Philpot Dairy Products Limited

Report and Financial Statements

31 March 2002

Registered No. 879131

Directors

H Fox

I C Laurie

J W D Hall

C Bilbao

J A Parker

M J Sheldon

Secretary

R J Newton

Auditors

Ernst & Young LLP Becket House 1 Lambeth Palace Road London SE1 7EU

Registered Office

Claygate House Littleworth Road Esher Surrey KT10 9PN

Directors' report

The directors present their report and financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2002.

Results and dividends

The results for the year are set out in the profit and loss account on page 6.

The profit after taxation for the year was £347,000 (2001 – £519,000). No dividend is proposed for the year (2001 – £nil).

Principal activity and review of the business

The principal activity of the company is that of trading in dairy products.

Directors and their interests

Mr W J Houliston retired from the board on 6 June 2002. Mr M J Sheldon was appointed to the board on 6 June 2002.

The interests of W J Houliston, J W D Hall and I C Laurie in the shares of Dairy Crest Group plc are given in its statutory financial statements. The interests of the other directors in the shares of Dairy Crest Group plc are set out below:

	Ordin	Ordinary shares	
	2002	2001	
H Fox	18,873	31,846	
C Bilbao	7,024	64	
J A Parker	64	64	
	Options over ordinary shares		
	2002	2001	
H Fox	_	97,139	
	483*	7,303*	
C Bilbao	13,079	13,079	
	70*	· –	
J A Parker	70*	_	

^{*} Savings related options accrued on savings up to 31 March 2002 and 2001 respectively.

The options are exercisable at prices between 184.8p per share and 282p per share on various dates between 28 August 1999 and 27 August 2006.

The following directors have, from the dates set out below, rights to acquire ordinary shares in Dairy Crest Group plc at a nominal price subject to remaining employed by Dairy Crest and to certain share performance conditions being satisfied:

	After 1 April		
	2002	2003	2004
Н Гох	15,162	47,431	15,263
C Bilbao	_	8,538	3,357
J A Parker	_	-	2,589

Directors' report (continued)

Supplier's payment policy

Payment terms are established according to the agreed date of delivery of goods. The company agrees the length of payment terms with each of its suppliers. It is the companies' policy to abide by these agreed terms of payment. The number of day purchases in creditors as at 31 March 2002 was 92 days.

Implementation of the Euro

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The company continues to keep the developments of the Euro under review so it is in a position to take appropriate action in line with the requirements of its trading partners.

Auditors

A resolution to reappoint Ernst & Young LLP as auditors will be put to the members at the Annual General Meeting.

By order of the Board

R J Newton Secretary

27 January 2003

Statement of directors' responsibilities in respect of the financial statements

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing those financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Independent auditors' report

to the members of Philpot Dairy Products Limited

We have audited the company's financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2002 which comprise Profit and Loss Account, Statement of Total Recognised Gains and Losses, Balance Sheet and the related notes 1 to 18. These financial statements have been prepared on the basis of the accounting policies set out therein.

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Section 235 of the Companies Act 1985. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditors' report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As described in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities the company's directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements in accordance with applicable United Kingdom law and accounting standards.

Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with relevant legal and regulatory requirements and United Kingdom Auditing Standards.

We report to you our opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view and are properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985. We also report to you if, in our opinion, the Directors' Report is not consistent with the financial statements, if the company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if information specified by law regarding directors' remuneration and transactions with the company is not disclosed.

We read the Directors' Report and consider the implications for our report if we become aware of any apparent misstatements within it.

Basis of audit opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with United Kingdom Auditing Standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

Opinion

In our opinion the financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at 31 March 2002 and of its profit for the year then ended and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985.

