Registered No. 898822

Autoliv Spring Dynamics Limited

Report and Financial Statements

31 December 2020



Directors

R Rollo P Jansson

Secretary

J A Bonney

Auditors

Ernst & Young LLP 2 St Peter's Square Manchester M2 3EY

Bankers

Nordea Bank ABP London Branch 8th Floor, City Place House 55 Basinghall Street London EC2V 5NB

Registered office

Viking Way Congleton Cheshire CW12 1TT

Strategic report

Principal activities and review of the business

The company's principal activity during the year was the management of its UK property business.

The company's key financial and other performance indicators during the year were as follows:

	2020	2019	Change
	£'000	£'000	%
Operating loss	(17)	(62)	+72.6%
Profit/(loss) after tax	`80	(159)	+150.3%
Shareholders' deficit	(3,970)	(4,050)	+1.98%

Over the past ten years, the company has managed its property business.

The company had a lease which ended in January 2019 in respect of premises which were sublet until termination.

Future developments

The directors expect the future activity of the company to be in line with the current period.

Principal risks and uncertainties

The directors have evaluated the principal risks and uncertainties that faced the company during the year and consider these to be largely nullified by the decision to cease operations.

Financial risk management

The company utilises overdraft facilities as part of a 'pool' arrangement with other UK members of the group. The 'pool' uses intercompany loans to manage liquidity, cash flow and interest rate risk.

The company utilises a group 'netting' service, which matches currency inflows and outflows to achieve natural hedging and manage exchange rate risk where possible.

behalf of the Board

Date: 27th September 2021

Wirector

Directors' Report

The directors present their report and financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2020.

Results and dividends

The profit for the year amounted to £80,000 (2019 – loss of £159,000). The directors do not recommend the payment of any dividends (2019 – £Nil). COVID-19 had no effect on the company results in 2020, and the Directors expect none in 2021.

Going concern

The Company's business activities, together with the factors likely to affect its future development, its financial position, financial risk management objectives and its exposures to risks and uncertainties are described in the Strategic Report. The directors are required to consider the availability of resources to meet the Company's liabilities for a period of at least twelve months from the date of approval of these financial statements. The Board has obtained a written confirmation of unconditional financial support from its parent undertaking, Autoliv AB, for a period of 12 months from date of approval of these financial statements. The Directors, having made the relevant enquiries and having reviewed the parent company's latest financial statements, are satisfied that the parent undertaking has adequate resources to provide any financial support to the Company, if required.

As a result, the directors have a reasonable expectation that the Company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence until wind up.

Directors

The directors who served the company during the year and subsequent to the year close were as follows: P Jansson

R Rollo

Directors' liabilities

The company has indemnified one or more directors of the company against liability in respect of proceedings brought by third parties, subject to the conditions set out in the Companies Act 2006. Such qualifying third party indemnity provision was in force during the year and remains in force as at the date of approving the directors' report.

Directors' statement as to disclosure of information to auditors

The directors who were members of the board at the time of approving the directors' report are listed on page 1. Having made enquires of fellow directors and of the company's auditors, each of these directors confirm that:

- To the best of each director's knowledge and belief, there is no information relevant to the preparation of their report of which the company's auditors are not aware; and
- Each director has taken all the steps a director might reasonably be expected to have taken to be aware of relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditors are aware of that information.

Auditors

A resolution to reappoint Ernst & Young LLP as auditors will be put to the members at the Annual General Meeting.

This report has been prepared in accordance with the special provisions of Part XV of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small entities.

On behalf of the Board

Date: 27th September 2021

Statement of Directors' responsibilities

The directors are responsible for preparing the Strategic report, the Directors' report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing those financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements, and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Independent auditor's report to the members of Autoliv Spring Dynamics Limited

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Autoliv Spring Dynamics Limited for the year ended 31 December 2020 which comprise the Income statement, the Statement of comprehensive income, the Statement of changes in equity, the Statement of financial position and the related notes 1 to 11, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards including FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion, the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2020 and of its profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the company's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of twelve months from when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the directors with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report. However, because not all future events or conditions can be predicted, this statement is not a guarantee as to the company's ability to continue as a going concern.

Independent auditor's report to the members of Autoliv Spring Dynamics Limited (continued)

Other information

The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. The directors are responsible for the other information contained within the annual report.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in this report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

Our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the course of the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements themselves. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of the other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the strategic report and the directors' report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the strategic report and directors' report have been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the strategic report or directors' report.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

Responsibilities of directors

As explained more fully in the directors' responsibilities statement set out on page 4, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Independent auditor's report to the members of Autoliv Spring Dynamics Limited (continued)

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

Explanation as to what extent the audit was considered capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud

Irregularities, including fraud, are instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations. We design procedures in line with our responsibilities, outlined above, to detect irregularities, including fraud. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement due to fraud is higher than the risk of not detecting one resulting from error, as fraud may involve deliberate concealment by, for example, forgery or intentional misrepresentations, or through collusion. The extent to which our procedures are capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud is detailed below. However, the primary responsibility for the prevention and detection of fraud rests with both those charged with governance of the entity and management.

