Report and Financial Statements

31 December 2001

Deloitte & Touche Cardiff



PUB COMPANIES HOUSE

31/10/02

REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 2001

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OFFICERS AND PROFESSIONAL ADVISERS

DIRECTORS

P J Hartland

B H Jones

(appointed 6 August 20021

G C Gallacher

(appointed 26 June 2001)

J P Bevilaqua

(appointed 28 August 2002)

SECRETARY

B H Jones

REGISTERED OFFICE

Sully Moors Road

Sully, Penarth

South Glamorgan

CF64 5YU

BANKERS

National Westminster Bank plc

PO Box 315

High Street

Southampton

SO14 2BF

SOLICITORS

Allen & Overy

One New Change

London

EC4M 9QQ

AUDITORS

Deloitte & Touche

Cardiff

DIRECTORS' REPORT

The directors present their annual report and the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2001.

ACTIVITIES

The principal activity of the company during the year has been the manufacture and sale of adhesives and resins for use in a wide variety of applications, which are broadly categorised into Forest Product Resins, Formaldehyde and Performance Resins with sites at Barry, Cowie and Rotterdam.

The Barry plant mainly produces resin for the PRG business unit, but also Phenolic resin for the Forest Products group used for applications such as the production of Oriented Strand Board, doorskins and plywood. The PRG products supplied from Barry include a range of phenolic and formaldehyde based resins used by industrial customers in a variety of applications, from automotive mouldings and abrasives to electronics, filtration, construction and foundry applications. The resins manufactured at Barry are formulated to meet the bonding requirements of our customers.

The Cowie plant produces Urea Formaldehyde, Melamine Formaldehyde and Melamine Urea Formaldehyde mainly for use in particleboard and MDF manufacture. More specialist UF resins are supplied for use as adhesives in the woodworking industry mainly for bonding wood and paper veneers to particleboard and MDF.

The Rotterdam plant produces and supplies Formaldehyde for use in the wider chemical industry for applications such as the production of resins used in woodworking manufacture.

The ultimate parent company remains as Borden Chemical Inc (BCI), which has operations in 12 countries, more than 50 manufacturing plants and annual turnover of approximately \$1.5bn. BCI is one of the world's leading integrated producers of industrial adhesives and related products.

REVIEW OF DEVELOPMENTS

Closure of North Baddesley and the Transfer of Production to Barry

The period's major development has been progress towards the integration of the two manufacturing organisations and the planned reorganisation of future activities within the group. The directors anticipate that benefits will arise from this in the future.

Following the acquisition of Blagden Chemicals Limited by Borden International Holdings Limited, from Blagden Plc in 1999, the plan to transfer production from the Borden Chemical UK Limited, North Baddesley site was completed during 2001. Production at the North Baddesley Site ceased and demolition of the site commenced in August 2001, in preparation for the sale of the land as a residential development.

As part of the project to transfer the production and European headquarters to Barry, capital expenditure of £14.2 million was invested at Barry. In addition Borden Chemical UK Limited has incurred exceptional costs of £19.4 million since 2000 as part of the transfer and integration project.

The production capacity and the European headquarters of the Borden Chemical UK site, North Baddesley has been incorporated into the Borden Chemical GB site, Barry. Consequently, reference should be made to the Borden International Holdings Limited Financial Statements for complete business results.

Performance Resins - Barry

Production ceased at North Baddesley in August 2001. The resident business at North Baddesley was transferred to Barry, South Wales, where the capacity was absorbed into the site acquired from Blagden Chemicals following significant capital investment at the plant. The resident business at Barry is part of the Performance Resins Group, which manufactures a wide range of phenolic resins utilised in a variety of industrial applications.

Guest operations at the Barry site comprise, Zeon Chemicals Europe Limited, Cardiff and Vale Enterprise, AES Barry Power Station, EVC (UK) Limited, Kingspan Insulation Limited and Laporte Performance Chemicals Limited.

