FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

- for the year ended -

28TH FEBRUARY 2001

COLE MARIE & CO.
Chartered Accountants
48 Station Road
Redhill, Surrey
RH1 1PH



INDEX TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 28TH FEBRUARY 2001

rage	
1	Report of the directors
2	Auditors' report
3	Profit and loss account
4	Balance sheet
5	Cash flow statement
6	Notes to the financial statements

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

The directors present their report and audited financial statements for the year ended 28 February 2001.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES AND BUSINESS REVIEW

The company's principal activity during the year continued to be insurance broking.

Turnover for the year decreased from £3,649,637 to £3,497,917 due to the transfer of the company's financial services business to a fellow subsidiary on 1 March 2000. On 1st February 2001 the company assumed the trade of a further fellow subsidiary, Duncan Pocock (Commercial Direct) Limited. The directors consider this level of activity to be reasonable and that it can be sustained for the forseeable future.

DIVIDENDS

The directors have paid interim dividends amounting to £87,283, and they do not recommend payment of a final dividend.

DIRECTORS AND THEIR INTERESTS

The directors at the balance sheet date were as follows:

J.W. Marshgreen

P.J. Dessent

J.A. Ibbs

J. Loftus

N.A. Palmer-Minnis

J.C. Palmer (appointed 1 August 2000)

The directors' interests in Duncan Pocock (Holdings) Limited, the ultimate parent company, are disclosed in the financial statements of that company.

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing those financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

AUDITORS

The auditors, Cole Marie & Co., are willing to be reappointed in accordance with section 385 of the Companies Act 1985.

By Order of the Board

S.K.Homewood

Secretary

Date: 114 TONE 2001

AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF DUNCAN POCOCK (INSURANCE BROKERS) LTD

We have audited the financial statements on pages 3 to 17 which have been prepared under the historical cost convention as modified by the revaluation of certain fixed assets and the accounting policies set out in note 1 to the financial statements.

Respective responsibilities of the directors and auditors

As described in the Directors' Report the company's directors are responsible for the preparation of financial statements. It is our responsibility to form an independent opinion, based on our audit, on those statements and to report our opinion to you.

Basis of opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Auditing Standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

Opinion

In our opinion the financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at 28 February 2001 and of its profit for the year then ended and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985.

COLE MARIE & CO. Chartered Accountants Registered Auditors

'sle Maiert -

Date: 12 JUNE 2001

48 Station Road Redhill Surrey RH1 1PH

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 28TH FEBRUARY 2001

	Notes	2001 £	As restated 2000
TURNOVER		3,497,917	3,649,637
Administrative expenses		(3,303,257)	(3,659,474)
		194,660	(9,837)
Other operating income		72,424	5,834
OPERATING PROFIT	2	267,084	(4,003)
Interest receivable Interest payable	3 4	80,843 (131,127)	70,323 (117,574)
PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAXATION		216,800	(51,254)
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	7	(60,951)	(142,620)
PROFIT FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR	,	155,849	(193,874)
Dividends	8	(87,283)	(86,914)
RETAINED PROFIT FOR THE YEAR	23	68,566	(280,788)

None of the company's activities were acquired or discontinued during the above two financial years.

The company has no recognised gains or losses other than those dealt with in the profit and loss account.

The notes on pages 6 to 17 form part of these financial statements.

BALANCE SHEET AT 28TH FEBRUARY 2001

	2001		Λ1	As res	tated 100
	Notes	£	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS					
Intangible assets	9		709,731		779,425
Tangible assets	10		1,025,956		787,045
Investments	11		3,890		3,890
			1,739,577		1,570,360
CURRENT ASSETS					
Debtors	12 3,3	373,360		2,767,097	
Cash at bank and in hand	Ģ	901,633		1,262,114	
	4,2	274,993		4,029,211	
CREDITORS: Amounts falling due	12 (2)	001 012)		(2.807.202)	
within one year	13 (3,	981,013)		(3,806,307)	
NET CURRENT ASSETS			293,980		222,904
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES			2,033,557		1,793,264
CREDITORS: Amounts falling due					
after more than one year	14		(1,283,729)	(1,112,002)
			749,828	:	681,262
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called up share capital	17		42,857	•	42,857
Share premium account	18		133,565		133,565
Revaluation reserve			96,304		96,304
Other reserves			4,243		4,243
Profit and loss account	19		472,859)	404,293
SHAREHOLDERS FUNDS	20		749,828	3	681,262

