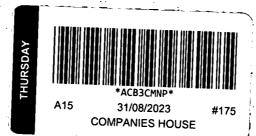
Company registration number: 00894651

Braddicks Leisure Limited

Financial statements

31 December 2022



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GROUP STRATEGIC REPORT YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

Financial review

The principal activities of the group during the year were:

- Provision of holiday accommodation including the operation of bar and restaurant facilities
- Licensed premises
- Operating amusement arcades
- Property rentals

The directors report turnover of £7,304,799 a increase of £1,359,747.

The gross profit margin of the group has increased by £365,005 compared to 2021.

Profit for the year after tax was reported as £836,371 after exceptional reversal of impairment losses of tangible fixed assets of £85,000. This is compared to a prior year profit of £1,173,740 following exceptional impairment losses of tangible assets of £51,000.

The directors are satisfied with the performance of the group during the period.

The net assets of the group as at 31 December 2022 were £14,315,066 compared to £13,124,195 as at 31 December 2021.

Financial risk management objectives and policies

The directors assess the performance of the group using change in turnover, gross profit and operating profit and net assets as set out above.

The group assesses its opportunities and risks in the market place including areas such as competition, market trends and health and safety policies in order to maintain and extend its business activities. These are regularly reviewed by the directors in order to mitigate any impact.

The group has a normal level of exposure to price, credit, liquidity and cash flow risks arising from trading activities which are only conducted in sterling. The group does not enter into hedging transactions. Risk from credit is considered minimal as transactions with customers are generally not settled using credit.

At the balance sheet date there were no significant areas of risk not covered.

Directors

Of the four directors of the group, one is female and three are male.

This report was approved by the board of directors on .1.7/08/22 and signed on behalf of the board by:

Mr R L H Braddick

Director

GROUP DIRECTORS REPORT YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

The directors present their report and the financial statements of the company for the year ended 31 December 2022.

Directors

The directors who served the company during the year were as follows:

Mr R L H Braddick Mrs V Braddick Mr M J Williams Mr J Cooke

(Retired 20 July 2022)

Dividends

The directors do not recommend the payment of a dividend.

Future developments

2022 marked the first year uninterrupted by lockdowns since 2019 and saw the final areas of the business refreshed and reopened in the second half as capital investment decisions resumed.

2023 will be a year of consolidating the growth experienced over the last two extraordinary years. The Directors expect the business environment to remain highly competitive and they believe that the group is in a strong financial position.

Disclosure of information in the strategic report.

The group has chosen in accordance with section 414C(11) of the Companies Act 2006 to set out in the groups strategic report information required by schedule 7 of the Large and Medium-sized Companies and Groups (Accounts and Reports) Regulations 2008 to be contained in the Group Directors Report. It has done so in respect of future developments and financial instruments.

Directors responsibilities statement

The directors are responsible for preparing the group strategic report, group directors report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and the profit or loss of the company for that period.

In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgments and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

GROUP DIRECTORS REPORT (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

Auditor

Each of the persons who is a director at the date of approval of this report confirms that:

- so far as they are aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditor is unaware;
- they have taken all steps that they ought to have taken as a director to make themselves aware of any
 relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditor is aware of that information.

The auditor is deemed to have been re-appointed in accordance with section 487 of the Companies Act 2006.

Mr R L H Braddick

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Director

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF BRADDICKS LEISURE LIMITED YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Braddicks Leisure Limited (the 'holding company') and its subsidiaries (the 'group') for the year ended 31 December 2022 which comprise the group statement of comprehensive income, the group and company statement of financial position, the group and company statement of changes in equity, the group statement of cashflows and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including FRS 102 The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the group's and of the holding company's affairs as at 31 December 2022 and of the group's profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice;
 and
- · have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the group and the holding company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the entity's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the directors with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.

Other Information

The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. The directors are responsible for the other information. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF BRADDICKS LEISURE LIMITED (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

We have nothing to report in this regard.

Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the strategic report and the directors' report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the strategic report and the directors' report has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the group and the holding company and their environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the strategic report or the directors' report.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept by the holding company, or returns adequate for our audit
 have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the holding company financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and the returns; or
- · certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- · we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

Responsibilities of directors

As explained more fully in the Group directors' responsibilities statement, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the group's and the holding company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the group or the holding company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

- We identified areas of laws and regulations that could reasonably be expected to have a material effect on the financial statements from our general commercial and sector experience and through discussion with the directors and other management. We communicated identified laws and regulations throughout our team, and remained alert to any indications of non-compliance throughout the audit.
- The company is subject to laws and regulations that govern the preparation of the financial statements, including financial reporting legislation, and other companies legislation. The company is also subject to other laws and regulations where the consequences of non-compliance could have a material impact on the amounts or disclosures within the financial statements, including employment, anti-bribery and certain aspects of companies legislation.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF BRADDICKS LEISURE LIMITED (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

• Owing to the inherent limitations of an audit, there is an unavoidable risk that we may not have detected some material misstatements in the financial statements, even though we have properly planned and performed our audit in accordance with auditing standards. In any audit, there remains a higher risk of non-detection of irregularities, as these may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal controls. We are not responsible for preventing non-compliance and cannot be expected to detect non-compliance with all laws and regulations.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs (UK), we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit, we also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or
 error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is
 sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material
 misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion,
 forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the company's shareholders, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's shareholders those matters we are required to state to them in an auditors report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the group and the company's shareholders as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF BRADDICKS LEISURE LIMITED (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

