REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

period ended 30 September 1998



DIRECTORS AND OFFICERS

DIRECTORS

AJ Taylor E Strom MD Miller MJ Haxby RC Smallwood L Brogaard

SECRETARY

SEA Standing City Group Limited

REGISTERED OFFICE

The Colonnades 82 Bishops Bridge Road London W2 6BB

AUDITORS

Baker Tilly Chartered Accountants 2 Bloomsbury Street London WC1B 3ST

Baker Tilly

DIRECTORS' REPORT

The directors submit their report and the financial statements of Platinum Travel International Limited for the period ended 30 September 1998.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The principal activity of the company during the period was that of travel agents.

REVIEW OF THE BUSINESS AND FUTURE DEVELOPMENTS

The directors remain optimistic about the company's future prospects.

RESULTS AND DIVIDENDS

The trading loss for the period after taxation was £6,644 (1997: profit £19,845).

The directors do not recommend the payment of a dividend.

DIRECTORS

The following directors have held office during the period.

AJ Taylor E Strom MD Miller MJ Haxby RC Smallwood L Brogaard

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN SHARES AND DEBENTURES

None of the directors had any beneficial interests in the share capital of the company during the period.

Messrs AJ Taylor, MD Miller, MJ Haxby and RC Smallwood are directors of the ultimate parent company, The Sanctuary Group PLC. Details of their shareholdings in that company are disclosed in its annual report.

AUDITORS

During the period Messrs Deloitte & Touche resigned as auditors and Messrs Baker Tilly, Chartered Accountants, were appointed in their place. A resolution to appoint Baker Tilly, Chartered Accountants, as auditors will be put to the members at the annual general meeting.

By order of the board

MD Miller

Director ,

Platinum Travel International Limited DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES IN THE PREPARATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial period which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period.

- a. select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- b. make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;

In preparing those financial statements, the directors are required to:

c. prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the requirements of the Companies Act 1985. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF PLATINUM TRAVEL INTERNATIONAL LIMITED

We have audited the financial statements on pages 5 to 11.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As described on page 3 the company's directors are responsible for the preparation of financial statements. It is our responsibility to form an independent opinion, based on our audit, on those statements and to report our opinion to you.

Basis of opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Auditing Standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

Opinion

In our opinion the financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs at 30 September 1998 and of its result for the period then ended and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985.

BAKERTILLY

Some Villy

Registered Auditor Chartered Accountants 2 Bloomsbury Street

London WC1B 3ST

1 February 1999

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT

for the period ended 30 September 1998

	Notes	30 September 1998 £	31 December 1997 £
TURNOVER	1	1,723,157	2,809,934
Cost of sales		(1,584,668)	(2,562,864)
Gross profit		138,489	247,070
Other operating expenses		(136,237)	(211,236)
OPERATING PROFIT		2,252	35,834
Interest payable	2	(8,896)	(15,989)
(LOSS)/PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAXATION	3	(6,644)	19,845
Taxation	5	-	-
RETAINED (LOSS)/PROFIT FOR THE PERIOD	10	(6,644)	19,845

The operating profit for the period arises from the company's continuing operations.

No separate statement of Total Recognised Gains and Losses has been presented as all such gains and losses have been dealt with in the profit and loss account.

BALANCE SHEET 30 September 1998

	Notes	1998 £	1997 £
FIXED ASSETS Tangible assets	6	7,131	9,228
CURRENT ASSETS			
Debtors Cash at bank and in hand	7	315,814 6,963	312,284 2,577
		322,777	314,861
CREDITORS: Amounts falling due within one year	8	(293,483)	(281,020)
NET CURRENT ASSETS		29,294	33,841
		36,425	43,069
CAPITAL AND RESERVES Called up share capital Profit and loss account	9 . 10	20,000 16,425	20,000 23,069
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS	11	36,425	43,069
Equity shareholders' funds Non equity shareholders' funds		25,425 11,000	32,069 11,000

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Approved by the board on

MD Miller

Director

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ACCOUNTING POLICIES

BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with applicable accounting standards.

TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

Fixed assets are stated at historical cost.

Depreciation is provided on all tangible fixed assets at rates calculated to write each asset down to its estimated residual value evenly over its expected useful life, as follows:-

Short leasehold improvements Fixtures and fittings Computer equipment Motor vehicles over the term of the lease 10% per annum 20% per annum 25% per annum

DEFERRED TAXATION

Provision is made for taxation deferred or accelerated by the effect of timing differences, to the extent that it is probable that a liability will crystallise, at the rate expected to be ruling at that date.

LEASED ASSETS AND OBLIGATIONS

Where assets are financed by leasing agreements that give rights approximating to ownership ("finance leases"), the assets are treated as if they had been purchased outright. The amount capitalised is the present value of the minimum lease payments payable during the lease term. The corresponding leasing commitments are shown as obligations to the lessor.

Lease payments are treated as consisting of capital and interest elements, and the interest is charged to the profit and loss account in proportion to the remaining balance outstanding.

All other leases are "operating leases" and the annual rentals are charged to the profit and loss account on a straight line basis over the lease term.

