# JOHNSON BROS. COAL FACTORS LIMITED

## **UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

FOR THE PERIOD

28 OCTOBER 2017 TO 25 OCTOBER 2018

Gerald Thomas
Chartered Accountants
3 New Mill Court
Swansea Enterprise Park
Swansea
SA7 9FG

## CONTENTS OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 28 OCTOBER 2017 TO 25 OCTOBER 2018

	Page	)
Company Information	1	
Balance Sheet	2 to 3	3
Notes to the Financial Statements	4 to	11

# COMPANY INFORMATION FOR THE PERIOD 28 OCTOBER 2017 TO 25 OCTOBER 2018

**DIRECTORS**: R A Johnson K Johnson

M Johnson V H Johnson

**REGISTERED OFFICE:** Bynea House

Ground Floor, East Wing Heol Y Bwlch, Bynea

Llanelli SA14 9SU

**REGISTERED NUMBER:** 00761527 (England and Wales)

ACCOUNTANTS: Gerald Thomas

Chartered Accountants 3 New Mill Court

Swansea Enterprise Park

Swansea SA7 9FG

**BANKERS:** Barclays Bank Plc

1-6 Pocketts Wharf

Swansea SA1 3XL

# JOHNSON BROS. COAL FACTORS LIMITED (REGISTERED NUMBER: 00761527)

#### **BALANCE SHEET** 25 OCTOBER 2018

		201	18	201	17
	Notes	£	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS					
Tangible assets	4		3,423,743		3,066,534
Investments	5		7,000		7,000
			3,430,743		3,073,534
CURRENT ASSETS					
Stocks		60,500		72,745	
Debtors	6	1,813,161		1,896,980	
Cash at bank and in hand		42,093		97,516	
		1,915,754	-	2,067,241	
CREDITORS					
Amounts falling due within one year	7	399,818	_	543,148	
NET CURRENT ASSETS			1,515,936		1,524,093
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT					
LIABILITIES			4,946,679		4,597,627
CREDITORS					
Amounts falling due after more than one					
year	8		(1,804,808)		(1,769,015)
you.	v		(1,001,000)		(1,100,010)
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES			(70,535)		(46,516)
NET ASSETS			3,071,336		2,782,096
CAPITAL AND RESERVES			500		500
Called up share capital			500		500
Retained earnings -	10		0.204.502		0.007.014
non distributable	10		2,391,583		2,097,814
Retained earnings SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			679,253 3,071,336		<u>683,782</u> 2,782,096
SHAKEHULDEKS FUNDS			3,011,330		2,102,090

The company is entitled to exemption from audit under Section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 for the period ended 25 October 2018.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the period ended 25 October 2018 in accordance with Section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for:

(a) ensuring that the company keeps accounting records which comply with Sections 386 and 387 of the Companies Act 2006 and

preparing financial statements which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at

the end of each financial year and of its profit or loss for each financial year in accordance with the requirements of Sections 394 and 395 and which otherwise comply with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 relating to financial statements, so far as applicable to the company.

The notes form part of these financial statements

Page 2 continued...

# JOHNSON BROS. COAL FACTORS LIMITED (REGISTERED NUMBER: 00761527)

## BALANCE SHEET - continued 25 OCTOBER 2018

The financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

In accordance with Section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the Income Statement has not been delivered.

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on 11 December 2019 and were signed on its behalf by:

V H Johnson - Director

The notes form part of these financial statements

#### 1. STATUTORY INFORMATION

Johnson Bros. Coal Factors Limited is a private company, limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The company's registered number and registered office address can be found on the Company Information page.

The presentation currency of the financial statements is the pound sterling  $(\mathfrak{L})$  and these have been rounded to the nearest pound.

### 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### Basis of preparing the financial statements

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" including the provisions of Section 1A "Small Entities" and the Companies Act 2006. The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention as modified by the revaluation of certain assets.

#### Going concern

The company has made a profit in the year and has both net current assets and net assets at the balance sheet date. However, the company is reliant upon the support of its bankers and directors. Part of the financing of the company has been through loan facilities, including loans on interest only terms. The directors have received no indication from the company's bankers that these loan facilities will not continue for the foreseeable future and the directors will continue to support the company personally.

Therefore, after making enquiries and considering the uncertainties described above, the directors have a reasonable expectation that the company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. For these reasons they continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the financial statements.

## Related party exemption

The company has taken advantage of exemption, under the terms of Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland', not to disclose related party transactions with wholly owned subsidiaries within the group.

Page 4 continued...

### 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

#### Significant judgements and estimates

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision only affects that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

The following are the critical judgements that the directors have made in the process of applying the company's accounting policies and that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the financial statements.

