Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 January 2018

<u>for</u>

J.C.Sharpe Limited

FRIDAY

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COMPANIES HOUSE

#199

ASE Audit LLP
Statutory Auditors & Chartered Accountants
Rowan Court
Concord Business Park
Manchester
Greater Manchester
M22 ORR

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Company Information for the Year Ended 31 January 2018

DIRECTOR:

Mrs L Sharpe

REGISTERED OFFICE:

11 Blundelis Road

Tiverton Devon EX16 4DB

REGISTERED NUMBER:

00834905

AUDITORS:

ASE Audit LLP Statutory Auditors & Chartered Accountants Rowan Court Concord Business Park

Manchester

Greater Manchester

M22 0RR

J.C.Sharpe Limited (Registered number: 00834905)

Statement of Financial Position 31 January 2018

		2018 `	2017
	Notes	£	£
FIXED ASSETS			
Tangible assets	4	294,840	300,634
CURRENT ASSETS			
Stocks	5	1,138,206	839,301
Debtors	6	144,197	151,709
Cash at bank and in hand		109,791	134,456
CREDITORS		1,392,194	1,125,466
Amounts falling due within one year	7	(1,259,112)	(923,218)
NET CURRENT ASSETS		133,082	202,248
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT			
LIABILITIES		427,922	502,882
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES		(14,055)	(14,549)
NET ASSETS		413,867	488,333
CAPITAL AND RESERVES		•	
Called up share capital	9	2,000	2,000
Retained earnings	10	411,867	486,333
retained carmings	10		
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS		413,867	488,333

The financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions of Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

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In accordance with	Coation 111 of the	Composion Act 2006	the Income Stateme	ent has pot been delivered.
III accordance with	3601011 444 01 1116	COMPANIES ACIZO00.	. The moone stateme	ini nas bol been delivered.

The financial statements were approved by the director on 19 - 18 and were signed by:

Mrs I Sharpe - Director

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 January 2018

1. STATUTORY INFORMATION

J.C.Sharpe Limited is a private company limited by shares registered in England & Wales. The address of the company's registered office and its principal place of business is 11 Blundells Road, Tiverton, Devon, EX16 4DB.

The company's functional and presentational currency is Pound Sterling (£).

The principal activity of the company is that of a motor dealer and related services.

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of preparing the financial statements

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions of Section 1A "Small Entities" of Financial Reporting Standard 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" and the Companies Act 2006. The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

The preparation of financial statements in compliance with FRS 102 requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise judgement in applying the company's financial accounting policies (see note 2).

The following principal accounting policies have been applied:

Significant judgements and estimates

The preparation of the financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported for assets and liabilities at the balance sheet date and the amounts reported for revenues and expenses during the year. However, the nature of estimation means that actual outcomes could differ from those estimates.

The following judgements (apart from those involving estimates) have had the most significant effect on amounts recognised in the financial statements:

Consignment stock

Vehicles held on consignment have been included in 'vehicle stock' within 'stocks' on the basis that the company has determined that it holds the significant risks and rewards attached to these vehicles.

Stock valuation

Stock valuation is regularly monitored against age profile and market demand. Management use a number of market tools during the appraisal process including Glass' and CAP valuation guides. The director maintains oversight of ageing stock profiles and a monthly review of any provision required is performed.

Property, plant and equipment assets

Property, plant and equipment are reviewed for impairment if events or circumstances indicate that the carrying value may not be recoverable. When an impairment review is carried out the recoverable value is determined based on value In use calculations which require estimates to be made of future cash flows.

Incentives and other rebates from brand partners

The company receives income in the form of various incentives which are determined by its brand partner. The amount received is generally based on achieving specific objectives such as a specified sales volume, as well as other objectives including maintaining brand partner standards which may include, but are not limited to, retail centre image and design requirements, customer satisfaction survey results and training standards. Objectives are generally set and measured on either a quarterly or annual basis.

Where incentives are based on a specific sales volume or number of registrations, the related income is recognised as a reduction in cost of sales when it is reasonably certain that the income has been earned. This is generally the later of the date the related vehicles are sold or registered or when it is reasonably certain that the related target will be met. Where incentives are linked to retail centre image and design requirements, customer satisfaction survey results or training standards, they are recognised as a reduction in cost of sales when it is reasonably certain that the incentive will be received for the relevant period.

The company may also receive contributions towards advertising, promotional and rent expenditure. Where such contributions are received they are recognised as a reduction in the related expenditure in the period to which they relate.

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Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 31 January 2018

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Turnove

Turnover from the sale of goods is recognised in the Income Statement, net of discounts and value added tax, when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have been transferred to the buyer. In general this occurs when vehicles or parts have been supplied or when a service has been completed.