Westcots (SU) UP

Catherine Williams FCA DChA (Senior Statutory Auditor)

For and on behalf of Westcotts (SW) LLP Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditor 47 Boutport Street Barnstaple Devon EX31 1SQ

240 Agust 2023

STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

Note	2022 £	2021 £
Turnover 4	7,304,799	5,945,052
Cost of sales	(2,969,532)	(1,974,790)
Gross profit	4,335,267	3,970,262
Administrative expenses	(3,394,403)	(2,726,998)
Other operating income 5	81,008	450,915.
Exceptional administrative costs 9	85,000	(51,000)
Operating profit 6	1,106,872	1,643,179
Other interest receivable and similar income 10	7,757	
Interest payable and similar expenses 11	(103,266)	(78,467)
Profit before taxation	1,011,363	1,564,712
Tax on profit 12	(174,992)	(390,972)
Profit for the financial year	836,371	1,173,740
Revaluation of tangible assets Tax relating to components of other comprehensive income	501,000	2,504,546
and stating to describe on other describes and and and	(146,500)	(824,990)
Other comprehensive income for the year	354,500	1,679,556
Total comprehensive income for the year	1,190,871	2,853,296 =====

All the activities of the company are from continuing operations.

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION 31 DECEMBER 2022

		•			. :	
	•		20	22	20	021
Group		No	te £	£	£	£
Fixed assets	·			•		
Tangible assets		. 14	19,424,179		18,408,247	
				19,424,179		18,408,247
Current assets		•				•
Stocks		16	67,161		45,387	
Debtors	÷ .	17	99,062		73,965	
Cash at bank and i	n hand	18	1,620,431		1,326,380	
		٠	1,786,654		1,445,732	٠.
Creditors: amoun	ts falling due				•	
within one year		19	(2,072,756))	(1,825,853)	
Net current liabilit	ties		, ,	(286,102)		(380,121)
Total assets less	current liabilities	•		19,138,077		18,028,126
Creditors: amoun	ts falling due	· •				
after more than or	-	20		(2,769,753)		(3,002,062)
Provisions for liab	oilities	:		(2,053,258)		(1,901,869)
					• •	•
Net assets				14,315,066		13,124,195
Capital and reserv	/es			· ====		
Called up share ca		25	;	1,400,005		1,400,005
Share premium acc	•	26		3,200		3,200
Revaluation reserve		26	3	7,127,993		6,773,493
Profit and loss acco	ount	26	3	5,783,868		4,947,497
Shareholders fund	ds į			14,315,066	•	13,124,195
	•		•			

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on ..1.7/68/23... and are signed on behalf of the board by:

Mr R L H Braddick Director

Company registration number: 00894651

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION (CONTINUED) 31 DECEMBER 2022

			20)22	20	021
Holding company		Note	£	.	£	· £
Fixed assets						•
Tangible assets		14	5,563,866		4,714,169	
Fixed asset investments		15	10,905	. •	10,905	•
				5,574,771		4,725,074
			•	: •	,	
Current assets	•					
Stocks		16	28,247		10,958	
Debtors		17	48,036		33,484	
Cash at bank and in hand		18	393,447		340,444	
			469,730	."	384,886	•
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		· 19 (1,040,392)	•	(834,125)	
Net current liabilities				(570,662)	 .	(449,239)
Total assets less current liabilities		•		5,004,109		4,275,835
Creditors: amounts falling due						
after more than one year		20	·.	(67,430)	•	(24,106)
Provisions for liabilities				(268,084)		(156,241)
Net assets		٠.		4,668,595		4,095,488
		,				=====
				*.		
Capital and reserves				aa aa÷		
Called up share capital		25		1,400,005		1,400,005
Share premium account		26	•	3,200		3,200
Revaluation reserve	•	26		1,542,419		1,353,669
Profit and loss account		26		1,722,971		1,338,614
Shareholders funds		•		4,668,595		4,095,488

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 1.0.2.02 and are signed on behalf of the board by:

Mr R L H Braddick

Director

Company registration number: 00894651

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

•					
	Called up share capital	Share premium account	Revaluation reserve	Profit and loss account	
	•		. •		
Group	£	£	£	£	£
At 1 January 2021	1,400,005	3,200	5,093,937	3,773,757	10,270,899
Profit for the year Other comprehensive income for the year:				1,173,740	1,173,740
Revaluation of tangible assets	·		2,504,546	: .	2,504,546
Tax relating to components of other comprehensive income		•	(824,990)		(824,990)
Total comprehensive income for the year	•	-	1,679,556	1,173,740	2,853,296
At 31 December 2021 and 1 January 2022	1,400,005	3,200	6,773,493	4,947,497	13,124,195
Profit for the year Other comprehensive income for the year:		•	,	836,371	836,371
Revaluation of tangible assets		•	501,000		501,000
Tax relating to components of other comprehensive income			(146,500)		(146,500)
Total comprehensive income for the year	·-	<u> </u>	354,500	836,371	1,190,871
At 31 December 2022	1,400,005	3,200	7,127,993	5,783,868	14,315,066
•					

