the obligation to appoint auditors annually.

By order of the board

Jon & Gallagle

31 May 2002

STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES IN RESPECT OF THE ACCOUNTS

Company law requires the directors to prepare accounts for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the group and of the profit or loss of the group for that period. In preparing those accounts, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the accounts;
- prepare the accounts on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the group and to enable them to ensure that the accounts comply with the Companies Act 1985. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the group and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

型 Ernst & Young

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF SCOTTISH SEA FARMS LIMITED (formerly Hydro Seafood GSP Limited)

We have audited the group's financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2001 which comprise the Group Profit and Loss Account, Group Statement of Total Recognised Gains and Losses, Group Balance Sheet, Company Balance Sheet, and the related notes 1 to 27. These financial statements have been prepared on the basis of the accounting policies set out therein.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As described in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities the company's directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements in accordance with applicable United Kingdom law and accounting standards.

Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with relevant legal and regulatory requirements and United Kingdom Auditing Standards.

We report to you our opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view and are properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985. We also report to you if, in our opinion, the Directors' Report is not consistent with the financial statements, if the company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if information specified by law regarding directors' remuneration and transactions with the group is not disclosed.

We read the Directors' Report and consider the implications for our report if we become aware of any apparent misstatements within it.

Basis of audit opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with United Kingdom Auditing Standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgments made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the group's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

Opinion

In our opinion the financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the group as at 31 December 2001 and of its loss of the group for the year then ended and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985.

Ernst & Young LLP
Registered Auditor

Glasgow

31 May 2002

GROUP PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT

for the year ended 31 December 2001

		2001	2000
	Notes	£	£
TURNOVER	3	45,772,391	37,859,452
Cost of sales		(41,315,044)	(32,752,725)
GROSS PROFIT		4,457,347	5,106,727
Distribution costs		(4,857,907)	(3,264,784)
Administrative expenses		(1,626,141)	(1,628,133)
		(6,484,048)	(4,892,917)
GROUP OPERATING (LOSS)/PROFIT	4	(2,026,701)	213,810
Interest receivable	7		39,398
Interest payable	8	(2,626,891)	(2,831,835)
		(2,626,891)	(2,792,437)
LOSS ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAXATION	0		(2,578,627)
Tax on loss on ordinary activities	9	535,821	-
LOSS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR	21 & 22	(4,117,771)	(2,578,627)

STATEMENT OF RECOGNISED GAINS AND LOSSES for the year ended 31 December 2001

There are no recognised gains or losses attributable to shareholders of the group other than the loss after taxation of £4,117,771 in the year ended 31 December 2001 and the loss of £2,578,627 in the year ended 31 December 2000.

GROUP BALANCE SHEET at 31 December 2001

	Notes	2001 £	2000 £
FIXED ASSETS Intangible assets Tangible assets	10 11	424,000 7,967,474	492,000 7,028,521
		8,391,474	7,520,521
CURRENT ASSETS Stocks Debtors Cash at bank and in hand	13 14	25,469,991 9,654,854 156,520	26,084,939 9,854,402 19,179
CREDITORS - amounts falling due within one year	15	35,281,365 (23,475,404)	35,958,520 (55,583,163)
NET CURRENT ASSETS/(LIABILITIES)		11,805,961	(19,624,643)
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES		20,197,435	(12,104,122)
CREDITORS - amounts falling due after more than one year	16	24,875,000	-
ACCRUALS AND DEFERRED INCOME	18	89,246	44,918
CAPITAL AND RESERVES Called up share capital Share premium account Profit and loss account	20 & 22 22 21 & 22	1,600,000	11,500,000 (23,649,040)
EQUITY SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS		(4,766,811)	(12,149,040)
		20,197,435	(12,104,122)