The financial statements were approved by the board on // SUNK 201 and signed on its behalf by

J.W. Marshgreen

Director

The notes on pages 6 to 17 form part of these financial statements.

CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 28TH FEBRUARY 2001

	Notes	20 £	001 £	£ 20	000 £
CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	21		4,850		752,443
RETURNS ON INVESTMENTS					
AND SERVICING OF FINANCE	22		(50,284)		(47,251)
TAXATION			(112,519)		(159,229)
CAPITAL EXPENDITURE	22		56,800		(299,943)
EQUITY DIVIDENDS PAID			(87,283)		(86,914)
Cash outflow before use of liquid resources and financing			(188,436)		159,106
FINANCING Decrease in debt	22	(128,287)		(55,561)	
			(128,287)		(55,561)
DECREASE IN CASH IN THE YEAR			(316,723)		103,545
RECONCILIATION OF NET CAS FLOW TO MOVEMENT IN NET FUNDS					
DECREASE IN CASH IN THE YEAR		(316,723)		103,545	
Cash outflow from decrease in debt and lease financing		128,287		55,561	
Change in net funds resulting from cash flows New finance leases			(188,436) (487,882)		159,106 (131,161)
Movement in net funds in the year	r		(676,318)		27,945
Net funds at 1 March 2000			8,835		(51,040)
Net debt at 28 February 2001			(667,483)		8,835

The notes on pages 6 to 17 form part of these financial statements.

Page 5

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 28TH FEBRUARY 2001

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

1.1 BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention modified to include the revaluation of freehold land and buildings.

1.2 TURNOVER

Turnover represents brokerage and commissions earned during the year and arises entirely within the U.K.

1.3 GOODWILL

The net assets of businesses acquired as new branches are incorporated in the accounts of the company. Where the amount paid exceeds the value of the net assets acquired, the balance, representing purchased goodwill, is capitalised. The amount capitalised is amortised, on a straight line basis, over an estimated economic life of twenty years, unless otherwise disclosed in note 9.

1.4 LEASEHOLD PROPERTY

Amortisation is provided to write off the cost of leasehold property in equal instalments over the life of the lease.

1.5 DEPRECIATION

Depreciation is provided using the following rates and bases to reduce by annual instalments the cost, less estimated residual value, of the tangible assets over their estimated useful lives:-

Leasehold properties
Office Equipment
Fixtures and fittings
Motor vehicles
Straight line over the life of the lease
25% Straight line
10 - 25% Straight line
25% Straight line

Freehold property is not depreciated because the valuation is reassessed annually, and if any material change has occurred the property is revalued.

1.6 DEFERRED TAXATION

Provision is made, by the liability method, for taxation deferred in respect of all timing differences except where it is likely that such deferrals will continue for the foreseeable future.

1.7 LEASING AND HIRE PURCHASE

Rentals payable under operating leases are taken to the profit and loss account on a straight line basis over the lease term.

Assets acquired under hire purchase contracts are included in fixed assets and depreciated over their useful lives. Assets acquired under finance leases are capitalised and depreciated over the life of the lease. Finance charges relating thereto are charged to the profit and loss account in the period in which they are incurred.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 28TH FEBRUARY 2001

1.8 PENSIONS

Pension costs are accounted for in the period in which the defined contribution falls due.

1.9 BROKERAGE RECOGNITION

Brokerage is recognised on receipt of client instructions to place them on cover and the earliest of either premium received or invoice raised.