#### Impairment of assets

Assets are assessed for indicators of impairment at each balance sheet date. If there is objective evidence of impairment, an impairment loss is recognised in the income statement.

### Stock provisions

Stock holdings are assessed for indicators of obsolescence at each balance sheet date. If there is objective evidence of obsolescence, a provision is recognised in the income statement.

### Provisions and contingencies

Provisions are recognised when the company has a present obligation as a result of a past event and a reliable estimate can be made of a probable adverse outcome. Otherwise, material contingent liabilities are disclosed unless a transfer of economic benefits is considered remote. Contingent assets are only disclosed if an inflow of economic benefits is probable.

#### **Turnover**

Turnover is the amount derived from ordinary activities and stated after VAT.

#### Revenue recognition

Revenue relates to rental income and other income including insurance income and service charge income. Revenue is recognised evenly over the period to which it relates. Revenue is invoiced in advance and at the balance sheet date amounts in advance are recorded as deferred income and included as part of creditors due within one year.

## Tangible fixed assets

Depreciation is provided at the following annual rates in order to write off each asset over its estimated useful life or, if held under a finance lease, over the lease term, whichever is the shorter.

Freehold property - 2% on cost
Plant and machinery - 20% on cost
Fixtures and fittings - 10% on cost
Motor vehicles - 25% on cost
Computer equipment - 33% on cost

Tangible fixed assets are measured at cost less depreciation.

#### Investment properties

The company's land and buildings are treated as investment properties, as defined by the Financial Reporting Standard 102 Section 1A "Small Entities" accordingly, they are not depreciated. Investment properties for which fair value can be measured reliably without undue cost or effort on an on-going basis are measured at fair value annually, with the change recognised in the income statement. Surpluses or deficits on revaluation are then transferred from Retained Earnings to a separate non-distributable reserve.

## Investments in subsidiaries

Investments in subsidiary undertakings are recognised at cost, less provision for impairment.

#### 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

#### **Stocks**

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less selling costs, after making due allowance for obsolete and slow moving items.

#### Financial instruments

Basic financial assets, which include trade debtors, other debtors and cash at bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest.

Basic financial liabilities, including trade, other creditors and bank loans, are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest.

#### **Taxation**

Taxation for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the Income Statement, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Current or deferred taxation assets and liabilities are not discounted.

#### **Current tax**

Current tax is recognised at the amount of tax payable using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

### Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date.

Timing differences arise from the inclusion of income and expenses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in financial statements. Deferred tax is measured using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the period end and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

### Hire purchase and leasing commitments

Assets obtained under hire purchase contracts or finance leases are capitalised in the balance sheet. Those held under hire purchase contracts are depreciated over their estimated useful lives. Those held under finance leases are depreciated over their estimated useful lives or the lease term, whichever is the shorter.

The interest element of these obligations is charged to profit or loss over the relevant period. The capital element of the future payments is treated as a liability.

## Pension costs and other post-retirement benefits

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme. Contributions payable to the company's pension scheme are charged to profit or loss in the period to which they relate.

#### 3. EMPLOYEES AND DIRECTORS

The average number of employees during the period was 6 (2017 - 5).

4.	TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS				
			Freehold	Investment	Plant and
			property	properties	machinery
			£	£	£
	COST OR VALUATION				
	At 28 October 2017		320,680	2,787,741	144,887
	Additions		-	-	49,500
	Revaluations		-	317,789	_
	At 25 October 2018	_	320,680	3,105,530	194,387
	DEPRECIATION	_			<u> </u>
	At 28 October 2017		47,689	-	144,877
	Charge for period		6,413	_	1,650
	At 25 October 2018	_	54,102		146,527
	NET BOOK VALUE	_			· · · ·
	At 25 October 2018		266,578	3,105,530	47,860
	At 27 October 2017	=	272,991	2,787,741	10
		=			
		Fixtures			
		and	Motor	Computer	
		fittings	vehicles	equipment	Totals
		£	£	£	£
	COST OR VALUATION				
	At 28 October 2017	17,602	7,978	2,310	3,281,198
	Additions	-	-	-	49,500
	Revaluations	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>		317,789
	At 25 October 2018	17,602	7,978	2,310	3,648,487
	DEPRECIATION				
	At 28 October 2017	16,533	3,258	2,307	214,664
	Charge for period	130_	1,887	<u> </u>	10,080
	At 25 October 2018	16,663	5,145	2,307	224,744
	NET BOOK VALUE				
	At 25 October 2018	939	2,833	3 -	3,423,743
	At 27 October 2017	1,069	4,720	3	3,066,534
		<del></del>	<u> </u>		<u> </u>

### 4. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS - continued

If Investment properties had not been revalued they would have been included at the following historical cost:

	2018	2017
	£	£
Cost	2,339,552	2,339,552

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Investment properties were valued at fair value on an open market basis, subject to the existing leases, by the directors on 25 October 2018. The directors were assisted in this valuation by reference to an external valuations carried out on certain investment properties by Rowland Jones, Chartered Surveyors in February 2010 and July 2011 by a valuation by Astleys Chartered Surveyors in June 2011. Subsequent to the balance sheet date the directors have also considered a valuation by Avison Young and this has been reflected in their fair value valuation.

The net book value of tangible fixed assets includes £47,850 (2017:- £nil) in respect of assets held under hire purchase contracts.

## 5. FIXED ASSET INVESTMENTS

	2018	2017
	£	£
Shares in group undertakings	100	100
Other investments not loans	6,900	6,900
	<u>7,000</u>	<u> 7,000</u>
Additional information is as follows:		
Additional information is as follows:		Shares in
		group
		undertakings
		£
COST		_
At 28 October 2017		
and 25 October 2018		100
NET BOOK VALUE		
At 25 October 2018		<u> 100</u>
At 27 October 2017		<u> 100</u>
Lance de la contra de la contra la contra de la contra del contra de la contra del la contra de la contra de la contra de la contra de la contra del la cont		
Investments (neither listed nor unlisted) were as follows:	2018	2017
	2016 £	2017 £
Other investments	6,900	6,900
Other investments		

6.	DEBTORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR		
		2018	2017
		£	£
	Trade debtors	96,374	56,355
	Amounts owed by group undertakings	1,358,600	1,501,762
	Other debtors	358,187 1,813,161	338,863 1,896,980
		1,013,101	1,090,900
7.	CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR		
		2018	2017
		£	£
	Hire purchase contracts	7,940	-
	Trade creditors	259,293	281,085
	Taxation and social security	44,600	60,551
	Other creditors	<u>87,985</u>	201,512
		399,818	543,148
8.	CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE AFTER MORE THAN ONE YEAR		
		2018	2017
		£	£
	Bank loans	1,769,015	1,769,015
	Hire purchase contracts	35,793	-
		1,804,808	1,769,015
	Amounts falling due in more than five years:		
	Repayable by instalments		
	Bank loans more than 5 years	1,769,015	1,769,015
9.	SECURED DEBTS		
	The following secured debts are included within creditors:		
		2018	2017
		2010 £	2017 £
	Bank loans	1,769,015	1,769,015
	Hire purchase contracts	43,733	-
	·	1,812,748	1,769,015

The company's bank borrowings are secured by a debenture on bank's standard form. The debenture loans are secured by first legal charges over the land and buildings owned by the company. Additional security is provided by legal charges over certain investment properties held by the company, together with personal guarantees of £200,000 each given by the directors.

Obligations under hire purchase contracts are secured on the assets to which they relate.

10.	RESERVES	
		Retained
		earnings
		- non
		distributable
		£
	At 28 October 2017	2,097,814
	Reserve transfer	293,769
	At 25 October 2018	2,391,583

#### 11. PENSION COMMITMENTS

The company operates a defined contribution scheme.for its directors and employees. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the company in an independently administered fund. At the balance sheet date, unpaid contributions of £12 (2017:- £nil) were due to the fund. They are included in other creditors.

## 12. TRANSACTIONS WITH DIRECTORS

The following advances and credits to directors subsisted during the periods ended 25 October 2018 and 27 October 2017:

	2018	2017
R A Johnson	£	£
Balance outstanding at start of period	(28,668)	33,606
Amounts advanced	52,414	56,389
Amounts repaid	(8,838)	(118,663)
Amounts repaid Amounts written off	(0,030)	(110,003)
Amounts waived	_	_
Balance outstanding at end of period	14,908	(28,668)
balance outstanding at one of period	14,500	(20,000)
K Johnson		
Balance outstanding at start of period	(31,639)	27,057
Amounts advanced	`51,392 <sup>´</sup>	56,387
Amounts repaid	(7,831)	(115,083)
Amounts written off		
Amounts waived	-	-
Balance outstanding at end of period	11,922	(31,639)
M Johnson		
Balance outstanding at start of period	(17,984)	35,187
Amounts advanced	57,653	63,462
Amounts repaid	(9,416)	(116,633)
Amounts written off	-	-
Amounts waived	_	-
Balance outstanding at end of period	30,253	<u>(17,984</u> )

## 12. TRANSACTIONS WITH DIRECTORS - continued

Balance outstanding at start of period (21,435) 3	8,654
Amounts advanced 77,607 5	6,304
Amounts repaid (26,491) (11	6,393)
Amounts written off -	-
Amounts waived -	-
Balance outstanding at end of period 29,681 (2	<u>1,435</u> )

The directors' loans are interest free, unsecured and are repayable on demand.

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