REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS AND
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2022

FOR

**FAIRHOLME ESTATES (HOLDINGS) LIMITED** 

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### **FAIRHOLME ESTATES (HOLDINGS) LIMITED**

## COMPANY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2022

:

**DIRECTORS:** 

S S Potel

G Potel B Barbarash O H Hermes M D Paisner D Potel

SECRETARY:

G Potel

**REGISTERED OFFICE:** 

Suite 8

58 Acacia Road St John's Wood London NW8 6AG

**REGISTERED NUMBER:** 

00830036 (England and Wales)

**AUDITORS:** 

Crowe U.K. LLP 55 Ludgate Hill London EC4M 7JW

**BANKERS:** 

HSBC UK Bank Plc Private Banking 8 Cork Street London W1S 3LJ

**SOLICITORS:** 

Payne Hicks Beach 10 New Square Lincoln's Inn London WC2A 3QG

### REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2022

The directors present their report with the financial statements of the company for the year ended 31 August 2022.

#### PRINCIPAL ACTIVITY

The principal activity of the company in the year under review was that of investors.

#### **REVIEW OF BUSINESS**

The results for the year and financial position of the company are as shown in the annexed financial statements.

#### **DIRECTORS**

The directors shown below have held office during the whole of the period from 1 September 2021 to the date of this report.

S S Potel

G Potel

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B Barbarash

O H Hermes

M D Paisner

D Potel

#### **CHARITABLE DONATIONS AND EXPENDITURE**

During the year, the company made charitable donations totalling £100,000 (2021 £100,000).

#### STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES

The directors are responsible for preparing the Report of the Directors and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

#### STATEMENT AS TO DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION TO AUDITORS

So far as the directors are aware, there is no relevant audit information (as defined by Section 418 of the Companies Act 2006) of which the company's auditors are unaware, and each director has taken all the steps that he or she ought to have taken as a director in order to make himself or herself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditors are aware of that information.

## REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2022

This report has been prepared in accordance with the provisions of Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD:

G Potel - Secretary

Date: 24/5/23

## REPORT OF THE INDEPENDENT AUDITORS TO THE MEMBERS OF FAIRHOLME ESTATES (HOLDINGS) LIMITED

#### **Opinion**

:

We have audited the financial statements of Fairholme Estates (Holdings) Limited (the 'company') for the year ended 31 August 2022 which comprise the Statement of Income and Retained Earnings, Statement of Financial Position and Notes to the Financial Statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' (United Kingdom Generally Accounting Practice).

#### In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 August 2022 and of its loss for the year then ended:
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

#### Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### Conclusions relating to going concern

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the company's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the directors with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.

#### Other information

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information in the Report of the Directors, but does not include the financial statements and our Report of the Auditors thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether this gives rise to a material misstatement in the financial statements themselves. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

#### Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the Report of the Directors for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the Report of the Directors has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

### REPORT OF THE INDEPENDENT AUDITORS TO THE MEMBERS OF FAIRHOLME ESTATES (HOLDINGS) LIMITED

#### Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the Report of the Directors.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- the directors were not entitled to prepare the financial statements in accordance with the small companies regime and take advantage of the small companies' exemption from the requirement to prepare a Strategic Report or in preparing the Report of the Directors.

#### Responsibilities of directors

As explained more fully in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities set out on page two, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the directors determine necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

## REPORT OF THE INDEPENDENT AUDITORS TO THE MEMBERS OF FAIRHOLME ESTATES (HOLDINGS) LIMITED

#### Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue a Report of the Auditors that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

The extent to which our procedures are capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud is detailed below:

As part of the engagement team discussion about how and where the company's financial statements may be materially misstated due to fraud, we did not identify any areas with an increased risk of fraud.

#### Our audit procedures included:

- o completing a risk-assessment process during our planning for this audit that specifically considered the risk of fraud:
- o enquiry of management about the company's policies, procedures and related controls regarding compliance with laws and regulations and if there are any known instances of non-compliance;
- o examining supporting documents for all material balances, transactions and disclosures;
- o review, where applicable, of minutes of meetings of the board of directors;
- o enquiry of management, about any litigations and claims and inspection of relevant correspondence
- o analytical procedures to identify any unusual or unexpected relationships;
- o specific audit testing on and review of areas that could be subject to management override of controls and potential bias, most notably around the key judgments and estimates;
- o considering management override of controls outside of the normal operating cycles including testing the appropriateness of journal entries recorded in the general ledger and other adjustments made in the preparation of the financial statements including evaluating the business rationale of significant transactions, outside the normal course of business.

