**COMPANY REGISTRATION NUMBER: 890369** 

**CHARITY REGISTRATION NUMBER: 252370** 

# FRANKGIVING LIMITED (COMPANY LIMITED BY GUARANTEE)

## **CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

for the year ended

**30 JUNE 2019** 



### **COHEN ARNOLD**

Chartered Accountants & Statutory Auditor
New Burlington House
1075 Finchley Road
London
NW11 0PU

## FRANKGIVING LIMITED

## (COMPANY LIMITED BY GUARANTEE)

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## TRUSTEES' ANNUAL REPORT (INCORPORATING THE DIRECTORS' REPORT)

#### YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2019

The trustees, who are also directors for the purposes of company law, present their report and the financial statements of the charity and its subsidiary undertakings for the year ended 30 June 2019.

#### REFERENCE AND ADMINISTRATIVE DETAILS

Registered charity name Frankgiving Limited

Charity registration number 252370

Company registration number 890369

Principal office and registered

office

New Burlington House 1075 Finchley Road

London NW11 0PU

The trustees Mr Leslie Frankel (Chairman)

Mrs Zisi Frankel

Mr Laurence Allan Foux Mr Winston Samuel Gilbert

Company secretary Mrs Zisi Frankel

Auditors Cohen Arnold

Chartered Accountants & Statutory Auditor

New Burlington House 1075 Finchley Road

London NW11 0PU

Bankers Barclays Bank Plc

21 Hanover Square

London W1S 1JW

#### STRUCTURE, GOVERNANCE AND MANAGEMENT

The charity is constituted as a company limited by guarantee and as such, its governing documents are its Memorandum and Articles of Association.

The day to day affairs of the charity is administered by the trustees, each of whom holds office for life or until ceasing to hold office by virtue of Article 49 of the Memorandum of Association. None of the trustees have any beneficial interest in the charity.

It is not currently the intention of the trustees of the charity to appoint new trustees.

Where there is a requirement for new trustees, these would be identified and appointed by the remaining trustees. The chair of trustees would be responsible for the induction of any new trustee, which involves awareness of a trustee's responsibilities, the governing document, administrative procedures, and the history and philosophical approach of the charity.

# TRUSTEES' ANNUAL REPORT (INCORPORATING THE DIRECTOR'S REPORT) YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2019

#### STRUCTURE, GOVERNANCE AND MANAGEMENT (continued)

#### Group structure and relationships

The charity has the following wholly owned non-charitable operating subsidiaries:-

Spiritville Investments Limited

- a property investment company

Heysarbour Investments Limited

- a property investment company

The trustees of this company, Mr Leslie Frankel and Mrs Zisi Frankel are also directors of the above companies. The trustees did not receive any remuneration for their services nor did they receive any reimbursement for out of pocket expenses.

#### **Related Party Transactions**

Details of transactions with 'Related Parties' are disclosed in Notes 18 and 27 to the Financial Statements.

#### **OBJECTIVES AND ACTIVITIES**

The charity is established to promote and assist charitable activities and institutions both in the United Kingdom and abroad. It has concentrated its activities in promoting charitable activities of institutions professing and teaching the principles of traditional Judaism, advancing religion in accordance with the Jewish faith and giving philanthropic aid to the Jewish needy.

The charity receives incomes from its cash deposits, subsidiary undertaking and voluntary income from companies connected with the trustees which it utilises in the provision and distribution of grants and donations to organisations that fall within the objectives of the Charity.

The trustees confirm that they have referred to the guidance contained in the Charity Commission's general guidance on public benefit when reviewing the charity's aims and objectives and in planning future activities and setting the grant making policy for the year.

#### Grant making policy

Grants are made to charitable institutions and organisations both in Great Britain and abroad which accords with the objects of the charity. The trustees consider all requests which they receive and make donations based on the level of funds available.

#### ACHIEVEMENTS AND PERFORMANCE

During the year the charity has continued its philanthropic activities and has maintained its support of religious, educational and other charitable institutions in Great Britain.

The demands on the charity's funds were more than those experienced last year with charitable donations for the year totalling £313,470 as against £295,760. The donations were met from current income of the charity.

The financial results of the charity and its subsidiary undertakings for the year ended 30 June 2019 are fully reflected in the attached Financial Statements together with the Notes thereon.

# TRUSTEES' ANNUAL REPORT (INCORPORATING THE DIRECTOR'S REPORT) YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2019

#### FINANCIAL REVIEW

#### Financial position

The charity is reliant on the income from investments, the commercial activities of its subsidiary undertakings and voluntary income from companies connected with the trustees. Income from commercial activities of the subsidiary undertakings together with income from the investments and voluntary donations have helped to boost the total incoming resources.

The financial position of the charity and its subsidiary undertakings is satisfactory. The charity's consolidated statement of financial activities shows net income of £869,557 (2018: £2,149,366) and total reserves of £26,530,311 (2018: £25,660,754).