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

·					
	Called up share capital	premium	Revaluation reserve	Profit and loss account	Total
	4				
			•	•	
Holding company	£	£	· £	£	3
At 1 January 2021	1,400,005	3,200	1,021,181	1,025,232	3,449,618
Profit for the year	•	• •	•	313,382	313,382
Other comprehensive income for the year:				•	
Revaluation of tangible assets	•		414,546		414,546
Tax relating to components of other	• •	•			:
comprehensive income	•		(82,058)		(82,058)
Total comprehensive income for the year	· -	·	332,488	313,382	645,870
At 31 December 2021 and 1 January 2022	1,400,005	3,200	1,353,669	1,338,614	4,095,488
		•			:
Profit for the year				384,357	384,357
Other comprehensive income for the year:			,		
Revaluation of tangible assets			280,000	•	280,000
Tax relating to components of other	•		(04.050)		(04.050)
comprehensive income			(91,250)		(91,250)
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	. .	188,750	384,357	573,107
At 31 December 2022	1,400,005	3,200	1,542,419	1,722,971	4,668,595

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

•		2022	2021
	Note	· £	£
Cash flows from operating activities			
Profit for the financial year		836,371	1,173,740
Adjustments for:			•
Adjustments for: Depreciation of tangible assets		192,258	193,282
Impairment (reversal of) of tangible assets		(85,000)	51,000
Fair value adjustment of investment property		(30,300)	(137,000)
Other interest receivable and similar income		(30,300)	(137,000)
Interest payable and similar expenses		103,266	78,467
Gain/(loss) on disposal of tangible assets		100,200	(5,657)
Tax on profit		174,992	390,972
Accrued expenses/(income)	·	49,419	9,729
		.0,	5,. 20
Changes in:			.' •
Stocks		(21,774)	(23,858)
Trade and other debtors		(25,097)	
Trade and other creditors		91,183	199,791
Cook gonerated from operations		1,277,561	1,930,322
Cash generated from operations		1,277,301	1,930,322
Interest paid		(103,266)	(78,467)
Interest received	•	7,757	(, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
Tax paid		(286,485)	(42,569)
		·	
Net cash from operating activities		895,567	1,809,286
	•		
Cash flows from investing activities			
Purchase of tangible assets	•	(591,890)	(158,721)
Proceeds from sale of tangible assets	•	-	11,375
Net cash used in investing activities		(591,890)	(147,346)
That does in invocating delivities		=====	====
		•	• , •
Cash flows from financing activities			
Proceeds from/(payments of) borrowings		25,957	(1,413,095)
Payment of finance lease liabilities	•	(37,759)	(92,591)
Net cash used in financing activities		(11,802)	(1,505,686)
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equival	onte	291,875	156,254
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	ents 18	1,326,380	1,170,126
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		. ———	1,170,120
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	18	1,618,255	1,326,380
·			

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

1. General information

The company is a private company limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The address of the registered office is 12 Chingswell Street, Bideford, Devon, EX39 2NF.

Principal Activity

The principal activity of the Group is the operating of amusement arcades, holiday accomodation, licensed premises and property rentals.

2. Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in compliance with FRS 102, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'. The company does not depreciate fixed assets in accordance with the requirements of the accounting standards. The properties are revalued annually by an independent valuer. The directors consider that the depreciation charge is not appropriate as the assets will not be reducing in value. As such the non-depreciation of fixed assets is departure from the standard for the overriding purpose of giving a true and fair view, from the requirement of paragraph 22 of Schedule 1 to the Regulations.

3. Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, as modified by the revaluation of investment properties measured at fair value through profit or loss.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the entity.

Going concern

The directors assessed that the group will have adequate resources available to finance its trading and other obligations during the course of twelve months from the approval date of these financial statements. They have therefore been prepared on a going concern basis.

Exemption from audit of subsidiary

The following subsidiaries are exempt from the requirement of an audit of their accounts under Section 479A of the Companies Act 2006:

Braddicks Holiday Centre (Westward Ho!) Limited - Company number 432908 The Purple Penny (Ilfracombe) Limited - Company number 920006

The registered office of the subsidiaries is 12 Chingswell Street, Bideford, Devon EX38 2NF.

Consolidation

The group financial statements consolidate the accounts of Braddicks Leisure Limited and its subsidiary undertakings made up to 31 December each year.

Turnover and profits arising on trading between group companies are excluded.

A separate income statement for the company itself is not required following the exemptions afforded by Section 408 of the Companies Act 2006.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

Judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

The preparation of the financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported. These estimates and judgements are continually reviewed and are based on experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

Accounting estimates and assumptions are made concerning the future and, by their nature will rarely equal the related actual outcome. The key assumption and other sources of estimation uncertainty that have significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amount of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are as follows:

Valuation of buildings. As described in note 14 to the financial statements, buildings are stated at fair value based on the valuation performed by an independent valuer Stuart Smith FRICS with recent experience in the location and category of property valued. The valuer used observable market process adjusted as necessary for any differences in the future, location or condition of the specific asset.

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods supplied and services rendered, net of discounts and Value Added Tax.

Exceptional items

Exceptional items are disclosed separately in the financial statements in order to provide further understanding of the financial performance of the entity. They are material items of income or expense that have been shown separately because of their nature or amount.

Taxation

The taxation expense represents the aggregate amount of current and deferred tax recognised in the reporting period. Tax is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in capital and reserves. In this case, tax is recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in capital and reserves, respectively.

Current tax is recognised on taxable profit for the current and past periods. Current tax is measured at the amounts of tax expected to pay or recover using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences at the reporting date. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are initially recorded at cost, and are subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, apart from land and buildings.