Owing to the inherent limitations of an audit, there is an unavoidable risk that some material misstatements of the financial statements may not be detected, even though the audit is properly planned and performed in accordance with the ISAs (UK).

The potential effects of inherent limitations are particularly significant in the case of misstatement resulting from fraud because fraud may involve sophisticated and carefully organised schemes designed to conceal it, including deliberate failure to record transactions, collusion or intentional misrepresentations being made to us.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our Report of the Auditors.

#### Use of our report

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in a Report of the Auditors and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Stephen Bullock (Senior Statutory Auditor) for and on behalf of Crowe U.K. LLP

55 Ludgate Hill London EC4M 7JW

Date: 26 May 2023

## STATEMENT OF INCOME AND RETAINED EARNINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2022

Notes	31.8.22 £	31.8.21 £
TURNOVER	1,394,898	1,316,626
Administrative expenses	(838,629)	(856,256)
OPERATING PROFIT	556,269	460,370
Interest receivable and similar income	745	1,048
Gain/loss on revaluation of investments	557,014 (8,125,440)	461,418 10,035,973
·	(7,568,426)	10,497,391
Interest payable and similar expenses	(58,890)	(58,187)
(LOSS)/PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION	(7,627,316)	10,439,204
Tax on (loss)/profit 4	783,982	(2,258,812)
(LOSS)/PROFIT FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR	(6,843,334)	8,180,392
Retained earnings at beginning of year	92,984,171	85,212,779
Dividends	(409,000)	(409,000)
RETAINED EARNINGS AT END OF YEAR	85,731,837	92,984,171

## STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION 31 AUGUST 2022

		31.8.22	31.8.21
	Notes	£	£
FIXED ASSETS			
Tangible assets	5	1,720	2,715
Investments	6	78,767,885	87,461,939
Investment property	7	4,200,000	4,200,000
		82,969,605	91,664,654
CURRENT ASSETS			
Debtors	8	69,913	82,342
Cash at bank and in hand		6,362,226	6,172,247
		6,432,139	6,254,589
CREDITORS Amounts falling due within one year	9	(48,543)	(528,269)
_	,		
NET CURRENT ASSETS		6,383,596	5,726,320
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES		89,353,201	97,390,974
CREDITORS Amounts falling due after more than one			
year	10	(1,695,500)	(1,697,500)
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES	11	(1,510,716)	(2,294,155)
NET ASSETS		86,146,985	93,399,319
CAPITAL AND RESERVES			
Called up share capital	12	409,000	409,000
Share premium	•=	6,148	6,148
Retained earnings		85,731,837	92,984,171
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS		86,146,985	93,399,319

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors and authorised for issue on and were signed on its behalf by:

S S Potel - Director

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2022

#### 1. STATUTORY INFORMATION

Fairholme Estates (Holdings) Limited is a private company, limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The company's registered number and registered office address can be found on the Company Information page.

#### 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### Basis of preparing the financial statements

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" including the provisions of Section 1A "Small Entities" and the Companies Act 2006. The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention as modified by the revaluation of certain assets.

The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost basis except investment properties and listed investments that have been measured at their fair value. The financial statements are prepared in sterling which is the functional currency and no rounding has been applied.

#### Preparation of consolidated financial statements

The financial statements contain information about Fairholme Estates (Holdings) Limited as an individual company and do not contain consolidated financial information as the parent of a group. The company is exempt under Section 399(2A) of the Companies Act 2006 from the requirements to prepare consolidated financial statements.

#### Turnover

Rental income is recognised on a straight-line basis over the period of the rental agreement. Incentives for tenants to sign an operating lease are recognised as a reduction to income over the lease term on a straight line basis, unless another systematic basis is representative of the time pattern over which the company's benefit from the leased asset is diminished.

Interest is recognised on an effective interest basis.

Dividend income is recognised when the company has a legal entitlement to the income.

#### Tangible fixed assets

Depreciation is provided at the following annual rates in order to write off the cost less estimated residual value of each asset over its estimated useful life.

