Cleanaway Limited

Accounts 31 December 1996 together with directors' and auditors' reports

Registered number: 806128



Directors' report

For the year ended 31 December 1996

Financial Statements

The directors present their report and financial statements for the year ended 31 December 1996.

Directors' Responsibilities

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and group and of the profit or loss of the group for that period. In preparing those financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Activities

The principal activity of the company and the group continues to be the transportation, treatment and disposal of domestic, commercial and industrial waste.

Review of the business

The group has continued to trade satisfactorily during the year. The group looks forward to continued expansion in waste management.

Results and dividends

The results of the group for the year are set out in the profit and loss account on page 5.

Dividends of £7,815,000 (1995: £5,848,000) were declared and paid during the year and a further dividend of £1,670,000 (1995: £950,000) is proposed.

Directors' report (continued)

Directors and their interests

Contracts

There were no contracts subsisting during or at the end of the year, either with the company or with any of its subsidiary undertakings, in which any director was, or is, materially interested.

No director had at any time during the year any beneficial interest in the shares of the company, its subsidiary undertakings or in the shares of its parent company, Cleanaway Holdings Limited.

The directors, all of whom served throughout the year except where stated, of the company were as follows:

PAM Heath

(resigned 10 December 1996)

DW Benjafield

R Care

(appointed 19 June 1996)

APR Dean

P Everall

CM Gilligan

A Jones

DS McGregor

P Smith

(appointed 10 December 1996)

RV Stent

(resigned 6 June 1996)

GR Westra

(appointed 10 December 1996)

Charitable donations

During the year the group made donations of £ 18,531 (1995: £12,757) to charities.

Disabled persons

It has been, and is, the group's policy to give full and fair consideration to the employment and development of disabled persons, having regard to their qualifications and abilities.

Employee involvement

Through appropriate regular formal and informal communication, the group continued to provide employees with information regarding the financial, economic and other factors affecting its performance. Where decisions were reached which directly affected employees, the group developed the approach of advising and consulting them and their representatives.

Directors' report (continued)

Auditors

Since October 1994 our auditors, Binder Hamlyn, have been members of Andersen Worldwide. It is proposed that Arthur Andersen now be appointed auditors of the company. A resolution to this effect will be proposed at the Annual General Meeting.

This report was approved by the Board on 13 June 1997.

Secretary

The Drive

Warley

Brentwood

Essex

BINDER HAMLYN

Andersen Worldwide

20 Old Bailey London EC4M 7BH

Auditors' report

To the shareholders of Cleanaway Limited

We have audited the financial statements on pages 5 to 22 which have been prepared under the historical cost convention as modified by the revaluation of certain fixed assets and the accounting policies set out on pages 9 and 10.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As described on page 1, the company's directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements. It is our responsibility to form an independent opinion, based on our audit, on those statements and to report our opinion to you.

Basis of opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Auditing Standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the circumstances of the company and the group, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

Opinion

In our opinion the financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the group at 31 December 1996 and of the group's profit and cash flows for the year then ended and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985.

Binder Hamlyn

Chartered Accountants and Registered Auditors

13 June 1997

Group profit and loss account

For the year ended 31 December 1996

	Notes	19 9 6	1995
		£ 000	£ 000
Turnover		147,011	130,877
Consumable stores and repairs		(17,489)	(16,213)
Staff costs	2	(39,043)	(38,287)
Depreciation	2	(14,795)	(14,142)
Other operating charges		(57,203)	(47,819)
Operating profit		18,481	14,416
Interest payable	2	(3,562)	(3,513)
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation	2	14,919	10,903
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	4	(5,439)	(4,104)
Profit on ordinary activities after taxation		9,480	6,799
Dividends on equity shares			
- paid		(7,815)	(5,848)
- proposed		(1,670)	(950)
		(9,485)	(6,798)
Transfer (from)/to reserves		(5)	1
Retained profits brought forward		1,440	1,439
Retained profits carried forward		1,435	1,440

Statement of total recognised gains and losses

No gains or losses have been recognised in these financial statements other than those reflected in the profit and loss account.

Turnover and operating profit are derived from continuing operations.

