# **BAE Systems Land Systems (Logistics) Limited**

Annual report and financial statements

31 December 2016

Registered number: 00835608



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# **Directors' Report**

#### Company registration

BAE Systems Land Systems (Logistics) Limited is a private company, limited by shares and registered in England and Wales with the registered number 00835608.

#### Results and dividends

The Company did not trade during the year. The directors do not propose a dividend for 2016 (2015: £962,000).

#### Going concern

The Company has not traded for a number of years and as the directors do not intend to acquire a replacement trade, they have not prepared the financial statements on a going concern basis.

#### Small companies exemption

The Directors' Report has been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to small companies within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.

#### Directors and their interests

The directors who served during the year and at the date of this report were as follows:

M S Miller

J B Osbaldestin

The Board is not aware of any contract of significance in relation to the Company in which any director has, or has had, a material interest.

#### Disclosure of information to auditor

The directors who held office at the date of approval of this Directors' report confirm that, so far as they are each aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the Company's auditor is unaware; and each director has taken all the steps that he/she ought to have taken to make himself/herself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the Company's auditor is aware of that information.

# Auditor

The auditor, KPMG LLP, has indicated its willingness to continue in office and in accordance with section 487(2) of the Companies Act 2006, has been reappointed.

On behalf of the Board

Director

23 May 2017

JB Osbaldestin

Registered office:
BAE Systems Land Systems (Logistics) Limited
Warwick House
PO Box 87
Farnborough Aerospace Centre
Farnborough
Hampshire
GU14 6YU
England
United Kingdom

# Statement of directors' responsibilities in respect of the directors' report and the financial statements

The directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law they have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with UK Accounting Standards and applicable law (UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice), including FRS 101 Reduced Disclosure Framework.

Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the profit or loss of the Company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently; and
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and
- prepare financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Company will continue in business. (As explained in note 1, the Directors do not believe that it is appropriate to prepare the financial statements on a going concern basis).

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the Company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They have general responsibility for taking such steps as are reasonably open to them to safeguard the assets of the Company and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities

# Independent auditor's report to the members of BAE Systems Land Systems (Logistics) Limited

We have audited the financial statements of BAE Systems Land Systems (Logistics) Limited for the year ended 31 December 2016 set out on pages 6 to 11. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and UK Accounting Standards (UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice), including FRS 101 Reduced Disclosure Framework.

This report is made solely to the Company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Company and the Company's members, as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

#### Respective responsibilities of directors and auditor

As explained more fully in the Directors' Responsibilities Statement set out on page 4, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit, and express an opinion on, the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards for Auditors.

#### Scope of the audit of the financial statements

A description of the scope of an audit of financial statements is provided on the Financial Reporting Council's website at <a href="https://www.frc.org.uk/auditscopeukprivate">www.frc.org.uk/auditscopeukprivate</a>.

#### Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs as at 31 December 2016 and of its result for the year then
  ended:
- · have been properly prepared in accordance with UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

#### Emphasis of Matter - non-going concern basis of preparation

In forming our opinion on the financial statements, which is not modified, we have considered the adequacy of the disclosure made in note 1 to the financial statements which explains that the financial statements have not been prepared on the going concern basis for the reasons set out in that note.

#### Opinion on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the Directors' Report for the financial year is consistent with the financial statements.

Based solely on the work required to be undertaken in the course of the audit of the financial statements and from reading the Directors' Report:

- we have not identified material misstatements in that report; and
- in our opinion, that report has been prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 2006.

#### Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- the directors were not entitled to take advantage of the small companies exemption in preparing the Directors' Report and take advantage of the small companies exemption from the requirement to prepare a Strategic Report.

**Richard Evans** 

for and on behalf of KPMG LLP, Statutory Auditor

Chartered Accountants KPMG LLP

Edward VII Quay Navigation Way Preston

PR2 2YF

24 May 2017

## **Balance sheet**

as at 31 December 2016 2016 2015 Notes £000 £000 **Current assets** Trade and other receivables 6 2,701 2,760 **Total assets** 2,701 2,760 **Current liabilities** (1,602) Trade and other payables (2,505)**Total liabilities** (2,505)(1,602)Net assets 196 1,158 Capital and reserves Issued share capital 8 196 196 Retained earnings 962 **Total equity** 196 1,158

The notes on pages 8 to 11 form part of the financial statements.

Approved by the Board on 23 May 2017 and signed on its behalf by:

JB Osbaldestin

Director Registered number: 00835608

# Statement of changes in equity for the year ended 31 December 2016

·	Notes	Issued share capital £000	Retained earnings 1	Total equity £000
At 1 January 2015	8	196	962	1,158
At 31 December 2015	8	196	962	1,158
Ordinary share dividends	8	-	(962)	(962)
At 31 December 2016		196		196

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The non-distributable portion of retained earnings is £nil (2015: £nil).

#### Notes to the financial statements

# 1 Accounting policies

#### **Basis of preparation**

These financial statements were prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard (FRS) 101 Reduced Disclosure Framework. Amendments to FRS 101 (2014/15 cycle and other minor amendments) and Amendments to FRS 101 (2015/16 cycle) both effective for periods beginning on or after 1 January 2016 have been applied.