Fixtures and fittings

- 20% on cost

#### Investments in subsidiaries

Investments in subsidiary undertakings are recognised at cost.

#### Investment property

The company carries its investment property at fair value, with changes in fair value being recognised in profit or loss.

#### Investments

Listed investments are stated at fair value with changes in fair value recognised in profit or loss. Losses and gains on investments are included within changes in fair value

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2022

#### 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

#### **Taxation**

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Taxation for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the Statement of Income and Retained Earnings, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Current or deferred taxation assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Current tax is recognised at the amount of tax payable using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the statement of financial position date.

#### Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the statement of financial position date.

Timing differences arise from the inclusion of income and expenses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in financial statements. Deferred tax is measured using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the year end and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

#### Pension costs and other post-retirement benefits

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme. Contributions payable to the company's pension scheme are charged to profit or loss in the period to which they relate.

#### Going concern

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis. The directors consider this to be appropriate as they have a reasonable expectation that the company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the twelve months from the date the financial statements have been approved.

#### 3. EMPLOYEES AND DIRECTORS

The average number of employees during the year was 6 (2021 - 6).

#### 4. TAXATION

#### Analysis of the tax (credit)/charge

The tax (credit)/charge on the loss for the year was as follows:

	31.8.22 £	31.8.21 £
Current tax: UK corporation tax	(543)	308,892
Deferred tax	(783,439)	1,949,920
Tax on (loss)/profit	(783,982)	2,258,812

UK corporation tax has been charged at 19% (2021 - 19%).

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2022

	MANAGER PEVER ACCEPTO			
5.	TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS	·		Fixtures and
				fittings £
	COST			00.100
	At 1 September 2021 Additions			33,103 <b>72</b> 9
	Additions			
	At 31 August 2022			33,832
	DEPRECIATION			
	At 1 September 2021			30,388
	Charge for year			1,724
	At 31 August 2022			32,112
	NET BOOK VALUE			
	At 31 August 2022			1,720
	At 31 August 2021			2,715
6.	FIXED ASSET INVESTMENTS			
••		Shares in		
		group undertakings	Listed investments	Totals
	COST	£	£	£
	COST At 1 September 2021	1,652	87,460,287	87,461,939
	Reclassification/transfer	-	(8,694,054)	(8,694,054)
		-	<del></del> •	
	At 31 August 2022	1,652	78,766,233	78,767,885
	NET BOOK VALUE			
	At 31 August 2022	1,652	78,766,233	78,767,885
	At 31 August 2021	1,652	87,460,287	87,461,939
	The company's investments at the Statement of F			
	•			
	The company's investments at the Statement of F the following:  Fairholme Estates Limited			
	The company's investments at the Statement of Fithe following:  Fairholme Estates Limited Registered office: Same as company			
	The company's investments at the Statement of F the following:  Fairholme Estates Limited	Financial Position date in the sh		
	The company's investments at the Statement of F the following:  Fairholme Estates Limited Registered office: Same as company Nature of business: non-trading	Financial Position date in the sh		
	The company's investments at the Statement of F the following:  Fairholme Estates Limited Registered office: Same as company Nature of business: non-trading  Class of shares;	Financial Position date in the shift of the		
	The company's investments at the Statement of F the following:  Fairholme Estates Limited Registered office: Same as company Nature of business: non-trading	Financial Position date in the sh	are capital of co	mpanies includ
	The company's investments at the Statement of F the following:  Fairholme Estates Limited Registered office: Same as company Nature of business: non-trading  Class of shares;	Financial Position date in the shift of the		