- We obtained an understanding of the legal and regulatory frameworks that are applicable to the company and determined that the most significant are FRS 102, Companies Act 2006 and direct and indirect tax compliance regulations in the United Kingdom.
- We understood how Autoliv Spring Dynamics Limited is complying with those frameworks by making
 enquiries of the management to understand how the Company maintains and communicates its policies
 and procedures in these areas and corroborated this by reviewing supporting documentation and
 minutes of meetings of those charged with governance.
- We assessed the susceptibility of the company's financial statements to material misstatement, including how fraud might occur by considering the risk of management override.
- Based on this understanding we designed our audit procedures to identify noncompliance with such
 laws and regulations. Our procedures involved reviewing any manual journals which have a higher
 susceptibility to management override of controls, assessing the compliance of the financial statements
 with the required reporting frameworks, and assessing the company's compliance with the applicable
 laws and regulations.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at https://www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Julian Yates (Senior statutory auditor)

Emft & Yang US

for and on behalf of Ernst & Young LLP, Statutory Auditor

Manchester

Dated: 29 9 21

Income statement

for the year ended 31 December 2020

	Note	2020 £'000	2019 £'000
Other operating cost		(17)	(62)
Operating loss	3	(17)	(62)
Loss on ordinary activities before interest and similar charges		(17)	(62)
Loss on ordinary activities before taxation Tax on (profit)/loss on ordinary activities	5	(17) 97	(62) (97)
Profit/(Loss) for the financial year		80	(159)

All amounts substantially relate to post property management operations.

Statement of comprehensive income for the year ended 31 December 2020

There are no recognised gains or losses other than the gain of £80,000 attributable to the shareholders for the year ended 31 December 2020 (2019 – loss of £159,000).

Statement of financial position at 31 December 2020

Registered No. 898822

Current assets	Note	2020 £'000	2019 £'000
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	6	(3,970)	(4,050)
Net current liabilities		(3,970)	(4,050)
Total assets less current liabilities		(3,970)	(4,050)
Net liabilities		(3,970)	(4,050)
Capital and reserves Called up share capital Share premium account Other reserves Profit and loss account	8 9 9	26 4,149 3 (8,148)	26 4,149 3 (8,228)
Shareholders' deficit		(3,970)	(4,050)

Approved by the Board

Date: 27th September 2021

Statement of changes in equity for the year ended 31 December 2020

At 1 January 2019 Loss for the year	Called up share capital £000 26 –	Share premium account £000 4,149	Other reserves £000 3	Profit and loss account £000 (8,069) (159)	Total £000 (3, 891) (159)
At 31 December 2019 Profit for the year		4,149	3 	(8,228) 80	(4 ,050) 80
At 31 December 2020	26	4,149	3	(8,148)	(3,970)

at 31 December 2020

1. Fundamental accounting concept – Going concern

The Company's business activities, together with the factors likely to affect its future development, its financial position, financial risk management objectives and its exposures to risks and uncertainties are described in the Strategic Report.

The directors are required to consider the availability of resources to meet the Company's liabilities for a period of twelve months from the date of approval of these financial statements. As the company has net liabilities at 31 December 2020 it is reliant upon parental support to enable it to meet its obligations as they fall due.

The Directors, having made the relevant enquiries and having reviewed the parent company's latest financial statements, are satisfied that the parent undertaking has adequate resources to provide any financial support to the Company, if required.

As a result, the directors have a reasonable expectation that the Company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Accordingly, they continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing these financial statements.

2. Accounting policies

Statement of compliance

Autoliv Spring Dynamics Limited is a private company limited by shares incorporated in England. The Registered Office is Viking Way, Congleton, Cheshire, CW12 1TT.

The Company's financial statements have been prepared in compliance with FRS 102 as it applies to the financial statements of the Company for the year ended 31 December 2020.

The company have not applied paragraphs 20.15A or 20.25A to lease incentives where the lease commenced before the date of transition to FRS 102. It has continued to recognise any residual benefit or cost associated with these lease incentives on the same basis that applied prior to transition to FRS 102.

Basis of preparation

The financial statements for Autoliv Spring Dynamics Limited were approved for issue by the Board of Directors on 27th September 2021. The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with applicable accounting standards. The financial statements are prepared in sterling which is the functional currency of the Company and rounded to £'000.

Financial reporting standard 102 - reduced disclosure exemptions

The company has taken advantage of the following disclosure exemptions in preparing these financial statements, as permitted by the FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland":

- the requirements of Section 7 Statement of Cash Flows;
- the requirements of Section 3 Financial Statement Presentation paragraph 3.17(d);
- the requirements of Section 33 Related Party Disclosures paragraph 33.7.