J Gallagher Director

31 May 2002

BALANCE SHEET at 31 December 2001

		2001	2000
	Notes	£	£
FIXED ASSETS Intangible assets	10	360,000	420,000
Tangible assets	11	6,478,772	5,848,871
Investments	12	1,581,002	1,581,002
		8,419,774	7,849,873
CURRENT ASSETS			
Stocks	13	21,979,083	23,307,336
Debtors	14	19,469,344	
Cash at bank and in hand		156,520	19,179
		41.604.947	42,330,542
CREDITORS - amounts falling due within one year	15		(54,915,986)
NET CURRENT ASSETS/(LIABILITIES)		19,319,966	(12,585,444)
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES		27,739,740	(4,735,571)
annorman and a Citizen London and an area	17	04.075.000	
CREDITORS - amounts falling due after more than one year	16	24,875,000	
ACCRUALS AND DEFERRED INCOME	18	89,246	44,918
CAPITAL AND RESERVES			
Called up share capital	20 & 22	21,400,000	11,500,000
Share premium account	22	1,600,000	-
Profit and loss account	21 & 22	(20,224,506)	(16,280,489)
EQUITY SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS		2,775,494	(4,780,489)
		27,739,740	(4,735,571)
		- 	

Jin F Galhales

J Gallagher

Director

31 May 2002

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

at 31 December 2001

1 FUNDAMENTAL ACCOUNTING CONCEPT

At the balance sheet date the group had an excess of liabilities over assets of £4,766,811. The group depends upon continued financial support from its parent undertaking to meet its liabilities as they fall due.

The directors have received confirmation of continued support from its parent undertaking that necessary facilities will be put in place to ensure that the group meets its liabilities as they fall due.

On this basis, the directors consider it appropriate to prepare the accounts on the going concern basis. Should continuing finance not be available, adjustments would be required to reduce the carrying value of assets to their recoverable amounts, to provide for any further liabilities which may arise and to reclassify fixed assets and long term liabilities as current assets and liabilities.

2 ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Accounting convention

The accounts are prepared under the historical cost convention.

The accounts are prepared in accordance with applicable accounting standards.

Basis of consolidation

The consolidated accounts incorporate the accounts of the company and its subsidiary undertakings for the year ended 31 December 2001.

No profit and loss account is presented for Scottish Sea Farms Limited as permitted by Section 230 of the Companies Act 1985.

Depreciation

Depreciation is provided on all tangible fixed assets, other than freehold land and houses, at rates calculated to write off the cost or valuation, less estimated residual value, of each asset evenly over its expected useful life, as follows:

Freehold buildings - 30 years

Leasehold property - 10 years or over the period of the lease if shorter

Machinery and equipment - 2.5 - 15 years

Motor vehicles - 3 - 4 years

The carrying values of tangible fixed assets are reviewed for impairment in periods if events or changes in circumstances indicate the carrying value may not be recoverable.

Goodwill

Goodwill is the difference between the amount paid on the acquisition of a business's assets and trade and the fair value of its separable net assets. It has been capitalised and is being written off in equal annual instalments over its expected economic life of 10 years. This goodwill is reviewed for impairment at the end of the first full financial year following the acquisition and in other periods if events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value may not be recoverable.

Stocks

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value. In the case of ongrown fish, costs include direct labour, feed and direct overheads attributable to fish production.

Research and development

Expenditure on research and development is written off in the year in which it is incurred.

Scottish Sea Farms Limited

(formerly Hydro Seafood GSP Limited)

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

at 31 December 2001

2 ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Deferred taxation

Provision is made for deferred taxation, using the liability method, on all timing differences to the extent that it is probable that the liability will crystallise.

Government grants

Grants are credited to reserves and released to the profit and loss account over the useful life of the assets by equal annual instalments.

Grants of a revenue nature are credited to income in the period to which they relate.

Leased assets

Assets held on finance leases are shown as part of the company's fixed assets.

Pensions

The expected cost of pensions in respect of the group's defined benefit pension scheme in which the company's employees participate is charged to the profit and loss account so as to spread the cost of pensions over the service lives of employees in the scheme. Variations from the regular cost are spread over the expected remaining service lives of current employees in the scheme. Contributions made by each subsidiary are based on pension cost across the scheme as a whole.

Cash flow statement

No cash flow statement has been prepared for the group in accordance with the exemption for subsidiary undertakings where consolidated accounts which include the subsidiary are publicly available.

3 TURNOVER

Turnover comprises the invoice value of goods and services supplied by the group exclusive of VAT and intra-group transactions.

Turnover is attributable to one continuing activity, the farming of salmon.