Land and buildings are carried at revalued amounts are recorded at the fair value at the date of revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

An increase in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of a revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in capital and reserves, except to the extent it reverses a revaluation decrease of the same asset previously recognised in profit or loss. A decrease in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of revaluation is recognised in other comprehensive income to the extent of any previously recognised revaluation increase accumulated in capital and reserves in respect of that asset. Where a revaluation decrease exceeds the accumulated revaluation gains accumulated in capital and reserves in respect of that asset, the excess shall be recognised in profit or loss.

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost or valuation of an asset, less its residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Land and buildings

 Depreciation is not provided on the buildings as it is considered immaterial due to the long economical life of the buildings and it is considered immaterial due to the fact that the residual value is expected to exceed net book value.

Plant and machinery Fittings fixtures and equipment

- 25% straight line

Motor vehicles

- 25% per annum of net book value

10% per annum of net book value

If there is an indication that there has been a significant change in depreciation rate, useful life or residual value of tangible assets, the depreciation is revised prospectively to reflect the new estimates.

Investment property

Investment property is measured initially at cost, which includes purchase price and any directly attributable expenditure. Investment property is revalued to its fair value at each reporting date and any changes in fair value are recognised in profit or loss.

Fixed asset investments

Fixed asset investments are stated at cost less provision for permanent diminution in value.

Impairment

A review for indicators of impairment is carried out at each reporting date, with the recoverable amount being estimated where such indicators exist. Where the carrying value exceeds the recoverable amount, the asset is impaired accordingly. Prior impairments are also reviewed for possible reversal at each reporting date.

Stocks

Stocks are measured at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost includes all costs of purchase, costs of conversion and other costs incurred in bringing the stocks to their present location and condition.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash at bank and in hand, demand deposits with banks and other short-term highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less and bank overdrafts. In the statement of financial position, bank overdrafts are shown within borrowing or current liabilities.

Hire purchase and finance leases

Assets held under finance leases are recognised in the statement of financial position as assets and liabilities at the lower of the fair value of the assets and the present value of the minimum lease payments, which is determined at the inception of the lease term. Any initial direct costs of the lease are added to the amount recognised as an asset.

Lease payments are apportioned between the finance charges and reduction of the outstanding lease liability using the effective interest method. Finance charges are allocated to each period so as to produce a constant rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability.

Government grants -

Government grants are recognised at the fair value of the asset received or receivable. Grants are not recognised until there is reasonable assurance that the company will comply with the conditions attaching to them and the grants will be received.

Government grants are recognised using the accrual model and the performance model.

Under the accrual model, government grants relating to revenue are recognised on a systematic basis over the periods in which the company recognises the related costs for which the grant is intended to compensate. Grants that are receivable as compensation for expenses or losses already incurred or for the purpose of giving immediate financial support to the entity with no future related costs are recognised in income in the period in which it becomes receivable.

Grants relating to assets are recognised in income on a systematic basis over the expected useful life of the asset. Where part of a grant relating to an asset is deferred, it is recognised as deferred income and not deducted from the carrying amount of the asset.

Under the performance model, where the grant does not impose specified future performance-related conditions on the recipient, it is recognised in income when the grant proceeds are received or receivable. Where the grant does impose specified future performance-related conditions on the recipient, it is recognised in income only when the performance-related conditions have been met. Where grants received are prior to satisfying the revenue recognition criteria, they are recognised as a liability.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the entity has an obligation at the reporting date as a result of a past event; it is probable that the entity will be required to transfer economic benefits in settlement and the amount of the obligation can be estimated reliably. Provisions are recognised as a liability in the statement of financial position and the amount of the provision as an expense.

Provisions are initially measured at the best estimate of the amount required to settle the obligation at the reporting date and subsequently reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate of the amount that would be required to settle the obligation. Any adjustments to the amounts previously recognised are recognised in profit or loss unless the provision was originally recognised as part of the cost of an asset. When a provision is measured at the present value of the amount expected to be required to settle the obligation, the unwinding of the discount is recognised in finance costs in profit or loss in the period it arises.

Financial instruments

A financial asset or a financial liability is recognised only when the company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Basic financial instruments are initially recognised at the transaction price, unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where it is recognised at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument.

Defined contribution plans

Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as an expense in the period in which the related service is provided. Prepaid contributions are recognised as an asset to the extent that the prepayment will lead to a reduction in future payments or a cash refund.

When contributions are not expected to be settled wholly within 12 months of the end of the reporting date in which the employees render the related service, the liability is measured on a discounted present value basis. The unwinding of the discount is recognised in finance costs in profit or loss in the period in which it arises.

Related parties

For the purpose of these financial statements, a party is considered to be related to the Group if the party has the ability, directly or indirectly, through one or more intermediaries, to control the Group or exercise significant influence over the company in making financial and operating policy decisions, or has joint control over the Group: the Group and the party are subject to common control; the party is an associate of the Group or a joint venture in which the Group is a venturer, the party is a member of key management personnel of the Group, or a close family member of such individuals; or the party is a post-employment benefit plan which is for the benefit of the employees of the Group or of any entity that is a related party of the Group.