Ernst & Young LLP Registered Auditor

London

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Profit and loss account

for the year ended 31 March 2002

Notes	2002 £000	2001 £000
2	60,901 (59,747)	78,569 (77,126)
	1,154 (675)	1,443 (717)
3 6	479 (132)	726 (5)
7	347	721
	347	721
	2 3 6	Notes £000 2 60,901 (59,747) 1,154 (675) 3 479 6 (132) 347 7 -

Statement of total recognised gains and losses

There are no recognised gains and losses other than the profit for the year.

Balance sheet

at 31 March 2002

	Notes	2002 £000	2001 £000
Fixed assets Tangible assets	8	13	27
Current assets Debtors Cash at bank and in hand Stock	9	13,177 5,986	16,487 1,991 75
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	10	19,163 (16,561)	18,553 (16,312)
Net current assets		2,602	2,241
Total assets less current liabilities		2,615	2,268
Capital and reserves Called up equity share capital Profit and loss account	11 12	100 2,515	100 2,168
Shareholders' funds	13	2,615	2,268

The financial statements were approved by the directors on 27 January 2003 and signed on their behalf by:

I C Laurie Director

10 Laure

7

at 31 March 2002

1. Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with applicable accounting standards.

The company has fully adopted FRS 19 – Deferred Tax in these financial statements. No changes have been required to the comparative figures as a consequence of the adoption of FRS 19. FRS 18 – Accounting Policies has been adopted in the current year but this has not resulted in any change to the company's accounting policies.

Turnover

Turnover represents the amount invoiced, net of VAT, for goods and services supplied to customers.

Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation. The carrying values of tangible fixed assets are reviewed for impairment whenever events or circumstances indicate that the carrying value may not be recoverable.

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated to write off the cost of tangible fixed assets over their estimated useful lives in equal annual instalments over the following periods.

Office equipment

4 to 10 years

Vehicles

4 years

Pensions

Contributions to the Dairy Crest Group Pension Fund are assessed by a qualified actuary based on the cost of providing pensions across all participating Dairy Crest Group companies. Costs are not determined for each individual company hence contributions are charged to the profit and loss account in the period in respect of which they become payable.

Cash flow statement

As the company is a wholly owned subsidiary of Dairy Crest Group plc in whose consolidated cash flow statement its results are included, it is exempt under the terms of FRS 1 (Revised) from publishing a cash flow statement.

Foreign currency

Forward foreign exchange contracts are accounted for as hedges when they relate to a foreign currency asset or liability that is probable and which involves the same currency as the hedged item.

Assets and liabilities denominated in a foreign currency are translated at the rate of exchange prevailing at the balance sheet date or the forward rate where hedged. Exchange rate differences are charged to the profit and loss account.

Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost includes all costs incurred in bringing each product to its present location and condition.

Net realisable value if based on estimated selling price less any further costs expected to be incurred to completion and disposal.

at 31 March 2002

2. Segmental information

All turnover arises from continuing operations and originates in the United Kingdom.	Analysis of
turnover by distribution is as follows:	

	2002	2001
	£000	£000
United Kingdom	1,412	641
Other European Union Countries	22,584	25,083
North and South America	21,295	44,979
Rest of World	15,610	7,866
	60,901	78,569
•		
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation		

2002	2001
£000	£000
8	8
14	: 17
	£000 8

4. Directors' emoluments

	£000	£000
Fees and management services Performance related bonus	123 25	131 53
renormance related bonds		
	148	184
	2002	2001
	2002 No.	2001 No.
	•	
Members of defined benefits scheme	2	3

2001

2002

at 31 March 2002

5.	Staff	costs
J.	Juan	CUSIS

6.