DIRECTORS' REPORT

Volumes of Borden product despatched from Barry in 2001 were approximately 36,000 tonnes. The emphasis during 2001 has been on the safe and cost efficient transfer and integration of the manufacturing capacity into the improved site at Barry, with a view to establishing Borden as one of the industry's lowest cost manufacturers of phenolic based industrial resins. The sales from Barry are to over 300 customers based mainly in the E.U.

Capacity and performance of the Barry plant is expected to improve as efficiencies are realised, as the production facilities become fully utilised.

Performance for the year continued to be affected by costs, which were duplicated at both sites during the period up to the closure of the North Baddesley operation. Margins are expected to improve in 2002 over the 2001 and 2000 levels following the integration of the production capabilities and business restructure together with the emphasis on safe, reliable, low cost supply.

Forest Products - Cowie

Volumes of product despatched from the Forest Products manufacturing operations in 2001 was approximately 80,000 tonnes. Results during the year were characterised by difficult trading conditions for the wood panel manufacturers, resulting in lower volumes and margins.

Formaldehyde-Rotterdam

Volumes of formaldehyde despatched from Rotterdam in the period were approximately 105,000 tonnes.

POST BALANCE SHEET EVENTS

Following the year end the board took the decision to transfer the trade and assets of Borden Chemical UK Limited to Borden Chemical GB Limited with effect from 1 January 2002. Borden Chemical GB Limited will subsequently change its name to Borden Chemical UK Limited and Borden Chemical UK Limited will simultaneously be renamed Borden Chemical GB Limited. Both companies continue to be wholly owned by Borden International Holdings.

RESULTS AND DIVIDENDS

The results for the period are set out in the profit and loss account. The directors do not recommend payment of a dividend.

DIRECTORS AND THEIR INTERESTS

The present board of directors is set out on page 1. The present board served throughout the entire year other than as indicated on page 1. A Green resigned on 6 August 2001 and T J Zappala resigned on 28 August 2002.

None of the directors held any beneficial interest in the shares of the company or in any members of the group during the year or subsequently.

RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT

The group spent £982,000 (2000 - £574,000) on research and development during the period.

EMPLOYEES' INVOLVEMENT IN COMPANY AFFAIRS

The group's senior management meets on a regular basis with union and other employee representatives to discuss company results and other issues or topical events. In addition, the company makes every effort to keep employees informed of its activities where this is possible.

POLITICAL AND CHARITABLE CONTRIBUTIONS

Donations to charities made during the year amounted to £5,825 (2000: nil). The company made no political contributions during the year.

DIRECTORS' REPORT

EMPLOYMENT OF DISABLED PERSONS

The group's companies recognise their responsibility to employ disabled persons in suitable employment, and gives full and fair consideration to applications for employment made by such persons, having regard to their particular aptitudes and abilities.

Any employee who becomes disabled is encouraged to remain in the company's employment, in the same job if this is practicable. If a change of job is necessary, such an employee is considered for any suitable alternative work, which is available, and any necessary training is arranged.

Disabled employees are treated equally with all other employees in respect of their eligibility for training, career development and promotion.

AUDITORS

Deloitte & Touche have expressed their willingness to continue in office as auditors and a resolution to reappoint them will be proposed at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting.

Approved by the Board of Directors and signed on behalf of the Board

B H Jones Secretary

Date 30 Oction 2002

United Kingdom company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at the end of the financial year and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing those financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. They are also responsible for the system of internal control, for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF BORDEN CHEMICAL GB LIMITED

We have audited the financial statements of Borden Chemical GB Limited for the year ended 31 December 2001 which comprise the profit and loss account, the statement of total recognised gains and losses, the balance sheet and the related notes 1 to 20. These financial statements have been prepared under the accounting policies set out therein.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As described in the statement of directors' responsibilities, the company's directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements in accordance with applicable United Kingdom law and accounting standards. Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with relevant United Kingdom legal and regulatory requirements and auditing standards.