2. OPERATING PROFIT

2001	2000 £
L	T.
86,544	460,266
215,081	171,029
69,694	69,693
18,033	20,036
112,802	111,922
15,106	17,445
	\$6,544 215,081 69,694 18,033

Exceptional item

The company had been financially supporting a fellow subsidiary, Duncan Pocock (Commercial Direct) Limited, which incurred losses from its incorporation in 1997 to its cessation of trade on 31 January 2001, when it transferred its trade and assets to Duncan Pocock (Insurance Brokers) Limited. Amounts due to the company from Duncan Pocock (Commercial Direct) Limited are now considered irrecoverable and have been written off as exceptional items. The amount due to the company as at 29 February 2000 was £460,266 and has been written off against reserves as a prior year adjustment. The debt arising in the period to 31 January 2001 amounted to £86,544, which has been treated as an exceptional item in the year.

3. INTEREST RECEIVABLE

<i>J</i> .	INTEREST RECEIVADEE	2001 £	2000 £
	Bank and other interest receivable	80,843	70,323
		80,843	70,323
4.	INTEREST PAYABLE	2001 £	2000 £
	On bank loans and overdrafts Hire purchase interest	•	33,663
		131,127	117,574

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 28TH FEBRUARY 2001

DIRECTORS AND EMPLOYEES	2001	2000
	2001 £	2000 £
Staff costs:	*	L
Wages and salaries	1,550,727	1 518 504
Social security costs		159,407
Other pension costs	97,237	
	1,805,173	1,769,056
The average number of employees during the year was mad	e up as follows Number	: Number
	Number	
Employees	79	77
Directors' emoluments:		
	£	£
Remuneration for management		
services	316,732	387,969
Pension contributions	41,910	44,080
	358,642	432,049
	Number	Numbe
The number of directors for whom payments have been made into the following pension schemes:		
Money purchase	4	•
	4	
	<u></u>	
	£	£

6. PENSION COSTS

Highest paid director

Highest paid director pension costs

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the company in an independently administered fund. Contributions payable by the company amounted to £97,237 (2000: £91,145). All contributions were paid in the year.

93,918

17,200

111,118

96,937

17,200

114,137

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 28TH FEBRUARY 2001

7.	TAX ON PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES		
		2001 £	2000 £
	The taxation charge comprises:		
	U.K. corporation tax at 20% (2000 - 25%) Receipt in respect of group relief	14,672 45,669	65,136 77,484
	Adjustment in respect of prior years	60,341 610	142,620
		60,951	142,620
8.	DIVIDENDS		
		2001 £	2000 £
	Ordinary shares	67,254	66,924
	Cumulative Convertible Participating Preferred Ordinary shares	20,029	19,990
		87,283	86,914
9.	INTANGIBLE ASSETS		Goodwill £
	Cost		
	At 1 March 2000 and At 28 February 2001		1,384,694
	Amortisation		
	At 1 March 2000		605,269
	Charge for year		69,694
	At 28 February 2001		674,963
	Net book value at 28 February 2001		709,731
	Net book value at 29 February 2000		779,425

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 28TH FEBRUARY 2001 10. TANGIBLE ASSETS

	Land & buildings	Plant & machinery	Fixtures & fittings	Motor vehicles £	Total £
Cost or valuation					
At 1 March 2000	303,226	705,686	39,760	366,936	1,415,608
Additions	49,507	228,235	11,205	145,567	434,514
Transfer from group com	pany -	82,442	15,234	-	97,676
Disposals	-	-	•	(211,018)	(211,018)
At 28 February 2001	352,733	1,016,363	66,199	301,485	1,736,780
Depreciation			· ·· —		
At 1 March 2000	4,614	383,867	6,173	233,909	628,563
Charge for year	2,919	131,633	4,958	75,571	215,081
Transfer from group con	npany -	57,560	5,046	-	62,606
On disposals	-	-	-	(195,426)	(195,426)
At 28 February 2001	7,533	573,060	16,177	114,054	710,824
Net book value at					
28 February 2001	345,200	443,303	50,022	187,431	1,025,956
29 February 2000	298,612	321,819	33,587	133,027	787,045
				2001 £	2000 £
Analysis of net book va	lue of land a	and building:	s:		
Freehold				140,000	140,000
Long leasehold				135,000	135,000
Short leasehold				70,200	23,612
				345,200	298,612

The freehold property is included at the directors' estimate of market value on 28 February 1998. The original cost was £43,696. If the property was sold for this value a tax liability amounting to £7,216 would arise.

