COMPANY REGISTRATION NUMBER 00807616

GRAYSHOTT HALL LIMITED ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS 30 JUNE 2012



ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2012

CONTENTS	PAGE
Abbreviated balance sheet	1
Notes to the abbreviated accounts	3

ABBREVIATED BALANCE SHEET

30 JUNE 2012

	2012		2011	
	Note	£	£	£
FIXED ASSE IS				
Investments	2		40,000	40 000
CURRENT ASSETS				
Debtors		4,935		5 667
Cash at bank and in hand		132		-
		5,067		5 667
CREDITORS: Amounts falling due within	a one year	-		350
NEI CURRENT ASSETS			5,067	5 317
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES		45,067	45 317	
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES			7,483	7 483
			37,584	37 834
CAPITAL AND RESERVES	•		1.000	1.000
Called-up equity share capital	3		1,000 39,995	1 000
Revaluation reserve Profit and loss account			(3,411)	39 995 (3 161)
From and loss account			(3,411)	
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			37,584	37 834

The directors are satisfied that the company is entitled to exemption from the provisions of the Companies Act 2006 (the Act) relating to the audit of the financial statements for the year by virtue of section 477, and that no member or members have requested an audit pursuant to section 476 or the Act.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for

- (i) ensuring that the company keeps adequate accounting records which comply with section 386 of the Act, and
- (ii) preparing financial statements which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at the end of the financial year and of its profit or loss for the financial year in accordance with the requirements of section 393 and which otherwise comply with the requirements of the Act relating to financial statements so far as applicable to the company

These abbreviated accounts have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions for small companies under Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006

The Balance sheet continues on the following page
The notes on pages 3 to 5 form part of these abbreviated accounts

ABBREVIATED BALANCE SHEET (continued)

30 JUNE 2012

These abbreviated accounts were approved by the directors and authorised for issue on 21 November 2012 and are signed on their behalf by

A D STALBOW

Director

Company Registration Number 00807616

NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2012

1 ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of accounting

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention modified to include the revaluation of certain fixed assets, and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective April 2008)

Investment properties

In accordance with Statement of Standard Accounting Practice No 19 the value of the company's investment properties as stated in the financial statements is reviewed so that such properties are stated at their open market value

Deferred taxation

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events have occurred at that date that will result in an obligation to pay more, or a right to pay less or to receive more tax with the following exceptions

Provision is made for tax on gains arising from the revaluation (and similar fair value adjustments) of fixed assets, and gains or disposal of fixed assets that have been rolled over into replacement assets only to the extent that at the balance sheet date, there is a binding agreement to dispose of the assets concerned. However, no provision is made where, on the basis of all available evidence at the balance sheet date, it is more likely than not that the taxable gain will be rolled over into replacement assets and charged to tax only where the replacement assets are sold.

Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that the directors consider that it is more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted

Defende tax is measured on an undiscounted basis at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which timing differences reverse, based on tax rates and laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date

NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2012

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Financial instruments

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the entity after deducting all of its financial habilities.

Where the contractual obligations of financial instruments (including share capital) are equivalent to a similar debt instrument those financial instruments are classed as financial liabilities. Financial liabilities are presented as such in the balance sheet. Finance costs and gains or losses relating to financial liabilities are included in the profit and loss account. Finance costs are calculated so as to produce a constant rate of return on the outstanding liability.

Where the contractual terms of share capital do not have any terms meeting the definition of a financial liability then this is classed as an equity instrument. Dividends and distributions relating to equity instruments are debited direct to equity.

2 FIXED ASSETS

	Investments
COST OR VALUATION	ž.
At 1 July 2011 and 30 June 2012	40,000
NET BOOK VALUE	
At 30 June 2012	40,000
At 30 June 2011	40,000
The company's investment property was last professionally v	valued during the year ended 30 June

The directors are of the opinion that the open market value of these investments do not vary significantly from the amount stated in the financial statements as at 30 June 2011

3 SHARE CAPITAL

2006

Authorised share capital

	2012	2011
	£	£
1 000 Ordinary shares of £1 each	1,000	1 000

NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2012

3 SHARE CAPITAL (commund)

Allotted, called up and fully paid.

	2012		2011	
	No	£	No	£
1 000 Ordinary shares of £1 each	1,000	1,000	1 000	1 000
•			**************************************	-

4 ULTIMATE PARENT COMPANY

The ultimate parent company is Morlands Holdings Limited a company incorporated in England