#### Reserves policy

The Company has necessarily to retain reserves in order to ensure that it is in a position to continue its grant-making activities and cover contingencies of additional calls being made upon the charity for support of organisations or institutions in times of need.

The Trustees consider it appropriate to maintain 'Free Reserves' (unrestricted funds not committed or invested in Fixed Asset Investments) at a level which will not impinge on its ability to support Charitable Institutions.

The 'Free Reserves' of £3,609,130 which are represented by (part of) the liquid funds held by the charity, are considered to be adequate and will be reviewed periodically by the trustees of the charity.

As at 30 June 2019, the charity has total funds of £26,530,716 (Group: £26,530,311). These funds include £14,031,686 (Group: £11,203,270) which arises from the revaluation of the charity's investments and is not readily available for general purposes. Consequently, the charity has reserves of £12,499,030 (Group: £15,327,041), after making allowance for reserves not readily available.

#### **Investment policy**

Under the memorandum and articles of association, the charity has the power to make any investment, which the trustees see fit. The trustees regularly review the charity's position and needs in respect of the investment policy.

The trustees, having regard to the liquidity requirements of the charity and to the reserves policy have operated a policy of keeping available funds in an interest-bearing deposit account

The trustees consider the return on investments, in terms of both income and capital growth, to be satisfactory.

# TRUSTEES' ANNUAL REPORT (INCORPORATING THE DIRECTOR'S REPORT) YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2019

#### FINANCIAL REVIEW (continued)

#### Risk management

The Trustees have a risk management strategy which comprises an annual review of the principal risks and uncertainties to which the Company is exposed, in particular those to the operations and finances of the Company; the establishment of policies, systems and procedures to mitigate those risks identified in the annual review and the implementation of procedures designed to minimise or manage any potential impact on the Company should those risks materialise.

The principal risks to which the charity is exposed are:

- Liabilities arising from property investment activity
- Tenant defaults
- Damage to property from flood, fire or terrorist action
- Planning construction and letting risk in relation to redevelopment activity
- The availability of liquid funds to make grants and donations
- The economic cycle generally

The charity seeks to manage or mitigate such risks wherever possible through such measures as insurance, tenant screening and monitoring, rigorous reviews of acquisition and investment opportunities, external expert advice, monitoring cash and regular monitoring of the economic outlook. It is recognised that systems can only provide reasonable but not absolute assurance that major risk have been adequately managed.

#### PLANS FOR FUTURE PERIODS

The trustees plan to continue to make distributions in accordance with their grant making policy and to ensure that the ability to generate sufficient income is maintained to achieve that end.

#### TRUSTEES' RESPONSIBILITIES

The trustees, who are also directors for the purposes of company law, are responsible for preparing the trustees' report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

Company law requires the charity trustees to prepare financial statements for each year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the group and charitable company and the incoming resources and application of resources, including the income and expenditure of the group, for that period. Under company law the Trustees must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Group and Company and the income and expenditure of the Group for that period.

In preparing these financial statements, the trustees are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- observe the methods and principles in the Charities SORP;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the charity will continue in operation.

# TRUSTEES' ANNUAL REPORT (INCORPORATING THE DIRECTOR'S REPORT) YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2019

#### TRUSTEES' RESPONSIBILITIES (Continued)

The trustees are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the charity's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the charity and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the charity and the group and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

#### STATEMENT OF DISLOSURE TO AUDITORS

Each of the persons who is a trustee at the date of approval of this report confirms that:

- so far as they are aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the charity's auditors are unaware; and
- they have taken all the steps that they ought to have taken as a trustee to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the charity's auditors are aware of that information.

#### **AUDITORS**

Cohen Arnold is deemed to have been reappointed in accordance with section 487 of the Companies Act 2006.

#### **SMALL COMPANY PROVISIONS**

This report has been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies entitled to the small companies exemption.

The trustees' annual report was approved on 24 April 2020 and signed on behalf of the board of trustees by:

Mrs Zisi Frankel

Charity Secretary/Trustee

# INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF FRANKGIVING LIMITED YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2019

#### **OPINION**

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Frankgiving Limited (the 'charity') for the year ended 30 June 2019 which comprise the consolidated statement of financial activities (including income and expenditure account), consolidated and parent charity balance sheets, the consolidated statement of cash flows and the related notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including FRS 102 The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the group and the charity's affairs as at 30 June 2019 and of the group's incoming resources and application of resources, including its income and expenditure, for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice:
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

#### **BASIS FOR OPINION**

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### CONCLUSIONS RELATING TO GOING CONCERN

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the ISAs (UK) require us to report to you where:

- the trustees' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the consolidated financial statements is not appropriate; or
- the trustees have not disclosed in the consolidated financial statements any identified material uncertainties that may cast significant doubt about the charity's ability to continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the consolidated financial statements are authorised for issue.

## INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF FRANKGIVING LIMITED (Continued)

#### YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2019

## OTHER INFORMATION

The other information comprises the information included in the Trustees' annual report, other than the consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. The trustees are responsible for the other information. Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

#### OPINIONS ON OTHER MATTERS PRESCRIBED BY THE COMPANIES ACT 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the trustees' report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the trustees' report has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

#### MATTERS ON WHICH WE ARE REQUIRED TO REPORT BY EXCEPTION

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the charity and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the trustees' report.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the consolidated financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns;
- certain disclosures of trustees' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.
- the trustees were not entitled to prepare the financial statements in accordance with the small companies regime and take advantage of the small companies' exemptions in preparing the directors' report and from the requirement to prepare a strategic report.

## INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF FRANKGIVING LIMITED (Continued)

#### YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2019

#### RESPONSIBILITIES OF TRUSTEES

As explained more fully in the trustees' responsibilities statement, the trustees (who are also the directors for the purposes of company law) are responsible for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the trustees determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the trustees are responsible for assessing the charity's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the trustees either intend to liquidate the group or the charity or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

#### AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs (UK), we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the trustees.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the trustees' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's and the charity's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the charity to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

## INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF FRANKGIVING LIMITED (Continued)

#### YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2019

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

#### **USE OF OUR REPORT**

This report is made solely to the charity's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the charity's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the charity and the charity's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Dov Harris (Senior Statutory Auditor)

For and on behalf of Cohen Arnold Chartered Accountants & Statutory Auditor

New Burlington House 1075 Finchley Road LONDON NW11 0PU

Date: 24 April 2020

## CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL ACTIVITIES (INCLUDING THE CONSOLIDATED INCOME AND EXPENDITURE ACCOUNT)

## FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2019

	Note	20 Unrestrict £	19 ed Funds £	20 Unrestricte £	
Income and endowments Donations and legacies Investment income	5 6		1,671,990	-	523,961 1,948,327
Total income			1,671,990		2,472,288
Expenditure Expenditure on raising funds: Investment management costs Expenditure on charitable activities Taxation	7 8,9 11	(808,668) (345,303) 690		(862,822) (302,442) 6,804	
Total expenditure			(1,153,281)		(1,158,460)
Net gains on investments: Gains on revaluation of investment property Gains on revaluation of unlisted investment Gains on disposal of investment property (Loss)/Gains on disposal of unlisted investment		229,744 140,816 (19,712)	250.040	76,128 325,909 325,710 107,791	025 520
			350,848		835,538
Net income and net movement in funds	. 12		869,557		2,149,366
Reconciliation of funds: Total funds brought forward			25,660,754		23,511,388
Total funds carried forward	23		26,530,311		25,660,754

The statement of financial activities includes all gains and losses recognised in the year. All income and expenditure derive from continuing activities.

### **CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET AS AT 30 JUNE 2019**

		20	19	2018	
•	Note	£	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS					
Investments	16		25,708,336		25,943,575
CURRENT ASSETS					
Debtors	18	7,070,447		7,322,326	
Cash at bank and in hand		3,482,941		2,346,914	
		10,553,388		9,669,240	
CREDITORS: amounts falling due					
within one year	19	(483,422)		(459,964)	
NET CURRENT ASSETS			10,069,966		9,209,276
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES			35,778,302		35,152,851
CREDITORS: amounts falling due					
after more than one year	20		(8,275,991)		(8,519,097)
PROVISIONS	22		(972,000)		(973,000)
NET ASSETS			26,530,311		25,660,754
FUNDS OF THE CHARITY					
Unrestricted funds	23		26,530,311		25,660,754
Total charity funds			26,530,311		25,660,754

These financial statements were approved by the board of trustees and authorised for issue on 24 April 2020, and are signed on behalf of the board by:

Mr L Frankek

Trustee

Company Registration Number: 890369

## **BALANCE SHEET AS AT 30 JUNE 2019**

		20	19	2018	
	Note	£	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS Investments	16		22,921,586		23,182,622
CURRENT ASSETS Debtors Cash at bank and in hand	18	441,564 3,203,413		682,312 1,817,917	
		3,644,977		2,500,229	
CREDITORS: amounts falling due within one year	19	(35,847)		(22,164)	
NET CURRENT ASSETS			3,609,130		2,478,065
NET ASSETS			26,530,716		25,660,687
FUNDS OF THE CHARITY Unrestricted funds	23		26,530,716		25,660,687
	23		<del></del>		<del></del>
Total charity funds			26,530,716		25,660,687

These financial statements were approved by the board of trustees and authorised for issue on 24 April 2020, and are signed on behalf of the board by:

Mr L Frankel Trustee

Company Registration Number: 890369

## **CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS**

## FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2019

	Note	2019 £	2018 £
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Net income		869,557	2,149,366
Adjustments for: Net gains on investments Dividends, interest and rents from investments Interest receivable and similar income Accrued expenses/(income) Payments for expenditure on investment properties Payments for expenditure on other investment Interest payable and similar charges Current and deferred tax			(1,515,797) (432,530) 1,309
Changes in: Trade and other debtors Trade and other creditors		(9,582) (907)	92,077 (16,465)
Cash (used in)/generated from operations		(344,256)	276,568
Interest received Tax paid		4,638 (310)	7,498 (196)
Net cash (used in)/from operating activities		(339,928)	283,870
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Dividends, interest and rents from investments Cash receipts from the repayment of advances and loans Cash advances and loans granted Purchases of investment properties Purchases of other investments Proceeds from sale of investment properties Proceeds from sale of other investments Payments for expenditure on investment properties Payments for expenditure on other investments		144,209 486,182 (244,124)	12,077,586 (154,002) (126,203)
Net cash from investing activities		2,241,670	468,472
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES Repayments of borrowings Interest paid Net cash used in financing activities		(228,007) (537,708) (765,715)	(214,832) (533,262) (748,094)
NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT BEGINNING OF YEAR		1,136,027 2,346,914	4,248 2,342,666
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF YEAR	28	3,482,941	2,346,914

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2019

#### 1. GENERAL INFORMATION

The charity is a private company limited by guarantee, registered in England and Wales and a registered charity in England and Wales. The address of the registered office is New Burlington House, 1075 Finchley Road, London, NW11 0PU.

#### 2. STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE

These financial statements have been prepared in compliance with FRS 102, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland', the Statement of Recommended Practice applicable to charities preparing their accounts in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102) (Charities SORP (FRS 102)) and Companies Act 2006.

#### 3. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### 3.1 Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities and investment properties measured at fair value through income or expenditure.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the entity.

The charity meets the definition of a public benefit entity under FRS 102.

## 3.2 Going concern

In light of uncertainties surrounding the effects of Brexit and Covid-19, the directors have reviewed the financial position of the group.

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the accounting principles appropriate to a going concern, as the directors have a reasonable expectation that the group has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future by meeting its liabilities as they fall due, based on the net current asset position of the group and available sources of finance.

#### 3.3 Group financial statements

These Financial Statements consolidate the results of the charity and its wholly-owned subsidiaries, Spiritville Investments Limited and Heysarbor Investments Limited. A separate Statement of Financial Activities, for the charity itself is not presented because the charity has taken advantage of the exemptions afforded by section 408 of the Companies Act 2006. However, the Statement of Financial Activities for the charity is separately filed with the Charity Commission.

### **NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2019

## 3. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

### 3.4 Judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

Judgements made by the directors in the application of these accounting policies that have significant effect on the financial statements and estimates with a significant risk of material adjustment in the next year are as follows:

#### (i) Property valuation

The valuation of the charity's investment property is inherently subjective, depending on many factors including the nature of the property, its location and expected future net rental values, market yields and comparable market transactions. Therefore the valuation is subject to a degree of uncertainty and is made on the basis of assumptions which may not prove to be accurate, particularly in periods of difficult market or economic conditions.

#### (ii) Trade and other debtors

Management uses details of the age of trade and other debtors and the status of any disputes together with external evidence of the credit status of the counterparty in making judgements concerning any need to impair the carrying value.

#### 3.5 Fund accounting

Unrestricted funds are available for use at the discretion of the trustees to further any of the charity's purposes.

Designated funds are unrestricted funds earmarked by the trustees for particular future project or committment. There are no designated funds as at the balance sheet date.

Restricted funds are subjected to restrictions on their expenditure declared by the donor or through the terms of an appeal, and fall into one of two sub-classes: restricted income funds or endowment funds. There are no restricted funds as at the balance sheet date.

#### 3.6 Incoming resources

All income is included in the statement of financial activities when entitlement has passed to the charity, it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the charity and the amount can be reliably measured. The following specific policies are applied to particular categories of income:

- income from donations or grants is recognised when there is evidence of entitlement to the gift, receipt is probable and its amount can be measured reliably.

#### **NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2019

## 3. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

## 3.7 Resources expended

Expenditure is recognised on an accruals basis as a liability is incurred. Expenditure includes any VAT which cannot be fully recovered, and is classified under headings of the statement of financial activities to which it relates:

- expenditure on raising funds includes the costs of all investment management costs.
- expenditure on charitable activities includes all costs incurred by a charity in undertaking activities that further its charitable aims for the benefit of its beneficiaries, including those support costs and costs relating to the governance of the charity apportioned to charitable activities.

All costs are allocated to expenditure categories reflecting the use of the resource. Direct costs attributable to a single activity are allocated directly to that activity. Shared costs are apportioned between the activities they contribute to on a reasonable, justifiable and consistent basis.

The following specific policies are applied to particular categories of expenditure:

- grants and donations are recognised when paid.

#### 3.8 Taxation

The charity is not liable to current tax on its income as it falls within the various exemptions available to registered charities. The subsidiary undertakings are subject to Corporation Tax but it is expected that their income will be gifted for charitable purposes and should be exempt from taxation.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences at the reporting date. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

### 3.9 Unlisted investments

Unlisted equity investments are initially recorded at cost, and subsequently measured at fair value.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2019

#### 3. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### 3.10 Investment in subsidiary undertakings

Shareholdings acquired in subsidiary undertakings are shown at market value as valued by the trustees.