Included above are assets held under finance leases or hire purchase as follows:

	2001	2000
Net book values:	£	£
Office Equipment	230,250	165,355
Motor vehicles	175,977	133,049
	406,227	298,404
Depreciation charge for the year:		
Office Equipment	53,087	63,853
Motor vehicles	19,927	63,446
	73,014	127,299

Net obligations on finance leases and hire purchase are secured on assets acquired.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 28TH FEBRUARY 2001

11.	INVESTMENTS	Beginning of year	Additions	End of year
		£	£	£
	Unlisted investments	3,890	-	3,890
	Net book value	3,890		3,890
12.	DEBTORS			
		·	2001 £	2000 £
	Insurance debtors		3,254,370	2,698,261
	Other debtors		41,931	13,239
	Prepayments and accrued income		77,059	55,597
			3,373,360	2,767,097
13.	CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR		2001 £	2000 £
	Bank loans and overdrafts		59,204	25,199
	Insurance creditors		•	3,182,448
	Amounts owed to group undertakings		21,262	
	Corporation tax		15,819	
	Other taxes and social security costs Net obligations under finance lease		61,684	50,696
	and hire purchase contracts		176,179	116,076
	Other creditors		32,888	39,246
	Other loans		50,004	, <u>-</u>
	Accruals and deferred income		338,884	300,255
			3,981,013	3,806,307
14.	CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE AFTER MORE THAN ONE YEAR			
			2001 £	2000 £
	Loans Net obligations under finance leases		1,042,528	1,020,293
	and hire purchase contracts		241,201	91,709
	•			

All obligations under hire purchase contracts fall due within five years. The amounts falling due within three years totalled £417,380 (2000: £242,073).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 28TH FEBRUARY 2001

15. BORROWINGS

	2001 £	2000 £
The company's borrowings are repayable as follows:		
In one year, or less or on demand	109,208	25,199
Between one and two years	57,804	9,000
Between two and five years	956,137	955,578
In five years or more	28,587	30,815
	1,151,736	1,020,592
Amounts due after five years repayable by instalments	28,587	30,815
Amounts due within five years	1,123,149	989,777

Details of security:

The bank loans are secured by a fixed charge over the freehold and leasehold property of the company together with the book and other debts. In addition there is a floating charge on all other assets of the company, present and future, specifically excluding insurance debtors and approved short term assets as well as bank accounts designated Insurance Broking Accounts.

16. NET OBLIGATIONS UNDER FINANCE LEASES AND HIRE PURCHASE CONTRACTS

	2001 £	2000 £
The company's net obligations under finance leases and hire purchase contracts are repayable as follows:		
In one year, or less or on demand	206,659	136,836
Between two and five years	286,313	105,237
Pinana abanca and interest allocated	492,972	242,073
Finance charges and interest allocated to future accounting periods	(75,592)	(34,289)
	417,380	207,784
Included in current liabilities	•	(116,076)
	241,201	91,708

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 28TH FEBRUARY 2001

17. SHARE CAPITAL

SHARE CAPITAL		
	2001 £	2000 £
Authorised		
Equity interests:		
9,857 Cumulative Convertible Participating Preferred Ordinary shares (C.C.P.P.O)	9,857	9,857
33,000 Ordinary shares of £1 each	33,000	33,000
	42,857	42,857
Allotted, called up and fully paid		
Equity interests:		
9,857 Cumulative Convertible Participating Preferred Ordinary shares (C.C.P.P.O)	9,857	9,857
33,000 Ordinary shares of £1 each	33,000	33,000
	42,857	42,857

The C.C.P.P.O. shares are entitled to a participating preference dividend amounting to 5.75% of the adjusted net profit for the financial year. Thereafter the ordinary shareholders are entitled to a maximum dividend per share not exceeding that paid to the C.C.P.P.O. shareholders. Both classes of share rank equally in respect of further dividends from the remaining profits.

