COMPANY REGISTRATION NUMBER 00857894

CELTIC-CONTINENTAL HOLDINGS LIMITED

UNAUDITED ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

31 JANUARY 2012

TUESDAY



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ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS Year ended 31 January 2012

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ABBREVIATED BALANCE SHEET

31 January 2012

		2012	2011
	Note	£	£
FIXED ASSETS	2		
Tangible assets		-	27,061
CURRENT ASSETS			
Stocks		_	137,807
Debtors		84,990	33,872
Cash at bank and in hand		10,853	3,302
		95,843	174,981
CREDITORS: Amounts falling due within one year		(201,630)	(288,558)
NET CURRENT LIABILITIES		(105,787)	(113,577)
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES		(105,787)	(86,516)
CAPITAL AND RESERVES			
Called-up equity share capital	4	20,000	20,000
Profit and loss account		(125,787)	(106,516)
DEFICIT		(105,787)	(86,516)
		===	====

The directors are satisfied that the company is entitled to exemption from the provisions of the Companies Act 2006 (the Act) relating to the audit of the financial statements for the year by virtue of section 477, and that no member or members have requested an audit pursuant to section 476 of the Act

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for

- ensuring that the company keeps adequate accounting records which comply with section 386 of the Act, and
- (11) preparing financial statements which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at the end of the financial year and of its profit or loss for the financial year in accordance with the requirements of section 393, and which otherwise comply with the requirements of the Act relating to financial statements, so far as applicable to the company

These abbreviated accounts have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions for small companies under Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006

These abbreviated accounts were approved by the directors and authorised for issue on 22/1/13, and are signed on their behalf by

Mr G A Latham

Company Registration Number 00857894

NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

Year ended 31 January 2012

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of accounting

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective April 2008)

Turnover

The turnover shown in the profit and loss account is derived from ordinary activities and represents the value of work done in the financial year, exclusive of Value Added Tax

Fixed assets

All fixed assets are initially recorded at cost

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost of an asset, less its estimated residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows

Property Improvements

2% straight line

Fixtures & Fittings

10% straight line

Stocks

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value, after making due allowance for obsolete and slow moving items

Operating lease agreements

Rentals applicable to operating leases where substantially all of the benefits and risks of ownership remain with the lessor are charged against profits on a straight line basis over the period of the lease

Deferred taxation

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events have occurred at that date that will result in an obligation to pay more, or a right to pay less or to receive more tax, with the following exceptions

Provision is made for tax on gains arising from the revaluation (and similar fair value adjustments) of fixed assets, and gains on disposal of fixed assets that have been rolled over into replacement assets, only to the extent that, at the balance sheet date, there is a binding agreement to dispose of the assets concerned. However, no provision is made where, on the basis of all available evidence at the balance sheet date, it is more likely than not that the taxable gain will be rolled over into replacement assets and charged to tax only where the replacement assets are sold

Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that the directors consider that it is more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted

Deferred tax is measured on an undiscounted basis at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which timing differences reverse, based on tax rates and laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date

NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

Year ended 31 January 2012

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Financial instruments

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the entity after deducting all of its financial liabilities.

Where the contractual obligations of financial instruments (including share capital) are equivalent to a similar debt instrument, those financial instruments are classed as financial liabilities. Financial liabilities are presented as such in the balance sheet. Finance costs and gains or losses relating to financial liabilities are included in the profit and loss account. Finance costs are calculated so as to produce a constant rate of return on the outstanding liability.

Where the contractual terms of share capital do not have any terms meeting the definition of a financial liability then this is classed as an equity instrument. Dividends and distributions relating to equity instruments are debited direct to equity

2. FIXED ASSETS

	Tangible Assets £
COST At 1 February 2011 Disposals	70,721 (70,721)
At 31 January 2012	
DEPRECIATION At 1 February 2011 Charge for year On disposals	43,660 3,707 (47,367)
At 31 January 2012	
NET BOOK VALUE At 31 January 2012	_
At 31 January 2011	27,061

3. TRANSACTIONS WITH THE DIRECTORS

Dividends of £5,615 were paid to the director, K Evans, during the year

NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

Year ended 31 January 2012

4. SHARE CAPITAL

Allotted and called up:

	2012		2011	
	No	£	No	£
20,000 Ordinary A & B shares fully paid				
of £1 each	20,000	20,000	20,000	20,000

5. ULTIMATE PARENT COMPANY

In the opinion of the directors the ultimate parent company is Latham Bros Holdings Limited, a company registered in England and Wales