This information is included in the consolidated financial statements of Autoliv AB as at 31 December 2020 and these financial statements may be obtained from PO Box 70381, SE-107 24 Stockholm, Sweden.

Financial instruments

The company only enters into basic financial instruments transactions that result in the recognition of financial assets and liabilities like advances to and from related parties and other creditors.

Debt instruments that are payable or receivable within one year, typically trade payables or receivables, are measured, initially and subsequently, at the undiscounted amount of the cash or other consideration, expected to be paid or received.

at 31 December 2020

2. Accounting policies (continued)

Financial assets that are measured at cost and amortised cost are assessed at the end of each reporting period for objective evidence of impairment. If objective evidence of impairment is found, an impairment loss is recognised in the profit and loss account.

For financial assets measured at amortised cost, the impairment loss is measured as the difference between an asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated cash flows discounted at the asset's original effective interest rate. If a financial asset has a variable interest rate, the discount rate for measuring any impairment loss is the current effective interest rate determined under the contract.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the balance sheet when there is an enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

The preparation of the financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported for assets and liabilities as at the balance sheet date and the amounts reported for revenues and expenses during the year. However, the nature of estimation means that actual outcomes could differ from those estimates.

3. Operating loss

Operating loss is stated after charging.

operating loss is stated after charging.	2020 £'000	2019 £'000
Auditors' remuneration – audit of the financial statements	3	5

4. Directors' emoluments

No director (2019 – none) was a member of a group defined contribution pension scheme, and no director (2019 – none) received contributions payable to a private defined contribution pension scheme. All Directors were paid by other group companies (2019 – Both).

at 31 December 2020

5. Taxation on ordinary activities

(a) Tax on loss on ordinary activities

The tax charge is made up as follows:

	2020	2019
	£'000	£'000
Current tax:		
UK corporation tax	(97)	97
Tax on loss on ordinary activities (note 5(b))	(97)	97
		

(b) Factors affecting the total tax charge

The tax charge assessed on the profit on ordinary activities for the year differs from the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19.00% (2019 - 19.00%). The differences are reconciled below:

	2020 £'000	2019 £'000
Loss on ordinary activities before taxation	(17)	(62)
Loss on ordinary activities multiplied by the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19.00% (2017 – 19.25%)	(3)	(12)
Effects of: Expenses not deductible for tax purposes Group relief given for nil consideration Adjustments to tax charge in respect of previous periods	3 (97)	109 - -
Total tax	(97)	97

(c) Factors that may affect future tax charges

In the 2021 Budget, it was announced that the UK Corporation Tax main rate will increase from 19% to 25% from 1 April 2023 on profits over £250,000. The rate for small profits under £50,000 will remain at 19% and there will be relief for businesses with profits under £250,000.

At the balance sheet date, the changes to the UK Corporation Tax system announced by the Chancellor on 3 March 2021 had not been substantively enacted. The rate of tax used for any deferred tax workings has therefore remained at 19%.

at 31 December 2020

6.	Creditors: amounts falling due within	one year			
	-	-		2020	2019
				£'000	£'000
	Bank overdraft			3,964	3,944
	Corporation tax			-	97
	Accruals and deferred income		_	6	9
				3,970	4,050
	The bank overdraft forms part of group 'cash poo	l' arrangement.	=		
7.	Financial instruments				
				2020	2019
				£000	£000
	Financial Assets measured at amortised cost Other Debtors				
	Other Debiois				
				-	-
	Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost				
	Bank overdraft			3,964	3,944
				3,964	3,944
8.	Issued share capital				
			2020		2019
	Allowed collection and Cilliancid	No.	£'000	No.	£'000
	Allotted, called up and fully paid Ordinary shares of £1 each	26,000	26	26,000	26

9. Reserves

Share premium account

This reserve records the amount above the nominal value received for shares sold, less transaction costs.

Capital redemption

This reserve records the nominal value of shares repurchased by the company.

at 31 December 2020

10. Related party transactions

In preparing these financial statements, the directors have taken advantage of the exemptions available under Section 33 Related Party Disclosures paragraph 33.7 as permitted by FRS 102 Financial Reporting Standards applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland, and have not disclosed transactions entered into between wholly owned group undertakings.

11. Ultimate parent company

The company is a subsidiary undertaking of Autoliv UK Holding Limited, a company incorporated in United Kingdom. The ultimate parent undertaking and controlling party is Autoliv Inc., a company incorporated in Delaware in the United States of America.

The largest group undertakings for which group financial statements are drawn up and of which the company is a member is Autoliv Inc. The smallest group of undertakings for which group financial statements are drawn up and of which the company is a member is Autoliv AB, a company incorporated in Sweden. The consolidated financial statements of Autoliv Inc. and Autoliv AB are available to the public and may be obtained from:

PO Box 70381 SE-107 24 Stockholm Sweden