The C.C.P.P.O. shareholders are entitled, on a winding up, to their subscription price and any arrears, deficiency or accruals of the participating dividend. Thereafter the ordinary shareholders are entitled to an amount per share not exceeding the subscription price paid to the C.C.P.P.O. shareholders. Subject to the above, both classes rank equally for the purposes of distribution of any remaining balance. All shares carry equal voting rights.

18. SHARE PREMIUM ACCOUNT

	£	£
Equity interests:		_
Balance brought forward at 1 March 2000	133,565	133,565
Balance carried forward at 28 February 2001	133,565	133,565

2001

2000

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 28TH FEBRUARY 2001

19. PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT

Landra Bobbile Court	2001 £	2000 £
Retained profits at 1 March 2000 Prior year adjustment	864,559 (460,266)	6 8 5,081
Retained profits at 1 March 2000 as restated	404,293	685,081
Retained profit for the year as previously reported Prior year adjustment (note 2)		179,478 (460,266)
Retained profit for the year	68,566	(280,788)
Retained profits at 28 February 2001	472,859	404,293

20. RECONCILIATION OF MOVEMENTS IN SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS

	2001 £	2000 £
Profit for the financial year as previously reported Prior year adjustment (note 2)		266,392 (460,266)
Profit for the financial year Dividends	(87,283)	(193,874) (86,914)
		(280,788)
Shareholders' funds at 1 March 2000 Prior year adjustment	1,141,528 (460,266)	
Shareholders' funds at 1 March 2000 as restated	681,262	962,050
Shareholders' funds at 28 February 2001		681,262
Represented by:-		
Equity interests		681,262
		681,262

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 28TH FEBRUARY 2001

21. RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING PROFIT TO OPERATING CASH FLOWS

	2001 £	2000 £
Operating profit	267,084	(4,003)
Depreciation	284,775	240,722
Profit on disposal of fixed assets	(22,908)	(5,104)
Increase in debtors	(606,263)	(596,448)
Increase in creditors due within one year	82,162	1,117,276
Cash flow from operating activities	4,850	752,443

