Registered number: 890705

### PANTHER (DOVER) LIMITED

### **DIRECTORS' REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

for the year ended 31 December 2013





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### **COMPANY INFORMATION**

**DIRECTORS** 

A . S. Perloff S. J. Peters J. T. Doyle J. H. Perloff

**COMPANY SECRETARY** 

S. J. Peters

REGISTERED NUMBER

890705

**REGISTERED OFFICE** 

Deneway House 88-94 Darkes Lane Potters Bar Hertfordshire EN6 1AQ

**INDEPENDENT AUDITORS** 

Nexia Smith & Williamson

Chartered Accountants & Statutory Auditors

25 Moorgate London EC2R 6AY

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## STRATEGIC REPORT for the year ended 31 December 2013

### **BUSINESS REVIEW AND FUTURE DEVELOPMENTS**

The directors are pleased with the results for the year and expect the financial position of the company to be maintained during the coming year.

### PRINCIPAL RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

The company is a member of the Panther Securities PLC group. The principal activity of the individual companies within the group is property investment and dealing. The financial risk management procedures set out below are employed by all companies within the Panther Securities PLC group. The group's operations expose it to a variety of financial risks the main two being the effects of changes in credit risk of tenants and interest rate movement exposure on borrowings. The group has in place a risk management programme that seeks to limit the adverse effects of these risks on the financial performance of the group by monitoring levels of debt finance and the related finance costs. The group also uses derivative financial instruments to protect against adverse interest rate movements, no hedge accounting is applied.

Given the size of the group, the directors have not delegated the responsibility of monitoring financial risk management to a sub-committee of the board. The policies set by the board of directors are implemented by the group's finance department.

#### Price risk

The group is exposed to price risk due to normal inflationary increases in the purchase price of the goods and services purchased in the ÜK. The group also has a price exposure on listed equities that are held as investments. The group has a policy of holding only a small proportion of its assets as listed investments.

### Credit risk

The group has implemented policies that require appropriate credit checks on potential tenants before lettings are agreed. In most cases a deposit is requested unless the tenant can provide a strong personal or other guarantee. The amount of exposure to any individual counterparty is subject to a limit, which is reassessed annually by the board. Exposure is also reduced significantly as the group has a large spread of tenants who operate in different industries.

### Liquidity risk

The group actively ensures liquidity by maintaining a long-term finance facility and also holds significant cash deposits which are both utilised so as to ensure the group has sufficient available funds for operations and planned expansions.

### Interest rate risk

The group has both interest bearing assets and interest bearing liabilities. Interest bearing assets are cash balances which earn interest at fixed rate. The group has a policy of only borrowing debt to finance the purchase of cash generating assets. The directors will revisit the appropriateness of this policy should the group operations change in size or nature.

This report was approved by the board on  $(6 \circ 1)$  and signed on its behalf.

## DIRECTORS' REPORT for the year ended 31 December 2013

The directors present their report and the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2013.

### **DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES STATEMENT**

The directors are responsible for preparing the Strategic report, the Directors' report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgments and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

### **PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES**

The principal activity of the company during the year continued to be that of property investment and dealing.

### **RESULTS AND DIVIDENDS**

The profit for the year, after taxation, amounted to £307,317 (2012 - £239,718).

A final dividend of £300,000 (£3,000 per share) (2012 - £200,000 (£2,000 per share)) on ordinary shares was paid during the year.

### **DIRECTORS**

The directors who served during the year were:

A . S. Perloff

S. J. Peters

J. T. Doyle

J. H. Perloff

## DIRECTORS' REPORT for the year ended 31 December 2013

### **DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION TO AUDITORS**

Each of the persons who are directors at the time when this Directors' report is approved has confirmed that:

- so far as that director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditors are unaware, and
- that director has taken all the steps that ought to have been taken as a director in order to be aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditors are aware of that information.

### **AUDITORS**

The auditors, Nexia Smith & Williamson, will be proposed for reappointment in accordance with section 485 of the Companies Act 2006.

This report was approved by the board on

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and signed on its behalf.

S. J. Peters Secretary

### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF PANTHER (DOVER) LIMITED

We have audited the financial statements of Panther (Dover) Limited for the year ended 31 December 2013, which comprise the Profit and loss account, the Statement of total recognised gains and losses, the Note of Historical cost profits and losses, the Balance sheet and the related notes 1 to 16. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an Auditors' report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

### RESPECTIVE RESPONSIBILITIES OF DIRECTORS AND AUDITORS

As explained more fully in the Directors' responsibilities statement on page 2, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Financial Reporting Council's (FRC's) Ethical Standards for Auditors.