Incentives received from manufacturers in respect of target achievements are accounted for as a deduction from the cost of the vehicles or parts to which they relate.

Commission income is accounted for on a receivable basis.

Tangible fixed assets

Depreciation is provided at the following annual rates in order to write off each asset over its estimated useful life

Freehold property - Not provided

Plant and machinery - 25% on reducing balance

Fixtures and fittings - 10% on cost Computer equipment - 33% on cost

The assets' residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed, and adjusted prospectively if appropriate, or if there is an indication of a significant change since the last reporting date.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing the proceeds with the carrying amount and are recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

Freehold property is not depreciated on the basis that it is maintained in such a condition that its residual value is at least equal to the original purchase cost and the effect of the depreciation charge is immaterial.

Stocks

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value after making due allowance for obsolete and slow-moving stock.

At each reporting date, stocks are assessed for impairment. If stock is impaired, the carrying amount is reduced to its selling price less costs to complete and sell. The impairment loss is recognised immediately in the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

Consignment stocks

Consignment vehicles are regarded as being under the control of the company when significant risks and responsibilities of ownership are deemed to have passed to the company in accordance with FRS 102. These values are included with the stocks on the Statement of Financial Position, although legal title has not passed to the company. The corresponding liability is included within trade creditors.

Financial instruments

The company only has basic financial instruments, which are recognised at amortised cost.

Taxation

Taxation for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the Income Statement, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in Other Comprehensive Income or directly in Equity.

Current tax is recognised at the amount of tax payable using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the Statement of Financial Position date.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the Statement of Financial Position date.

Timing differences arise from the inclusion of income and expenses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in financial statements. Deferred tax is measured using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the year end and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

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Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 31 January 2018

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Pension costs and other post-retirement benefits

The company operates a defined contribution plan for its employees. A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which the company pays fixed contributions into a separate entity. Once the contributions have been paid the company has no further payments obligations.

The contributions are recognised as an expense in the Income Statement when they fall due. Amounts not paid are shown in accruals as a liability in the Statement of Financial Position. The assets of the plan are held separately from the company in independently administered funds.

Borrowing costs

All borrowing costs are recognised in the Income Statement in the year in which they are incurred.

Dividends

Equity dividends are recognised when they become legally payable. Interim equity dividends are recognised when paid and final dividends are recognised when they are approved by the shareholders.

3. EMPLOYEES AND DIRECTORS

The average number of employees during the year was 23 (2017 - 24).

4. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

			Plant and	
		Land and	machinery	Tatala
		buildings £	etc £	Totals £
	COST	L	L.	E.
	At 1 February 2017	281,551	116,821	398,372
	Additions	-	10,202	10,202
	Disposals	• -	(9,257)	(9,257)
	At 31 January 2018	281,551	117,766	399,317
	DEPRECIATION			
	At 1 February 2017	43,458	54,280	97,738
	Charge for year	-	15,488	15,488
	Eliminated on disposal	<u>-</u>	(8,749)	(8,749)
	At 31 January 2018	43,458	61,019	104,477
	NET BOOK VALUE			
	At 31 January 2018	238,093	56,747	294,840
	At 31 January 2017	238,093	62,541	300,634
5.	STOCKS			
			2018	2017
			£	£
	Vehicle stock		1,058,680	751,055
	Parts and accessories		79,526	88,246
			1,138,206	839,301
6.	DEBTORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR			
0.	DEDICATION FALLING DOE WITHIN ONE PERIO		2018	2017
		•	£	£
	Trade debtors		108,071	132,308
	Other debtors		36,126	19,401
			144,197	151,709

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 31 January 2018

7. CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR

	2018	2017
	£	£
Trade creditors	1,154,057	708,261
Taxation and social security	8,908	79,089
Other creditors	96,147	135,868
	1,259,112	923,218

8. SECURED DEBTS

Included within trade creditors is vehicle funding which is secured against the vehicles to which it relates.

9. CALLED UP SHARE CAPITAL

Number:	ed and fully paid: Class:	Nominal	2018	2017
		value:	£	£
2,000	Ordinary	1	2,000	2,000
				====

10. RESERVES

Retained earnings

This reserve includes all current and prior period retained profits and losses less dividends.

11. DISCLOSURE UNDER SECTION 444(5B) OF THE COMPANIES ACT 2006

The Report of the Auditors was unqualified.

Paul Allan Byrne BA (Double Hons) FCA (Senior Statutory Auditor) for and on behalf of ASE Audit LLP

12. PENSION COMMITMENTS

The company operates a defined contributions pension scheme. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the company in an independently administered fund. The pension cost charge represents contributions payable by the company to the fund and amounted to £50,002 (2017: £6,272). No contributions were accrued at the year end.

13. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

Dividends amounting to £55,000 (2017: £55,000) were paid to the director.