Directors' Report and Financial Statements

Year Ended 31 December 2012

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Year Ended 31 December 2012

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Company Information

Year Ended 31 December 2012

Directors

R S Broadhurst CBE

A S Hardy

Company secretary G Spinks

Registered office

10 St Bride Street

London

EC4A 4AD

Bankers

Coutts & Co

Commercial Banking

440 Strand London WC2R 0QS

Auditors

KPMG LLP

Chartered Accountants

Arlington Business Park

Theale Reading Berkshire RG7 4SD

Directors' Report

Year Ended 31 December 2012

The directors present their report and the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2012

Directors of the company

The directors who held office during the year were as follows

R S Broadhurst CBE

A S Hardy

Principal activity

The principal activity of the company is the holding of investments

Directors' liabilites

During the year, directors and officers liability insurance was provided to the directors. No claim was made under this provision

Disclosure of information to the auditors

Each director has taken steps that they ought to have taken as a director in order to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditors are aware of that information. The directors confirm that there is no relevant information that they know of and which they know the auditors are unaware of

Reappointment of auditors

The auditors KPMG LLP are deemed to be reappointed under section 487(2) of the Companies Act 2006

Small company provisions

This report has been prepared in accordance with the small companies regime under the Companies Act 2006

Approved by the Board on 30 My 2013 and signed on its behalf by

G Spinks

Company secretary

Lockfold Communications Limited Statement of Directors' Responsibilities

The directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to

- · select suitable accounting policies and apply them consistently,
- · make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent, and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF LOCKFOLD COMMUNICATIONS LIMITED

We have audited the financial statements of Lockfold Communications Limited for the year ended 31 December 2012 set out on pages 5 to 16 The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and UK Accounting Standards (UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice)

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006 Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members, as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditor

As explained more fully in the Directors' Responsibilities Statement set out on page 3, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view Our responsibility is to audit, and express an opinion on, the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland) Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards for Auditors

Scope of the audit of the financial statements

A description of the scope of an audit of financial statements is provided on the Financial Reporting Council's website at www.frc org uk/auditscopeukprivate

Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2012 and of its profit for the year then ended,
- have been properly prepared in accordance with UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006

Opinion on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the Directors' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us, or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns, or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made, or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or
- the directors were not entitled to prepare the financial statements and the Director's Report in accordance with the small companies regime

Holeand

Paul Holland (Senior Statutory Auditor) for and on behalf of KPMG LLP, Statutory Auditor

Chartered Accountants Arlington Business Park

Theale

RG7 4SD

5 June 2013 Date

Lockfold Communications Limited Profit and Loss Account Year Ended 31 December 2012

	Note	2012 £	2011 £
Income from fixed asset investments		2,163,871	2,068,709
Administrative expenses		(331,508)	(106,863)
Profit on disposal of fixed asset investments		4,799,558	4,273,765
Release of hedging losses transferred from revaluation reserve on disposal of hedged items		(72,996)	(472,224)
Profit on derivative instruments		3,385,180	(2,441,964)
Amounts written off investments		<u>-</u>	(759,873)
Operating profit	2	9,944,105	2,561,550
Other interest receivable and similar income	3	136,149	14,023
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation		10,080,254	2,575,573
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	4	(1,483,727)	•
Profit for the financial year	12	8,596,527	2,575,573

Lockfold Communications Limited Statement of Total Recognised Gains and Losses Year Ended 31 December 2012

	Note	2012 £	2011 £
Profit for the financial year		8,596,527	2,575,573
Unrealised gain/(loss) on trade investments		7,214,976	(6,123,214)
Total recognised gains and losses relating to the year	·	15,811,503	(3,547,641)

(Registration number: 922992)

Balance Sheet at 31 December 2012

	Note	2012 £	2011 £
Fixed assets			
Investments	5	3,157,659	113,297,796
Current assets			
Debtors	6	310,112	1,947,822
Cash at bank and in hand		7,053,648	5,385,025
		17,363,760	7,332,847
Creditors Amounts falling due within one year	7	(1,067,937)	(257,824)
Net current assets		16,295,823	7,075,023
Total assets less current liabilities		129,453,482	120,372,819
Creditors Amounts falling due after more than one year	8	(35,348,838)	(38,150,719)
Net assets		94,104,644	82,222,100
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	9	888,165	888,165
Capital redemption reserve	12	30,000	30,000
Revaluation reserve	12	15,905,646	12,619,629
Profit and loss account	12	77,280,833	68,684,306
Shareholders' funds	11	94,104,644	82,222,100

These accounts have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective April 2008)