A geographical analysis is as follows:

	2001	2000
	£	£
United Kingdom	23,937,109	17,576,424
Other European countries	15,269,452	13,689,427
North America	5,953,594	6,161,705
Far East	98,996	72,870
Other	513,240	359,026
	45,772,391	37,859,452
		

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Scottish Sea Farms Limited (formerly Hydro Seafood GSP Limited)

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

at 31 December 2001

4	CDOUD	ODED A TINC	(LOSS)/DDOFIT	
4	GRUUP	UPEKA LING	(LOSS)/PROFIT	

This is stated after charging/(crediting):

	2001	2000
	£	£
Directors' remuneration	137,509	50,244
Auditors' remuneration		
- audit services	34,000	33,000
- non audit services	63,200	35,140
Depreciation and write down of owned assets	2,964,857	3,009,087
Hire of plant and equipment	2,397,009	3,068,351
Government grants released	(23,862)	(19,578)
Amortisation of goodwill	68,000	68,000
DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION		
	2001	2000
	£	£
Emoluments	137,509	50,244
	No.	No.
Members of defined benefit pension schemes	1	1
STAFF COSTS		
	2001	2000
	£	£
Wages and salaries	5,412,506	4,870,067
Social security costs	385,877	354,896
Other pension costs	364,661	258,874
	6,163,044	5,483,837

The average number of persons employed by the group, including directors, during the year was 297 (2000 - 307).

7 INTEREST RECEIVABLE AND OTHER INCOME

	2001	2000
	£	£
Other interest		39,398

Net book value: At 31 December 2001

At 1 January 2001

Scottish Sea Farms Limited (formerly Hydro Seafood GSP Limited)

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS at 31 December 2001

8	INTEREST PAYABLE		
		2001	2000
		£	£
	Loan interest paid to former group undertakings	1,780,441	748,478
	Interest paid to former group undertakings	64,229	2,083,357
	Bank loan interest	577,922	-
	Bank overdraft interest	204,299	
		2,626,891	2,831,835
9	TAXATION		=====
	***************************************	2001	2000
		£	£
	Taxation based on the results for the year comprises:	_	-
	UK corporation tax:		
	Adjustments relating to prior years – group relief	535,821	-
	Tax losses available for carry forward amount to approximately £6,900,000 (20	000 - £4,641,00	0).
10	INTANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS		
		Group	Company
		Goodwill	Goodwill
		£	£
	Cost:	680,000	600,000
	At 1 January 2001 and at 31 December 2001	080,000	
	Amortisation:		
-	At 1 January 2001	188,000	180,000
	Addition for year	68,000	60,000
	At 31 December 2001	256,000	240,000

360,000

420,000

424,000

492,000

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Scottish Sea Farms Limited (formerly Hydro Seafood GSP Limited)

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS at 31 December 2001

TANGIBLE ASSETS				
Group	At	Additions	Disposals	At
	1 January	and		31 December
	2001	reclassifications	transfers	2001
	£	£	£	£
Owned				
At cost:	. 500 105	166 740		
Freehold land and buildings	1,578,185	166,743	-	1,744,928
Buildings on leasehold land	1,098,779 28,157,149	3,768,774	(109,127)	1,098,779 31,816,796
Machinery and equipment Motor vehicles	26,137,149	3,700,774	(109,127)	91,473
Motor venicles	91,475	-	_	91, 4 73
	30,925,586	3,935,517	(109,127)	34,751,976
	30,923,380	3,933,317	(10),127)	34,731,770
Depreciation:				
Freehold land and buildings	672,566	221,196	_	893,762
Buildings on leasehold land	1,018,940	79,839	_	1,098,779
Machinery and equipment	22,132,533	2,657,732	(77,420)	
Motor vehicles	73,026	6,090	· -	79,116
	23,897,065	2,964,857	(77,420)	26,784,502
Net book value	7,028,521			7,967,474
Leased assets				
At cost:	226.415			226.415
Machinery and equipment	226,415	-	-	226,415
Domessiation	 			
Depreciation: Machinery and equipment	226,415	_	_	226,415
Machinery and equipment	220,413			220,413
Net book value	_			_
				=
TOTAL ASSETS				
Net book value:				
At 31 December 2001	•			7,967,474
4.17				=
At 1 January 2001				7,028,521

