| Company Registration No. 00892254 (England and Wales) | |
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| PUDSEY PLANT HIRE LIMITED UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017 PAGES FOR FILING WITH REGISTRAR | |
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COMPANY INFORMATION

Directors P A Vipond

Mrs J Vipond

Company number 00892254

Registered office Lumby Lane

Littlemoor Road Pudsey LS28 9JF

Accountants Hentons

118 North Street

Leeds West Yorkshire LS2 7PN

Business address Lumby Lane

Littlemoor Road

Pudsey LS28 9JF

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BALANCE SHEET

AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2017

| | | 2017 | | 2016 | |
|---|-------|-----------|----------|-----------|---------|
| | Notes | £ | £ | £ | £ |
| Fixed assets | | | | | |
| Tangible assets | 3 | | 429,260 | | 413,136 |
| Investments | 4 | | 2 | | 2 |
| | | | 429,262 | | 413,138 |
| Current assets | | | | | |
| Stocks | | 2,650 | | 2,700 | |
| Debtors | 5 | 331,868 | | 230,804 | |
| Cash at bank and in hand | | 100,844 | | 147,808 | |
| | | 435,362 | | 381,312 | |
| Creditors: amounts falling due within one year | 6 | (352,051) | | (352,904) | |
| Net current assets | | | 83,311 | | 28,408 |
| Total assets less current liabilities | | | 512,573 | | 441,546 |
| Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year | 7 | | (44,849) | | (81,527 |
| Provisions for liabilities | | | (81,187) | | (82,627 |
| Net assets | | | 386,537 | | 277,392 |
| Capital and reserves | | | | | |
| Called up share capital | 8 | | 2 | | 2 |
| Capital redemption reserve | • | | 1,198 | | 1,198 |
| Profit and loss reserves | | | 385,337 | | 276,192 |
| Total equity | | | 386,537 | | 277,392 |
| · · · · | | | | | |

BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED)

AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2017

The directors of the company have elected not to include a copy of the profit and loss account within the financial statements.

For the financial year ended 31 December 2017 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

The financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 21 July 2018 and are signed on its behalf by:

P A Vipond

Director

Company Registration No. 00892254

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

1 Accounting policies

Company information

Pudsey Plant Hire Limited is a private company limited by shares incorporated in England and Wales. The registered office is Lumby Lane, Littlemoor Road, Pudsey, LS28 9JF.

1.1 Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The disclosure requirements of section 1A of FRS 102 have been applied other than where additional disclosure is required to show a true and fair view.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary a mounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest \pounds .

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

1.2 Turnover

Turnover is recognised at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods and services provided in the normal course of business, and is shown net of VAT and other sales related taxes. The fair value of consideration takes into account trade discounts, settlement discounts and volume rebates.

1.3 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost or valuation, net of depreciation and any impairment losses.

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost or valuation of assets less their residual values over their useful lives on the following bases:

Plant and machinery

15% and 25% reducing balance

The gain or loss arising on the disposal of an asset is determined as the difference between the sale proceeds and the carrying value of the asset, and is credited or charged to profit or loss.

1.4 Fixed asset investments

Interests in subsidiaries, associates and jointly controlled entities are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost less any accumulated impairment losses. The investments are assessed for impairment at each reporting date and any impairment losses or reversals of impairment losses are recognised immediately in profit or loss.

A subsidiary is an entity controlled by the company. Control is the power to govern the financial and operating policies of the entity so as to obtain benefits from its activities.

1.5 Impairment of fixed assets

At each reporting end date, the company reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible and intangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss.

1.6 Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost comprises direct materials and, where applicable, direct labour costs and those overheads that have been incurred in bringing the stocks to their present location and condition.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

1.7 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash at bank and in hand are basic financial assets and include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities.

1.8 Financial instruments

The company has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments.

Financial instruments are recognised in the company's statement of financial position when the company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Basic financial assets

Basic financial assets, which include debtors and cash and bank balances, are measured at transaction price including transaction costs.

Other financial assets

Other financial assets, including investments in equity instruments which are not subsidiaries, associates or joint ventures, are initially measured at fair value, which is normally the transaction price. Such assets are subsequently carried at fair value and the changes in fair value are recognised in profit or loss.

Impairment of financial assets

Financial assets, other than those held at fair value through profit and loss, are assessed for indicators of impairment at each reporting end date.