Group balance sheet

at 31 December 1996

	Notes	1996 £ 000	1995 £ 000
Fixed assets			
Intangible assets	5a	3,260	2,841
Tangible assets	6a	68,948	64,370
		72,208	67,211
Current assets			
Stocks		1,335	992
Debtors	8	44,603	37,232
Cash at bank and in hand		14	14
		45,952	38,238
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year			
Bank loans and overdrafts	9a	(363)	(148)
Other current liabilities	9Ь	(44,166)	(32,067)
		(44,587)	(32,215)
Net current assets		1,365	6,023
Total assets less current liabilities		73,573	73,234
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year			
Bank loans	9a	(47,000)	(47,000)
Other creditors		(58)	(124)
Provisions for liabilities and charges	12	(7,136)	(6,668)
Net assets		19,437	19,442
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital (including non-equity interests)	13	15,531	15,531
Share premium account		704	704
Revaluation reserve		1,340	1,340
Other reserves		427	427
Profit and loss account			
		1,435	1,440

The financial statements on pages 5 to 22 were approved by the Board on $13\,$ June 1997.

Company balance sheet

at 31 December 1996

	Notes	1996 £ 000	1995 £ 000
Fixed assets		2.22	
Intangible assets	5ь	2,731	2,234
Tangible assets	6b	68,843	64,141
Investments	7	1,966	1,966
	•		
		73,540	68,341
Current assets			
Stocks	_	1,335	992
Debtors	8	45,744	38,742
Cash at bank and in hand		14	14
		47,093	39,748
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year			
Bank loans and overdrafts	9a	(363)	(148)
Other current liabilities	9ь	(46,107)	(34,009)
		(46,470)	(34,157)
Net current assets		623	5,591
Total assets less current liabilities		74,163	73,932
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year			
Bank loans	9a	(47,000)	(47,000)
Other creditors		(58)	(124)
Provisions for liabilities and charges	12	(7,136)	(6,668)
Net assets		19,969	20,140
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital (including non-equity interests)	13	15,531	15,531
Share premium account	20	704	704
Revaluation reserve		1,340	1,340
Profit and loss account	14	2,394	2,565
Shareholders' funds	~ ~		
Quaremoracte talias		19,969	20,140

The financial statements on pages 5 to 22 were approved by the Board on 13 June 1997.

Director

Group cash flow statement

For the year ended 31 December 1996

	Notes	1996 £ 000	1995 £ 000
Cash flow from operating activities	16	36,766	24,637
Returns on investments and servicing of finance	17	(4,089)	(3,396)
Taxation		(4,696)	(7,337)
Capital expenditure and financial investment	17	(19,365)	(19,885)
Equity dividends paid		(8,765)	(7,440)
Cash outflow before use of liquid resources and financing		(149)	(13,421)
Capital element of finance lease rental payments		(66)	(71)
Decrease in cash in the period		(215)	(13,492)
Reconciliation of net cash flow to movements in net debt			
Decrease in cash in the period		(215)	(13,492)
Cash outflow from decrease in debt and lease financing		66	71
Change in net debt resulting from cash flows		(149)	(13,421)
New finance leases		<u> </u>	(258)
Movement in net debt in the period		(149)	(13,679)
Net debt at 1 January	18	(49,825)	(36,146)
Net debt at 31 December	18	(49,974)	(49,825)

Notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 December 1996

1 Accounting policies

a) Accounting convention and compliance with accounting standards

As in previous years, the financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, except to the extent that certain fixed assets are stated at valuation as shown in note 6, and in accordance with applicable accounting standards.

b) Consolidated financial statements

When subsidiary undertakings are acquired during an accounting period, the consolidated profit and loss account includes the results from the date when control passes .

c) Turnover and landfill tax

Turnover represents the value of services provided, exclusive of value added tax and inclusive of landfill tax.

d) Intangible fixed assets

Goodwill arising on the acquisition of subsidiary undertakings and other business concerns is the excess of the consideration paid over the fair value of assets acquired. Such goodwill is written off over a period not exceeding its useful economic life (see note 5).

e) Tangible fixed assets

Depreciation of fixed assets is provided on a straight-line basis to write the assets down to their estimated residual values over their estimated useful lives. Freehold and leasehold property interests are depreciated on the basis of the shorter of the site life or the length of the lease or site licence. Freehold land which does not relate to landfill operations is not depreciated. Other fixed assets are depreciated as follows:

Other freehold buildings

2%

Plant, machinery and vehicles

10% - 25%

f) Deferred taxation

Provision is made for deferred taxation where it is thought reasonably probable that a liability will crystallise in the foreseeable future. The provision is calculated on the liability basis using the rates of corporation tax expected to apply on taxation deferred by accelerated capital allowances and other timing differences, less tax recoverable in future periods from other timing differences.

g) Site restoration provision

Provision is made out of revenue to cover the future costs of restoration of landfill sites.

h) Pensions

The pension cost charged to the profit and loss account is calculated by the actuary so as to spread the cost of pensions over the employees' working lives with the group.

1 Accounting policies (continued)

i) Leases

Rental payments under operating leases are charged to the profit and loss account on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease.

2 Profit on ordinary activities before taxation

is stated after charging:

	1996 £ 000	1995 £ 000
Directors' emoluments (note 3)	919	823
Auditors' remuneration:		
- as auditors	78	<i>7</i> 5
- non-audit work	11	3
Operating lease rentals:		
- plant and machinery	3,268	3,080
- other	1,289	1,144
	4,557	4,224
Depreciation and depletion of assets:		
Freehold land and buildings	397	484
Leasehold, land and buildings:		
- over fifty years	244	122
- under fifty years	1,403	1,135
Plant, machinery and vehicles:		
- under finance leases	47	86
- other	11,897	11,588
Goodwill	807	727
	14,795	14,142
Interest payable:		
- on bank borrowings repayable within five years	1,396	1,381
- short-term loans	1,966	2,056
- other loans	200	76
	3,562	3,513

Short-term loans consist of short-term funding all drawn and repaid in the year.

2 Profit on ordinary activities before taxation continued		
	1996 £ 000`	1995 £ 000
	2,000	£ 000
Group		
Staff costs		
Wages and salaries	34,712	33,996
Social security costs	2,463	2,481
Other pension costs	1,868	1,810
	39,043	38,287
	1996	1995
	Number	Number
Average number of employees	1,775	1,735
3 Directors' emoluments		
	1996 £ 000	1995 £ 000
	£ 000	2.000
Aggregate emoluments consisting of salaries and pension contributions	919	823
Emoluments of the highest paid director excluding pension contributions	133	117
Emoluments of the directors fell within the following bands:	Number	Number
£5,001 - £10,000	1	-
£15,001 - £20,000	1	1
£25,001 - £30,000	1	1
£30,001 - £35,000	1	-
£45,001 - £50,000	-	1
£65,001 - £70,000	-	1
£70,001 - £75,000	-	3
£80,001 - £85,000	2	- 1
£85,001 - £90,000	1	1
£90,001 - £95,000	2	1
£105,001 - £110,000	1	-
£115,001 - £120,000	- 1	1
£130,001 - £135,000		

4 Taxation	1996	1995
	£ 000	£ 000
United Kingdom corporation tax at 33%	5,455	4,590
Transfer from deferred taxation	-	(359)
Adjustments in respect of prior years		
- Corporation tax	(16)	(109)
- Deferred tax	<u> </u>	(18)
	5,439	4,104
5 Intangible assets		Goodwill
(a) Group		£ 000
Cost		7,532
1 January 1996		1,226
Additions (note 19)		
31 December 1996		8,758
Accumulated depreciation		
1 January 1996		4,691
Charge for the year		807
31 December 1996		5,498
Net book amount 31 December 1996		3,260
31 December 1995		2,841
The cost of goodwill is amortised over the following periods:	1996	1995
	£ 000	£ 000
Five years or less	6,992	5,766
Ten years	1,766	1,766
	8,758	7,532

5	In	tangi	ble	assets	сопппиеа	

(b) Company		Goodwill £ 000
Cost		
1 January 1996		6,395
Additions (note 19)		1,226
31 December 1996		7,621
Accumulated depreciation		4.47.4
1 January 1996		4,161
Charge for the year		729
31 December 1996		4,890
Net book amount 31 December 1996		2,731
31 December 1995		2,234
The second secon	1996	1995
The cost of goodwill is amortised over the following periods:	£ 000	£ 000
Five years or less	5,855	4,629
Ten years	1,766	1,766
•	7,621	6,395