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2022

•	FIXED ASSET INVESTMENTS - continued			
	Fairholme Management Limited			
	Registered office: Same as company			
	Nature of business: Investment			
		%		
	Class of shares:	holding		
	Ordinary	100.00		
			31.8.22	31.8.21
	A company comital and manufac		£	£ 1,650
	Aggregate capital and reserves		1,650	
	INVESTMENT PROPERTY			
				Total
	FAIR VALUE			£
	At 1 September 2021			
	and 31 August 2022			4,200,000
	NET BOOK VALUE			
	At 31 August 2022			4,200,000
	At 31 August 2021			4,200,000
	The Company's freehold property was valued as property was on the basis of Market Value taking a Fair value at 31 August 2022 is represented by:			valuation of the tenants.
	property was on the basis of Market Value taking at Fair value at 31 August 2022 is represented by:  Valuation in 2018			valuation of f the tenants.
	property was on the basis of Market Value taking at Fair value at 31 August 2022 is represented by:			valuation of f the tenants.  £ 1,231,697 (400,000
	property was on the basis of Market Value taking at Fair value at 31 August 2022 is represented by:  Valuation in 2018  Valuation in 2020			valuation of the tenants.  £ 1,231,697 (400,000 3,368,303
	property was on the basis of Market Value taking at Fair value at 31 August 2022 is represented by:  Valuation in 2018  Valuation in 2020	ccount of the income stream	and yield profile o	\$\frac{\mathbf{E}}{1,231,697}(400,000)\frac{3,368,303}{4,200,000}
	property was on the basis of Market Value taking at Fair value at 31 August 2022 is represented by:  Valuation in 2018  Valuation in 2020  Cost	ccount of the income stream	and yield profile o	valuation of the tenants.  £ 1,231,697 (400,000 3,368,303 4,200,000  prical cost: 31.8.21
	property was on the basis of Market Value taking at Fair value at 31 August 2022 is represented by:  Valuation in 2018  Valuation in 2020  Cost  If the freehold investment had not been revalued it value in the second of the se	ccount of the income stream	and yield profile on the following histo 31.8.22 £	valuation of the tenants.  £ 1,231,697 (400,000 3,368,303 4,200,000  prical cost: 31.8.21 £
	property was on the basis of Market Value taking at Fair value at 31 August 2022 is represented by:  Valuation in 2018  Valuation in 2020  Cost	ccount of the income stream	and yield profile o	valuation of the tenants.  £ 1,231,697 (400,000 3,368,303 4,200,000  prical cost: 31.8.21 £
	property was on the basis of Market Value taking at Fair value at 31 August 2022 is represented by:  Valuation in 2018  Valuation in 2020  Cost  If the freehold investment had not been revalued it value in the second of the se	ccount of the income stream	at the following histor  31.8.22 £ 3,368,303	valuation of the tenants.  £ 1,231,697 (400,000 3,368,303 4,200,000  prical cost: 31.8.21 £
	property was on the basis of Market Value taking at Fair value at 31 August 2022 is represented by:  Valuation in 2018  Valuation in 2020  Cost  If the freehold investment had not been revalued it valued in the cost	ccount of the income stream	and yield profile on the following histo 31.8.22 £	valuation of the tenants.  £ 1,231,697 (400,000 3,368,303 4,200,000  prical cost: 31.8.21 £
	property was on the basis of Market Value taking at Fair value at 31 August 2022 is represented by:  Valuation in 2018  Valuation in 2020  Cost  If the freehold investment had not been revalued it was constant.  Cost	ccount of the income stream	at the following histor  31.8.22 £ 3,368,303	valuation of the tenants.  £ 1,231,697 (400,000 3,368,303 4,200,000  rical cost: 31.8.21 £ 3,368,303
	property was on the basis of Market Value taking at Fair value at 31 August 2022 is represented by:  Valuation in 2018  Valuation in 2020  Cost  If the freehold investment had not been revalued it value freehold investment had not been revalued it value.  Cost  DEBTORS  Amounts falling due within one year:	ccount of the income stream	and yield profile of the following histors of the following historia histori	valuation of the tenants.  £ 1,231,697 (400,000 3,368,303 4,200,000  orical cost: 31.8.21 £ 3,368,303
	property was on the basis of Market Value taking at Fair value at 31 August 2022 is represented by:  Valuation in 2018 Valuation in 2020 Cost  If the freehold investment had not been revalued it value to the freehold investment had not been revalued it value.  Cost  DEBTORS  Amounts falling due within one year: Trade debtors	ccount of the income stream	and yield profile of the following histors of the following historia histori	valuation of the tenants.  £ 1,231,697 (400,000 3,368,303 4,200,000  orical cost: 31.8.21 £ 3,368,303
	property was on the basis of Market Value taking at Fair value at 31 August 2022 is represented by:  Valuation in 2018 Valuation in 2020 Cost  If the freehold investment had not been revalued it value to the freehold investment had not been revalued it value.  Cost  DEBTORS  Amounts falling due within one year: Trade debtors Other debtors	ccount of the income stream	and yield profile of the following histors 31.8.22 £ 3,368,303 31.8.22 £ 13,895	valuation of the tenants.  £ 1,231,697 (400,000 3,368,303 4,200,000  orical cost: 31.8.21 £ 3,368,303  31.8.21 £ 6,099 204
	property was on the basis of Market Value taking at Fair value at 31 August 2022 is represented by:  Valuation in 2018 Valuation in 2020 Cost  If the freehold investment had not been revalued it value to the freehold investment had not been revalued it value.  Cost  DEBTORS  Amounts falling due within one year: Trade debtors Other debtors VAT	ccount of the income stream	31.8.22 £ 33.868,303 31.8.22 £ 33,368,303 31.8.22 £	valuation of the tenants.  £ 1,231,697 (400,000 3,368,303 4,200,000  virical cost: 31.8.21 £ 3,368,303  31.8.21 £ 6,099 204 3,630
	property was on the basis of Market Value taking at Fair value at 31 August 2022 is represented by:  Valuation in 2018 Valuation in 2020 Cost  If the freehold investment had not been revalued it value to the freehold investment had not been revalued it value.  Cost  DEBTORS  Amounts falling due within one year: Trade debtors Other debtors	ccount of the income stream	and yield profile of the following histors 31.8.22 £ 3,368,303 31.8.22 £ 13,895	valuation of the tenants.  £ 1,231,697 (400,000 3,368,303 4,200,000  orical cost: 31.8.21 £ 3,368,303  31.8.21 £ 6,099 204