Close family members of an individual are those family members who may be expected to influence, or be influenced by, that individual in their dealings with the entity.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

4.	Turnover				•
:	Turnover arises from:			•	
				2022	2021
		•		£	£
	Amusement Takings		• .	371,863	251,741
	Pubs & Restaurant Takings		•	5,153,505	3,865,093
	Holiday Accomodation Takings	•		1,589,815	1,649,246
	Property Rentals			189,616	178,972
		·		7 204 700	5,945,052
				7,304,799 ======	5,945,052
		,		•	•
•	The whole of the turnover is attributable to the prin	ncipal activiti	ies of the c	ompany wholly ur	idertaken in
	the United Kingdom.				
	Other energing income				
5.	Other operating income			2022	2021
				2022 . £	/ £
	Rental income			8,500	9,000
				18,667	
	Government grant income			53,841	408,704 33,211
	Other operating income			- 55,641	33,211
				81,008	450,915
			•	 .	
			•		
6.	Operating profit				
U .	operating profit				
	Operating profit is stated after charging/(crediting):				
•	oporating promite states after ordering/(crostling).		•	2022	2021
				3	5
	Depreciation of tangible assets			192,258	193,282
	Impairment of tangible assets recognised in:		•		
	Administrative costs			(85,000)	51,000
	(Gain)/loss on disposal of tangible assets			(55,555)	(5,657)
•	Fair value adjustments to investment property			(30,300)	(137,000)
	Impairment of trade debtors		•	1,681	
	Fees payable for the audit of the financial statemen	ıts		8,030	8,030
	Defined contribution plans expense		•	224,111	128,758
					. 20,7 00

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

	·		<u> </u>	•			
7. .	Employee numbers						
	The average number of persons amounted to:	employed	by the cor	npany durin	g the year	, including	the directors,
			•			0000	
	Directors					2022	
	Directors Administration		•		*	. 4	5 4
	Other		•			134	•
	Other		•		•		· —
						142	132
	The aggregate payroll costs incuri	red durina t	he vear wei	re:	•	•	
		,		•	•	2022	2021
			•			£	. £
	Wages and salaries				ė	2,228,700	1,806,005
	Social security costs			•	٠,	158,107	124,557
	Other pension costs	•		• • •		224,111	•
					•	0.010.010	
•		•			,	2,610,918	2,059,320
_							-
8.	Directors remuneration			•			7
•	The discrete an exercise service as						
	The directors aggregate remunera	ation in resp	ect of quali	irying service	s was:	2022	
				-	•	. £	2021 £
	Remuneration	•				189,407	180,037
	Company contributions to pension	sobomos i	n rocpost of	f avalifyina e	orvioos	194,000	102,000
	Company contributions to pension	Scrienies II	ii iespeci o	i qualilyilig s	ei vices		
						383,407	282,037
							
9.	Exceptional items		, ,				
•						2022	2021
						3	£
•	Exceptional administration costs					(85,000)	_
					٠,	====	. ====
	Included in administration costs a of £85,000 (2021: exceptional imp						e fixed assets
10.	Other interest receivable and si	milar inac-	no				
10.	Other interest receivable and si	iiiiai iiicon	ii c			2022	2021
		•		. •		2022 £	and the second second
	Bank denosits					*	
	Bank deposits	•				7,757	-

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

11. Interest payable and similar expenses

	2022	2021
	£	£
Bank loans and overdrafts	1,950	1,984
Other loans made to the company:	•	
Finance leases and hire purchase contracts	3,215	6,805
Other interest payable and similar expenses	98,101	69,678
	103,266	78,467

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

12. Tax on profit

Major components of tax expense		
	2022	2021
	£	£
Current tax:		
UK current tax expense	170,103	286,486
		<u> </u>
Deferred tax:		
Origination and reversal of timing differences	4,889	104,486
Tax on profit	174,992	390,972
	====	

Tax recognised as other comprehensive income or equity

The aggregate current and deferred tax relating to items recognised as other comprehensive income or equity for the year was £ 146,500 (2021: £ 824,990).

Reconciliation of tax expense

The tax assessed on the profit for the year is lower than (2021: higher than) the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19.00% (2021: 19.00%).

·			2022	2021
			£	£
Profit before taxation			1,011,363	1,564,712
		•		
Profit multiplied by rate of tax			192,159	297,295
Effect of expenses not deductible for tax p	ourposes		(28,088)	(21,646)
Deferred tax changes in tax rates			(1,905)	83,187
Effect of revaluation of tangible assets		• .	12,826	32,136
Tax on profit			174,992	390,972
	•			

Factors affecting future tax expense

In the March 2021 Budget and confirmed in the March 2023 Budget the Chancellor announced an increase in the rate of corporation tax to 25% from 1 April 2023.

13. Profit for year attributable to shareholders

As permitted by Section 408 of the Companies Act 2006 the Profit and Loss Account of Braddicks Leisure Limited has not been presented with the financial statements. The results after taxation of the parent undertaking showed a profit of £384,357 (2021: £313,382).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

Tangible assets						
Group	Freehold	Short	Plant and	Fixtures,	Motor	Total
	property	leasehold	machinery	fittings and	vehicles	
	_	property	,	equipment	_	
÷	£	. £	£	£	£	Σ.
Cost or valuation		•		•		
At 1 January 2022	17,452,241	522,115	3,704,153	214,962	55,710	21,949,181
Additions	443,700	· -	83,279	25,153	39,758	591,890
Revaluation	566,300	3,000	-		· · · · -	569,300
At 31 December 2022	18,462,241	525,115	3,787,432	240,115	95,468	23,110,371
Depreciation				• , =====		
At 1 January 2022	670,543	356,115	2,290,427	181,440	42,409	3,540,934
Charge for the year	- -	-	149,780	29,212	13,266	192,258
Impairment losses	35,000	24,000			-	59,000
Reversal of past	, .			•		•
impairment losses	(106,000)		-	· ·	-	(106,000)
At 31 December 2022	599,543	380,115	2,440,207	210,652	55,675	3,686,192
_	· <u> </u>					
Carrying amount				4		
At 31 December 2022	17,862,698	145,000	1,347,225	29,463	39,793	19,424,179
At 31 December 2021	.16,781,698	166,000	1,413,726	33,522	13,301	18,408,247

A desk top appraisal and formal valuation of Freehold Land & Buildings was carried out by Stuart EM Smith FRICS from Underwood Wright Chartered Surveyors as at 31st December 2022.