We report to you our opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view and are properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985. We also report if, in our opinion, the directors' report is not consistent with the financial statements, if the company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if information specified by law regarding directors' remuneration and transactions with the company is not disclosed.

We read the directors' report for the above year and consider the implications for our report if we become aware of any apparent misstatements.

Basis of audit opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with United Kingdom auditing Standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the circumstances of the company, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion, we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at 31 December 2001 and of its loss for the year then ended and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985.

Deloitte & Touche

Chartered Accountants and Registered Auditors

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PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT Year ended 31 December 2001

Ŋ	Note	2001 £°000	2000 £'000
TURNOVER	2	51,344	37,648
Cost of sales		(46,227)	(35,859)
Gross profit		5,117	1,789
Distribution costs Administrative expenses		(2,059) (2,603)	(448) (473)
OPERATING PROFIT	3	455	868
Loss on sale of operations	4	-	(697)
Interest payable and similar charges	6	(3,380)	(3,482)
LOSS ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAXATION		(2,925)	(3,311)
Tax on (loss) on ordinary activities	7	1,538	944
RETAINED LOSS ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES AFTER TAXATION	15	(1,387)	(2,367)

All activities are continuing

STATEMENT OF TOTAL RECOGNISED GAINS AND LOSSES Year ended 31 December 2001

	2001 £'000	2000 £'000
Retained loss for the year	(1,387)	(2,367)
Currency translation differences		101
Total recognised gains and losses for the year	(1,387)	(2,266)

BALANCE SHEET 31 December 2001

	Note	2001 £'000	2000 £'000
FIXED ASSETS Tangible fixed assets	8	39,060	36,943
CURRENT ASSETS Stocks Debtors Cash at bank and in hand	9 10	2,886 8,335 366	2,681 8,235 727
		11,587	11,643
CREDITORS: amounts falling due within one year	11	(23,746)	(17,559)
NET CURRENT LIABILITIES		(12,159)	(5,916)
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES		26,901	31,027
CREDITORS: amounts falling due after more than one year	12	(31,056)	(30,562)
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES AND CHARGES	13	(892)	(4,125)
		5,047	(3,660)
CAPITAL AND RESERVES Called up share capital Share premium account Profit and loss account	14 15 15	1 128 (5,176)	1 128 (3,789)
EQUITY SHAREHOLDERS' DEFICIT	16	(5,047)	(3,660)

These financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on 30 October 200 = Signed on behalf of the Board of Directors

B H Jones Director

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS Year ended 31 December 2001

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements are prepared in accordance with applicable accounting standards. The particular accounting policies adopted are described below.

Accounting convention

The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention.

Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation. Depreciation is provided on cost in equal annual instalments over the estimated useful lives of the assets. Items not yet brought into use are classified as assets under construction and not depreciated. When such items are brought into use, they are transferred to the appropriate category and depreciation is charged. The depreciable lives are as follows:

Freehold land and buildings	50	years
Vehicles	5	years
Plant and equipment	10-18	years

Investments

Fixed asset investments are stated at cost less any provision for impairment. The company has not prepared consolidated accounts as it is exempt from this requirement under s228 of the Companies Act 1985. Consequently these financial statements present information about the company as an individual entity rather than its group.

Stocks

Stocks and work in progress are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value with cost being determined on the first in first out basis, and including an appropriate proportion of production overheads. Net realisable value is based on estimated selling price less all further costs to completion and all relevant marketing, selling and distribution costs. Provision is made where necessary for obsolete, slow moving and defective stocks.

Foreign exchange

Transactions denominated in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rates ruling at the dates of the transactions. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at the balance sheet date are translated at the rates ruling at that date. These translation differences are dealt with in the profit and loss account.