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS at 31 December 2001

11	TANGIBLE ASSETS	(continued)
11	TANGLDLE ASSETS	3 (COMMINGU)

TANGIBLE ASSETS (continued)				
Company	At	Additions	Disposals	At
	I January	and	and	31 December
	2001	reclassifications	transfers	2001
	£	•	£	£
Owned				
At cost:				
Freehold land and buildings	1,495,024		-	1,661,767
Buildings on leasehold land	1,098,779		-	1,098,779
Machinery and equipment	23,071,184		(109, 128)	
Motor vehicles	84,860	-	-	84,860
	25.740.047	2 271 920	(100.130)	20.012.557
	25,749,847	3,371,838	(109,128)	29,012,557
Depreciation:				
Freehold land and buildings	649,045	221,134	-	870,179
Buildings on leasehold land	1,018,940		-	1,098,779
Machinery and equipment	18,166,578	2,403,166	(77,420)	20,492,324
Motor vehicles	66,413	6,090	=	72,503
	19,900,976	2,710,229	(77,420)	22,533,785
Net book value	5,848,871			6,478,772
Leased assets				
At cost:				
Machinery and equipment	226,415	-	-	226,415
Depreciation:				
Machinery and equipment	226,415	-	-	226,415
Net book value	-			
TOTAL ASSETS				
Net book value:				
At 31 December 2001				6,478,772
At 1 January 2001				5,848,871

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS at 31 December 2001

10	INIX/DCMN//DN/DC				
12	INVESTMENTS			2001	2000
				£	£
	At 1 January and at 31 December			1,581,002	1,581,002
	Subsidiary undertakings				
	, , ,		Class of	Country of	Proportion
			shares	incorporation	held
	Kerrera Fisheries Limited GSP Farms Limited	Ord	inary £1	Scotland	100%
	(formerly Scottish Sea Farms Limited)		inary £1	Scotland	100%
	Seafresh Farms Limited Seafresh Salmon Limited		inary £1 inary £1	Scotland Scotland	100% 100%
	Lismore Salmon Limited		inary £1	Scotland	100%
	Hydro Seafood Sales Limited		inary £1	Scotland	100%
	Stewart Salmon Limited*		inary £1	Scotland	100%
	Slett Salmon Farms Limited*	Ord	inary £1	Scotland	100%
	* Held by a subsidiary undertaking				
13	STOCKS				
			Group	,	Company
		2001	2000		2000
		£	£	£	£
	Materials and feed	1,823,451	1,060,009	1,431,449	770,548
	Ongrowing fish	23,646,540	25,024,930		22,536,788
		25,469,991	26,084,939	21,979,083	23,307,336
					
14	DEBTORS				
			Group	•	Company
		2001	2000	2001	2000
		£	£	£	£
	Trade debtors	8,390,990	7,384,180	8,390,990	7,384,180
	Prepayments and accrued income	632,637	360,950		327,153
	Amounts owed by group undertakings	233,712	194,027	10,074,900	9,737,842
	Other debtors	397,515	739,068		494,898
	Group relief debtor	-	1,176,177	•	1,059,954
		9,654,854	9,854,402	19,469,344	19,004,027

Included within amounts owed by group undertakings is an amount of £3,000,000 which is due after one year.

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Scottish Sea Farms Limited (formerly Hydro Seafood GSP Limited)

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS at 31 December 2001

15 TRADE AND OTHER CREDITORS

		Group		Company
	2001	2000	2001	2000
	£	£	£	£
Bank loans (see note 17)	1,700,000	-	1,700,000	-
Bank overdraft	10,403,301	167,963	10,403,301	167,677
Trade creditors	8,289,276	3,874,942	7,567,942	3,531,693
Social security	133,355	150,459	133,355	150,459
Accruals and deferred income	2,949,472	3,125,009	2,480,383	2,861,657
Amounts owed to group undertakings	-	48,264,790	-	48,204,500
	23,475,404	55,583,163	22,284,981	54,915,986
		======	==-==	====

The bank overdraft and bank loans are secured by a fixed and floating charge and standard security over all the assets of the company and its subsidiaries. In addition there is a first priority charge of the company's shares in its subsidiary Kerrera Fisheries Limited.

