Directors' report and financial statements

Period from 29 July 1994 to 30 June 1995

Registered number 789397



Directors' report and financial statements

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Directors' report

The directors present their report and the audited financial statements for the period ended 30 June 1995.

Principal activities

The principal activity of the company during the period was that of a retail chemist. On 29 July 1994 the whole of the company's issued share capital was acquired by Lloyds Retail Chemists Limited, a subsidiary of Lloyds Chemists plc.

Results and dividends

The results for the period are set out on page 5. The directors do not recommend the payment of a dividend (period ended 28 July 1994: £Nil). The retained profit for the financial period of £46,810 is transferred to reserves.

Significant changes in fixed assets

The changes in fixed assets are set out in note 7 to the financial statements.

Directors and directors' interests

The directors who held office during the period were as follows:

```
AJ Lloyd
               (appointed 29 July 1994)
               (appointed 29 July 1994, resigned 13 June 1995)
PE Lloyd
MA Ward
               (appointed 29 July 1994)
               (appointed 29 July 1994)
RG Turner
               (appointed 29 July 1994)
SW Buckell
MJ Hardy
               (appointed 29 July 1994)
DR Moore
               (appointed 29 July 1994)
SR Bakewell
               (appointed 29 July 1994, resigned 31 March 1995)
NN Makadia
               (appointed 31 March 1995)
               (resigned 29 July 1994)
GF Paisley
Mrs A Paisley (resigned 29 July 1994)
               (resigned 29 July 1994)
K Paisley
```

In addition, JC Fellows was appointed as a director on 3 July 1995.

AJ Lloyd, MA Ward and RG Turner were directors of Lloyds Chemists plc, the ultimate holding company at the period end and their interests are disclosed in the financial statements of that company.



Directors' report (continued)

Directors and directors' interests

The interests of the other directors in office at the period end in the share capital of Lloyds Chemists plc were as follows:

	Preference shares of 5p each		Option Ordina	E Share n Scheme ary shares op each		ry shares each	Optio Ordin	tive Share n Scheme ary shares 5p each
	1995	1994	1995	1994	1995	1994	1995	1994
	O	r date of	0	r date of	0	r date of	(or date of
	appo	ointment	app	ointment	app	ointment	apı	oointment
SW Buckell	608	608	7,560	7,560	5,621	5,621	119,800	109,800
MJ Hardy	-	-	-	-	100	100	38,480	28,480
DR Moore	_	-	2,036	2,036	4	4	17,000	12,000
NN Makadia	-	_						

On 11 November 1994 SW Buckell, MJ Hardy and DR Moore were granted Executive Share Options in respect of 10,000, 10,000 and 5,000 ordinary shares respectively.

Liability insurance

Pursuant to Section 310 of the Companies Act 1985, the company maintains insurance for its directors and officers against the financial consequences of actions brought against them by outside parties for acts or omissions in the performance of their duties as directors or officers of the company.

Auditors

Walker Thompson resigned as auditors during the period and the directors appointed KPMG Peat Marwick to fill the casual vacancy.

On 6 February 1995 the new auditors changed the name under which they practise to KPMG and, accordingly, have signed their report in their new name. In accordance with Section 385 of the Companies Act 1985, a resolution for the re-appointment of KPMG as auditors of the company is to be proposed at the forthcoming annual general meeting.

By Order of the Board

JM Sadler Secretary

Britannia House Centurion Park Tamworth Staffordshire B77 5TZ

10 October 1995



Statement of directors' responsibilities

The following statement, which should be read in conjunction with the report of the auditors set out on page 4, describes the responsibilities of the directors in relation to these financial statements.

The directors are required by the Companies Act 1985 to prepare financial statements for each financial period which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company as at the end of the period and of the profit or loss for the period.

The directors consider that in preparing the financial statements set out on pages 5 to 14, the Company has used appropriate accounting policies consistently applied and supported by reasonable and prudent judgements and estimates. All applicable accounting standards have been followed and the financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis.

The directors are responsible for ensuring that the Company maintains adequate accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy the financial position of the Company and which enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985.

The directors have general responsibility for taking such steps as are reasonably open to them to safeguard the assets of the Company and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities.





2 Cornwall Street Birmingham B3 2DL

Auditors' report to the members of Tile Hill Pharmacy (1964) Limited

We have audited the financial statements on pages 5 to 14.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As described on page 3 the company's directors are responsible for the preparation of financial statements. It is our responsibility to form an independent opinion, based on our audit, on those statements and to report our opinion to you.

Basis of opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Auditing Standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material mis-statement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

Opinion

In our opinion the financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 30 June 1995 and of its profit for the period then ended and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985.

KPMG

10 October 1995

Chartered Accountants Registered Auditors



Profit and loss account for the period ended 30 June 1995

		Continu	ing operations
	Note	Period ended	
		30 June	28 July
		1995	1994
		£	£
Turnover	1	431,679	222,142
Cost of sales		(345,434)	(170,476)
Gross profit		86,245	51,666
Distribution costs		(63,497)	_
Administrative expenses		(39)	(44,311)
Operating profit		22,709	7,355
Profit on sale of fixed assets		32,428	-
Interest payable and similar charges	3		(2,800)
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation	4	55,137	4,555
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	6	(8,327)	
Profit on ordinary activities after taxation and retained profit for the financial period	13	46,810	4,555

A statement of movements on reserves is given in note 13 to the financial statements.