Approved by the Board on 30 May. 2013 and signed on its behalf by

R S Broadhurst CRE

Director

I Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 2006 and applicable accounting standards

The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention modified by the revaluation of fixed asset investments

The company is exempt from preparing a cash flow statement as 90% or more of the voting rights are held within the group

Going concern

The directors have a reasonable expectation that the company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the forseeable future. Accordingly, they continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the annual report and accounts

Income from fixed asset investments

Dividends from equity investments and income from fixed interest investments are credited to the profit and loss account on a receivable basis

Franked investment income is shown net of imputed tax credits

Fixed asset investments

Fixed asset investments are carried at market value as follows

- -Managed funds and quoted investments are valued at the closing market price at the balance sheet date
- -Hedge fund, commodity fund and private equity investments are valued by the respective fund managers based on the valuation of the underlying assets at the balance sheet date

Fixed asset investments are classified as available for sale. Unrealised gains and losses are taken to revaluation reserves, and are released when the investments are disposed

Investment disposals are accounted for on an average cost basis

Taxation

The charge for taxation is based on the profit for the year and takes into account taxation deferred because of timing differences between the treatment of certain items for taxation and accounting purposes

Deferred tax is recognised without discounting in respect of all timing differences between the treatment of certain items for taxation and accounting purposes which have arisen but not reversed by the balance sheet date, except as otherwise required by FRS 19 Deferred Taxation

Classification of financial instruments issued by the Company

Following the adoption of FRS 25 Financial Instruments Disclosure and Presentation, financial instruments issued by the Company are treated as equity (i.e. forming part of shareholders' funds) only to the extent that they meet the following two conditions

- a) they include no contractual obligations upon the Company to deliver cash or other financial assets or to exchange financial assets or financial liabilities with another party under conditions that are potentially unfavourable to the Company, and
- b) where the instrument will or may be settled in the Company's own equity instruments, it is either a non-derivative that includes no obligation to deliver a variable number of the Company's own equity instruments or is a derivative that will be settled by the Company's exchanging a fixed amount of cash or other financial assets for a fixed number of its own equity instruments

To the extent that this definition is not met, the proceeds of issue are classified as a financial liability. Where the instrument so classified takes the legal form of the Company's own shares, the amounts presented in these financial statements for called up share capital and share premium account exclude amounts in relation to those shares.

Finance payments associated with financial liabilities are dealt with as part of interest payable and similar charges. Finance payments associated with financial instruments that are classified as part of shareholders' funds, are dealt with as appropriations in the reconciliation of movements in shareholders' funds.

Foreign currency

Transactions in foreign currencies are recorded using the rate of exchange ruling at the date of the transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated using the rate of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date and the gains or losses on translation are included in the profit and loss account.

Derivative financial instruments

The company takes out currency contracts to manage exposure to fixed asset investments denominated in foreign currencies. Equity future contracts are taken out to manage the company's equity exposure as a whole and by geographical region

The derivative instruments are carried at fair value and gains and losses taken to the profit and loss account directly

When hedge accounting is appropriate gains and losses on currency contracts are taken directly to the revaluation reserve and set against the corresponding gains and losses on fixed asset investments and when sold are recycled to the profit and loss account.

2 Operating profit

Operating profit is stated after charging/(crediting)

	2012 £	2011 £
Auditor's remuneration - the audit of the company's annual accounts	12,000	12,000
Foreign currency gains/(losses)	223,569	(24,609)

Amounts receivable by the Company's auditors and their associates in respect of services to the Company and its associates, other than the audit of the Company's financial statements, have not been disclosed as the information is required instead to be disclosed on a consolidated basis in the consolidated financial statements of the Company's parent, Sableknight Limited

Directors' emoluments are borne by the parent Company and no remuneration is paid to directors in respect of their services to Lockfold Communications Limited

3 Other interest receivable and similar income

Other interest receivable and similar income		
	2012 £	2011 £
Interest receivable on cash deposits	135,960	14,023
Other interest receivable	189	<u>.</u>
	136,149	14,023

4 Taxation

Tax on profit on ordinary activities		
	2012	2011
	£	£
Current tax		

Current tax		
Corporation tax charge	1,520,000	-
Adjustments in respect of previous years	(36,273)	
UK Corporation tax	1,483,727	-

Factors affecting current tax charge for the year

Tax on profit on ordinary activities for the year is lower than (2011 - lower than) the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 24 5% (2011 - 26 5%)

The differences are reconciled below

	2012 £	2011 £
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation	10,080,254	2,575,573
Corporation tax at standard rate	2,469,662	682,527
Dividends not taxable	(293,456)	(301,830)
Losses carried forward Losses brought forward	- (652,066)	169,237 (561,611)
Group relief	(4,140)	11,677
Adjustment in respect of prior periods	(36,273)	<u>.</u>
Total current tax	1,483,727	-

Factors that may affect future tax charges

Future tax charges may be reduced by the availability of capital losses of approximately £4,300,000 at 31 December 2012 (31 December 2011 - £4,200,000). No deferred tax asset has been recognised for potential tax relief in respect of these losses, as it is uncertain that capital profits will be generated to utilise these losses in the short to medium term. The amount not recognised in the period was £1,050,000 (31 December 2011 - £1,092,000).