6 Tangible assets	Land and buildings freehold £ 000	Land and buildings leasehold over 50 yrs £ 000	Land and buildings leasehold under 50 yrs £ 000	Plant, machinery and vehicles £ 000	Total £ 000
(a) Group					
Cost or valuation				442 555	147.005
1 January 1996	9,508	1,699	20,941	115,757	147,905
Additions	1,771	780	720	15,519	18,790
Disposals	-	-	(180)	(4,976)	(5,156)
Reclassifications	(504)	1,110	(253)	(353)	
31 December 1996	10,775	3,589	21,228	125,947	161,539
Accumulated depreciation					
1 January 1996	3,696	684	9,474	69,681	83,535
Disposals	-	-	(176)	(4,756)	(4,932)
Charge for the year	397	244	1,403	11,944	13,988
Reclassifications	(53)	116	(63)		
31 December 1996	4,040	1,044	10,638	76,869	92,591
Net book amount					
31 December 1996	6, 7 35	2,545	10,590	49,078	68,948
31 December 1995	5,812	1,015	11,467	46,076	64,370

Included in plant and machinery are assets with a net book value of £178,000 (1995: £225,000) held under finance leases.

Freehold includes land and buildings stated at 1971 valuation of £1,700,000 (1995: £1,700,000) with a net book value of £1,407,000 (1995: £1,421,000).

Freehold land of £4,449,000 (1995: £3,087,000) is not depreciated.

6 Tangible assets continued	Land and buildings freehold £ 000	Land and buildings leasehold over 50 yrs £ 000	Land and buildings leasehold under 50 yrs £ 000	Plant machinery and vehicles £ 000	Total £ 000
(b) Company					
Cost or valuation					
1 January 1996	9,508	1,699	20,826	115,408	147,441
Additions	1,771	780	720	15,519	18,790
Disposals	-	-	(65)	(4,976)	(5,041)
Transferred from group company	-	-	-	113	113
Reclassification	(504)	1,110	(253)	(353)	
31 December 1996	10,775	3,589	21,228	125,711	161,303
Accumulated depreciation					
1 January 1996	3,696	684	13,739	69,561	83,300
Disposals	-	_	(61)	(4,756)	(4,817)
Transferred from group company	-	-	-	47	47
Charge for the year	397	244	1,403	11,886	13,930
Reclassification	(53)	116	(63)		
31 December 1996	4,040	1,044	10,638	76,738	92,460
Net book amount					
31 December 1996	6,735	2,545	10,590	48,973	68,843

Included in plant and machinery are assets with a net book value of £178,000 (1995: £225,000) held under finance leases.

5,812

1,015

11,467

64,141

45,847

Freehold includes land and buildings stated at 1971 valuation of £1,700,000 (1995: £1,700,000) with a net book value of £1,407,000 (1995: £1,421,000).

Freehold land of £4,449,000 (1995: £4,449,000 is not depreciated.

31 December 1995

7 Investments

£000

Shares in subsidiary undertakings - cost 1 January 1996 and 31 December 1996

3,305

Provisions

1 January 1996 and 31 December 1996

1,339

Net book value

31 December 1995 and 31 December 1996

1,966

The company's principal subsidiary undertaking at 31 December 1996 was as follows:

Subsidiary undertaking

Share of equity held by the company

Clean World Limited

100%

The subsidiary company is involved in the collection, treatment and disposal of waste, principally in the United Kingdom and is registered in England and Wales.

8 Debtors

O Debto20	Group		Company	
	1996	1995	1996	1995
	£ 000	£ 000	£ 000	£ 000
Trade debtors	36,141	27,708	36,141	27,708
Other debtors	764	262	764	262
Prepayments and accrued income	7,620	9,184	7,620	9,184
Amounts owed by subsidiary undertakings	-	-	1,141	1,510
Amounts due from parent company	78	78	78	78
	44,603	37,232	45,744	38,742

Prepayments include £4,495,000 (1995: £4,530,000) recoverable after more than one year.

9 Creditors

(a) Bank loans and overdrafts

All bank loans are repayable between 1998 and 2000 under committed facilities provided by the banks. In the absence of these facilities the loans would be repayable within one year. The loans are unsecured.