Balance sheet

at 30 June 1995

7	£	£	£	July 1994 £
7				
7				
		131,315		104,884
8	49,601		45,541	
9	6,275		61,619	
_	26,132	_	845	
	82,008		108,005	
10	(39,439)	_	(152,815)	
		42,569	_	(44,810)
		173,884	<u></u>	60,074
12		36,120		36,120
13		67,000		80,479
13		70,764		(56,525)
		173,884	<u></u>	60,074
	8	8 49,601 9 6,275 26,132 82,008 10 (39,439)	8 49,601 9 6,275 26,132 82,008 10 (39,439) 42,569 173,884 12 36,120 67,000 13 67,000 70,764	8 49,601 45,541 9 6,275 61,619 26,132 845 82,008 108,005 10 (39,439) (152,815) 42,569 173,884 12 36,120 67,000 13 70,764

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors on 10 October 1995 and were signed on its behalf by:

JC Fellows
Director

Statement of total recognised gains and losses for the period ended 30 June 1995

	Period ended Period en	
	30 June	28 July
	1995	1994
	£	£
Profit for the financial period	46,810	4,555
Unrealised surplus/(deficit) on revaluation of assets	67,000	(75,000)
Total recognised gains and losses related to the period	113,810	(70,445)
Historical cost profits and losses		
for the period ended 30 June 1995		
	Period ended Pe	eriod ended
	30 June	28 July
	1995	1994
	£	£
Historical cost profit on ordinary activities before taxation	55,137	4,555
Revaluation reserve realised on disposal	80,479	
Historical cost profit before taxation	135,616	4,555
YY: the sixth contains of the first the series of the seri	127.290	4.555
Historical cost profit for the period retained after taxation	<u>127,289</u>	4,555
Reconciliation of movements in shareholders' funds for the period ended 30 June 1995		
for the period ended 50 June 1995	Period ended Pe	eriod ended
	30 June	
•	1995	1994
	£	£
Profit for the financial period	46,810	4,555
Other recognised gains and losses	67,000	(75,000)
Net movement in shareholders' funds	113,810	(70,445)
Opening shareholders' funds	60,074	55,519
. •		
Closing shareholders' funds	176,407	60,074



Notes

(forming part of the financial statements)

1 Accounting policies

The following accounting policies have been applied consistently in dealing with items which are considered material in relation to the company's financial statements:

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, modified by the revaluation of certain properties, and in accordance with applicable Accounting Standards.

The company is a wholly owned subsidiary of Lloyds Chemists plc which is established under the law of a member state of the European Community. Lloyds Chemists plc publishes consolidated financial statements including a consolidated cash flow statement which includes the results of Tile Hill Pharmacy (1964) Limited, from the date of acquisition, and consequently, in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard Number 1, no cash flow statement is included in these financial statements.

Turnover

Turnover represents cash and credit sales excluding value added tax. All sales were made in the United Kingdom.

Depreciation and amortisation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the gross book value less estimated residual value of tangible fixed assets over their estimated useful lives. The principal rates used are as follows:

Short leasehold properties

- period of the lease

Motor vehicles

- 25% on a reducing balance

Fixtures, fittings and equipment

- 10%-20% on a straight line basis

It is the group's policy to maintain its freehold properties in a state of good repair. Because of this, such properties maintain residual disposal values, based on prices prevailing at the date of purchase or subsequent valuation, at least equal to their book value and accordingly no provision for depreciation is made. Where there is a permanent diminution in the value of a freehold property or other tangible asset a charge is made to the profit and loss account.

Properties

The licensed chemist property portfolio is professionally valued on the basis of open market value for existing use. Surpluses arising on revaluation are taken directly to the revaluation reserve.

On disposal, the difference between the proceeds and the carrying value is taken to the profit and loss account.

Leased assets

All leases are operating leases and the rental charges are taken to the profit and loss account over the life of the lease.



Notes (continued)

1 Accounting policies (continued)

Stocks

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

Taxation

The charge for taxation is based on the profit for the period and takes into account taxation deferred because of timing differences between the treatment of certain items for taxation and accounting purposes. Provision is made for deferred tax only to the extent that it is probable that an actual liability will crystallise.

Pensions

Pension costs are charged to the profit and loss account over the expected service lives of participating employees.