### SCOPE OF THE AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

A description of the scope of an audit of financial statements is provided on the FRC's website at www.frc.org.uk/auditscopeukprivate.

### **OPINION ON FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2013 and of its profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

### **OPINION ON OTHER MATTER PRESCRIBED BY THE COMPANIES ACT 2006**

In our opinion the information given in the Strategic report and the Directors' report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements.

### MATTERS ON WHICH WE ARE REQUIRED TO REPORT BY EXCEPTION

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

Nextu Smith k W. Stephen Drew (Senior statutory auditor)

for and on behalf of

Nexia Smith & Williamson

Chartered Accountants Statutory Auditors

25 Moorgate London EC2R 6AY

Date: 21 July 2017

# PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT for the year ended 31 December 2013

	Note	2013 £	2012 £
TURNOVER	1,2	363,659	329,672
Cost of sales		(40,485)	(81,994)
GROSS PROFIT		323,174	247,678
Administrative expenses		(2,775)	5,080
Other operating income	3	2,000	2,000
OPERATING PROFIT	4	322,399	254,758
Interest receivable and similar income		79	73
PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAXATION		322,478	254,831
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	5	(15,161)	(15,113)
PROFIT FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR	11	307,317	239,718

All amounts relate to continuing operations.

The notes on pages 8 to 12 form part of these financial statements.

STATEMENT OF TOTAL RECOGNISED GAINS AND LOSSES for the year ended 31 December 2013			
	2013 £	2012 £	
PROFIT FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR	307,317	239,718	
Unrealised surplus on revaluation of investment properties	300,000	2,000	
TOTAL RECOGNISED GAINS AND LOSSES RELATING TO THE YEAR	607,317	241,718	
NOTE OF HISTORICAL COST PROFITS AND L for the year ended 31 December 2013	OSSES		
,	2013 £	2012 £	
DEPORTED BROCKT ON ORBINARY ACTIVITIES REFORE TAVATION		L	
REPORTED PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAXATION	322,478	£ 254,831	
HISTORICAL COST PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAXATION  TAXATION	322,478		

# PANTHER (DOVER) LIMITED Registered number: 890705

# BALANCE SHEET as at 31 December 2013

		20	13	20 <sup>-</sup>	12
	Note	£	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS					
Investment property	6		4,800,000		4,500,000
CURRENT ASSETS					
Debtors	7	62,091		41,173	
Cash at bank		13,388		14,355	•
		75,479		55,528	
<b>CREDITORS:</b> amounts falling due within one year	8	(2,340,949)		(2,328,315)	
NET CURRENT LIABILITIES			(2,265,470)		(2,272,787)
NET ASSETS			2,534,530		2,227,213
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called up share capital	10		100		100
Investment property reserve	11		2,426,480		2,126,480
Profit and loss account	11		107,950		100,633
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS	12.		2,534,530		2,227,213

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf on

16/07/14

A . S./Per Director

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS for the year ended 31 December 2013

### 1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

### 1.1 BASIS OF PREPARATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention as modified by the revaluation of Investment Properties on a going concern basis and in accordance with applicable accounting standards.

### 1.2 CASH FLOW

The company, being a subsidiary undertaking where 90% or more of the voting rights are controlled within the group whose consolidated financial statements are publicly available, is exempt from the requirement to draw up a cash flow statement in accordance with FRS 1.

### 1.3 TURNOVER

Turnover represents the value of rents receivable for tenancy occupation in the year to 31 December. Any amounts received in advance or arrears are deferred or accrued as necessary.

### 1.4 INVESTMENT PROPERTIES

Investment properties are accounted for in accordance with SSAP 19 as follows:

- i) investment properties are revalued annually by the directors and by independent professional valuers at intervals of not more than three years. The surplus or deficit on revaluation is transferred to the revaluation reserve unless a deficit, or its reversal, on an individual investment property is expected to be permanent, in which case it is recognised in the profit and loss account for the year; and
- ii) no depreciation is provided in respect of leasehold investment properties with over 20 years to run.

Although the Companies Act would normally require the systematic annual depreciation of fixed assets, the directors believe that the policy of not providing depreciation is necessary to give a true and fair view, since the current value of investment properties, and the changes to that current value, are of prime importance rather than a calculation of systematic annual depreciation. Depreciation is only one of many factors reflected in the valuation, and the amount which might otherwise have been included cannot be separately identified or quantified.

### 1.5 DEFERRED TAXATION

Full provision is made for deferred tax assets and liabilities arising from all timing differences between the recognition of gains and losses in the financial statements and recognition in the tax computation.

A net deferred tax asset is recognised only if it can be regarded as more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are calculated at the tax rates expected to be effective at the time the timing differences are expected to reverse.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS for the year ended 31 December 2013

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All turnover arose within the United Kingdom.