5 Investments held as fixed assets

Other investments

	Listed investments £	Unlisted investments £	Total £
Cost or valuation			
At I January 2012	87,726,892	25,570,904	113,297,796
Additions	23,600,251	3,618,358	27,218,609
Disposals	(32,127,241)	(2,446,481)	(34,573,722)
Revaluation	6,528,407	686,569	7,214,976
At 31 December 2012	85,728,309	27,429,350	113,157,659
Net book value			
At 31 December 2012	85,728,309	27,429,350	113,157,659
At 31 December 2011	87,726,892	25,570,904	113,297,796

The historical cost of listed investments ar 31 December 2012 was £73,425,017 (2011 - £78,194,782) and of unlisted investments at 31 December 2012 was £21,980,880 (2011 - £21,321,048)

6	Debtors		
		2012 £	2011 £
	Other debtors	-	498,766
	Prepayments and accrued income Derivative financial instruments (note 13)	282,215 27,897	1,449,056 -
		310,112	1,947,822
7	Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year		
		2012	2011
		£	£
	Corporation tax	1,000,702	-
	Accruals and deferred income	67,235	80,600
	Derivative financial instruments (note 13)		177,224
		1,067,937	257,824
8	Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one year		
		2012 £	2011 £
	Amounts owed to group undertakings	35,348,838	38,150,719

9 Share capital

Allotted,	called	up	and	fully	paid	shares
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		2012		2011
	No.	Ĺ	No.	£
888,165 ordinary shares of £1 each 818,165 1% fixed rate preference	888,165	888,165	70,000	70,000
shares of £1 each	-	-	818,165	818,165
	888,165	888,165	888,165	888,165

818,165 1% fixed rate preference shares of £1 each were converted into 818,165 ordinary shares of £1each on 6 February 2012 by special resolution

10 Dividends

	2012 £	2011 £
Dividends paid		
Prior year final dividend paid	-	10,000,000
Preference dividend paid	_	8,182
	-	10,008,182

II Reconciliation of movement in shareholders' funds

2012 £	2011 £
8,596,527	2,575,573
3,286,017	(9,925,670)
	(10,008,182)
11,882,544	(17,358,279)
82,222,100	99,580,379
94,104,644	82,222,100
	8,596,527 3,286,017

12 Reserves

	Capital redemption reserve	Revaluation reserve	Profit and loss account £	Total £
At I January 2012	30,000	12,619,629	68,684,306	81,333,935
Profit for the year Realised gains on disposal of fixed asset investments in respect of prior	-		8,596,527	8,596,527
periods	-	(4,001,955)	-	(4,001,955)
Surplus on revaluation of fixed asset investments	-	7,214,976	-	7,214,976
Realised hedging losses on disposal of hedged items	-	72,996	-	72,996
At 31 December 2012	30,000	15,905,646	77,280,833	93,216,479

13 Derivative financial instruments

The company holds derivative instruments as part of the following strategies

- -To mange the company's foreign exchange risks arising from investments denominated in foreign currency
- -To manage the company's exposure to equity markets as a whole and by geographical location.

All derivatives are classified as available for sale and held at fair value.

The principal derivatives used by the company are as follows and their fair value at 31 December 2012 were.

2012	2011
£	£
27,897	(177,224)

- Forward currency contracts

(177,227)	27,077
(177,224)	27,897

The company also holds equity futures to manage its exposure to different markets. Any gains or losses on such derivatives are settled daily in cash

14 Related party transactions

The company has taken advantage of the exemption in FRS8 "Related Party Disclosures" from disclosing transactions with other members of the group

15 Control

The company is controlled by Sableknight Limited, its parent undertaking. Sableknight Limited is a company incorporated in the United Kingdom and registered in England and Wales. The only group in which the results of the company are consolidated is that headed by Sableknight Limited, and a copy of the consolidated accounts can be obtained from Companies House, Crown Way, Maindy, Cardiff, CF14 3UZ. The ultimate controlling party is The Observer Publishing Trust.