Investment property

Included within the above is investment property as follows:

	£
At 1 January 2022	1,933,000
Additions	443,700
Fair value adjustments	30,300
At 31 December 2022	2,407,000
	•

The fair value adjustments included above are as follows:

Fair value adjustment bought forward as at 1 January 2021						.:	(208,931)
Fair value	adjustment year	ended 31 De	ecember 2	021			30,300
	,						
							(178,631)
					•		•

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

Tangible assets held at valuation

In respect of tangible assets held at valuation, the aggregate cost, depreciation and comparable carrying amount that would have been recognised if the assets had been carried under the historical cost model are as follows:

	Freehold property	Total
	£	£
At 31 December 2022		
Aggregate cost	9,343,473	9,343,473
Aggregate depreciation	(570,194)	(570,194)
Carrying amount	8,773,279	8,773,279
	=	
At 31 December 2021		
Aggregate cost	8,899,773	8,899,773
Aggregate depreciation	(570,194)	(570,194)
Carrying amount	8,329,579	8,329,579
	· ==== ·	

Obligations under finance leases

Included within the carrying value of tangible assets are the following amounts relating to assets held under finance leases or hire purchase agreements:

		Plant and machinery
		3
At 31 December 2022		226,630
At 31 December 2021		<u>======</u> 251,870

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

		•				
Tangible assets	•	,				
Holding company	Freehold	Short	Plant and	Fixtures,	Motor	Total
	property	leasehold	machinery	fittings and	vehicles	
	•	property.	• •	equipment		
	£	£	£	£	£	£
Cost or valuation		•				
At 1 January 2022	4,954,406	522,115	562,873	214,962	53,209	6,307,565
· Additions	443,700	-	44,287	25,153	-	513,140
Revaluation	345,300	3,000	•	•	-	348,300
At 31 December 2022	5,743,406	525,115	607,160	240,115	53,209	7,169,005
Depreciation	-		:	<u> </u>		
At 1 January 2022	670,543	356,115	345,056	181,440	40,242	1,593,396
Charge for the year	-		26,289	29,212	3,242	58,743
Impairment losses	35,000	24,000	-	-	- :	59,000
Reversal of past						•
impairment losses	(106,000)			-	-	(106,000)
At 31 December 2022	599,543	380,115	371,345	210,652	43,484	1,605,139
0	•		· 			· =====
Carrying amount						5 500 000
At 31 December 2022	5,143,863	145,000	235,815	29,463	9,725	5,563,866
At 31 December 2021	4,283,863	166,000	217,817	33,522	12,967	4,714,169
•	. ====					

A desk top appraisal and formal valuation of Freehold Land & Buildings was carried out by Stuart EM Smith FRICS from Underwood Wright Chartered Surveyors as at 31st December 2022.

Investment property

Included within the above is investment property as follows:

	£
At 1 January 2022	1,933,000
Additions	443,700
Fair value adjustments	30,300
At 31 December 2022	2,407,000
The fair value adjustments included above are as follows:	
Fair value adjustment bought forward as at 1 January 2022	(208,931)
Fair value adjustment year ended 31 December 2022	30,300
	(178,631)
\cdot	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

Tangible assets held at valuation

In respect of tangible assets held at valuation, the aggregate cost, depreciation and comparable carrying amount that would have been recognised if the assets had been carried under the historical cost model are as follows:

		Freehold property	Total
		£	£
At 31 December 2022 Aggregate cost Aggregate depreciation		3,705,028 (570,194)	3,705,028 (570,194)
Carrying amount		3,134,834	3,134,834
At 31 December 2021 Aggregate cost Aggregate depreciation	·	3,261,328 (570,194)	3,261,328 (570,194)
Carrying amount		2,691,134	2,691,134

