Registration number: 00762294

Baden Powell & Sons Limited

Filleted Annual Report and Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 July 2019

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(Registration number: 00762294) Balance Sheet as at 31 July 2019

	Note	2019 £	2018 £
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	<u>4</u>	733,101	681,692
Investment property	<u>4</u> <u>5</u>	235,000	235,000
	_	968,101	916,692
Current assets			
Stocks	<u>6</u> <u>7</u>	1,776,595	1,668,365
Debtors	<u>7</u>	58,806	321,552
Cash at bank and in hand		165,934	927
		2,001,335	1,990,844
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	<u>8</u>	(1,830,529)	(1,784,112)
Net current assets		170,806	206,732
Total assets less current liabilities		1,138,907	1,123,424
Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one year	8	(46,992)	-
Provisions for liabilities		(51,598)	(40,367)
Net assets		1,040,317	1,083,057
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	<u>10</u>	9,000	9,000
Revaluation reserve		64,111	64,111
Profit and loss account		967,206	1,009,946
Total equity	_	1,040,317	1,083,057

For the financial year ending 31 July 2019 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Director's responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its accounts for the year in question in accordance with section 476; and
- The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

The notes on pages $\frac{3}{2}$ to $\frac{8}{2}$ form an integral part of these financial statements. Page 1

(Registration number: 00762294) Balance Sheet as at 31 July 2019

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to companies subject to the small companies regime within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.

These financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and the option not to file the Profit and Loss Account has been taken.

Approved and authorised by the director on 3 April 2020

Mr A Powell Director

The notes on pages $\underline{3}$ to $\underline{8}$ form an integral part of these financial statements. Page 2

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 July 2019

1 General information

The company is a private company limited by share capital, incorporated in England.

The address of its registered office is: 101 Ashby High Street Scunthorpe North Lincolnshire DN16 2JX

These financial statements were authorised for issue by the director on 3 April 2020

2 Accounting policies

Summary of significant accounting policies and key accounting estimates

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 Section 1A - 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' and the Companies Act 2006.

Basis of preparation

These financial statements have been prepared using the historical cost convention except that as disclosed in the accounting policies certain items are shown at fair value.

Revenue recognition

Turnover comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the sale of goods and provision of services in the ordinary course of the company's activities. Turnover is shown net of sales/value added tax, returns, rebates and discounts.

The company recognises revenue when:

The amount of revenue can be reliably measured;

it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the entity;

and specific criteria have been met for each of the company's activities.

Tax

The tax expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except that a change attributable to an item of income or expense recognised as other comprehensive income is also recognised directly in other comprehensive income.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date in the countries where the company operates and generates taxable income.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences between taxable profits and profits reported in the financial statements.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised when it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 July 2019

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are stated in the statement of financial position at cost, less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

The cost of tangible assets includes directly attributable incremental costs incurred in their acquisition and installation.

Depreciation

Depreciation is charged so as to write off the cost of assets, other than land and properties under construction over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

Asset class

Plant and machinery

Buildings

Depreciation method and rate

15-25% Straight line basis

4% Straight line

Investment property

Investment property is carried at fair value, derived from the current market prices for comparable real estate determined annually by external valuers. The valuers use observable market prices, adjusted if necessary for any difference in the nature, location or condition of the specific asset. Changes in fair value are recognised in profit or loss.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and call deposits, and other short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

Trade debtors

Trade debtors are amounts due from customers for merchandise sold or services performed in the ordinary course of business.

Trade debtors are recognised initially at the transaction price. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. A provision for the impairment of trade debtors is established when there is objective evidence that the company will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables.

Stocks

Stock is valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value, after due regard for obsolete and slow moving stocks. Net realisable value is based on selling price less anticipated costs to completion and selling costs. Consignment stock in treated as an asset with a coresponding liability.

Trade creditors

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Accounts payable are classified as current liabilities if the company does not have an unconditional right, at the end of the reporting period, to defer settlement of the creditor for at least twelve months after the reporting date. If there is an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least twelve months after the reporting date, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Trade creditors are recognised initially at the transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Borrowings

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 July 2019

Interest-bearing borrowings are initially recorded at fair value, net of transaction costs. Interest-bearing borrowings are subsequently carried at amortised cost, with the difference between the proceeds, net of transaction costs, and the amount due on redemption being recognised as a charge to the Profit and Loss Account over the period of the relevant borrowing.

Interest expense is recognised on the basis of the effective interest method and is included in interest payable and similar charges.

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the company has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting date.

Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Equity instruments are measured at the fair value of the cash or other resources received or receivable, net of the direct costs of issuing the equity instruments. If payment is deferred and the time value of money is material, the initial measurement is on a present value basis.

3 Staff numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company (including the director) during the yearwas 19 (2018 - 19).

4 Tangible assets

	Land and buildings £	Furniture, fittings and equipment £	Total £
Cost or valuation			
At 1 August 2018	990,593	338,095	1,328,688
Additions		93,074	93,074
At 31 July 2019	990,593	431,169	1,421,762
Depreciation			
At 1 August 2018	376,913	270,083	646,996
Charge for the year	17,333	24,332	41,665
At 31 July 2019	394,246	294,415	688,661
Carrying amount			
At 31 July 2019	596,347	136,754	733,101
At 31 July 2018	613,680	68,012	681,692

Included within the net book value of land and buildings above is £596,347 (2018 - £613,680) in respect of freehold land and buildings.

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 July 2019

5 Investment properties		
		2019
		£
At 1 August		235,000
At 31 July	_	235,000
There has been no valuation of investment property by an independent valuer.		
6 Stocks		
	2019	2018
	£	£
Other inventories	1,776,595	1,668,365

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 July 2019

7 Debtors		2019 £	2018 £
Trade debtors		17,710	34,017
Other debtors		41,096	287,535
Total current trade and other debtors	_	58,806	321,552
8 Creditors			
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year			
	Note	2019 £	2018 £
Due within one year			
Loans and borrowings	<u>9</u>	25,759	97,739
Trade creditors		1,387,824	1,240,371
Amounts due to related parties		250,504	313,745
Taxation and social security		91,381	121,885
Other creditors	_	75,061	10,372
	_	1,830,529	1,784,112
Creditors include bank loans and overdrafts which are secured on the co	ompany assets	s of £25,759 (2018	3 - £97,739).
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year			
	Note	2019 £	2018 £

Creditors include bank loans and overdrafts which are secured on the company assets of £46,992 (2018 - £nil).

46,992

9

9 Loans and borrowings

Due after one year

Loans and borrowings

	2019	2018
	£	£
Non-current loans and borrowings		
Bank borrowings	46,992	
Zain zenemige		

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 July 2019

			2019 £	2018 £
Current loans and borrowings				
Bank borrowings			25,759	-
Bank overdrafts				97,739
			25,759	97,739
10 Share capital				
Allotted, called up and fully paid shares				
	2019		2018	
	No.	£	No.	£
Ordinary shares of £1 each	9,000	9,000	9,000	9,000

11 Reserves

The fair value reserve brought forward and carried forward is £64,111.

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This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.