Derecognition of financial assets

Financial assets are derecognised only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire or are settled, or when the company transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to another entity, or if some significant risks and rewards of ownership are retained but control of the asset has transferred to another party that is able to sell the asset in its entirety to an unrelated third party.

Classification of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

Basic financial liabilities, including trade and other payables, bank loans, loans from fellow group companies and preference shares that are classified as debt, are recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest.

Derecognition of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are derecognised when the company's contractual obligations expire or are discharged or cancelled.

1.9 Equity instruments

Equity instruments issued by the company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs. Dividends payable on equity instruments are recognised as liabilities once they are no longer at the discretion of the company.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

1.10 Taxation

The tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

Current tay

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from net profit as reported in the profit and loss account because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting end date.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all timing differences and deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

1.11 Employee benefits

The costs of short-term employee benefits are recognised as a liability and an expense, unless those costs are required to be recognised as part of the cost of stock or fixed assets.

The cost of any unused holiday entitlement is recognised in the period in which the employee's services are received.

1.12 Retirement benefits

Payments to defined contribution retirement benefit schemes are charged as an expense as they fall due.

1.13 Leases

Leases are classified as finance leases whenever the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the lessees. All other leases are classified as operating leases.

Assets held under finance leases are recognised as assets at the lower of the assets fair value at the date of inception and the present value of the minimum lease payments. The related liability is included in the balance sheet as a finance lease obligation. Lease payments are treated as consisting of capital and interest elements. The interest is charged to the profit and loss account so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability.

Rentals payable under operating leases, including any lease incentives received, are charged to income on a straight line basis over the term of the relevant lease except where another more systematic basis is more representative of the time pattern in which economic benefits from the lease asset are consumed.

2 Employees

The average monthly number of persons (including directors) employed by the company during the year was 20 (2016 - 21).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

| 3 | Tangible fixed assets | Plant and ma | chinery etc |
|---|--------------------------------------|--------------|-------------|
| | | | £ |
| | Cost | | |
| | At 1 January 2017 | | 728,528 |
| | Additions | | 108,798 |
| | Disposals | | (37,000) |
| | At 31 December 2017 | | 800,326 |
| | Depreciation and impairment | | |
| | At 1 January 2017 | | 315,392 |
| | Depreciation charged in the year | | 70,678 |
| | Eliminated in respect of disposals | | (15,004) |
| | | | |
| | At 31 December 2017 | | 371,066 |
| | Carrying amount | | |
| | At 31 December 2017 | | 429,260 |
| | At 31 December 2016 | | 442.426 |
| | At 31 December 2016 | | 413,136 |
| | Flood cook investments | | |
| 4 | Fixed asset investments | 2017 | 2016 |
| | | £ | £ |
| | | - | _ |
| | Investments | 2 | 2 |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| 5 | Debtors | | |
| | | 2017 | 2016 |
| | Amounts falling due within one year: | £ | £ |
| | Trade debtors | 206,800 | 155,477 |
| | Corporation tax recoverable | 29,602 | 17,209 |
| | Other debtors | 95,466 | 58,118 |
| | | 004.000 | 200.004 |
| | | 331,868 | 230,804 |
| | | | |

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

| 6 | Creditors: amounts falling due within one year | | |
|---|---|---------|---------|
| | · · | 2017 | 2016 |
| | | £ | £ |
| | Trade creditors | 118,025 | 95,816 |
| | Corporation tax | 66,727 | 49,202 |
| | Other taxation and social security | 42,696 | 46,694 |
| | Other creditors | 124,603 | 161,192 |
| | | 352,051 | 352,904 |
| | | | |
| 7 | Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year | | |
| | | 2017 | 2016 |
| | | £ | £ |
| | Other creditors | 44,849 | 81,527 |
| | | | |
| 8 | Called up share capital | | |
| | | 2017 | 2016 |
| | | £ | £ |
| | Ordinary share capital | | |
| | Issued and fully paid | | |
| | 2 Ordinary shares of £1 each | 2 | 2 |
| | | 2 | 2 |
| | | | |

9 Operating lease commitments

Lessee

At the reporting end date the company had outstanding commitments for future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases, as follows:

| 2017 | 2016 |
|--------|--------|
| £ | £ |
| 29,040 | 28,455 |

10 Directors' transactions

Included within other debtors is an amount of £91,083 (2016 - £52,950) due to the company from the directors. Interest has been charged on the loan at HMRC official rate.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.