### 3.11 Acquisitions and disposals

Acquisitions and disposals of properties are considered to take place at the date of legal completion and are included in the financial statements accordingly.

#### 3.12 Investment property

Investment properties are properties which are held either to earn rental income or for capital appreciation or for both. Investment properties are recognised initially at cost.

Subsequent to initial recognition

Investment properties whose fair value can be measured reliably without undue cost or effort are held at fair value. Any gains or losses arising from changes in the fair value are recognised in the profit and loss account in the period that they arise; and

No depreciation is provided in respect of investment properties applying the fair value model.

Investment property fair value is determined by the trustees based on their understanding of property market conditions and the specific property concerned, using a sales valuation approach, derived from recent comparable transactions on the market, adjusted by applying discounts to reflect status of occupation and condition.

#### 3.13 Debtors

Debtors are recognised and carried forward at invoiced amounts less provisions for any doubtful debts. Bad debts are written off when identified.

#### 3.14 Creditors

Creditors are recognised as soon as there is a legal or constructive obligation committing the charity to pay out resources. Creditors are recognised at transaction price less attributable transaction costs.

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2019

#### 3. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### 3.15 Financial instruments

A financial asset or a financial liability is recognised only when the entity becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Basic financial instruments are initially recognised at the amount receivable or payable including any related transaction costs, unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where it is recognised at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument.

Current assets and current liabilities are subsequently measured at the cash or other consideration expected to be paid or received and not discounted.

Debt instruments are subsequently measured at amortised cost.

Where investments in shares or preference shares are publicly traded or their fair value can otherwise be measured reliably, the investment is subsequently measured at fair value with changes in fair value recognised in income and expenditure. All other such investments are subsequently measured at cost less impairment.

Financial assets that are measured at cost or amortised cost are reviewed for objective evidence of impairment at the end of each reporting date. If there is objective evidence of impairment, an impairment loss is recognised under the appropriate heading in the statement of financial activities in which the initial gain was recognised.

For all equity instruments regardless of significance, and other financial assets that are individually significant, these are assessed individually for impairment. Other financial assets are either assessed individually or grouped on the basis of similar credit risk characteristics.

Any reversals of impairment are recognised immediately, to the extent that the reversal does not result in a carrying amount of the financial asset that exceeds what the carrying amount would have been had the impairment not previously been recognised.

#### 4. Limited by guarantee

The charity is a company limited by guarantee and has no share capital. The liability of each member in the event of winding up is limited to £1.

#### 5. DONATIONS AND LEGACIES

•	Unrestricte	ed Funds
•	2019	2018
	£	£
	-	523,961

**Donations** 

## **NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

## FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2019

### 6. INVESTMENT INCOME

	<b>Unrestricted Funds</b>	
	2019	2018
	£	£
Rent and charges receivable	1,138,663	1,231,223
Income from unlisted investment	109,515	184,324
Interest receivable from unlisted investment	-	27,052
Dividends receivable from unlisted investment	-	73,198
Bank interest receivable	4,638	7,498
Loan interest receivable	419,174	425,032
	1,671,990	1,948,327

#### 7. INVESTMENT MANAGEMENT COSTS

	Unrestricted Funds		
	2019 £	2018 £	
Investment property outgoings	244,124	154,002	
Management and administration	17,568	21,872	
Investment portfolio management fees	-	126,203	
Interest payable	546,976	560,745	
	808,668	862,822	

### 8. EXPENDITURE ON CHARITABLE ACTIVITIES BY FUND TYPE

	Unrestricted Funds	Total Funds 2019	Unrestricted Funds	Total Funds 2018
	£	£	£	£
Grants paid	313,470	313,470	295,760	295,760
Support costs	31,833	31,833	6,682	6,682
	345,303	345,303	302,442	302,442

## 9. EXPENDITURE ON CHARITABLE ACTIVITIES BY ACTIVITY TYPE

	Grant funding of activities £	Support costs £	Total Funds 2019 £	Total Funds 2018 £
Grants paid	313,470	-	313,470	295,760
Governance costs	•	31,833	31,833	6,682
	313,470	31,833	345,303	302,442

## **NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

## FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2019

### 10. ANALYSIS OF GRANTS

	2019 £	2018 £
GRANTS TO INSTITUTIONS		
Support of education and relief of poverty	313,470	295,760
Total grants	313,470	295,760

All grants and donations were paid to charitable institutions for the purposes of either the advancement of education or the relief of poverty.