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2022

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8.	DEBTORS - continued		
		31.8.22	31.8.21
	Amounts falling due after more than one year:	£	£
	Withholding tax	1,870	3,748
	Transferig at	===	5,740
	Aggregate amounts	69,913	82,342
	1.555		
9.	CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR		
		31.8.22	31.8.21
		£	£
	Trade creditors	24,003	7,290
	Amounts owed to subsidiary undertakings	5,299	5,299
	Taxation and social security	(146,282)	312,881
	Other creditors	165,523	202,799
		48,543	528,269
10.	CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE AFTER MORE THAN ONE YEAR		
		31.8.22	31.8.21
		£	£
	Other creditors	1,695,500	1,697,500
11.	PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES		
		31.8.22	31.8.21
	<b>-</b> • • •	£	£
	Deferred tax	1,510,716	2,294,155
			Deferred
			tax
	Delener et 1 Cantanahar 2001		£
	Balance at 1 September 2021 Credit to Statement of Income and Retained Earnings during year		2,294,155 (783,439)
	Creak to Statement of theorie and recomed Lamings during year		(783,439)
	Balance at 31 August 2022		1,510,716
			<del></del>
	The deferred tax balance is made up as follows:		
		2022	2021
		£	£
	Decelerated capital allowances	- 666,040	714,785
	Revaluation of investments less capital losses c/f	(2,176,756)	(3,008,940)
	•	(1.510.715.)	
	;	(1,510,716)	(2,294,155 )

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2022

#### 12. CALLED UP SHARE CAPITAL

Allotted, issued and fully paid:

Number: Class: Nominal 31.8.22

 value:
 £
 £

 409,000
 Ordinary
 £1
 409,000
 409,000

31.8.21

#### 13. DIRECTORS' ADVANCES, CREDITS AND GUARANTEES

Included within Creditors: amounts falling due after 1 year:

	Loan repayments		Loan contributions		Year-end balance		
	£	£	£	£	£	£	
	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021	
S S Potel	186,000	525,000	250,000	197,000	1,210,000	0 34,000	
B Barbarash	32,000	73,000	-	100,000	2,000		
D Potel	34,000	67,500	-	100,000	483,500		
•					1,695,500	1,697,888	

Interest payable on the above loans:

	1.9.2021 £	Earned during the year £	Paid during the year £	31.08.22 £
S S Potel	6,982	31,743	30,821	7,904
D Potel	2,987	14,356	14,069	3,274
B Barbarash	-740	1,417	604	73
	9,229	47,516	45,494	11,251

#### 14. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

During the year the company made charitable donations of £100,000 (2021 £100,000) to The Potel Charitable Trust, a registered charity. The Potel Charitable Trust is related by virtue of S S Potel, G Potel, M D Paisner and D Potel being directors of the company and trustees of the charity.

### 15. ULTIMATE CONTROLLING PARTY

There is no single controlling party.