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

	Fixed asset investments							
	Holding company	*.			٠	•		Shares in
			• . • .				un	group dertakings
		•		. •	•		UIN	
				• •	•			•
		•						
	Cost							£
	At 1 January 2022 and 31 Dece	mber 2022) .					10,905
	•		,					===
	Impairment At 1 January 2022 and 31 Dece	mbor 2022						
		ilibel 2022						
	Carrying amount		•			•		
,	At 31 December 2022	,	•					10,905
	At 31 December 2021							10,905
			•					
. (The details of the subsidiary unde Company: Braddicks Holiday Cer Nature of business: Holiday acco	ntre (Westw mmodation	vard Ho!)	Limited			nts are as t	follows:
(-	Company: Braddicks Holiday Cer	ntre (Westw mmodation	vard Ho!) n, Public H	Limited			nts are as t	follows:
) - - - - -	Company: Braddicks Holiday Cer Nature of business: Holiday acco Country of incorporation: England Type of shares held: Ordinary £1 Proportion held: 100% of nominal Company: The Purple Penny (Ilfr. Nature of business: Gambling and Country of incorporation: England Type of shares held: Ordinary £1	ntre (Westw mmodation d I and voting acombe) L d betting ac	vard Ho!) n, Public H g rights imited ctivities	Limited			nts are as t	follows:
) - - - - -	Company: Braddicks Holiday Cer Nature of business: Holiday acco Country of incorporation: England Type of shares held: Ordinary £1 Proportion held: 100% of nominal Company: The Purple Penny (Ilfr. Nature of business: Gambling and Country of incorporation: England	ntre (Westw mmodation d I and voting acombe) L d betting ac	vard Ho!) n, Public H g rights imited ctivities	Limited			nts are as t	follows:
	Company: Braddicks Holiday Cer Nature of business: Holiday acco Country of incorporation: England Type of shares held: Ordinary £1 Proportion held: 100% of nominal Company: The Purple Penny (Ilfr. Nature of business: Gambling and Country of incorporation: England Type of shares held: Ordinary £1 Proportion held: 100% of nomina	ntre (Westw mmodation d I and voting acombe) L d betting ac	vard Ho!) n, Public H g rights imited ctivities	Limited			nts are as t	follows:
	Company: Braddicks Holiday Cer Nature of business: Holiday acco Country of incorporation: England Type of shares held: Ordinary £1 Proportion held: 100% of nominal Company: The Purple Penny (Ilfr. Nature of business: Gambling and Country of incorporation: England Type of shares held: Ordinary £1	ntre (Westw mmodation d I and voting acombe) L d betting ac	vard Ho!) n, Public H g rights imited ctivities	Limited				
	Company: Braddicks Holiday Cer Nature of business: Holiday acco Country of incorporation: England Type of shares held: Ordinary £1 Proportion held: 100% of nominal Company: The Purple Penny (Ilfr. Nature of business: Gambling and Country of incorporation: England Type of shares held: Ordinary £1 Proportion held: 100% of nomina	ntre (Westw mmodation d I and voting acombe) L d betting ac	vard Ho!) n, Public H g rights imited ctivities	Limited			202	
1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	Company: Braddicks Holiday Cer Nature of business: Holiday acco Country of incorporation: England Type of shares held: Ordinary £1 Proportion held: 100% of nominal Company: The Purple Penny (Ilfr. Nature of business: Gambling and Country of incorporation: England Type of shares held: Ordinary £1 Proportion held: 100% of nomina Stocks	ntre (Westw mmodation d I and voting acombe) L d betting ac	vard Ho!) n, Public H g rights imited ctivities	Limited			202	2 20
1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	Company: Braddicks Holiday Cer Nature of business: Holiday acco Country of incorporation: England Type of shares held: Ordinary £1 Proportion held: 100% of nominal Company: The Purple Penny (Ilfr. Nature of business: Gambling and Country of incorporation: England Type of shares held: Ordinary £1 Proportion held: 100% of nomina	ntre (Westw mmodation d I and voting acombe) L d betting ac	vard Ho!) n, Public H g rights imited ctivities	Limited			202	2 20
1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	Company: Braddicks Holiday Cer Nature of business: Holiday acco. Country of incorporation: England Type of shares held: Ordinary £1 Proportion held: 100% of nominal Company: The Purple Penny (Ilfr. Nature of business: Gambling and Country of incorporation: England Type of shares held: Ordinary £1 Proportion held: 100% of nominal Stocks Group Finished goods	ntre (Westw mmodation d I and voting acombe) L d betting ac	vard Ho!) n, Public H g rights imited ctivities	Limited			202	2 20
	Company: Braddicks Holiday Cer Nature of business: Holiday acco Country of incorporation: England Type of shares held: Ordinary £1 Proportion held: 100% of nominal Company: The Purple Penny (Ilfr. Nature of business: Gambling and Country of incorporation: England Type of shares held: Ordinary £1 Proportion held: 100% of nomina Stocks	ntre (Westw mmodation d I and voting acombe) L d betting ac	vard Ho!) n, Public H g rights imited ctivities	Limited			202	2 20 £ 1 45,3

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

17.	Debtors		•			
					2022	2021
	Group		•		£	£
•	Trade debtors	• .			13,981	5,542
	Prepayments and accrued income				84,423	67,667
*:	Other debtors				658	756
٠٠.		•			99,062	73,965
					99,002	
٠.		•		•		
	Holding company	•			•	
	Trade debtors				13,761	1,412
	Prepayments and accrued income			• •	34,169	31,966
	Other debtors		•		106	106
					48,036	33,484
	•		•		=====	====
_		•				
18.	Cash and cash equivalents	• /				
			•	•		
	Group				2022	2021
					3	£
	Cash at bank and in hand				1,620,431	1,326,380
	Bank overdrafts		•		(2,176)	_ <u></u>
					1,618,255	1,326,380
•			•	:		
			.:		٠,	• .
	Holding company				: _i_ :	
	Cash at bank and in hand			•	393,447	340,444
					393,447	340,444
			•	·		=====

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

re: amounte falling due within one year

IJ.	Creditors, amounts raining due within one year						
•				2022	2021		
	Group		•	3	£		
	Bank loans and overdrafts			267,561	288,457		
	St Austell Brewery Loan	•		53,791	21,687		
	Trade creditors	·		718,192	696,411		
	Accruals and deferred income	•		149,927	100,508		
	Social security and other taxes	,	•	339,571	391,867		

487,999 274,190 20,283 14,967 2,072,756 1,825,853

37,766

35,432

The bank borrowings are secured by the following:

Various freehold properties owned by the group.

Obligations under finance leases

Director loan accounts

Other creditors

A cross guarantee and debenture between Braddicks Holiday Centre (Westward Ho!) Ltd and Braddicks Leisure Ltd.

The St Austell Brewery loans are secured by a Deed of Personal Guarantee from Mr R L H Braddick.

