31 March 1996

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LBI LEASING LIMITED 203 Blackfriars Road London SE1 8NH

DIRECTORS

A E Moore CBE - (Chairman)
J A Davies
D H A Harrison
P B Miles (alternate A R Foad)

SECRETARY

MR Hatcher

AUDITORS

Price Waterhouse

REGISTERED OFFICE

71 Lombard Street London EC3P 3BS

REGISTERED NUMBER

747346

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITY

The principal activity of the company is the leasing of plant and equipment.

During the year the company did not incur any expenditure on leased assets. At the end of the year the cost of leased assets owned amounted to £522,552,000.

RESULTS

The profit after taxation for the year ended 31 March 1996 amounted to £2,925,000 as set out in the profit and loss account on page 5.

An interim dividend of £1,000,000 was paid in March 1996. A further interim dividend of £1,930,000 will be paid in June 1996 partly from reserves.

DIRECTORS

The names of the directors of the company are shown on page 1.

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All the directors are also directors of Lloyds Leasing Limited and reference to their interests in the capital of Lloyds TSB Group plc, the ultimate parent company, and its subsidiaries, is made in the report and accounts of Lloyds Leasing Limited.

On behalf of the board

M R Hatcher Secretary

12 June 1996

AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBER OF LBI LEASING LIMITED

We have audited the financial statements on pages 4 to 10 which have been prepared under the historical cost convention and the accounting policies set out on page 4.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing those financial statements, the directors are required to

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- prepare the financial statements on a going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors have responsibility for ensuring the company keeps accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy the financial position of the company and which enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

It is our responsibility to form an independent opinion, based on our audit, on those statements and to report our opinion to you.

Basis of opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Auditing Standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

Opinion

In our opinion the financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at 31 March 1996 and of the profit for the year then ended and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985.

Price Waterhouse Chartered Accountants and Registered Auditors

Southwark Towers 32 London Bridge Street London SE1 9SY

12 June 1996

ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounts have been prepared under the historical cost convention, in compliance with the Companies Act 1985 and in accordance with applicable accounting standards. The company is exempted from producing a cash flow statement since a consolidated cash flow statement prepared in accordance with the requirements of Financial Reporting Standard 1 is included in the accounts of its ultimate parent undertaking.

(a) Income recognition - finance leases

(i) Tax variable leases

Post-tax profits on leases are allocated to the profit and loss account in proportion to the net cash invested in each period taking into account the effects of taxation so as to give a constant periodic rate of return. The taxation charge and pre-tax profits are determined by reference to the post-tax profit allocated and the rate of tax applicable for the period.

(ii) Fixed for tax leases

Rentals receivable, after adjusting for the amortisation of the cost of leased assets either positive or negative, are credited to the profit and loss account over the primary period of each lease in proportion to the net cash invested in each period, taking into account the effects of taxation.

(b) Provisions for bad and doubtful debts

Provisions for bad and doubtful debts are based on a year-end appraisal of rentals receivable less income allocated to future periods.

(c) Foreign currency translation

Assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currency are matched and are translated into sterling at original contractual rates.

(d) Deferred taxation

Deferred taxation is provided at the appropriate rates of taxation where there is a reasonable probability that a liability or asset will crystallise in the foreseeable future.

(e) Secondary rentals

Secondary rentals are recognised at the later of the date invoiced or due.

LBI LEASING LIMITED

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT for the year ended 31 March 1996

<i>,</i> :			1996	1995	
	Note	£000	£000	0003	00
TURNOVER	1		41,686	41,69	90
AMORTISATION OF LEASED ASSETS			16,358	17,3	17
			25,328	24,3	73
INTEREST EXPENSE	2		20,650	19,4	88
			4,678	4,8	85
OTHER INCOME	3		148		_
			4,826	4,88	85
OPERATING EXPENSES					
Administrative expenses Management fee payable to parent undertaking		311 223		395 179	
			534	5′	74
PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAXATION			4,292	4,3	11
TAXATION	5		1,367	1,42	23
PROFIT AFTER TAXATION			2,925	2,8	88
			-		_

There are no further gains or losses attributable to the shareholder other than those disclosed above.

The notes on pages 8 to 10 form part of these accounts.