Deferred taxation

Deferred taxation is provided on the liability method for all timing differences arising from the different treatment of items for accounts and taxation purposes, which are expected to reverse in the future, calculated at rates at which it is estimated that tax will arise.

Research and development

Amounts spent on research and development are written off against income in the period incurred.

Pensions

The company operates group personal pension arrangements for its existing UK scheme members. Contributions by the company are paid directly into the individual arrangements and charged to the profit and loss account in the current year.

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS Year ended 31 December 2001

2. TURNOVER

Turnover represents amounts derived from the provision of goods and services which fall within the company's ordinary activities after deduction of trade discounts and value added tax. The company's turnover is attributable to one activity, the manufacture and sale of adhesives and resins. The geographical analysis of turnover is as follows:

		2001 £'000	2000 £'000
	United Kingdom	33,682	21,150
	Rest of Europe	14,901	16,358
	Other	2,761	140
		51,344	37,648
3.	OPERATING PROFIT		
		2001 £'000	2000 £'000
	The operating profit is arrived at after charging:		
	Depreciation of tangible fixed assets	2,907	2,424
	Operating lease rentals:	120	
	Vehicles	128 538	573
	Plant and equipment	338 27	12
	Land and buildings	982	574
	Research and development Auditors' remuneration – audit	49	374
	- other services	16	J.C.
	Loss on disposal of fixed assets	523	-
	Loss on disposal of fixed assets		

4. LOSS ON SALE OF OPERATIONS

On 12 August 2000 the company disposed of its Haverhill chemical business for a consideration of £1,656,000 and on 22 November 2000 sold the remaining land and offices at Haverhill for consideration of £1,200,000. After accounting for related redundancies, the loss on disposal of these operations amounted to £697,000.

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS Year ended 31 December 2001

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5. INFORMATION REGARDING DIRECTORS AND EMPLOYEES

	2001 £'000	2000 £'000
Directors' emoluments	-	-
Directors' emoluments have been paid by Borden Chemical UK Limited. proportion of their remuneration which relates to this company.	It is not possible to	allocate the
	No.	No.
Number of directors who:		
Are members of a defined contribution scheme	2	1
Average number of employees during the year	246	154
Staff costs during the year (including directors)	2001 £'000	2000 £'000
Wages and salaries Social security costs Pension costs	6,534 609 448 7,591	4,007 381 233 4,621
INTEREST PAYABLE	2001 £'000	2000 £°000
Interest payable on intercompany loans	3,380	3,482

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS Year ended 31 December 2001

7. TAX ON PROFIT/(LOSS) ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES

	2001 £'000	2000 £'000
Corporation tax at 30% (2000 – 31%)	•	250
Double taxation relief	-	(250)
Overseas taxation	85	250
Deferred taxation	(1,623)	(1,067)
	(1,538)	(817)
Adjustment in respect of prior years		(127)
Charge for the year	(1,538)	(944)

No corporation tax charge arises in the current year due to the losses incurred. The tax credit for 2000 was disproportionate due to the expenditure not allowable for taxation.

8. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

	Freehold land and buildings £°000	Plant and equipment £'000	Assets under construction £'000	Total £'000
Cost				
At 1 January 2001	5,280	45,156	11,108	61,544
Additions	1.000	-	5,547	5,547
Transfers	1,283	13,033	(14,316)	(500)
Disposals		(589)		(589)
At 31 December 2001	6,563	57,600	2,339	66,502
Depreciation				
At 1 January 2001	4,445	20,156	-	24,601
Charge for the year	53	2,854	-	2,907
Disposals	<u> </u>	(66)	·	(66)
At 31 December 2001	4,498	22,944	-	27,442
Net book value				
At 31 December 2001	2,065	34,656	2,339	39,060
At 31 December 2000	835	25,000	11,108	36,943
		· 		

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS Year ended 31 December 2001