16 CREDITORS: amounts falling due after more than one year

		Group		Company
	2001	2000	2001	2000
	£	£	£	£
Bank loans (see note 17)	24,875,000	-	24,875,000	-
BANK LOANS				
BANK LOANS		Cusum		C
	2001	Group	2001	Company
	2001	2000	2001	2000
	£	£	£	£
Not wholly repayable within five years: £10M bank loan at LIBOR, repayable in twenty quarterly instalments of £500,000 commencing August 2003	10,000,000	-	10,000,000	-
Wholly repayable within five years: £17M bank loan	16,575,000	-	16,575,000	-
	26,575,000		26,575,000	-
Less: included in creditors: amounts falling due within one year (note 15)	1,700,000	-	1,700,000	-
Amounts falling due after one year (note 16)	24,875,000		24,875,000	-

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS at 31 December 2001

17	BANK	LOANS	(continued)
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		Group		Company
	2001	2000	2001	2000
	£	£	£	£
Amounts repayable:				
In one year or less	1,700,000	•	1,700,000	-
In more than one year but not more than two years	2,700,000	-	2,700,000	-
In more than two years but not more				
than five years	19,175,000	-	19,175,000	-
	23,575,000		23,575,000	
In more than five years	3,000,000	-	3,000,000	-
	26,575,000	-	26,575,000	-
	=======================================			

The bank loans are secured by a fixed and floating charge and standard security over all the assets of the company and its subsidiaries. In addition there is a first priority charge of the company's shares in its subsidiary Kerrera Fisheries Limited.

18 ACCRUALS AND DEFERRED INCOME

			Group		Company
		2001	2000	2001	2000
		£	£	£	£
	Deferred government grants:				
	At 1 January	64,496	64,496	64,496	64,496
	Received in year	48,612	-	48,612	-
	Released in year	(23,862)	(19,578)	(23,862)	(19,578)
	At 31 December	89,246	44,918	89,246	44,918
19	DEFERRED TAXATION				
				2001	2000
				£	£
	Group and Company				
	Capital allowances in advance of depreciation			(630,086)	(650,865)
	Other timing differences			(65,298)	(106,786)
	Unutilised tax losses			(2,074,909)	(1,392,590)
				(2,770,293)	(2,150,241)

The above deferred tax asset has not been incorporated in the accounts.

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS at 31 December 2001

20 CALLED UP SHARE CAPITAL

			Allotte	ed, called up
		Authorised	а	nd fully paid
	2001	2000	2001	2000
	No.	No.	£	£
Ordinary shares of £1 each	21,400,000	11,500,000	21,400,000	11,500,000

During the year the authorised share capital was increased by the creation of 9,900,000 ordinary shares of £1 each. These shares were allotted by the directors for a total consideration of £11,500,000 to help fund the ongoing operations of the business.

21 PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT

	£	£	£
As at 1 January 2001	(23,649,040)	(16,280,489)	(7,368,551)
Loss for the year	(4,117,771)	(3,944,017)	(173,754)
As at 31 December 2001	(27,766,811)	(20,224,506)	(7,542,305)
			

The company has not presented its own profit and loss account for the year ended 31 December 2001. Of the group loss for the financial year, a loss of £3,944,017 (2000 - £2,598,173) has been dealt with in the accounts of the company.

22 RECONCILIATION OF SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS AND MOVEMENTS ON RESERVES

Share capital	Share premium	Profit and loss account	Total
·	£	£	£
11,500,000	- -	(21,070,413) (2,578,627)	
11,500,000		•	(12,149,040) (4,117,771)
9,900,000	1,600,000	=	11,500,000
21,400,000	1,600,000	(27,766,811)	(4,766,811)
	capital £ 11,500,000 11,500,000 9,900,000	capital premium £ £ 11,500,000	capital premium loss account £ £ £ £ 11,500,000 - (21,070,413) - (2,578,627) 11,500,000 (23,649,040) - (4,117,771) 9,900,000 1,600,000