Profits offset by available tax relief

Expenses not deductible for tax purpose

Effects of adjustment to tax rate in respect of prior years

Remuneration of employees, including directors:		
	2002	2001
	£000	£000
Wages and salaries	345	374
Social security costs	31	31
Other pension costs	36	33
	412	428
	2002	2001
	No.	No.
Average number of employees during the year	10	10
		======
Tax on profit on ordinary activities		ν,
The taxation charge for the year is made up as follows:		
	2002	2001
	£000	£000
Corporation tax @ 30%	136	5
Adjustment in respect of prior years	(4)	-
	132	5
	=====	
The tax rate for the period is lower (2001 – lower) than the standard rat (30%). The differences are explained below:	te of corporation tax in th	e UK
	2002	2001
	£000	£000
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation	479	726
Profit on ordinary activities multiplied by the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 30% (2001 – 30%)	144	218
D. C. C 1 111 (11 C	177	(210)

(219)

5

(8)

(4)

132

at 31 March 2002

7. Dividends

			2002	2001
			£000	£000
			2000	2000
	Final proposed dividend		_	_
8.	Tangible fixed assets			
		Office	Motor	
		equipment	vehicles	Total
		£000	£000	£000
	Cost:			
	At 1 April 2001	45	44	89
	Additions Disposals	_	(16)	(16)
	Disposats	_	(10)	(10)
	At 31 March 2002	45	28	73
				
	Depreciation:			-
	At 1 April 2001	(34)	(28)	(62)
	Charge in the year Disposals	(4)	(10) 16	(14) 16
	Disposais	_	10	10
	At 31 March 2002	(38)	(22)	(60)
	Net book value:			
	At 31 March 2002	7	6	13
		 -		
	At 31 March 2001	11	16	27
				
9.	Debtors			
			2002	2001
			£000	£000
	Trade debtors due within one year:			
	Due from RPA		633	236
	Other		12,544	16,251
			13,177	16 497
			15,177	16,487

at 31 March 2002

10. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	2002	2001
	£000	£000
Trade creditors	8,857	5,696
Corporation tax	136	5
Amounts owed to parent undertaking	7,270	10,370
Other creditors	298	241
	16,561	16,312
11. Share capital		
Authorised, allotted, called up and fully paid:		
	2002	2001
	£000	£000
100,000 ordinary shares of £1 each	100	100
		=======================================
12. Profit and loss account		
	2002	2001
	2002 £000	2001 £000
	2000	1000
At 1 April 2001	2,168	1,447
Retained profit for year	347	721
At 31 March 2002	2,515	2,168
	===	
13. Reconciliation of shareholders' funds and n	novement on reserves	
	2002	2001
	£000	£000
Profit for the year	347	721
Dividends	_	_
Increase in shareholders' funds	347	721
Opening shareholders' funds	2,268	1,547
Closing shareholders' funds	2,615	2,268
		

at 31 March 2002

14. Financial commitments

At 31 March 2002 the company held forward foreign currency contracts totalling £32,626,396 (2001 – £19,586,081).

15. Contingent liabilities

Trading guarantees

Part of the company's export powder and intervention business is supported by bank guarantees. In consequence, the company has provided its bankers with counter-indemnities which totalled £3,968,000 (2001 – £1,288,440).

16. Pensions

The company participates in the Dairy Crest Group Pension Fund. The scheme is of the defined benefits type providing benefits to certain employees within the Dairy Crest Group and the assets are held separately from the group's assets.

The latest actuarial valuation of the main group scheme, the Dairy Crest Group Pension Fund, was carried out as at 31 March 2001. Details of this valuation are contained in the financial statements of Dairy Crest Group plc. The next actuarial valuation of the Dairy Crest Group Pension Fund will be carried out as at 31 March 2004.

17. Related party transations

As the company is a wholly owned subsidiary of Dairy Crest Group plc, it is exempt under the terms of FRS 8 from disclosing transactions with other group subsidiaries, joint ventures or associated companies.

The company has not transacted with other related parties during the year.

18. Ultimate parent undertaking

The company's ultimate parent undertaking is Dairy Crest Group plc, registered in England, into whose financial statements it is consolidated. Copies of the annual report and financial statements of Dairy Crest Group plc can be obtained by writing to the company secretary, Dairy Crest Group plc, Claygate House, Littleworth Road, Esher, Surrey KT10 9PN.