In preparing these financial statements, the Company applies the recognition, measurement and disclosure requirements of International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) as adopted by the EU (EU-adopted IFRS), but makes amendments where necessary in order to comply with the Companies Act 2006 and has set out below where advantage of the FRS 101 disclosure exemptions has been taken:

- the requirements of paragraphs 45(b) and 46 to 52 of IFRS 2, Share-based Payment;
- the requirements of IFRS 7, Financial Instruments: Disclosures;
- the requirements of paragraphs 10(d), 10(f), 16, 38A, 38B, 38C, 38D, 40A, 40B, 40C, 40D, 111 and 134 to 136 of IAS
   1, Presentation of Financial Statements;
- the requirements of IAS 7, Statement of Cash Flows;
- the requirements of paragraphs 30 and 31 of IAS 8, Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors;
- the requirements of paragraphs 17 and 18A of IAS 24, Related Party Disclosures;
- the requirements in IAS 24, Related Party Disclosures, to disclose related party transactions entered into between
  two or more members of a group, provided that any subsidiary which is a party to the transaction is wholly owned by
  such a member; and
- the requirements of paragraphs 130(f)(ii), 130(f)(iii), 134(d) to 134(f) and 135(c) to 135(e) of IAS 36, Impairment of Assets.

The Company intends to continue to prepare its financial statements in accordance with FRS 101.

The following paragraphs summarise the main accounting policies of the Company and have, unless otherwise stated, been applied consistently to all periods presented in these financial statements.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

During the financial year and the preceding financial year the Company did not trade and received no income and incurred no expenditure. Consequently during these years the Company made neither a profit nor a loss. Hence a Profit and Loss statement has not been prepared.

The Company has not traded for a number of years and as the directors do not intend to acquire a replacement trade, they have not prepared the financial statements on a going concern basis. No adjustments were necessary to the amounts at which the remaining net assets are included in these financial statements.

#### Notes to the financial statements (continued)

# 1 Accounting policies (continued)

#### Trade and other receivables

Trade and other receivables are stated at their cost less provision for bad debts. A provision for bad debt is established when there is objective evidence that the Company will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables. Significant financial difficulties of the debtor, probability that the debtor will enter bankruptcy or financial reorganisation, and default or delinquency in payments are considered indicators that the trade receivable is impaired. Receivables with a short-term duration are not discounted.

A loss on provision for bad debt is reversed if the subsequent increase in recoverable amount can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment loss was recognised.

#### Trade and other payables

Trade and other payables are stated at their cost.

#### Taxation

Income tax expense comprises current and deferred tax. Current and deferred tax is recognised in profit or loss except to the extent that it relates to a business combination or items recognised directly in equity or other comprehensive income.

#### Current tax

Current tax is the expected tax payable or receivable on the taxable profit or loss for the year, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date, and any adjustment to tax payable in respect of previous years.

#### Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for taxation purposes. Deferred tax is not recognised for temporary differences:

- on the initial recognition of assets or liabilities in a transaction that is not a business combination and that affects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss;
- related to investments in subsidiaries and equity accounted investments to the extent that it is probable that they will not
  reverse in the foreseeable future; and
- · arising on the initial recognition of goodwill.

Deferred tax is measured at the tax rates that are expected to be applied to temporary differences when they reverse, based on the laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date.

A deferred tax asset is recognised for unused tax losses, tax credits and deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which they can be utilised. Deferred tax assets are reviewed at each reporting date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefit will be realised.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset if there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax liabilities and assets, and they relate to income taxes levied by the same tax authority and they intend to settle current tax liabilities and assets on a net basis or their tax assets and liabilities will be realised simultaneously.

## 2 Administration expenses

The remuneration of the auditor for the years ended 31 December 2015 and 2016 has been borne by fellow group company, BAE Systems Global Combat Systems Limited. The auditor remuneration for this Company was £5,000 (2015: £5,000).

# Notes to the financial statements (continued)

# 3 Employees

The only persons employed by the Company during the year and the prior year were the directors.

None of the directors received any emoluments from the Company during the year. All directors who served during the year were employed by BAE Systems Global Combat Systems Limited and were remunerated through that company.

The directors did not provide any material qualifying services to the Company.

#### 4 Taxation

The Company has not provided for corporation tax for the year as any profits will be covered by the surrender of losses from other Group companies, in respect of which no payment will be made.

The following reconciles the expected tax (expense), using UK corporate tax rate, to the reported tax (expense).

	2016	2015
	£000 ·	£000
Profit before taxation	-	-
UK corporation tax rate	20.00%	20.25%
Expected tax (expense) on profit	•	
Imputed interest (income)	(4)	(5)
Losses received from group companies	4	5
Taxation (expense)	-	-

### 5 Deferred tax

Provision for deferred tax is not required.

## 6 Trade and other receivables

	2016 £000	2015 £000
Current		
Amounts owed by group companies	2,701	2,760
	2,701	2,760

# 7 Trade and other payables

	2016 £000	2015 £000
Current		
Amounts owed to group companies	2,505	1,602
	2,505	1,602

# Notes to the financial statements (continued)

# 8 Share capital and other reserves

#### Share capital

	£1 Ordinary shares	Nominal value £000
Issued and fully paid		
At 1 January and 31 December 2016	196,000	196
Equity dividends		
	2016 £000	2015 £000
Final dividend for ordinary shares paid in respect of the previous year	962	

The directors do not propose a final dividend for 2016. (2015: £962k).

# 9 Controlling parties

The immediate parent company is BAE Systems Land Systems (Finance) Limited and the ultimate parent company is BAE Systems plc. Both companies are incorporated in Great Britain and registered in England and Wales.

The consolidated accounts of BAE Systems plc are available to the public and may be obtained from

6 Carlton Gardens London SW1Y 5AD

Website: www.baesystems.com