9. STOCKS

9.	STOCKS		
		2001 £'000	2000 £'000
	Raw materials and consumables Work in progress	1,330	727
	Finished goods and goods for resale	13 1,543	29 1,925
		2,886	2,681
10.	DEBTORS		
		2001 £'000	2000 £'000
	Amounts falling due within one year: Trade debtors	(071	7.220
	Amounts owed by fellow subsidiary companies	6,971 919	7,320 414
	Prepayments and accrued income	445	501
		8,335	8,235
11.	CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR		
		2001 £'000	2000 £'000
		2 000	~ 000
	Trade creditors	5,941	4,795
	Amounts owed to fellow subsidiary companies	6,031	9,476
	Amounts owed to parent	10,155	-
	Corporation tax	462 337	3 7 7
	Other taxation and social security costs Accruals and deferred income	820	506 2,405
		23,746	17,559
12.	CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE AFTER MORE THAN ONE YE	AR	
		2001 £'000	2000 £'000
	Amounts owed to immediate holding company	31,056	30,562

The amounts owed to the immediate parent company are secured by fixed and floating charges over the company's assets. The amounts are wholly repayable within five years.

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS Year ended 31 December 2001

13. PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES AND CHARGES

	Deferred tax £2000	Reorganisation provision £'000	Total £'000
Balance brought forward	1,623	2,502	4,125
Profit and loss account	(1,623)	(551)	(2,174)
Utilised in the year		(1,059)	(1,059)
Balance carried forward	-	892	892

The reorganisation provision reflects the estimated demolition and environmental costs of exiting from the Haverhill site.

The amounts of deferred taxation provided and not provided in the accounts are as follows:

	Deferred taxation	Provided 2001 £'000	Provided 2000 £'000	Not Provided 2001 £'000	Not Provided 2000 £'000
	Accelerated capital allowances Other timing differences	647 (647)	1,663 (40)	(250)	(480)
		-	1,623	(250)	(480)
14.	SHARE CAPITAL				
				2001 £'000	2000 £'000
	Authorised, issued and fully paid 1,000 ordinary shares of £1 each			1	1
15.	RESERVES				
			Share premium account £'000	Profit and loss account £'000	Total £'000
	At 1 January 2001 Retained loss for the financial year		128	(3,789) (1,387)	(3,661) (1,387)
	At 31 December 2001		128	(5,176)	(5,048)

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS Year ended 31 December 2001

16. RECONCILIATION OF MOVEMENTS IN SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS

	2001 £'000	2000 £'000
Loss for the financial year	(1,387)	(2,367)
	(1,387)	(2,367)
Other recognised gains and losses	-	101
Opening shareholders' deficit	(3,660)	(1,394)
Closing shareholders' deficit	(5,047)	(3,660)

17. OPERATING LEASE COMMITMENTS

At 31 December 2001 the company was committed to making the following payments during the next year in respect of operating leases:

	Land and buildings		Plant and equipment	
	2001	2000	2001	2000
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Within one year	-		-	58
Between one and five years	105	91	121	498
After five years		44	587	
	105	135	708	556

18. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

The company claims exemption from disclosing transactions with members of the group headed by Borden Inc. in accordance with the exemptions contained in paragraph 3(c) of FRS 8 as it is a 100% subsidiary of that group whose accounts are publicly available.

19. ULTIMATE HOLDING COMPANY

The immediate parent company is Borden International Holdings Limited, incorporated in England and Wales, which heads the smallest group whose consolidated financial statements include those of the company. The largest group which consolidates the results of the company is that headed by Borden Inc. The consolidated financial statements of Borden Inc. are available from 180 East Broad Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215. No other company produces consolidated financial statements. The ultimate controlling entity is considered by the directors to be Kohlberg, Kravis Roberts & Co.

20. CASH FLOW STATEMENT

The company has adopted FRS 1 and consequently claims exemption from preparation of a cash flow statement in accordance with the provisions of that standard. The company's cash flows are included within the group financial statements of Borden Inc.