Rule 4 223-CVL

The Insolvency Act 1986 Liquidator's Statement of Receipts and Payments

7 More London Riverside London

SE1 2RT

S.192

Pursuant to Section 192 of the Insolvency Act 1986

For official

To the Registrar of Companies

Company Number

00770529

Name of Company

(a) Insert full name of company

(b) Insert full name(s) and address(es)

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PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP

PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP

the liquidator(s) of the company attach a copy of my/our statement of receipts and payments under section 192 of the Insolvency Act 1986

Benson House 33 Wellington

Street Leeds LS1 4JP

Signed

Date

14/5/14

Presenter's name, Christine Yardley address and reference PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP (if any) 7 More London Riverside London SE1 2RT

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Statement of Receipts and Payments under section 192 of the Insolvency Act 1986

Name of Company

Company's registered number

State whether members' or creditors' voluntary winding up

Date of commencement of winding up

Date to which this statement is brought down

Name and address of liquidator

Monarch Realisations 2 Limited

00770529

Creditors

23/04/2010

22/04/2014

See page 1

NOTES

You should read these notes carefully before completing the forms The notes do not form part of the return to be sent to the registrar of companies

Form and Contents of Statement

(1) Every statement must contain a detailed account of all the liquidator's realisations and disbursements in respect of the company. The statement of realisations should contain a record of all receipts derived from assets existing at the date of the winding-up resolution and subsequently realised, including balance at bank, book debts and calls collected, property sold, etc., and the account of disbursements should contain all payments for costs, charges and expenses, or to creditors or contributories. Where property has been realised, the gross proceeds of sale must be entered under realisations and the necessary payments incidental to sales must be entered as disbursements. A payment into the Insolvency Services Account is not a disbursement and should not be shown as such; nor are payments into a bank, building society or any other financial institution. However, the interest received on any investment should be shown in the realisations. Each receipt and payment must be entered in the account in such a manner as sufficiently to explain its nature. The receipts and payments must severally be added up at the foot of each sheet and the totals carried forward from one account to another without any intermediate balance, so that the gross totals represent the total amounts received and paid by the liquidator respectively.

Trading Account

(2) When the liquidator carries on a business, a trading account must be forwarded as a distinct account, and the totals of receipts and payments on the trading account must alone be set out in this statement

Dividends

- (3) When dividends, instalments of compositions, etc. are paid to creditors or a return of surplus assets is made to contributories, the total amount of each dividend, etc. actually paid, must be entered in the statement of disbursements as one sum, and the liquidator must forward separate accounts showing in lists the amount of the claim of each creditor and the amount of dividend, etc. payable to each creditor, or contributory.
- (4) When unclaimed dividends, etc. are paid into the Insolvency Services Account, the total amount so paid in should be entered in the statement of disbursements as one sum. The items to be paid in relation to unclaimed dividends should first be included in the realisations side of the account.
- (5) Credit should not be taken in the statement of disbursements for any amount in respect of liquidator's remuneration unless it has been duly allowed by resolutions of the liquidation committee or of the creditors or of the company in general meeting, or by order of the court as the case may require, or is otherwise allowable under the provisions of the Insolvency Rules.
 - (6) This statement of receipts and payments is required in duplicate.

Liquidator's statement of account under section 192 of the Insolvency Act 1986

Realisations

Date	Of whom received	Nature of assets realised	Amount
01/11/2013	Barclays Bank Plc	Brought Forward Interest received gross	£ 12 428 627 15 19 57
02/12/2013	Barclays Bank Plc	Interest received gross	31 47
02/01/2014	Barclays Bank Plc	Interest received gross	19 80
21/01/2014	HM Revenue & Customs	Tax Refunds	1,276 25
03/02/2014	Barclays Bank Plc	Interest received gross	19 91
03/03/2014	Barclays Bank Plc	Interest received gross	18 16
01/04/2014	Barclays Bank Plc	Interest received gross	20 10
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-		Carried forward	12,430,032 41

Except where otherwise stated all values shown are exclusive of VAT

Liquidator's statement of account under section 192 of the Insolvency Act 1986

Disbursements

Date To whom paid	Nature of disbursement	Amount
		£
25/10/2013 McCarthy & Stone Re Lifestvles Limited	etirement Distributions received	11 314 059 77 500,000 00
30/10/2013 The Insolvency Service	DTI Cheque fees/ ISA costs	0 15
02/01/2014 The Insolvency Service	DTI Cheque fees/ ISA costs	25 00
01/04/2014 The Insolvency Service	DTI Cheque fees/ ISA costs	25 00
	, '	
		_
	Carried forward	11,814,109 92

Except where otherwise stated all values shown are exclusive of VAT

Analysis of		£
Total realisations	12,430,032 41	
Total disbursements		11,814,109 92
	Balance £	615,922 49
The Balance is made up as follows -		
Cash in hands of liquidator	0 00	
2 Balance at Bank	77,589 23	
3 Amount in Insolvency Services Account	538,333 26	
4 *Amounts invested by liquidator Less the cost of investments realised	£	
Balance	·-	0 00
Total balance as shown above	£	615,922 49

[NOTE- Full details of stocks purchased for investment and any realisation of them should be given in a separate statement]

* The investment or deposit of money by the liquidator does not withdraw it from the operation of the Insolvency Regulations 1986, and any such investments representing money held for six months or upwards must be realised and paid into the Insolvency Services Account, except in the case of investments in Government securities, the transfer of which to the control of the Secretary of State will be accepted as a sufficient compliance with the terms of the

The liquidator should also state -

(1) The amount of the estimated assets and liabilities at the date of the commencement of the winding up -

Assets (after deducting amounts charged to secured creditors - including the holders of floating charges)

£ 540,000 00

Liabilities - Fixed charge creditors

0 00

Floating charge holders

324,655,126 37

Unsecured creditors

337,405,000 00

(2) The total amount of the capital paid up at the date of commencement of the winding up

Paid up in cash

1,000,000 00

Issued as paid up otherwise than for cash

73,260,000 00

(3) The general description and estimated value of any outstanding assets (if there is insufficient space here, attach a separate sheet)

Possible tax assets

- (4) Why the winding up cannot yet be concluded Sundry Complex tax assets are still being pursued under the terms of the financial restructuring of the group
- (5) The period within which the winding up is expected to be completed Nine months.