Group		Co	Company	
1996	1995	1996	1995	
£ 000	£ 000	£ 000	£ 000	
5,741	5,914	5,741	5,914	
-	-	1,941	1,942	
1,154	1,026	1,154	1,026	
4,278	3,535	4,278	3,535	
7,728	1,993	7,728	1,993	
1,674	954	1,674	954	
21,091	16,145	21,091	16,145	
2,500	2,500	2,500	2,500	
44,166	32,067	46,107	34,009	
	1996 £ 000 5,741 - 1,154 4,278 7,728 1,674 21,091 2,500	£ 000 £ 000 5,741 5,914 1,154 1,026 4,278 3,535 7,728 1,993 1,674 954 21,091 16,145 2,500 2,500	1996 £ 000 1995 £ 000 1996 £ 000 $5,741$ $5,914$ - 	

10 Pension costs

The group operates a number of pension schemes providing benefits based on final pensionable pay. The pension schemes are set up under trust and the assets of the schemes are therefore held separately from those of the group.

The pension cost charged to the profit and loss account for the three main schemes is calculated by independent qualified actuaries so as to spread the cost of pensions over the employees' working lives with the group. The pension costs are based on an actuarial valuation which was completed with an effective date of 6 April 1994 for one scheme, and 6 April 1995 for the two remaining schemes, the actuarial methods used were the attained age and the projected unit method respectively. A further scheme was created in October 1994 which due to its recent inception has had no actuarial valuation.

The most significant assumptions, for their effect on the pension costs, are those relating to the rate of return on the investments of the schemes and the rate of increase in pay. It was assumed that, over the long term, the yield earned on investments would exceed the rates of pay increase by 2.5% per year and that dividend income will grow at the rate of 4.75% per annum. The schemes are funded using the assumptions and actuarial methods as described above.

The net pension cost for all four schemes charged to the profit and loss account for the year was £1,868,444 (1995: £1,809,587).

10 Pension costs continued

The total market value of the three main schemes' assets was approximately £27,542,000 (1995: £27,542,000) at the valuation dates and the actuarial value of those assets represented approximately 98% of the benefits accrued for service to that date. None of the schemes had a material deficiency on a current funding level. As noted above the fourth scheme has not yet had a valuation.

11 Deferred taxation

31 December 1996

Group and company Potential deferred tax is analysed as follows:

•			
		1996	1995
		£ 000	£ 000
Accelerated capital allowances		3,817	3,927
Other timing differences		(3,817)	(3,927)
•		-	-
12 Provision for liabilities and charges		Site	
	Pension	restoration	Total
Group and company	£ 000	£ 000	£ 000
1 January 1996	2,052	4,616	6,668
Expenditure during year	(2,061)	(1,165)	(1,165)
Further (decrease)/increase in provision	1,868	1,826	1,633
31 December 1996	1,859	5,277	7,136

13 Called up share capital	1996	1995
	£000	£ 000
93,268,594 ordinary shares of 20p each 6,731,406 deferred shares of 20p each	18,654	18,654
	1,346	1,346
	20,000	20,000
Allotted and fully paid		
70,923,140 ordinary shares of 20p each	14,185	14,185
6,731,406 deferred shares of 20p each	1,346	1,346
•	15,531	15,531
The deferred shares are non-equity shares. The holders have no	right to dividends or distributions exce	pt that on a

The deferred shares are non-equity shares. The holders have no right to dividends or distributions except that on a winding up or capital reduction the holders are entitled to repayment of the nominal value but only after the holders of the ordinary shares have received their nominal value plus a further £50 million. All other shareholders' funds relate to equity interests.