### 3. OTHER OPERATING INCOME

	2013	2012
	£	£
Other operating income	2,000	2,000

### 4. OPERATING PROFIT

During the year, no director received any emoluments (2012 - £NIL).

At the year end there were no directors accruing pension benefits.

### 5. TAXATION

	2013 £	2012 £
ANALYSIS OF TAX CHARGE IN THE YEAR		
UK corporation tax charge on profit for the year Adjustments in respect of prior periods	15,163 (2)	15,978 (865)
TAX ON PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES	15,161	15,113

### FACTORS AFFECTING TAX CHARGE FOR THE YEAR

The tax assessed for the year is lower than (2012 - lower than) the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 23.25% (2012 - 24.5%). The differences are explained below:

	2013 £	2012 £
Profit on ordinary activities before tax	322,478	254,831
Profit on ordinary activities multiplied by standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 23.25% (2012 - 24.5%)	74,976	62,434
EFFECTS OF:		
Capital allowances for year in excess of depreciation Adjustments to tax charge in respect of prior periods Group relief	(2,158) (2) (57,655)	(3,101) (865) (43,355)
CURRENT TAX CHARGE FOR THE YEAR (see note above)	15,161	15,113

### **FACTORS THAT MAY AFFECT FUTURE TAX CHARGES**

There were no factors that may affect future tax charges.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS for the year ended 31 December 2013

6. INVESTMENT PRO	OPERTY
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	Freehold investment property £
VALUATION	
At 1 January 2013	4,500,000
Surplus/(deficit) on revaluation	300,000
At 31 December 2013	4,800,000

Land and buildings held at 31 December 2013 were revalued by the Directors to open market value on an existing use basis. They were last professionally revalued by G L Hearn, Chartered Surveyors on 31 December 2010.

At 31 December 2013, £4,800,000 (2012 - £4,500,000) included within the net book value of land and buildings relates to freehold land and buildings.

The historic cost of the properties was £2,373,520 (2012 - £2,373,520).

	REVALUATION RESERVES		£
	At 1 January 2013 Net surplus in investment properties		2,126,480 300,000
	At 31 December 2013		2,426,480
7.	DEBTORS		
		2013 £	2012 £
	Trade debtors Prepayments and accrued income	35,399 26,692	41,173 -
,		62,091	41,173
8.	CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR		
•		2013 £	2012 £
	Trade creditors Amounts owed to group undertakings Corporation tax Accruals and deferred income	68,837 2,226,769 15,163 30,180	85,787 2,193,525 15,978 33,025
		2,340,949	2,328,315

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS for the year ended 31 December 2013

# 8. CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR (continued)

The inter company loans are interest free and repayable on demand; however there is no present intention to seek repayment of these loans.

There is a third party floating charge over all assets and undertakings of the company for the loan provided by HSBC Bank Plc to Panther Securities PLC.

### 9. PROVISIONS

The potential liability for deferred taxation not provided was as follows:

		2013 £	2012 £
	Potential capital gains	264,638	254,252
10.	SHARE CAPITAL		
		2013 £	2012 £
	ALLOTTED, CALLED UP AND FULLY PAID		
	100 Ordinary shares of £1 each	100	100
11.	RESERVES		
		Investment property revaluation reserve	Profit and loss account
	At 1 January 2013 Profit for the financial year Dividends: Equity capital Movement on investment property	2,126,480 - - 300,000	100,633 307,317 (300,000)
	At 31 December 2013	2,426,480	107,950

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS for the year ended 31 December 2013

12.	RECONCILIATION OF MOVEMENT IN SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS		
		2013 £	2012 £
	Opening shareholders' funds Profit for the financial year Dividends (Note 13) Other recognised gains and losses during the year	2,227,213 307,317 (300,000) 300,000	2,185,495 239,718 (200,000) 2,000
	Closing shareholders' funds	2,534,530	2,227,213
13.	DIVIDENDS		
		2013 £	2012 £

### 14. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

A guarantee has been given in respect of borrowings by the parent undertaking and fellow subsidiary undertakings for £75,000,000 (2012 - £75,000,000).

300,000

200,000

### 15. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Advantage has been taken of the exemptions conferred under FRS 8, such that related party transactions need not be disclosed, because consolidated accounts including this company are publicly available.

### 16. ULTIMATE PARENT UNDERTAKING AND CONTROLLING PARTY

Ordinary dividends paid £3,000 (2012 - £2,000) per share

The company's intermediate parent undertaking is Panther Shop Investments (Midlands) Limited.

The company's ultimate parent undertaking is Panther Securities PLC, a company incorporated in Great Britain. Consolidated accounts for the group are available from the Registered Office.