22. ANALYSIS OF CASH FLOWS FOR HEADINGS NETTED IN THE CASH FLOW STATEMENT

Debt due beyond one year Receipts from other long term loans Receipts of other creditors Repayment of capital on hire purchase contracts and finance leases rentals 150,000 66,81 24,90 (278,287) (155,07)	FEOW STATEMENT	2001 £	2000 £
Interest received Interest paid Interest paid Interest paid Interest element on hire purchase contracts Interest element on finance lease rental payments Net cash outflow from returns on investments and servicing of finance Capital expenditure Purchase of tangible fixed assets Receipts from sale of tangible assets Net cash outflow from capital expenditure Financing Debt due within a year Receipts of short-term loans Debt due beyond one year Receipts from other long term loans Receipts of other creditors Repayment of capital on hire purchase contracts and finance leases rentals Research of the capital on hire purchase contracts and finance leases rentals Research of the capital on hire purchase contracts and finance leases rentals Research of the capital on hire purchase contracts and finance leases rentals Research of the capital on hire purchase contracts and finance leases rentals Research of the capital on hire purchase contracts and finance leases rentals Research of the capital on the capital on the capital on the capital on the contracts and finance leases rentals Research of the capital on the capital on the capital on the contracts and finance leases rentals Research of the capital on the capital on the contracts and finance leases rentals Research of the capital on the capital on the contracts and finance leases rentals	Returns on investments and		
Interest paid Interest element on hire purchase contracts Interest element on finance lease rental payments Net cash outflow from returns on investments and servicing of finance Capital expenditure Purchase of tangible fixed assets Receipts from sale of tangible assets Net cash outflow from capital expenditure Financing Debt due within a year Receipts of short-term loans Debt due beyond one year Receipts from other long term loans Receipts of other creditors Repayment of capital on hire purchase contracts and finance leases rentals (278,287) (155,07			
Interest element on hire purchase contracts Interest element on finance lease rental payments Net cash outflow from returns on investments and servicing of finance Capital expenditure Purchase of tangible fixed assets Receipts from sale of tangible assets Net cash outflow from capital expenditure Financing Debt due within a year Receipts of short-term loans Debt due beyond one year Receipts from other long term loans Receipts of other creditors Repayment of capital on hire purchase contracts and finance leases rentals (38,018) (24,808 (38,018) (24,808 (47,251 (47,251 (47,251 (50,284) (47,251	Interest received		
Interest element on finance lease rental payments - (8,855) Net cash outflow from returns on investments and servicing of finance (50,284) (47,251) Capital expenditure Purchase of tangible fixed assets 18,300 (308,693) Receipts from sale of tangible assets 38,500 8,750 Net cash outflow from capital expenditure 56,800 (299,943) Financing Debt due within a year Receipts of short-term loans - 7,800 Debt due beyond one year Receipts from other long term loans 150,000 66,81 Receipts of other creditors - 24,90 Repayment of capital on hire purchase contracts and finance leases rentals (278,287) (155,07)	Interest paid	(93,109)	(83,911)
Interest element on finance lease rental payments - (8,855) Net cash outflow from returns on investments and servicing of finance Capital expenditure Purchase of tangible fixed assets Receipts from sale of tangible assets 18,300 (308,693) 38,500 8,750 Net cash outflow from capital expenditure Financing Debt due within a year Receipts of short-term loans Debt due beyond one year Receipts from other long term loans Receipts of other creditors Repayment of capital on hire purchase contracts and finance leases rentals (278,287) (155,07)	Interest element on hire purchase		
Net cash outflow from returns on investments and servicing of finance Capital expenditure Purchase of tangible fixed assets Receipts from sale of tangible assets Net cash outflow from capital expenditure Financing Debt due within a year Receipts of short-term loans Debt due beyond one year Receipts from other long term loans Receipts of other creditors Repayment of capital on hire purchase contracts and finance leases rentals - (8,855) (47,251) (47,251) (308,693) (308,693) (299,943) (299,943)		(38,018)	(24,808)
Net cash outflow from returns on investments and servicing of finance Capital expenditure Purchase of tangible fixed assets Receipts from sale of tangible assets Net cash outflow from capital expenditure Financing Debt due within a year Receipts of short-term loans Debt due beyond one year Receipts from other long term loans Receipts of other creditors Repayment of capital on hire purchase contracts and finance leases rentals (278,287) (155,07)	Interest element on finance lease rental		
Capital expenditure Purchase of tangible fixed assets Receipts from sale of tangible assets Net cash outflow from capital expenditure Financing Debt due within a year Receipts of short-term loans Debt due beyond one year Receipts of other creditors Receipts of other creditors Repayment of capital on hire purchase contracts and finance leases rentals (278,287) (155,07	payments	<u>-</u>	(8,855)
Capital expenditure Purchase of tangible fixed assets Receipts from sale of tangible assets Net cash outflow from capital expenditure Financing Debt due within a year Receipts of short-term loans Debt due beyond one year Receipts from other long term loans Receipts of other creditors Repayment of capital on hire purchase contracts and finance leases rentals 18,300 (308,693 38,500 8,750 150,800 (299,943 150,000 66,81 150,000 66,81 150,000 66,81 (278,287) (155,07	Net cash outflow from returns on		
Purchase of tangible fixed assets Receipts from sale of tangible assets Net cash outflow from capital expenditure Financing Debt due within a year Receipts of short-term loans Debt due beyond one year Receipts from other long term loans Receipts of other creditors Repayment of capital on hire purchase contracts and finance leases rentals 18,300 (308,693 38,500 8,750 156,800 (299,943 150,000 66,81 150,000 66,81 (278,287) (155,07	investments and servicing of finance	(50,284)	(47,251)
Financing Debt due within a year Receipts of short-term loans Debt due beyond one year Receipts from other long term loans Receipts of other creditors Repayment of capital on hire purchase contracts and finance leases rentals Financing - 7,806 - 7,806 - 150,000 - 66,81 - 24,90 - 24,90 - (278,287) - (155,07)	Purchase of tangible fixed assets		
Debt due within a year Receipts of short-term loans Debt due beyond one year Receipts from other long term loans Receipts of other creditors Repayment of capital on hire purchase contracts and finance leases rentals - 7,806 66,81 - 24,90 (278,287) (155,07)	Net cash outflow from capital expenditure	56,800	(299,943)
Receipts of short-term loans - 7,800 Debt due beyond one year Receipts from other long term loans 150,000 66,81 Receipts of other creditors - 24,90 Repayment of capital on hire purchase contracts and finance leases rentals (278,287) (155,07)			
Debt due beyond one year Receipts from other long term loans Receipts of other creditors Repayment of capital on hire purchase contracts and finance leases rentals 150,000 66,81 24,90 (278,287) (155,07)		-	7,800
Receipts from other long term loans Receipts of other creditors Repayment of capital on hire purchase contracts and finance leases rentals 150,000 66,81 - 24,90 (278,287) (155,07	•		,
Receipts of other creditors - 24,90 Repayment of capital on hire purchase contracts and finance leases rentals (278,287) (155,07		150,000	66,815
Repayment of capital on hire purchase contracts and finance leases rentals (278,287) (155,07	•		24,900
and finance leases rentals (278,287) (155,07	Repayment of capital on hire purchase contracts		
Not each outflow from financing (128 287) (55.56		(278,287)	(155,076)
Thei cash outflow from maneing (120,207) (33,30	Net cash outflow from financing		(55,561)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 28TH FEBRUARY 2001 23. ANALYSIS OF NET FUNDS

