Rule 4 223 - CVL

The Insolvency Act 1986

Liquidator's Statement of Receipts and Payments Pursuant to Section 192 of The Insolvency Act 1986 **S.192**

To the Registrar of Companies

For Official Use			

Company Number

00882241

Name of Company

MUKL Housewares Limited

I / We Neil Tombs 4 Hardman Square Spinningfields Manchester M3 3EB

the liquidator(s) of the company attach a copy of my/our statement of receipts and payments under section 192 of the Insolvency Act 1986

Signed .

Date ____

Grant Thornton UK LLP 4 Hardman Square Spinningfields Manchester M3 3EB

Ref X7415/NTT/ANS/KEH/TXA

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For Official Use

Insolvency Sect

Post Room

WEDNESDAY



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19/05/2010 COMPANIES HOUSE

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Software Supplied by Turnkey Computer Technology Limited Glasgow

Statement of Receipts and Payments under section 192 of the Insolvency Act 1986

Name of Company

MUKL Housewares Limited

Company Registered Number

00882241

State whether members' or creditors' voluntary winding up

Members

Date of commencement of winding up

09 November 2001

Date to which this statement is

brought down

08 May 2010

Name and Address of Liquidator

Neil Tombs 4 Hardman Square Spinningfields Manchester M3 3EB

NOTES

You should read these notes carefully before completing the forms. The notes do not form part of the return to be sent to the registrar of companies

Form and Contents of Statement

(1) Every statement must contain a detailed account of all the liquidator's realisations and disbursements in respect of the company. The statement of realisations should contain a record of all receipts derived from assets existing at the date of the winding up resolution and subsequently realised including balance at bank, book debts and calls collected, property sold etc., and the account of disbursements should contain all payments of costs, charges, and expenses, or to creditors or contributories. Receipts derived from deposit accounts and money market deposits are to be included in the 'balance at bank'. Only actual investments are to be included in the 'amounts invested' section in the analysis of balance on page 5 of the form. Where property has been realised, the gross proceeds of sale must be entered under realisations and the necessary payments incidental to sales must be entered as disbursements. A payment into the Insolvency Services Account is not a disbursement and should not be shown as such, nor are payments into a bank, building society or any other financial institution. However, the interest received on any investment should be shown in the realisations. Each receipt and payment must be entered in the account in such a manner as sufficiently to explain its nature. The receipts and payments must severally be added up at the foot of each sheet and the totals carried forward from one account to another without any intermediate balance, so that the gross totals represent the total amounts received and paid by the liquidator respectively.

Trading Account

(2) When the liquidator carries on a business, a trading account must be forwarded as a distinct account, and the total of receipts and payments on the trading account must alone be set out in this statement

Dividends

- (3) When dividends, instalments of compositions etc are paid to creditors or a return of surplus assets is made to contributories, the total amount of each dividend, etc actually paid, must be entered in the statement of disbursements as one sum, and the liquidator must forward separate accounts showing in lists the amount of the claim of each creditor, and the amount of dividend, etc payable to each creditor or contributory
- (4) When unclaimed dividends, etc. are paid into the Insolvency Services Account, the total amount so paid in should be entered in the statement of disbursements as one sum. The items to be paid in relation to unclaimed dividends should first be included in the realisations side of the account.
- (5) Credit should not be taken in the statement of disbursements for any amount in respect of liquidator's remuneration unless it has been duly allowed by resolutions of the liquidation committee or of the creditors or of the company in general meeting, or by order of the court as the case may require, or is otherwise allowable under the provisions of the Insolvency Rules

Liquidator's statement of account

under section 192 of the Insolvency Act 1986
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Realisation	≷ealıs	atio	ons
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Realisations			
Date	Of whom received	Nature of assets realised	Amount
		Brought Forward	17,938,140 98
24/11/2009 09/12/2009 01/04/2010	HMRC ISA ISA	VAT Recovery on pension payments Bank/ISA InterestGross Bank/ISA InterestGross	8,860 68 598 61 1,058 38
		Carned Forward	17,948,658 65

£

8,191,179 00

000

Analysis of balance

Total realisations Total disbursements		£ 17,948,658 65 17,291,488 43
	Balance £	657,170 22
This balance is made up as follows Cash in hands of liquidator Balance at bank Amount in Insolvency Services Account		0 00 0 00 657,170 22
 4 Amounts invested by liquidator Less The cost of investments realised Balance 5 Accrued Items 	£ 0 00 000	0 00 0 00
Total Balance as shown above		657,170 22

NOTE - Full details of stocks purchased for investment and any realisation of them should be given in a separate statement

The Liquidator should also state -

The amount of the estimated assets and liabilities at the date of the commencement of the winding (1) up

Assets (after deducting amounts charged to secured creditors including the holders of floating charges) Liabilities - Fixed charge creditors Floating charge holders

0 00 638,508 00 Preferential creditors Unsecured creditors 4,534,192 00

(2) The total amount of the capital paid up at the date of the commencement of the winding up -

Paid up in cash 1.000,000 00 0.00 Issued as paid up otherwise than for cash

The general description and estimated value of any outstanding assets (if there is insufficient space (3) here, attach a separate sheet)

None

(4) Why the winding up cannot yet be concluded

Court order directing the liquidation should continue to 2012

(5) The period within which the winding up is expected to be completed

3 Years