Holding compan	ıy
----------------	----

St Austell Brewery Loan			13,738	13,738
Trade creditors			. 143,568	104,871
Accruals and deferred income			63,160	86,654
Social security and other taxes	•	• .	79,943	58,877
Director Ioan accounts			487,046	268,700
Other creditors		•	252,937	301,285
	•	• . •	1,040,392	834,125

The bank borrowings are secured against various freehold properties owned by the group.

The St Austell Brewery loans are secured by a Deed of Personal Guarantee from Mr R L H Braddick.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

20.	Creditors: amounts falling due after more th	an one year		•	
		•		2022	2021
	Group		•	£	£
	Bank loans and overdrafts			2,562,412	2,890,933
	Obligations under finance leases			59,807	95,232
	Other loans including St Austell Brewery loan			. 147,534	15,897

2,769,753 3,002,062

The hire purchase liability is secured against the asset to which it relates.

The bank loan, brewery free trade loans and hire purchase liabilities are secured.

Included within creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year is an amount of £1,632,089 (2021: £1,799,523) in respect of liabilities payable or repayable by instalments which fall due for payment after more than five years from the reporting date.

Creditors repayable in more than 1 year relate to bank loans which are repayable in monthly instalments over 13 years from January 2019.

Holding company

St Austell Brewery loans	•		 	·	67,430	24,106
				. =	67,430	24,106

The St Austell Brewery loans are secured by a Deed of Personal Guarantee from Mr R L H Braddick.

21. Obligations under finance leases

Company lessee

The total future minimum lease payments under finance lease agreements are as follows:

		2022	2021
		: £	£
Not later than 1 year		(35,432)	(37,765)
Later than 1 year and not later than 5 years		(59,807)	(95,232)
		 (95,239)	(132,997)
Present value of minimum lease payments	,	(95,239)	(132,997)
•			

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

22.	Deferred tax	• • •	
	The deferred tax included in the statement of financial position is as follows:	ì	
		2022	2021
	Group	3.053.050	£
	Included in provisions	2,053,258	1,901,869
•	The deferred tax account consists of the tax effect of timing differences in respe	act of:	
	The deferred tax account consists of the tax effect of timing differences in respe	2022	2021
٠.		£	£
	Accelerated capital allowances	338,676	346,709
	Revaluation of tangible assets	1,714,582	1,555,160
		2,053,258	1,901,869
· .			. = ====
	Holding company		
: .			15004
	Included in provisions	268,084 =========	156,241
	Accelerated capital allowances Revaluation of tangible assets	49,815 218,269	42,047 114,194
	Trevaluation of tangible assets	. —	
		268,084	156,241
00	Frantsus haratika		
23.	Employee benefits	•	
	The amount recognised in profit or loss in relation to defined contribution pla £128,758).	ıns was £224	,111 (2021:
24.	Government grants		
24.	Government grants	•	
	The amounts recognised in the financial statements for government grants are	as follows:	
		2022	2021
	Group	3	£
	Recognised in other operating income: Government grants recognised directly in income	18,667	408,704
	Coronina in granta recognised directly in income	====	====
•	Holding company		
	Recognised in other operating income:	•	. •
	Government grants recognised directly in income	6,667	318,276

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

25. Called up share capital Issued, called up and fully paid

 2022
 2021

 No
 £
 No
 £

 1,400,005
 1,400,005
 1,400,005
 1,400,005

Ordinary shares shares of £ 1.00 each

26. Reserves

Share premium account:

This reserve records the amount above the nominal value received for shares purchased, less transaction costs.

Revaluation reserve:

This records the value of asset revaluations and fair value movements on assets recognised in other comprehensive income.

Profit and loss account:

This reserve records retained earnings and accumulated losses. Included within this reserve are non distributable reserves relating to the revaluation of investment properties totalling £326,069 (2021: £257,769).

27. Operating leases

The group and holding company as lessee

The total future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases are as follows:

	2022 £	2021 £
Not later than 1 year ,	17,575	17,575
Later than 1 year and not later than 5 years	46,000	43,000
Later than 5 years	37,842	47,542
	101,417	108,117

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

28. Directors advances, credits and guarantees

During the year the directors entered into the following advances and credits with the company:

	Loans to / (from) directors at 1 January 2022 £	Loans to / (from) the directors	Amounts repaid	Balance at 31 December 2022 £
Directors	(274,190)	(488,553)	274,744	(487,999)
	Loans to / (from) directors at 1 January 2021	Loans to / (from) the directors	Amounts repaid	Balance at 31 December 2021
Directors	£ (544,555)	£ (87,347)	£ 357,712 ———	£ (274,190) =====

29. Related party transactions

There are the following related party transactions:

During the year the company had the use of several properties owned by two of the directors, during 2022 rent of £16,900 (2021: £16,900) was paid.

Details of the personal guarantees provided by the directors to secure bank borrowings are disclosed in note 18.

During the year the company purchased two freehold properties from one of the directors. The transactions were carried out at open market value and totalled £440,000.

Braddicks Holiday Centre (Westward Ho!) Ltd and Braddicks Leisure Ltd have provided cross guarantees for each other as part of the security of their bank loans.

30. Controlling party

The group and company are controlled throughout the year by its director Mr R L H Braddick.

31. Going concern

The company has net current liabilities as at 31 December 2022. This is mainly due to the amount that the company owes to its directors. The company has the full support of the directors and the bank, it is therefore considered appropriate that the financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis.