## FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## FOR THE 12 MONTHS ENDED 31 JULY 2002

**REGISTERED NUMBER: 769075** 

A51 COMPANIES HOUSE 14/01/03

# DIRECTORS' REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2002

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#### **DIRECTORS' REPORT**

The directors present their annual report and the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 July, 2002.

## Principal activities

The principal activity of the group is the supply of proprietary fine and ultra fine filters and ancillary equipment.

## Review of business and future developments

The level of business in terms of volume is satisfactory and shows growth over the previous year however pricing remains constrained due to the continued weakness of the Euro. The directors expect the unit growth to continue and no changes in the activities of the group are envisaged for the future.

The financial position at the year end was satisfactory.

## **Research and Development**

The company continued to undertake research and development of fluid clarification products for European and Worldwide markets.

#### Results and dividends

The group profit for the year available to shareholders after tax amounted to £9,489,000 (2001 - £11,314,000). Details are contained in the profit and loss account on page 6 and an analysis of turnover by geographical area is shown in note 2 to the financial statements.

A dividend of £15,000,000 was paid on 1 November 2001.

## Transfer from reserves

The retained loss for the year of £ 5,511,000 (2001: £11,314,000 profit) was transferred from reserves.

#### Significant changes in fixed assets

All changes in tangible fixed assets are shown in note 11 to the financial statements. In the opinion of the directors, the market value of the land and buildings as at 31 July 2002 was in excess of the book value.

#### **DIRECTORS' REPORT**

#### Directors and directors' interests

The directors who held office during the year were as follows:

E Krasnoff - Chairman
M A Wilson - Managing Director
C S Hutchings - resigned 28 June 2002
N MacDonald
E J Pearson
R Perales
A T Scully

According to the register of directors' interests, no director who held office at the end of the financial year held any beneficial interests in the shares of the company.

### **Employees**

The group recognises the benefits of keeping employees informed of the progress of the business. During the year the employees were regularly provided with information regarding the financial and economic factors affecting the performance of the group and on other matters of concern to them as employees, through the medium of regular employee briefings.

The group's policy with regard to the employment of disabled persons is that equal consideration is given to all applications from both able and disabled persons, subject only to the overriding consideration of safety. The special needs of disabled employees for training and advancement are kept under review.

#### **Health and Safety**

The group has continued to follow the requirements of the Health and Safety at Work Act 1974 and its associated provisions.

#### **DIRECTORS' REPORT**

#### Charitable contributions

Contributions and donations made by the group during the year for charitable purposes were:

	2002	2001
	£	£
Charitable donations	13,995	13,122

#### **Auditors**

During the last year KPMG have transferred the business to a limited liability partnership, KPMG LLP. Accordingly, KPMG resigned as auditors on 13 June 2002 and the directors thereupon appointed KPMG LLP to fill the vacancy arising.

## Statement of directors' responsibilities

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and group and of the profit or loss for that period. In preparing those financial statements, the directors are required to:

- \* select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- \* make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- \* state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- \* prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the group will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. They have a general responsibility for taking such steps as are reasonably open to them to safeguard the assets of the group and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities.

This report was approved by the board of directors on 6 December 2002.

D M Louch Secretary Europa House Portsmouth

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF PALL EUROPE LIMITED

We have audited the financial statements on pages 6 to 34.

#### Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

The directors are responsible for preparing the directors' report and, as described on page 4, the financial statements in accordance with applicable United Kingdom law and accounting standards. Our responsibilities, as independent auditors, are established in the United Kingdom by statute, the Auditing Practices Board and by our profession's ethical guidance.

We report to you our opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view and are properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985. We also report to you if, in our opinion, the directors' report is not consistent with the financial statements, if the company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if information specified by law regarding directors' remuneration and transactions with the group is not disclosed.

## Basis of audit opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Auditing Standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the group's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

#### **Opinion**

In our opinion the financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and the group as at 31 July 2002 and of the profit of the group for the year then ended and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985.

KPMG LLP

Chartered Accountants Registered Auditor

Southampton

Date: 6 December 2002

## CONSOLIDATED PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT

## FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2002

		Continuing	ing Operations		
	Note	<b>2002</b> £000	<b>2001</b> £000		
Turnover	2	199,227	197,648		
Cost of sales		(133,545)	(129,015)		
Gross profit		65,682	68,633		
Administrative expenses		(50,724)	(50,455)		
Other operating income		350	345		
Operating profit		15,308	18,523		
Net interest payable	3	(1,461)	(2,350)		
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation	4	13,847	16,173		
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	7	(4,358)	(4,859)		
Profit on ordinary activities after taxation	8	9,489	11,314		
Dividends paid	9	(15,000)	-		
			<del></del> -		
Retained (loss) / profit for the financial year		<u>(5,511)</u>	<u>11,314</u>		

The accounts are prepared on an unmodified historical cost basis and therefore the profit on ordinary activities before taxation and retained profit for the financial year reported is based on historical cost. Movements on reserves are shown on page 28, note 19.

## CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET

## **AS AT 31 JULY 2002**

	Note	20	2002		01
		£000	£000	£000	£000
Fixed assets					
Intangible assets - goodwill	10	737		827	
Tangible assets	11	62,619		63,257	
Investments	12	250			
			63,606		64,084
Current assets					
Stocks	13	25,422		33,172	
Debtors	14	39,674		40,212	
Cash at bank and in hand		<u>7,365</u>		2,021	
		72,461		75,405	
Creditors: amounts falling due					
within one year	15	<u>(36,367)</u>		<u>(47,971)</u>	
Net current assets			36,094		27,434
Total assets less current			00 700		04.510
liabilities			99,700		91,518
Creditors: amounts falling	1.0		(17.167)		(0.000)
due after more than one year	16		(17,167)		(2,233)
Provisions for liabilities and					
charges	17		<u>(4,769</u> )		<u>(6,022</u> )
Net assets			<u>77,764</u>		83,263
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	18		21,000		21,000
Capital reserve	19		2,667		2,655
Profit and loss account	19		<u>54,097</u>		<u>59,608</u>
					<del></del>
Equity shareholders' funds			<u>77,764</u>		<u>83,263</u>

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors on 6 December 2002 and were signed on its behalf by:

<u>,                                    </u>	Milhan	)	
M A Wilson	JQJ.	)	Directors
A T Scully		)	

## CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF TOTAL RECOGNISED GAINS AND LOSSES AS AT 31 JULY 2002

	<b>2002</b> £000	<b>2001</b> £000
Profit for the financial year Exchange differences	9,489 12	11,314 (6)
	<del></del>	
Total recognised gains and losses	<u>9,501</u>	11,308

## BALANCE SHEET

## **AS AT 31 JULY 2002**

	Note	20	02	2001	
		£000	£000	£000	£000
Fixed assets					
Intangible fixed assets - goodwill	10	737		827	
Tangible fixed assets	11	60,037		60,661	
Investments	12	<u>705</u>		<u>455</u>	
			61,479		61,943
Current assets					
Stocks	13	25,422		33,172	
Debtors	14	39,674		40,212	
Cash at bank and in hand		7,365		2,021	
		72,461		75,405	
Creditors: amounts falling due		(a. 55a)			
within one year	15	(34,528)		<u>(46,066)</u>	
Net current assets			37,933		29,339
Total assets less current liabilities			99,412		91,282
Creditors: amounts falling due					
after more than one year	16		(17,167)		(2,233)
Provisions for liabilities and					
charges	17		<u>(4,769</u> )		<u>(6,022</u> )
Net Assets			<u>77,476</u>		83,027
Net Assets			<u>11,410</u>		65,021
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	18		21,000		21,000
Capital reserve	19		2,469		2,469
Profit and loss account	19		<u>54,007</u>		<u>59,558</u>
Equity shareholders' funds			<u>77,476</u>		<u>83,027</u>

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors on 6 December 2002 and were signed on its behalf by:

M A Wilson Directors

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## 1. Statement of accounting policies

The following accounting policies have been applied consistently in dealing with items which are considered material in relation to the company's and the group's financial statements. The group has adopted FRS18 "Accounting policies" and FRS19 "Deferred tax" and has followed the transitional arrangements of FRS17 "Retirement benefits" in these financial statements.

## Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with applicable accounting standards.

#### Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the results of the company and all its subsidiaries for the year ended 31 July 2002.

As permitted by Section 230 of the Companies Act 1985, the profit and loss account of Pall Europe Limited is not separately presented.

Under Financial Reporting Standard 1 (Revised 1996), the company is exempt from the requirement to prepare a cashflow statement on the grounds that a parent undertaking includes the company in its own published accounts.

In addition advantage has been taken of the exception available under Financial Reporting Standard 8 not to disclose details of transactions with Pall Corporation or other group undertakings as the consolidated financial statements of Pall Corporation in which the company is included are publicly available.

#### Turnover

Turnover represents the amounts (excluding value added tax and trade discounts) derived from the provision of goods and services to customers during the year.

Revenue is recognised when title and risk of loss have transferred to the customer and when contractual terms have been fulfilled. Long-term contracts are accounted for under the percentage of completion method based upon the ratio of costs incurred to date compared with estimated costs to complete. The cumulative impact of revisions to total estimated costs is reflected in the period of the change.

#### Stocks and work in progress

Stocks and work in progress are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value, except in the case of work in progress in respect of certain long term contracts which are stated at cost together with a proportion of profit appropriate to the stage of completion of each contract. In these cases, full provision is made for anticipated losses. In general, cost is determined on a

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## 1. Statement of accounting policies (continued)

#### Stocks and work in progress (continued)

first in first out basis and includes transport and handling costs. For work in progress and finished goods manufactured by the company, cost includes all direct expenditure and production overheads based on the normal level of activity.

Net realisable value is the price at which stocks can be sold in the normal course of business after allowing for the costs of conversion from the existing state to a finished condition. Provision is made where necessary for obsolete, slow moving and defective stocks.

## Foreign currencies

Transactions in foreign currencies are recorded using the rate of exchange ruling at the date of the transaction. Results of the foreign subsidiary company are translated at the average rate of exchange for the year. Differences on exchange arising from the re-translation of the opening assets and liabilities are taken to reserves. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated using the rate of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date and the gains or losses on translation are included in the profit and loss account.

#### Fixed assets and depreciation.

Depreciation is provided to write off the cost less the estimated residual value of tangible fixed assets by equal instalments over their estimated useful economic lives as follows:-

Freehold buildings	-	50 years	( 2% per annum)
Manufacturing equipment	-	10 years	(10% per annum)
Fixtures, fittings, etc	-	10 years	(10% per annum)
Motor vehicles	_	5 years	(20% per annum)
Computer software and hardware	-	5 years	(20% per annum)

No depreciation is provided on freehold land.

#### Leases

Assets acquired under finance leases are capitalised and the outstanding future lease obligations are shown in creditors. Operating lease rentals are charged to the profit and loss account on a straight line basis over the period of the lease.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## 1. Statement of accounting policies (continued)

## **Regional Development grants**

Capital based Regional Development grants are credited to the profit and loss account over the estimated useful economic lives of the assets to which they relate. The grants shown in the balance sheet under 'Creditors: amounts falling due within one year' and 'Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year' comprise the total grants received and receivable to date less amounts so far credited to the profit and loss account.

#### Research and development expenditure

Expenditure on research and development is written off against profits in the year in which it is incurred.

#### Pension costs

The group operates a number of pension schemes providing benefits based on final pensionable pay. The assets of the schemes are held separately from those of the group. Contributions to the schemes are charged to the profit and loss account so as to spread the cost of pensions over employees' working lives with the group.

The group also operates a defined contributions scheme. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the group. The amount charged to the profit and loss account represents the contributions payable to this scheme in respect of the accounting period.

#### **Taxation**

The charge for taxation is based on the profit for the year and takes into account taxation deferred because of timing differences between the treatment of certain items for taxation and accounting purposes. Deferred tax is recognised, without discounting, in respect of all timing differences between the treatment of certain items for taxation and accounting purposes which have arisen.

#### **Investments**

Investments are stated at cost less any provisions for permanent diminution in value.

At the close of business on 31 March 2001 the trade and net assets of Hughes Whitlock Limited were transferred to the Company at net asset value. Hughes Whitlock Limited became dormant on 1 April 2001. The residual net assets were not sufficient to support the carrying value of the investment as shown by the Company's records and consequently the values have been impaired. However, the directors consider that to charge an impairment to the Company's profit and loss account would not reflect the substance of the transaction, as the Company's overall position is unchanged.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## 1. Statement of accounting policies (continued)

### **Investments (continued)**

The difference of £894,000 between the carrying value of the investment and the net assets of the subsidiary was therefore transferred to goodwill and is being amortised over its estimated useful life of 10 years, with a charge of £90,000 arising in 2002 (2001:£67,000). Under the specific requirements of the Companies Act, only purchased goodwill should be reflected in a company's balance sheet and consequently the Act does not permit this transfer. Accordingly the directors have departed from the requirements of the Act in order that a true and fair view is given of the Company's financial position and results.

#### Goodwill

Purchased goodwill (representing the excess of the fair value of the consideration given over the fair value of the separable net assets acquired) arising on business combinations in respect of acquisitions is capitalised. Positive goodwill is amortised to nil by equal annual instalments over its estimated useful life. The directors consider that the economic life of the purchased goodwill is 10 years.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## 2. Geographical analysis of turnover

Turnover, which is all in respect of filtration sales is attributable as follows:-

		iited gdom		est of rope	0	ther	То	tal
TURNOVER	<b>2002</b> £000	<b>2001</b> £000	<b>2002</b> £000	<b>2001</b> £000	<b>2002</b> £000	<b>2001</b> £000	<b>2002</b> £000	<b>2001</b> £000
By destination								
Sales to third parties	<u>45701</u>	<u>45120</u>	<u>114165</u>	<u>117096</u>	<u>39361</u>	<u>35432</u>	<u>199227</u>	<u>197648</u>
By origin								
Total sales	<u>199227</u>	<u>197648</u>	=	=	=	=	<u>199227</u>	<u>197648</u>
Profit before Taxation								
Segment profit	<u>15028</u>	<u>18254</u>	<u>280</u>	<u>269</u>	Ē	=	15308	18523
Net interest							(1461)	(2350)
Group profit								
before taxation							<u>13847</u>	<u>16173</u>
Net assets	<u>77197</u>	<u>82749</u>	<u>567</u>	<u>514</u>	=	=	<u>77764</u>	<u>83263</u>

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## 3. Net interest payable

	2002	2001
	£000	£000
Interest payable:		
On bank loans and overdrafts wholly repayable within 5 years	(830)	(2,644)
On amounts due to group undertakings	(604)	-
Finance charges payable in respect of finance leases and hire purchase	` ,	-
contracts	(36)	(20)
Interest receivable from third parties	9	314
	<u>(1,461)</u>	(2,350)

## 4. Profit on ordinary activities before taxation

	20	002	2	001
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation is stated after charging:	£000	£000	£000	£000
Auditors' remuneration: Audit Other services – fees paid to the auditor	73		57	
and its associates	<u>133</u>	206	<u>45</u>	102
Research and development expenditure		2,506		2,441
Depreciation of tangible fixed assets:				
Owned	9,321		8,782	
Leased Less amortisation of regional	258		128	
development grants	_(47)	9,532	<u>(52</u> )	8,858
Amortisation of goodwill		90		67
Exchange losses:				
Realised		301		39
Unrealised		8		247

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## 5. Remuneration of directors

	<b>2002</b> £000	<b>2001</b> £000
Directors' emoluments	<u>821</u>	<u>779</u>

The emoluments of the office of Chairman during the year was £nil (2000: £nil) and the emoluments of the office of highest paid UK director during the year was £236,000 (2001: £206,000). The highest paid director is a member of a defined benefit scheme, under which his accrued pension at the year end was £56,671 (2001: £48,083).

#### Number of directors

Detirement hanafite against to LIV directors under defined	2002	2001
Retirement benefits accruing to UK directors under defined benefit schemes	<u>=</u>	<u>_5</u>
The number of UK directors who exercised share options in the parent company was	<u>2</u>	<u>3</u>

#### 6. Staff numbers and costs

The average number of persons employed by the group (including directors) during the year, analysed by category, was as follows:

	2002	2001
Productive departments	1,316	1,370
Marketing and sales	231	224
General administration	<u> 154</u>	<u>157</u>
	<u>1,701</u>	<u>1,751</u>
	2002	2001
	£000	£000
Wages and salaries	43,424	43,705
Social Security costs	3,271	3,485
Other pension costs (see note 22)	<u>2,036</u>	2,112
	<u>48,731</u>	<u>49,302</u>

## PALL EUROPE LIMITED NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## 7. Taxation

		2002	20	001
	£000	£000	£000	£000
UK corporation tax				
Current year	5,497		5,001	
Prior Year	67		_ 132	
		5,564		5,133
Foreign tax				
Current year	47		54	
Prior year			<u>11</u>	
•		47		65
Deferred tax (see note 17)		<u>(1,253</u> )		(339)
		<u>4,358</u>		4,859

The deferred tax credit for the year comprises accelerated capital allowances of £92,000 (2001 - £300,000 charge) and other timing differences of £1,161,000 (2001 - £639,000).

Factors affecting the tax charge for the current period

The current tax charge for the period is higher (2001:higher) than the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK (30%, 2001:30%). The differences are explained below.

	<b>2002</b> £000	<b>2001</b> £000
Current tax reconciliation		
Profit on ordinary activities before tax	<u>13,847</u>	<u>16,173</u>
Current tax at 30% (2001:30%)	4,154	4,852
Effects of:		
Expenses not deductible for tax purposes (primarily pension		
costs)	1,460	399
Capital allowances for period in excess of depreciation	(71)	(200)
(Lower)/higher tax rates on overseas earnings	(6)	3
Adjustment to tax charge in respect of previous periods	8	-
Total current tax charge (see above)	<u>5,545</u>	<u>5,054</u>

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## 8. Profit for the year

9.

The consolidated loss for the financial year is attributable as follows:

	<b>2002</b> £000	<b>2001</b> £000
(Loss)/profit dealt within the financial statements of the company	(5,551)	11,332
Profit/(loss) retained by subsidiaries	40	(18)
	<u>(5,511)</u>	<u>11,314</u>
Dividends		
	<b>2002</b> £000	<b>2001</b> £000
A dividend of £0.7143 (2001 - £nil) per ordinary share was paid on 1 November 2001	<u>15,000</u>	<b>≓</b>

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## 10. Intangible fixed assets

Group	hae	the	company	
CALOUD	anu	ше	CUIIIDAIIY	

Group und vice company	Goodwill £000
Cost	
At 1 August 2001	<u>894</u>
At 31 July 2002	<u>894</u>
Amortisation	
At 1 August 2001	67
Charge for the year	<u>90</u>
At 31 July 2002	<u>157</u>
Net book value	
At 31 July 2002	<u>737</u>
At 31 July 2001	<u>827</u>

Goodwill consists of purchased goodwill and is being amortised evenly over its useful economic life of 10 years.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## 11. Tangible fixed assets

Group	Freehold Land and Buildings	Fixtures, Fittings, Plant and Machinery	Total
	£000	000£	£000
Cost			
At 1 August 2001	30,281	112,104	142,385
Additions	57	9,283	9,340
Disposals	-	(9,097)	(9,097)
Exchange rate adjustment	54		54
At 31 July 2002	<u>30,392</u>	<u>112,290</u>	142,682
Depreciation			
At 1 August 2001	7,468	71,660	79,128
Charge for the year	590	8,989	9,579
Disposals	-	(8,654)	(8,654)
Exchange rate adjustment	10		10
At 31 July 2002	<u>8,068</u>	<u>71,995</u>	<u>80,063</u>
Net book value			
At 31 July 2002	<u>22,324</u>	<u>40,295</u>	<u>62,619</u>
At 31 July 2001	<u>22,813</u>	<u>40,444</u>	<u>63,257</u>

The net book value of freehold land and buildings is made up as follows:

	<b>2002</b> £000	<b>2001</b> £000
Freehold land Freehold buildings	1,594 20,730	1,593 21,220
	<u>22,324</u>	<u>22,813</u>

Included in the total net book value of Fixture, Fittings, Plant and Machinery is £661,000 (2001: £878,000) in respect of assets held under finance leases. Depreciation for the year on these assets was £258,000 (2001: £128,000).

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## 11. Tangible fixed assets (continued)

Company	Freehold Land and Buildings	Fixtures, Fittings, Plant and Machinery	Total
	£000	£000	£000
Cost			
At 1 August 2001	27,209	112,104	139,313
Additions	57	9,283	9,340
Disposals		<u>(9,097)</u>	<u>(9,097</u> )
At 31 July 2002	<u>27,266</u>	<u>112,290</u>	139,556
Depreciation			
At 1 August 2001	6,992	71,660	78,652
Charge for the period	532	8,989	9,521
Disposals		<u>(8,654</u> )	<u>(8,654</u> )
At 31 July 2002	<u>7.524</u>	<u>71,995</u>	<u>79,519</u>
Net book value			
At 31 July 2002	<u>19,742</u>	<u>40,295</u>	60,037
At 31 July 2001	<u>20,217</u>	<u>40,444</u>	<u>60,661</u>

The net book value of freehold land and buildings is made up as follows:

	<b>2002</b> £000	<b>2001</b> £000
Freehold land Freehold buildings	1,498 <u>18,244</u>	1,498 <u>18,719</u>
	<u>19,742</u>	<u>20,217</u>

Included in the total net book value of Fixture, Fittings, Plant and Machinery is £661,000 (2001: £878,000) in respect of assets held under finance leases. Depreciation for the year on these assets was £258,000 (2001: £128,000).

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## 12. Fixed asset investments

Group	Participating interests	
	£000	
Cost		
At 31 July 2001	-	
Additions	250	
At 31 July 2002	<u>250</u>	

Company	Shares in group undertakings	Participating interests	Total
	£000£	£000	£000
Cost			
At 31 July 2001	455	<u></u>	455
Additions	-	250	250
At 31 July 2002	<u>455</u>	<u>250</u>	<u>705</u>

On the 4 July 2002 the company acquired 838 ordinary shares (£0.01 par value) in Euroflow Ltd for £250,000.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## 13. Stocks

	<b>2002</b> £000	<b>2001</b> £000
Group and the company		
Raw materials and consumables	11,006	12,062
Work in progress Finished goods and goods for resale	2,588 11,828	2,626 <u>18,484</u>
I mistica goods and goods tot resale	11,020	10,404
	<u>25,422</u>	<u>33,172</u>

There is no material difference between the replacement cost of stocks and their balance sheet amounts.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## 14. Debtors

	<b>2002</b> £000	<b>2001</b> £000
Group		
Amounts falling due within one year:		
Trade debtors	19,982	17,474
Amounts owed by group undertakings	13,788	16,455
Participating interests	750	-
Other debtors	1,750	1,463
Pension fund prepayment	65	776
Prepayments and accrued income	<u>3,339</u>	4,044
	<u>39,674</u>	<u>40,212</u>
The amounts owed by group undertakings comprise: Holding company and fellow subsidiaries	<u>13,788</u>	<u>16,455</u>
Company		
Amounts falling due within one year:		
Trade debtors	19,982	17,474
Amounts owed by group undertakings	13,788	16,455
Participating interests	750	_
Other debtors	1,750	1,463
Pension fund prepayment	65	776
Prepayments and accrued income	<u>3,339</u>	4,044
	<u>39,674</u>	40,212
The emounts awad by group undertakings assessing		
The amounts owed by group undertakings comprise: Holding company and fellow subsidiaries	<u>13,788</u>	<u>16,455</u>
	<del></del>	

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## 15. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	<b>2002</b> £000	<b>2001</b> £000
Group		
Bank loans and overdrafts	11,380	29,115
Payments received on account	400	-
Trade creditors	12,950	9,701
Obligations under finance leases	382	325
Amounts owed to group undertakings	2,306	2,084
Corporation tax	1,745	2,357
Social security	606	574
Pension fund deficit	2,329	-
Other creditors	827	960
Accrued expenses	3,395	2,803
Deferred income - regional development grants	<u>47</u>	52
	<u>36,367</u>	<u>47,971</u>
The amounts owed to group undertakings comprise:		
Holding company and fellow subsidiaries	<u>2,306</u>	2,084
Company		
Bank loans and overdrafts	11,380	29,115
Payments received on account	400	-
Trade creditors	12,950	9,701
Obligations under finance leases	382	325
Amounts owed to group undertakings	466	176
Corporation tax	1,747	2,361
Social security	606	574
Pension fund deficit	2,329	-
Other creditors	826	960
Accrued expenses	3,395	2,802
Deferred income - regional development grants	47	52
	<u>34,528</u>	<u>46,066</u>
The amounts owed to group undertakings comprise:		
Holding company and fellow subsidiaries	<u>466</u>	<u>176</u>

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## 16. Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year

	<b>2002</b> £000	<b>2001</b> £000
Group and the company	2000	2000
Amounts owed to group undertakings Deferred Income - regional development grants	15,000 1,641	- 1,683
Obligations under finance leases	<u>526</u>	_ <u>550</u>
	<u>17,167</u>	<u>2,233</u>

The amounts owed to group undertakings are not repayable in the foreseeable future.

The maturity of obligations under finance leases and hire purchase contracts is as follows:

	2002	2001
	£000	£000
Group and the company		
Within one year	417	357
In the second to fifth years	<u>587</u>	<u>628</u>
	1,004	985
	1,001	703
Less future finance charges	<u>(96)</u>	(110)
	908	<u>875</u>

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## 17. Provision for liabilities and charges

## **Deferred taxation**

	Group		Com	pany
	2002	2001	2002	2001
	£000	£000	£000	£000
Accelerated capital allowances	6,105	6,013	6,105	6,013
Royalties	(175)	118	(175)	118
Restructuring provision	(260)	(170)	(260)	(170)
Management Stock Purchase Plan	(222)	(172)	(222)	(172)
Pensions	<u>(679)</u>	<u>233</u>	<u>(679)</u>	233
	<u>4,769</u>	<u>6,022</u>	<u>4,769</u>	6,022

The movements on the deferred tax provision during the year were as follows:

	Group £000	Company £000
At 1 August 2001 Credit for the year in the profit and loss account	6,022 (1,25 <u>3</u> )	6,022 (1,253)
	<u>4,769</u>	<u>4,769</u>

Deferred taxation not provided for amounts to £ NIL (2001: £NIL)

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## 18. Called up share capital

	2002	2001
Authorised:	£000	£000£
25,000,000 (2000: 25,000,000) ordinary shares of £1 each	<u>25,000</u>	<u>25,000</u>
Allotted, called up and fully paid:		
21,000,000 (2000: 21,000,000) ordinary shares of £1 each	<u>21,000</u>	<u>21,000</u>

## 19. Reconciliation of movements in shareholders' funds

Group	Share capital	Capital reserve	Profit & loss account	Total shareholders' funds
	£000	£000	£000	£000
At 1 August 2001 Exchange equalisation on foreign	21,000	2,655	59,608	83,263
subsidiary Profit for the financial year		12	- 9,489	12 9,489
Dividends		<del></del>	(15,000)	(15,000)
At 31 July 2002	<u>21,000</u>	<u>2,667</u>	<u>54,097</u>	<u>77,764</u>
Company	Share capital	Capital reserve	Profit & loss account	Total shareholders' funds
	£000	£000	£000	£000
At 1 August 2001 Profit for the financial year	21,000	2,469	59,558	83,027
a avist ava tile animityina jemi			9 449	9 449
Dividends			9,449 (15,000)	9,449 (15,000)

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## 20. Contingent liabilities

## (a) Distributor Agreements

Repurchase of inventory from distributors if agreements were terminated.

#### (b) Regional Development Grants

Government grants which become repayable if:

- (i) qualifying jobs are not maintained in the development area for a minimum of eighteen months following payment of grant, and
- (ii) qualifying assets are taken out of the development area, sold or taken out of use within thirty-six months from payment of grant

## (c) Pension Fund

Possible shortfall in the actuarial valuation of the Pall (UK) Pension Fund.

#### 21. Commitments

## Capital expenditure commitments - group and company

Capital expenditure commitments at 31 July 2002, for which no provision has been made in these financial statements are as follows:

Widou illustration statements and the rollo	D.	
	2002	2001
	£000	£000
Contracted	<u>2,041</u>	<u>3,260</u>

#### Trade guarantees and indemnities

At 31 July 2002, the group and the company had continuing financial commitments in respect of trade guarantees and indemnities amounting to £ 3,297,000 (2001 - £3,119,000).

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## 22. Pension arrangements

## Pall (UK) Pension Fund

The group operates a contributory pension scheme with a defined benefits section and a defined contribution section applicable to all its UK subsidiaries. The defined contribution section of the Fund was established on 1 August 1997. The funds of the scheme are administered by the Trustees and are separate from the group's finances. The rate at which the group contributes to the defined benefits section of the Fund has been determined in accordance with the advice of independent qualified actuaries. The rate at which the group contributes to the defined contribution section of the Fund is set out in the rules of that section.

The pension cost charge for the year was £4,842,000 (2001 - £2,942,000) after allowing for interest on the pre-payment and the group has a pension provision deficit shown under creditors of £2,329,000 (2001 - prepayment of £641,000). A prepayment has been made for deferred taxation in respect of the deficit of £699,000 (2001 - provision of £192,000).

The pension cost is assessed in accordance with the advice of an independent qualified actuary using the projected unit method. The principal assumptions were a long-term rate of return on the scheme's investments of 6.75% per annum pre retirement and 5.75% per annum post retirement and salary increases of 4.0% per annum (plus a promotional scale). Pensions which accrued before 5 April 1997 are not assumed to increase in payment (other than the Guaranteed Minimum Pension elements which are subject to statutory increases), whilst pensions which accrued after 5 April 1997 are assumed to increase at the rate of 3.0% per annum in payment.

The most recent ongoing actuarial valuation of the Fund was carried out as at 31 March 1999 using the projected unit method. For the purposes of funding the principal assumptions in this valuation were a long term rate of return on the scheme's investments of 6.25% per annum pre retirement and 4.75% post retirement and salary increases of 3.75% per annum (plus a promotional scale). No allowance was made for pensions which accrued before 5 April 1997 to increase in payment (other than the Guaranteed Minimum Pension elements which are subject to statutory increases), whilst pensions which accrued after 5 April 1997 are assumed to increase at the rate of 2.75% per annum in payment.

The market value of the fund's assets at 31 March 1999 was £65,891,000 and the actuarial value of those assets represented 110% of the value of the benefits accrued to members after allowing for expected future increase in earnings.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## 22. Pension arrangements (continued)

## Pall Supplementary Scheme

The group also operates a non-contributory defined benefits pension scheme. The funds of the scheme are administered by the Trustees and are separate from the group's finances. The rate at which the group contributes has been determined in accordance with the advice of a qualified actuary. The pension cost charge for the year was £174,000 (2001 - £98,000) after allowing for interest on the prepayment and the group has a pension prepayment surplus shown under debtors of £65,000 (2001 - £135,000). A provision has been made for deferred taxation in respect of the surplus of £20,000 (2001 - £41,000).

The pension cost is assessed on the same basis as for the Pall (UK) Pension Fund above.

The most recent ongoing actuarial valuation of the scheme was carried out as at 1 August 1999 using the attained age method. For the purposes of funding the principal assumptions in this valuation were a long term rate of return on the scheme's investments of 8% per annum pre retirement and 7% per annum post retirement, salary increases of 6% per annum and increases to pensions in payment at the rate of 4% per annum. The market value of the scheme's assets at 1 August 1999 was £1,755,000 and the actuarial value of those assets represented 96% of the value of the benefits accrued to members after allowing for expected future increases in earnings.

#### **FRS 17 Disclosure**

The group operates two defined benefit schemes in the UK. Actuarial valuations were carried out at 31 March 2002 for the Pall (UK) Pension Fund and 1 August 1999 for the Pall Supplementary Pension Scheme and were updated to 31 July 2002 by a qualified independent actuary. The major assumptions used by the actuary were:

	31 July 2002	31 July 2001
Rate of increase in salaries	4.00%	4.25%
Rate of increase in pensions in payment	2.50%	2.75%
Discount rate	6.00%	6.00%
Inflation assumption	2.50%	2.75%

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## 22. Pension arrangements (continued)

## FRS 17 Disclosure (continued)

The assets in the scheme and the expected rate of return were:

	Expected Return at 31 July 2002	Value at 31 July 2002 £000	Expected Return at 31 July 2001	Value at 31 July 2001 £000
Equities	6.5%	47,839	6.5%	61,098
Bonds	5.5%	<u>13,150</u>	5.5%	<u>12,514</u>
		60,989		73,612
Present value of scheme liabilities		( <u>72,831</u> )		(71,888)
(Deficit)/surplu	us in the scheme	(11,842)		1,724
Related deferre	ed tax asset/(liability)	3,553		(517)
Net pension (li	ability)/asset	( <u>8,289</u> )		<u>1,207</u>

## Analysis of the amount charged to operating profit

	Year to 31 July 2002	
	£000	
Service cost	2,344	
Past service cost	<u> 95</u>	
Total operating charge	<u>2,439</u>	

## Analysis of net return on pension scheme

	Year to 31 July 2002	
Expected return on pension scheme assets	£000 4,683	
Interest on pension liabilities Net return	( <u>4,359</u> ) <u>324</u>	

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## 22. Pension arrangements (continued)

FRS 17 Disclosure (continued)

Analysis of amount to be recognised in statement of total recognised gains and losses ("STRGL")

Year to

	31 July 2002
	£000
Actual return less expected return on assets	(18,024)
Experience gains and losses on liabilities	2,515
Changes in assumptions	2,427
Actuarial loss recognised in STRGL	(13,082)
Adjustment due to surplus cap	
Net loss recognised	( <u>13,082</u> )

## Movement in surplus during the year

	£000
Surplus in scheme at beginning of the year	1,724
Movement in the year:	
(Current service cost)	(2,344)
Contributions	1,631
(Past service costs)	(95)
Net return on assets/(interest cost)	324
Actuarial loss	(13,082)
Surplus in scheme at end of year	( <u>11,842</u> )

The FRS17 funding position over the year to 31 July 2002 showed a decrease in the surplus of £1,700,000 to a deficit of £11,800,000. Improvements in benefits costing £95,000 were made in 2001 and contributions were £1,600,000 (8% of pensionable pay). Under the projected unit method the current service cost will increase as the members of the scheme approach retirement.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## 22. Pension arrangements (continued)

#### FRS 17 Disclosure (continued)

## History of experience gains and losses

		Financial year ending			
	2002	2001	2000	1999	1998
Difference between expected and actual	return on				
scheme assets:					
amount (£000's)	18,024				
percentage of scheme assets	-30%				
Experience gains and losses on scheme liabil	ities:				
amount (£000's)	2,515				
percentage of scheme liabilities	3%				
Total amount recognised in STRGL:					
amount (£000's)	(13,082)				
percentage of scheme liabilities	-18%				

## 23. Ultimate holding company

The ultimate holding company is Pall Corporation which is incorporated in the United States of America. The results of Pall Europe Limited are consolidated by Pall Corporation and copies of these accounts may be obtained at:

2200 Northern Boulevard East Hills NY 11548 USA

## 24. Principal subsidiaries

UK subsidiary companies were engaged in activities related to the principal activity of the group prior to becoming dormant.

Pall Biomedical Limited and Hughes Whitlock Limited are incorporated and registered in England and the principal country in which they operate is the United Kingdom. Pall Verwaltungsgesellschaft m.b.H. is incorporated and registered in Germany, which is its principal country of operation.

Subsidiary companies	Class of	Group	
	shares	interest	
Pall Biomedical Limited	Ordinary	100%	
Hughes Whitlock Limited	Ordinary	100%	
Pall Verwaltungsgesellschaft m.b.H.	Ordinary	100%	