2 Staff numbers and costs

The average number of persons employed by the company during the period, analysed by category, was as follows:

		Period ended 30 June	Period ended 28 July
		1995	1994
		Number	Number
	Retail	. 3	3
	The aggregate payroll costs of these persons were as follows:	£	£
	Wages and salaries	28,385	24,446
	Social security costs	1,948	1,678
	Other pension costs		930
		30,333	27,054
3	Interest payable		
		Period ended	Period ended
		30 June	28 July
		1995	1994
		£	£
	On bank loans and overdrafts	-	2,800
		,	this constitution of the state



Notes (continued)

4 Profit on ordinary activities before taxation

The profit on ordinary activities before taxation is stated after charging the following:

	Period ended	Period ended
	30 June	28 July
	1995	1994
	£	£
Directors' emoluments	-	9,628
Auditors' remuneration	-	3,450
Depreciation of owned fixed assets	5,980	468
Payments under operating leases:		
Land and buildings	8,025	-
	1	

5 Directors' emoluments

Excluding pension contributions, the emoluments of the chairman were £Nil and those of the highest paid director and previous chairman were £Nil (period ended 28 July 1994: £9,628). The emoluments of the directors were within the following ranges:

		Period ended	Period ended
		30 June	28 July
		1995	1994
		Number	Number
	£0 - £5,000	12	2
	£5,001 - £10,000	-	1
6	Tax on profit on ordinary activities		
		Period ended	Period ended
		30 June	28 July
		1995	1994
		£	£
	Taxation based on the profit for the financial period:		
	Corporation tax at 33% (period ended 28 July 1994: 25%)	8,327	_



Notes (continued)

7 Tangible fixed assets

rangible fixed assets				
		Short	Fixtures	
	Freehold	leasehold	and	
	property	property	fittings	Total
	£	£	£	£
Cost or valuation				
At 29 July 1994	100,000	-	25,403	125,403
Additions	-	433	67,501	67,934
Disposals	(100,000)	-	(25,403)	(125,403)
Revaluation		67,000		67,000
At 30 June 1995	-	67,433	67,501	134,934
Representing:				
At cost	-	433	67,501	67,934
At valuation in 1995		67,000	<u>, -</u>	67,000
	-	67,433	67,501	134,934
Depreciation				
At 29 July 1994	-	-	20,519	20,519
Charge for the period	-	14	5,966	5,980
Disposals			(22,880)	(22,880)
At 30 June 1995		14	3,605	3,619
Net book value				
At 30 June 1995	-	67,419	63,896	131,315
At 28 July 1994	100,000	-	4,884	104,884

The licensed chemist short leasehold property portfolio is stated at its open market valuation at 30 June 1995. This valuation was carried out by Chesterton International plc who valued the portfolio on the basis of the open market value for the existing use, in accordance with the Statements of Asset Valuation Practice and Guidance Notes published by The Royal Institution of Chartered Surveyors. In the opinion of the directors the value of the short leasehold property portfolio is not less than the value at which it is carried in the balance sheet.

8 Stocks

Stocks		
	30 June	28 July
	1995	1994
	£	£
Goods for resale	49,601	45,541



Notes (continued)

9	Debtors		
		30 June	28 July
		1995	1994
		£	£
	Trade debtors	_	51,523
	Other debtors	_	10,096
	Prepayments	6,275	
		6,275	61,619
10	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		
		30 June	28 July
		1995	1994
		£	£
	Bank loans and overdraft	-	61,277
	Trade creditors	-	59,290
	Amounts owed to parent and fellow subsidiary undertakings	25,409	-
	Other creditors	5,604	32,248
	Corporation tax	8,327	_
	Accruals and deferred income	99	
		39,439	152,815

11 Deferred taxation

No provision has been made for deferred taxation. The amounts unprovided, calculated under the liability method at 33% (28 July 1994: 25%), are set out below:

30 June	28 July
1995	1994
£	£
3,325	846
13,341	13,341
22,110	
38,776	14,187
	1995 £ 3,325 13,341 22,110



Notes (continued)

12	Share	capital
14	CHITTIC C	ин иш

Share capital		
	30 June	28 July
	1995	1994
	£	£
Authorised:		
40,000 ordinary shares of £1 each	40,000	40,000
Allotted, called up and fully paid:		
36,120 ordinary shares of £1 each	36,120	36,120
		

13 Reserves

	Revaluation reserve £	Profit and loss account £
At 29 July 1994	80,479	(56,525)
Revaluation reserve realised on disposal	(80,479)	80,479
Revaluation during the period	67,000	_
Profit retained for the financial period	-	46,810
At 30 June 1995	67,000	70,764

14 Commitments under operating leases

Annual commitments under non-cancellable operating leases in respect of land and buildings are as follows:

	30 June	28 July
	1995	1994
	£	£
Commitments which expire:		
In more than five years	12,000	-

15 Capital commitments

The company had no capital commitments at 30 June 1995 (28 July 1994: £Nil).



Notes (continued)

16 Pensions

The company's previous pension scheme ceased during the period ended 28 July 1994.

From 29 July 1994, employees of the company became entitled to participate in the defined contribution pension scheme operated by the Lloyds Chemists Group. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the group in an independently administered fund. The pension cost charge represents contributions payable by the company to the scheme. Details of the scheme are set out in the Lloyds Chemists plc group financial statements.

17 Ultimate holding company

The ultimate holding company is Lloyds Chemists plc, which is registered in England and Wales.

The results of the company are included with the group financial statements of Lloyds Chemists plc from the date of its acquisition by Lloyds Retail Chemists Limited but are not included within any other group financial statements.

Copies of the group financial statements may be obtained from Britannia House, Centurion Park, Tamworth, Staffordshire, B77 5TZ.