The composition of donations is shown below:

Acheinu Limited	10,000
Amud Hachesed Trust	4,680
Beis Aharon Trust Limited	6,500
Beis Ruchel School Limited	12,000
Beth Shmuel Synagogue Limited	50,000
Chaim Charitable Company Limited	5,000
Chevras Mo'oz Ladol	7,050
Comet Charities Limited	5,000
Congregation Vyoel Moshe D'Satmer Charitable Trust	3,600
Craven Walk Beth Hamedrash Trust	3,000
Friends of Beis Soroh Schneirer	10,000
Hadras Kodesh Trust	5,000
Keren Hatzolas Doros Alei Siach	3,000
Memhay Limited	5,000
Mifal Hachesed Vehatzedokoh	20,000
Revach Vehazola Trust	16,600
Tehilois Yoel	3,000
The Leifer Trust	6,000
United Talmudical Academy Torah V'yirah	14,000
United Talmudical Associates Limited	44,300
UTRY	20,000
Y G S Yeshiva Gedola Seminar	4,000
Yesamach Levav	12,200
Yetev Lev London Jerusalem Trust	3,000
Sundry donations less than £3,000 individually	40,540
	313,470

### **NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

### **FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2019**

#### 11. TAXATION

	2019 £	2018 £
Current tax:		
UK current tax expense	-	-
Adjustments in respect of prior periods	310	196
Total current tax	310	196
Deferred tax:		
Origination and reversal of timing differences Impact of changes in tax rates	(1,000)	(7,000)
Total deferred tax	(1,000)	(7,000)
Tax on profit	(690)	(6,804)

#### Reconciliation of tax expense

The tax assessed on the net income for the year is lower than the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19% (2018: 19%).

	2019 £	2018 £
Net income before tax	868,867	2,142,562
Net income by rate of tax	165,086	407,087
Income exempt from tax	(261,892)	(180,801)
Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	66,518	82,591
Adjustment to tax charge in respect of prior periods	310	196
Timing differences on unrealised gains	(44,652)	(83,387)
Timing differences on gift aid payments	67,640	(232,180)
Differences arising from taxation of chargeable gains	6,590	-
Other differences	(290)	(310)
Taxation	(690)	(6,804)

## Factors that may affect future tax charges

A reduction in the UK corporation tax rate to 17% (effective from 1 April 2020) was substantively enacted on 15 September 2016. It was announced in the March 2020 Budget however, that this reduction will not be implemented.

The deferred tax liability at 30 June 2019 has been calculated based on a rate of 17% (2018: 17%).

### **NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

### **FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2019**

#### 12. NET INCOME

Net income is stated after charging/(crediting):

2019 2018 £ £ 38,400 25,440

Fees payable for the audit of the financial statements

Additional professional fees payable to the auditors aggregate £6,160 (2018: £3,220).

#### 13. STAFF COSTS

The average headcount of employees, including trustees during the year was nil (2018: nil).

No employee received employee benefits of more than £60,000 during the year (2018: £nil).

#### 14. TRUSTEE REMUNERATION AND EXPENSES

No remuneration or other benefits from employment with the charity or a related entity were received by the trustees.

The charity did not meet any individual expenses incurred by the trustees for services provided to the charity.

#### 15. NET MOVEMENT IN FUNDS

Of the net movement in funds of the group, a surplus of £870,029 (2018: £2,149,291) has been dealt with in the statement of financial activities of the charity itself.

Turnover of the charity aggregated £1,365,409 (2018: £843,793) and comprised £1,222,000 (2018: £523,961) of donations received and £143,409 (2018: £319,832) of investment income.

### **NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

## FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2019

### 16. INVESTMENTS

Group	·	Freehold/ Leasehold investment property £	Unlisted investment*	Unlisted investment (Loan)	Total £
Fair value/cost At 1 July 2018 Additions Disposal Revaluation		16,298,593 - (3,393)	8,028,563 (358,810) 229,744		25,943,575 44,304
At 30 June 2019		16,295,200	7,899,497	1,513,639	25,708,336
At 30 June 2018		16,298,593	8,028,563	1,616,419	25,943,575
Historical cost at 30 Ju	une 2019	4,671,071	7,348,356	1,513,639	13,533,066
Charity	Freehold/ Leasehold investment property £	Shares in group undertakings £	Unlisted investment*	Unlisted investment (Loan)	Total £
Fair value/cost At 1 July 2018 Additions Disposal Revaluation	471,450 - - -	13,425,000 - (388,000)	7,669,753 - - 229,744		23,182,622 44,304 (147,084) (158,256)
At 30 June 2019	471,450	13,037,000	7,899,497	1,513,639	22,921,586
At 30 June 2018	471,450	13,425,000		1,616,419	
Historical cost at 30 June 2019	27,803	102	7,348,356	1,513,639	8,889,900

## Investment properties held at valuation

Freehold and leasehold investment property is included in the financial statements at trustees' valuation.

#### **NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2019

#### 16. INVESTMENTS (Continued)

### Valuation techniques and key inputs of investment properties

The group's/charity's residential apartment were valued using a sales valuation approach, derived from recent comparable transactions in the market, adjusted by applying discounts to reflect status of occupation and condition.

The group's commercial units were valued using the income capitalisation method, requiring the application of an appropriate market based yield to net operating income. Adjustments are made to allow for voids when less than five years are left under the current tenancy and to reflect market rent at the point of lease expiry or rent review.