PENSIONS CONTRIBUTIONS

The costs of providing pensions for employees are charged in the profit and loss account over the average working life of employees in accordance with the recommendations of qualified actuaries. Any funding surplus or deficit which may arise from time to time is amortised over the average working life of employees.

TRANSLATION OF FOREIGN CURRENCY

Transactions denominated in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rates ruling at the dates of the transactions.

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at the balance sheet date are translated at the rates ruling at that date. These translation differences are dealt with in the profit and loss account.

TURNOVER

Turnover represents the invoiced value, net of Value Added Tax, of amounts billed to customers and commissions receivable.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the period ended 30 September 1998

1 TURNOVER

The company's turnover arises from only one class of business and is derived wholly within the United Kingdom.

2	INTEREST PAYABLE	30 September 1998 £	31 December 1997 £
	On bank loans, overdrafts and other loans repayable within 5 years: Group interest Bank loans and overdrafts	8,896	1,800 14,189
		8,896	15,989
		1998 £	1997 £
3	(LOSS)/PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAXATION		
	(Loss)/profit on ordinary activities before taxation is stated after charging: Depreciation and amounts written off tangible fixed assets:		
	Charge for the period: owned assets	2,567	9,021
	Operating lease rentals: Land and buildings Auditors' remuneration	22,759 2,250	30,345 3,000
4	EMPLOYEES	1998 No.	1997 No.
	The average weekly number of persons (including directors) employed by the company during the period was:		
	Sales Administration	3 1	4 2
		4	6
		1998 £	1997 £
	Staff costs for the above persons: Wages and salaries Social security costs Other pension costs	71,920 7,184 787 79,891	103,826 9,816 2,015 115,657

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the period ended 30 September 1998

5 TAXATION

There is no taxation provided due to the losses incurred.

5	TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS	Short leasehold improvements £	Fixtures & fittings	Computer equipment £	Motor vehicles £	Total £
	Cost	_	_	-	~	_
	1 January 1998 Additions	33,094	55,757 -	27,069 456	15,883	131,803 456
	30 September 1998	33,094	55,757	27,525	15,883	132,259
	Depreciation 1 January 1998 Charged in the period	32,801	53,719	25,239 898	10,816 1,655	122,575 2,553
	30 September 1998	32,801	53,719	26,137	12,471	125,128
	Net book value	293	2.020	1 200	2.412	7 121
	30 September 1998		2,039	1,388	3,412	7,131
	31 December 1997	293	2,038	1,830	5,067	9,228
7	DEBTORS				1998 £	1997 £
Due within one year: Trade debtors Amounts owed by parent company and fellow subsidiaries Other debtors Prepayments and accrued income				173,525 84,037 38,966 19,286	190,440 58,625 43,425 19,794	
					315,814	312,284
					1998 £	1997 £
8	CREDITORS: Amounts falling Bank loans and overdrafts Trade creditors Amounts due to parent company Accruals and deferred income				137,918 65,040 74,839 15,686	98,330 107,607 54,756 20,327 281,020

The bank loans and overdraft are secured by a fixed and floating charges on the assets of the company.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the period ended 30 September 1998

9	SHARE CAPITAL	1998 £	1997 £
	Authorised, allotted and fully paid: 6,000 6% redeemable preference shares of £1 each 5,000 deferred shares of £1 each 20,000 ordinary shares of 10p each 7,000 ordinary shares of £1 each	6,000 5,000 2,000 7,000	6,000 5,000 2,000 7,000

The 6% preference shares are entitled to a fixed cumulative dividend of 6% per annum, however the owners of the entire issued preference share capital have irrevocably waived any rights to their fixed cumulative preferential dividend. The preference shares may be redeemed by the company at any future date after giving three months' notice and would be redeemable at par together with a sum equal to the fixed dividend thereon. The preference shares carry full voting rights. Preference shareholders are entitled to repayment of their capital on winding up in preference to the ordinary and deferred shareholders. They are not entitled to participation in any surplus on winding up.

The deferred shares carry no rights to dividends. They carry full voting rights and deferred shareholders are entitled to repayment of their capital on winding up after repayment of preference share capital and ordinary share capital. They are not entitled to participation in any surplus on winding up.

Both classes of ordinary shares carry full rights to dividends and full voting rights. Ordinary shareholders are entitled to participation in a surplus on winding up.

		1998	1997
10	PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT	£	£
	1 January 1998	23,069	3,224
	(Loss)/profit for the financial period	(6,644)	19,845
	30 September 1998	16,425	23,069
11	RECONCILIATION OF MOVEMENT IN SHAREHOLDERS'	1998 £	1997 £
	FUNDS .	£	£
	(Loss)/profit for the financial period	(6,644)	19,845
	Opening shareholders' funds	43,069	23,224
	Closing shareholders' funds	36,425	43,069

12 RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

In preparing these financial statements, the directors have taken advantage of the exemptions available under paragraph 3(c) of the Financial Reporting No 8 Related Party Disclosures.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the period ended 30 September 1998

13 ULTIMATE PARENT COMPANY AND CONTROLLING PARTY

The directors consider that the ultimate parent company and controlling party at 30 September 1998 was The Sanctuary Group PLC, a company registered in England and Wales.

Copies of the group financial statements of The Sanctuary Group PLC are available form Companies House, Crown Way, Maindy, Cardiff CF4 3UZ.