·	2001			
	Beginning of year £	Cash flow	Other movements	End of year £
Cash at bank and in hand	1,262,114	(360,481)	-	901,633
Bank overdrafts	(17,399)	(34,005)	-	(51,404)
Debt due within one year	(7,800)	-	(50,004)	(57,804)
Debt due after one year	(1,020,293)	(54,163)	-	(1,042,528)
Finance leases	(207,785)	278,287	(487,882)	(417,380)
	8,837	(170,362)	(537,886)	(667,483)

The movement in net funds includes £126,175 of debt and leases reclassified from liabilities falling due after more than one year to liabilities falling due within one year.

	Other non-cash changes £	Exchange movements £	Net movements £
Other movements			
Debt due within one year	(50,004)	_	(50,004)
Finance leases	(487,882)	-	(487,882)
	(537,886)		(537,886)

24. REVENUE COMMITMENTS

The amounts payable in the next year in respect of operating leases are shown below, analysed according to the expiry date of the leases.

	Land and buildings		Other	
	2001 £	2000 £	2001 £	2000 £
Expiry date:				
Within one year Between one and	11,667	-	16,060	324
five years	39,000	34,000	15,181	40,150
After five years	105,500	68,000	-	-
	156,167	102,000	31,241	40,474
Between one and five years	39,000 105,500	68,000	15,181	40,150

25. TRANSACTIONS WITH DIRECTORS

During the year the company paid rent for certain properties in which two directors, J.W. Marshgreen and P.J. Dessent, have an interest. The amount paid was £20,000 (2000 £18,500).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 28TH FEBRUARY 2001

26. CONTROL

The company was under the control of J.W. Marshgreen and P.J. Dessent, who each hold 38.5% of the ordinary share capital of Duncan Pocock (Holdings) Limited, the ultimate parent company.

27. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

The company has taken advantage of the exemption from disclosures required by FRS8 relating to group transactions as consolidated accounts are prepared by the parent company.

28. ULTIMATE PARENT COMPANY

The ultimate parent company is Duncan Pocock (Holdings) Limited a company incorporated in Great Britain.