#### Valuation techniques of unlisted investment

\*Unlisted investments have been professionally valued at the Balance Sheet date by the investment managers at Old Mutual Wealth.

#### 17. INVESTMENT ENTITIES

The charity owns directly the entire issued ordinary share capital of the following companies, all of which are incorporated in Great Britain and registered in England and Wales.

Company

	Number
Spiritville Investments Limited	1241065
Heysarbor Investments Limited	0702850

The registered address of all subsidiary undertakings is New Burlington House, 1075 Finchley Road, London, NW11 0PU.

All the subsidiary undertakings carry on the business of property investment and the financial statements of all subsidiary undertakings are made up annually to 30 June.

The market value at 30 June 2019 of investment in subsidiary undertakings is based on the underlying value of assets less liabilities of the subsidiary undertakings. The valuation of the subsidiaries have been made by the trustees of this charity, based upon the latest Financial Statements of Spiritville Investments Limited and Heysarbor Investments Limited for the year ended 30 June 2019.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2019

## 17. INVESTMENT ENTITIES (Continued)

The aggregate assets, liabilities, capital and reserves for the subsidiaries as at 30 June 2019 were as follows:

	Spiritville	Heysarbour
	Investments	Investments
	Limited	Limited
	£	£
Fixed assets	10,727,550	5,096,200
Current assets	4,426,876	3,824,534
Current liabilities	(232,812)	(1,557,762)
Long term liabilities	(5,175,995)	(3,099,996)
Provisions	(643,000)	(329,000)
Net assets	9,102,619	3,933,976
	<del></del>	<del></del>
Aggregate capital and reserves	9,102,619	3,933,976
	<del></del>	

A summary of turnover, expenditure and profit/(loss) for the year ended 30 June 2019 is as follows:

	Spiritville	Heysarbour
	Investments	Investments
	Limited	Limited
	£	£
Turnover	837,930	278,592
Cost of sales	(141,407)	(97,926)
Administrative expenses	(8,653)	(8,915)
Profit on disposal of investment property	127,846	-
Loss on disposal of other fixed asset investments	-	(19,712)
Interest receivable and similar income	180,644	231,415
Interest payable and similar charges	(341,104)	(205,872)
Tax	875	(185)
Profit for the financial year	656,131	177,397
	=======================================	

#### **NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

### **FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2019**

#### 18. DEBTORS

	Group		Charity	
	2019 £	2018 £	2019 £	2018 £
Trade debtors	130,351	160,198	6,455	4,853
Loan debtors	6,143,162	6,483,662	420,000	670,000
Taxation and social security	3,428	-	-	-
Prepayments and accrued income	793,506	678,466	15,109	7,459
	7,070,447	7,322,326	441,564	682,312

Loan debtors in respect of the group and charity include amounts due from companies, certain directors of which are also trustees or related to the directors of companies within this group as follows:

	Group		Charity	
	2019 £	2018 £	2019 £	2018 £
Lesbridge Estates Limited	170,000	170,000	170,000	170,000
Bitochon Limited	1,200,000	1,200,000	-	-
Maida Vale Investments Limited	1,706,568	1,706,568	-	-
Daylon Hungry KFT	1,751,296	1,841,796	-	-

The above loans are interest bearing.

Loan debtors of the group and charity include a loan for charitable purposes of £250,000 (2018: £500,000). Loan debtors of the group and charity also include amounts of £1,235,298 (2018: £1,235,298) and £170,000 (2018: £170,000) respectively falling due after more than one year.

### 19. CREDITORS: amounts falling due within one year

	Group		Charity	
	2019 £	2018 £	2019 £	2018 £
Bank loans and overdrafts	243,106	228,532	-	-
Loan creditors	525	-	-	-
Taxation and social security	-	907		-
Accruals and deferred income	236,438	227,172	35,271	21,588
Other creditors	3,353	3,353	576	576
	483,422	459,964	35,847	22,164

#### **NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2019

## 20. CREDITORS: amounts falling due after more than one year

	Group		Charity	
	2019 £	2018 £	2019 £	2018 £
Bank loans and overdrafts	8,275,991	8,519,097	-	-

The bank loans and overdrafts is secured by legal charges over certain of the group's investment properties which are included in the Financial Statements in the amount of £13,178,000 (2018: £13,178,000).

Included within creditors falling due more than one year is an amount of £Nil (2018: £4,952,593) in respect of liabilities which fall due for payment after more than five years from the balance sheet date. The loan is subject to interest at the rate of 6.04% to 6.23%.

#### 21. DEFERRED INCOME

	2019 £	2018 £
At 1 July 2018	64,565	94,922
Amount released to income	(64,565)	(94,922)
Amount deferred in year	47,653	64,565
At 30 June 2019	47,653	64,565

Deferred income arises from rents received in advance.