14 Reserves		£ 000
Profit and loss account - company 1 January 1996 Retained profit for the financial year 31 December 1996	- -	2,565 (171) 2,394
The company's profit on ordinary activities after taxation was £9,314,000 (1995: 10.5). 15 Reconciliation of movements in group shareholders' funds	1996	1995
Profit for the financial year Dividends (Decrease)/increase in shareholders' funds	£ 000 9,480 (9,485) (5)	£ 000 6,799 (6,798)
Shareholders' funds at 1 January Shareholders' funds at 31 December	19,442 19,437	19,441 19,442

16 Reconciliation of operating profit to operating cash flows			
10 Reconcinution of operating pro-		1996	1995
		£ 000	£ 000
Operating profit		18,481	14,416
Depreciation charges		14,795	14,142
Profit on sale of fixed assets		(458)	(260)
(Increase)/decrease in stocks		(343)	100
Increase in debtors		(7,371)	(3,398)
Increase/(decrease) in creditors		11,194	(847)
Increase in other provisions		468	484
		36,766	24,637
Net cash inflow from operating activities		30,700	
and the second flow of the	mant		
17 Analysis of cash flows for headings netted in the cash flow state	men	1996	1995
		£ 000	£ 000
Returns on investments and servicing of finance			
Interest paid		(4,089)	(3,396)
Net cash outflow for returns on investments and servicing of finan	ce	(4,089)	(3,396)
Capital expenditure and financial investment			
		(18,821)	(19,489)
Purchase of tangible fixed assets		(1,226)	(948)
Purchase of intangible fixed assets		682	552
Sale of plant and machinery		(10.265)	(10.995)
Net cash outflow for capital expenditure and financial investment.		(19,365)	(19,885)
18 Analysis of net debt			At 31
	At 1 January		December
	1996 £ 000	Cash flow £ 000	1996 £ 000
	£ 000	£ 000	
Cash in hand and at bank	14		14
Overdrafts	(148)	(215)	(363)
Debt due after 1 year	(47,000)	-	(47,000)
Debt due within 1 year	(2,500)	-	(2,500)
Finance leases	(191)	66	(125)
Total	(49,825)	(149)	(49,974)
			

19 Acquisitions

Acquisition of business

During the year the group acquired several unincorporated businesses for a total consideration of £2,885,000 (1995: £1,357,800). Net assets acquired were £1,659,000 (1995: £410,000) and the goodwill arising of £1,226,000 (1995: £947,800) has been treated as an intangible fixed asset and is being written off over its estimated useful economic life.

20 Contingent liabilities

The group's activities have, for many years, included the operation of landfill sites for the purposes of waste disposal. It is Cleanaway's policy to operate, restore and monitor its sites in full compliance with relevant legislation. As a result of the group's involvement in these activities provision has been made for known restoration liabilities, but given the nature of landfill operations it cannot be totally excluded that contingent liabilities may exist, the amount of which cannot be quantified.

21 Financial commitments

Group and Company	1996 £ 000	1995 £ 000
Finance leases		
Included within creditors are the following amounts: Due within one year Due within two to five years	67 58	67 124
•	125	191

Operating leases

The company is committed to the following payments in 1997 under operating leases which:

	Land and buildings £ 000	Others £ 000	Total £ 000
Expire within one year Expire within two to five years Expire over five years	29	<i>7</i> 5	104
	239	384	623
	973	130	1,103
	1,241	589	1,830

22 Future capital expenditure

The Board of directors of Cleanaway Limited has approved authorised and contracted capital expenditure for which no provision has been made in these financial statements of £3,066,000 (1995: £3,017,000).

23 Ultimate parent company and related party disclosures

The directors regard Cleanaway Holdings Limited, a company registered in England and Wales, as the ultimate parent company. Cleanaway Holdings Limited is jointly owned by subsidiary undertakings of GKN plc and Brambles Industries Limited of Australia.

Cleanaway Holdings Limited is the only parent company to prepare group accounts which include the company. Copies of those accounts are available from Companies House, Crown Way, Maindy, Cardiff CF4 3UZ.

As permitted by Financial Reporting Standard 8 "Related Party Transactions", transactions with Cleanaway Holdings Limited have not been disclosed in these accounts.

The following material transactions have occurred during the year between the Group and the above two shareholders in Cleanaway Holdings Limited and companies under their control:

	GKN £000	Brambles £000	Joint £000
No. 16 controlls	2000	-	(193)
Management fee receivable Loan interest payable	2,066	100	_
Management fee payable	280	280	-

At 1 January 1996, 31 December 1996 and between those dates the group had outstanding borrowings from GKN plc and Brambles Industries Limited in equal amounts totalling £2,500,000 (see note 9). In addition, during the year the group borrowed up to £30,000,000 from GKN plc. This loan was repaid before the balance sheet date and subsequently renewed in January 1997.