RECONCILIATION OF MOVEMENTS IN CAPITAL AND RESERVES for the year ended 31 March 1996

	1996 £000	1995 £000
PROFIT FOR THE YEAR AFTER TAXATION	2,925	2,888
DIVIDENDS	2,930	2,880
		
NET (DECREASE) INCREASE IN CAPITAL AND RESERVES	(5)	8
CAPITAL AND RESERVES AT BEGINNING OF YEAR	6,372	6,364
CAPITAL AND RESERVES AT END OF YEAR	6,367	6,372

BALANCE SHEET at 31 March 1996

at 31 March 1996		19	996	19	95
*	Note	£000	£000	£000	£000
ASSETS					
CURRENT ASSETS					
DEBTORS					
Finance lease receivables after more than one year	6		392,962		399,874
Amounts owed by group undertakings Other debtors	7		4,334 434		103,577 260
			397,730		503,711
LIABILITIES					
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called up share capital Profit and loss account	8 9		6,367		6,372
			6,367		6,372
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES AND CHARGES					
Deferred taxation	10		114,829		111,265
CREDITORS					
Amounts owed to group undertakings Other creditors	11	271,240 5,294		384,860 1,214	
			276,534		386,074
			397,730		503,711
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A E Moore - Chairman

D H A Harrison - Director

The notes on pages 8 to 10 form part of these accounts.

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

1 TURNOVER

Turnover represents gross rentals receivable in the year and comprises:	1996 £000	1995 £000
UK market Other markets	36,457 5,229	36,453 5,237
	41,686	41,690
2 INTEREST EXPENSE	1996 £000	1995 £000
Interest expense comprises:	2000	
Interest payable on bank loans and overdrafts to group undertakings	22,641	23,644
Less: interest receivable from group undertakings from others	(1,988)	(4,156)
	(1,991)	(4,156)
	20,650	19,488

3 OTHER INCOME

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During the year the company acquired from Lloyds Bank Plc 609,000 shares at a price of £3.30 per share in a trade investment. These were subsequently sold for £3.54304 per share after expenses giving a profit of £148,000 on the transaction.

4 DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS

An aggregate amount of £3,000 was deemed to have been paid by Lloyds Bank Plc for the services of one director in respect of the management of the affairs of the company (1995:a total of £3,000 for two directors). There were no other directors' emoluments paid in respect of services to the company.

TAXATION		1996	1995
IMMITTEL		£000	£000
Communicative processive blo		(2,197)	(5,622)
Group relief receivable Deferred taxation		3,564	7,045
	\	1,367	1,423
	•		

The taxation charge on the profit for the year has been based on a United Kingdom corporation tax rate of 33% (1995:33%).

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

6 FINANCE LEASE RECEIVABLES

6	FINANCE LEASE RECEIVABLES	1996 £000	1995 £000
	Future rentals	732,011	785,778
	Less: Rentals received in advance Income allocated to future periods	(35,601) (303,448)	(45,502) (340,402)
		392,962	399,874
	Finance lease receivables represent the cost of leased assets less rentals received in advance after providing for the following:		
	Accumulated amortisation	93,989	114,120
7	AMOUNTS OWED BY GROUP UNDERTAKINGS	1996 £000	1995 £000
	Amounts falling due within one year:		
	Bank deposits Amount due from fellow subsidiary undertakings Interest receivable Group relief receivable	2,137 - 2,197	91,813 2,423 3,719 5,622
	Group rener receivages	4,334	103,577
8	CALLED UP SHARE CAPITAL		
		1996 £	1995 £
	Authorised, allotted and issued fully paid: ordinary shares of £1 each	100	100

The company regarded by the directors as the ultimate parent company is Lloyds TSB Group plc, which is also the parent undertaking of the largest group of undertakings for which group accounts are drawn up and of which the company is a member. Lloyds Leasing Limited is the parent undertaking of the smallest such group of undertakings. Lloyds TSB Group plc is registered in Scotland and Lloyds Leasing Limited is registered in England and Wales. Copies of the group accounts of both may be obtained from the company secretary's office, Lloyds TSB Group plc, 71 Lombard Street, London, EC3P 3BS.

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NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT

	£000
At I April 1995 Deficit for the year	6,372 (5)
At 31 March 1996	6,367
DEFERRED TAXATION	£000£
At I April 1995 Charge for the year	111,265 3,564
At 31 March 1996	114,829

The balances at 31 March 1996 and 1 April 1995 represent full provision in respect of the potential liability of the company to taxation on the excess of capital allowances over related amortisation of leased assets.

AMOUNTS OWED TO GROUP UNDERTAKINGS 11

	1996	1995
·	£000	£000
Amounts falling due within one year:		
Bank overdraft	99,643	37,836
Bank borrowings	160,407	339,922
Amounts due to fellow subsidiary undertakings	7,353	5,461
Interest payable	1,907	961
Interim dividend	1,930	680
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	271,240	384,860

ASSETS CHARGED AS SECURITY 12

A charge has been registered in respect of certain assets of the company to secure liabilities of a third party.

CAPITAL AND OTHER COMMITMENTS 13

The company in the course of its business enters into interest rate swap contracts. The underlying principal amount of these contracts and the replacement cost obtained by marking to market are:

	1996 £000	1995 £000
Underlying principal amount	10,000	10,000
Replacement cost	433	40

14 DATE OF APPROVAL

The directors approved the accounts on 12 June 1996.