#### 22. PROVISIONS

#### Deferred tax:

	£	£
At 1 July 2018	973,000	-
Credit for the year	(1,000)	
At 30 June 2019	972,000	-

The deferred tax account consists of the tax effect of timing differences in respect of fair value adjustment to investment property and unlisted investment. There are no deferred tax provisions for the charity; it is exempt from tax due to its chartiable status on the basis that all income and gains are applied solely for qualifying charitable purposes.

## **NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

### **FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2019**

#### 23. ANALYSIS OF CHARITABLE FUNDS

#### **Unrestricted Funds**

Group	At 1 July 2018 £	Income £	Expenditure £	Gains and losses	At 30 June 2019 £
General funds	25,660,754	1,671,990	(1,153,281)	350,848	26,530,311
Charity	At 1 July 2018	Income £	Expenditure £	Gains and losses	At 30 June 2019 £
General funds	25,660,687	1,365,409	(350,094)	(145,286)	26,530,716

General funds of the group at 30 June 2019 include £11,203,270 unrealised profits which are not available for distribution.

General funds of the charity at 30 June 2019 include £14,031,686 unrealised profits which are not available for distribution.

### 24. ANALYSIS OF NET ASSETS BETWEEN FUNDS

	Group		Charity	
	Unrestricted Funds	Total Funds 2019	Unrestricted Funds	Total Funds 2019
	£	£	£	£
Investments	25,708,336	25,708,336	22,921,586	22,921,586
Current assets	10,553,388	10,553,388	3,644,977	3,644,977
Creditors less than 1 year	(483,422)	(483,422)	(35,847)	(35,847)
Creditors greater than 1 year	(8,275,991)	(8,275,991)	-	-
Provisions	(972,000)	(972,000)	-	
Net assets	26,530,311	26,530,311	26,530,716	26,530,716

### **NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

## FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2019

## 25. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The carrying amount for each category of financial instrument is as follows:

	Group		Charity	
	2019 £	2018 £	2019 £	2018 £
Financial assets measured at fair value through income and expenditure	7,899,497	8,028,563	20,936,497	21,094,753
Financial assets that are equity instruments measured at cost less impairment	1,513,639	1,616,419	1,513,639	1,616,419
Financial assets that are debt instruments measured at amortised cost	10,553,388	9,669,240	3,644,977	2,500,229
Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost	8,759,413	8,979,061	35,847	22,164

## 26. OPERATING LEASE COMMITMENTS

#### As lessor

The total future minimum lease payments receivable under non-cancellable operating lease are as follows:

	Group		Charity	
	2019 £	2018 £	2019 £	2018 £
Not later than 1 year Later than 1 year and not later than	760,782	753,315	7,084	7,174
5 years	1,721,805	1,301,578	6,955	7,480
Later than 5 years	1,889,891	1,590,181	127,818	127,236
	4,372,478	3,645,074	141,857	141,890

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2019

#### 27. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Loan interest receivable includes amounts received from connected parties and companies under common control of trustees of this charity as follows:

	2019 £	2018 £
Lesbridge Estates Limited	7,650	7,650
Bitochon Limited	96,000	96,000
Maida Vale Investments Limited	124,434	124,434
Daylon Hungry KFT	105,866	111,724

Details of transactions with other related parties are disclosed in note 18.

### 28. ANALYSIS OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

	•	2019 £	2018 £
Cash at bank and in hand Bank overdrafts		3,482,941	2,346,914
	· _	3,482,941	2,346,914

#### 29. POST BALANCE SHEET EVENTS

The investment properties have been included in the Financial Statements at their fair value on the Balance Sheet Date. The Coronavirus Pandemic may have an impact on the value of the investment properties, which currently cannot be quantified. It is accepted that current values are likely to be lower than as stated in the Financial Statements.

## **MANAGEMENT INFORMATION**

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2019

The following page does not form part of the statutory financial statements which are the subject of the independent auditor's report on pages 6 to 9

# STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL ACTIVITIES (INCORPORATING THE INCOME AND EXPENDITURE ACCOUNT) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2019

## THIS DOES NOT FORM PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

	2019 Unrestricted Funds £ £		2018 Unrestricted Funds £ £	
Income and endowments Donations and legacies Investment income	<b>~</b>	1,222,000 143,409	<b>~</b>	523,961 319,832
Total income		1,365,409		843,793
Expenditure Expenditure on raising funds: Investment management costs Expenditure on charitable activities	(4,791) (345,303)	·	(132,248) (302,442)	
Total expenditure		(350,094)		(434,690)
Net (loss)/gains on investments: (Loss)/Gains on revaluation of investments in group undertakings Gains on revaluation of unlisted investment Gains on disposal of unlisted investment Gains on disposal of investment	(388,000) 229,744		1,311,000 321,397 107,791	
property	12,970	(1.15.000)		1 710 100
		(145,286)		1,740,188
Net income and net movement in funds		870,029		2,149,291
Reconciliation of funds: Total funds brought forward		25,660,687		23,511,396
Total funds carried forward		26,530,716		25,660,687