Company Subsidiaries

Group

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

at 31 December 2001

22 RECONCILIATION OF SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS AND MOVEMENTS ON RESERVES (continued)

Company	Share capital £	Share premium £	Profit and loss account £	Total £
At 1 January 2000 Loss for the year	11,500,000	-	(13,682,316) (2,598,173)	(2,182,316) (2,598,173)
At 31 December 2000 Loss for the year Issue of shares	9,900,000	1,600,000	(16,280,489) (3,944,017)	(4,780,489) (3,944,017) 11,500,000
At 31 December 2001	21,400,000	1,600,000	(20,224,506)	2,775,494

23 CAPITAL COMMITMENTS

Amounts contracted for but not provided in the accounts amounted to £45,500 (2000 - £232,000) for the group and the company.

24 PENSION SCHEME

The company's employees participate in a group-wide pension arrangement, the Norsk Hydro UK 1988 Pension Scheme, which is a funded scheme of the defined benefit type with assets held in trust separately from the company.

Contributions to the scheme are made on the advice of the Scheme's consulting actuaries, Bacon & Woodrow. The regular pension cost is assessed on a group-wide basis under the Projected Unit Method. Although the scheme is a defined benefit scheme, the company is unable to identify its share of the underlying assets and liabilities, therefore the company has accounted for the contributions to the scheme as if it were a defined contribution scheme. The latest information shows the group scheme is based on an actuarial valuation as at 31 March 1999 and the most significant assumptions were:

Investment return - 7.5% per annum
Increases in pensionable pay
Pension increases - 3.6 % per annum
Oividend growth - 4.5% per annum

The variation from regular cost, which recognises the excess of assets over liabilities in the scheme, has been spread over 15 years, being the average remaining working life.

At the most recent actuarial valuation as at 31 March 1999, the scheme had assets with a total market value of about £22.9 million. After allowing for the impact of the benefit changes introduced with effect from 1 January 2000 the actuarial value as at 31 March 1999 of the assets represented 103% of the benefits that had accrued to members after allowing for expected future increases in pensionable pay.

The company's pension cost for the year was £364,661 (2000 - £258,874). A provision of £68,000 (2000 - £68,000) is included in the balance sheet at the year end, representing the difference between amounts due to the scheme over the contributions paid.

With the company being acquired during the year, the employees of the company will be transferring to a newly incorporated defined benefit pension scheme as from 28 February 2002. A portion, as yet undetermined, of the Norsk Hydro UK 1998 Pension Scheme will be transferred to this new scheme.

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS at 31 December 2001

25 OTHER FINANCIAL COMMITMENTS

At 31 December 2001 the group had annual commitments under non-cancellable operating leases as set out below:

Group	Other
	2001
	£
Operating leases which expire:	
Within one year	108,040
In two to five years	785,448
	893,488

26 RELATED PARTIES

- During the year, the group purchased feed in the normal course of business from Biomar Limited, a fellow subsidiary undertaking until 31 August 2001, for £2,056,563 (2000 £3,869,489). The price charged was the normal market price in the case of each individual purchase.
- ii) During the year, the group bought and sold fish in the normal course of business from/to Leroy Hallvard AS, one of its ultimate parent undertakings for the period 1 September 2001 to 31 December 2001, for £273,586. The price charged was the normal market price in the case of each individual purchase/sale. At the balance sheet date the amount due from Leroy Hallvard AS was £116,211.

There have been other intra group transactions but these have not been disclosed due to the exemption for 90% subsidiaries contained in Financial Reporting Statement No. 8.

27 PARENT UNDERTAKINGS AND CONTROLLING PARTIES

Until 31 August 2001, the ultimate parent undertaking was Norsk Hydro ASA. From that date, in the opinion of the directors, the company's immediate parent undertaking is Norskott Havbruk ASA, incorporated in Norway. It will include the company in its group accounts, copies of which will be available from its registered office: Bontelabo 2, 5020 Bergen, Norway.

In the opinion of the directors, the company's ultimate parent undertakings and controlling parties are Leroy Seafood Group ASA and Salmar AS, both companies incorporated in Norway. Copies of their group accounts, which include the company, are available from PO Box 7600, N-5020 Bergen, Norway, and N-216 Kverva, Norway, respectively.