

Registered number: 00744899

RESIDUAL LANDS LIMITED

DIRECTORS' REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

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RESIDUAL LANDS LIMITED

COMPANY INFORMATION

Directors	N J Phillips, FRICS J D Ford C M A Lane, FCA N G H Manns, FRICS
Company secretary	C M A Lane, FCA
Registered number	00744899
Registered office	23a Gold Tops Newport South Wales NP20 4UL
Independent auditor	Grant Thornton UK LLP Chartered Accountants & Statutory Auditor 3 Callaghan Square Cardiff CF10 5BT
Bankers	National Westminster Bank Plc High Street Newport South Wales NP20 1GG

RESIDUAL LANDS LIMITED

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RESIDUAL LANDS LIMITED

DIRECTORS' REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

The directors present their report and the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2021.

Directors

The directors who served during the year were:

N J Phillips, FRICS
J D Ford
C M A Lane, FCA
N G H Manns, FRICS

Directors' responsibilities statement

The directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law, including FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs and profit or loss of the Company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the Company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

The directors are responsible for the maintenance and integrity of the corporate and financial information included on the Company's website. Legislation in the United Kingdom governing the preparation and dissemination of financial statements may differ from legislation in other jurisdictions.

Disclosure of information to auditor

The directors confirm that:

- so far as each director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the Company's auditor is unaware, and
- the directors have taken all the steps that they ought to have taken as directors in order to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the Company's auditor is aware of that information.

RESIDUAL LANDS LIMITED

**DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED)
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021**

Auditor

The auditor, Grant Thornton UK LLP, will be proposed for reappointment in accordance with section 485 of the Companies Act 2006.

Small companies note

In preparing this report, the directors have taken advantage of the small companies exemptions provided by section 415A of the Companies Act 2006.

This report was approved by the board and signed on its behalf.

Catherine Lane

C M A Lane, FCA
Director

Date: 1 September 2021



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF RESIDUAL LANDS LIMITED

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Residual Lands Limited (the 'Company') for the year ended 31 March 2021, which comprise the Statement of comprehensive income, the Statement of financial position and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion, the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs as at 31 March 2021 and of its loss for the Directors' report then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the 'Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements' section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

We are responsible for concluding on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify the auditor's opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.

In our evaluation of the directors' conclusions, we considered the inherent risks associated with the Company's business model including effects arising from macro-economic uncertainties such as Brexit and Covid-19, we assessed and challenged the reasonableness of estimates made by the directors and the related disclosures and analysed how those risks might affect the Company's financial resources or ability to continue operations over the going concern period.



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF RESIDUAL LANDS LIMITED (CONTINUED)

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

The responsibilities of the directors with respect to going concern are described in the 'Responsibilities of directors for the financial statements' section of this report.

Other information

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Directors Report, other than the financial statements and our Auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the Directors' report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the Directors' report has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF RESIDUAL LANDS LIMITED (CONTINUED)

Matter on which we are required to report under the Companies Act 2006

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the Company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the Directors' report.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- the directors were not entitled to prepare the financial statements in accordance with the small companies regime and take advantage of the small companies' exemptions in preparing the Directors' report and from the requirement to prepare a Strategic report.

Responsibilities of directors for the financial statements

As explained more fully in the Directors' responsibilities statement, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an Auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at: www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our Auditor's report.



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF RESIDUAL LANDS LIMITED (CONTINUED)

Explanation as to what extent the audit was considered capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud

Irregularities, including fraud, are instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations. We design procedures in line with our responsibilities, outlined above, to detect material misstatements in respect of irregularities, including fraud. Owing to the inherent limitations of an audit, there is an unavoidable risk that material misstatements in the financial statements may not be detected, even though the audit is properly planned and performed in accordance with the ISAs (UK).

The extent to which our procedures are capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud is detailed below:

- We obtained an understanding of how the Company is complying with significant legal and regulatory frameworks through inquiries of management;
- The Company is subject to many laws and regulations where the consequences of non-compliance could have a material effect on amounts or disclosures in the financial statements. We identified Financial Reporting Standard 102 and the Companies Act 2006, as those most likely to have a material effect if noncompliance were to occur;
- We communicated relevant laws and potential fraud risks to all engagement team members and remained alert to any indicators of fraud or non-compliance with laws and regulations throughout the audit;
- We assessed the susceptibility of the Company's financial statements to material misstatement, including how fraud might occur. We considered the opportunity and incentives for management to perpetrate fraud, and the potential impact on the financial statements;
- In assessing the potential risks of material misstatement, we obtained an understanding of:
 - the Company's operations, including the nature of its revenue sources, products, and services and of its objectives and strategies to understand the classes of transactions, account balances, expected financial statement disclosures and business risks that may result in risks of material misstatement;
 - the Company's control environment;
 - the Company's relevant controls over areas of significant risks; and
 - the Company's business processes in respect of classes of transactions that are significant to the financial statements;
- Audit procedures performed by the engagement team included:
 - testing manual journal entries, in particular journal entries relating to management estimates and entries determined to be large or relating to unusual transactions; and identifying and testing related party transactions;
- Assessment of the appropriateness of the collective competence and capabilities of the engagement team included:
 - consideration of the engagement team's understanding of, and practical experience with, audit engagements of a similar nature and complexity;
 - appropriate training, knowledge of the industry in which the Company operates; and
 - understanding of the legal and regulatory requirements specific to the Company;
- We did not identify any material matters relating to non-compliance with laws and regulations or relating to fraud.



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF RESIDUAL LANDS LIMITED (CONTINUED)

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the Company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an Auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Company and the Company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Grant Thornton UK LLP

Rhian Owen BSc FCA
Senior Statutory Auditor
for and on behalf of Grant Thornton UK LLP
Statutory Auditor, Chartered Accountants
Cardiff

1 September 2021

RESIDUAL LANDS LIMITED

**STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021**

	2021	2020
	£	£
Turnover	125	410,042
Cost of sales	-	(69,360)
Gross profit	125	340,682
Administrative expenses	(20,408)	(9,298)
Operating (loss)/profit	(20,283)	331,384
(Loss)/profit before tax	(20,283)	331,384
Tax on (loss)/profit	-	(62,963)
(Loss)/profit for the financial year	(20,283)	268,421

There were no recognised gains and losses for 2021 or 2020 other than those included in the Statement of comprehensive income.

There was no other comprehensive income for 2021 (2020: £Nil).

The notes on pages 10 to 16 form part of these financial statements.

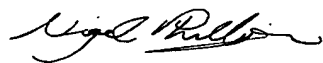
RESIDUAL LANDS LIMITED
REGISTERED NUMBER:00744899

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION
AS AT 31 MARCH 2021

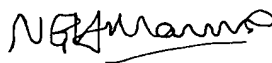
	Note	2021 £	2020 £
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	6	2	2
Current assets			
Stocks	7	652,764	612,391
Debtors: amounts falling due within one year	8	4,695	2,747
Cash at bank and in hand	9	8,961	80,070
		<u>666,420</u>	<u>695,208</u>
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	10	(707,783)	(716,287)
Net current liabilities		<u>(41,363)</u>	<u>(21,079)</u>
Total assets less current liabilities		<u>(41,361)</u>	<u>(21,077)</u>
Net liabilities		<u>(41,361)</u>	<u>(21,077)</u>
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital		96	96
Profit and loss account		(41,457)	(21,173)
		<u>(41,361)</u>	<u>(21,077)</u>

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and in accordance with the provisions of FRS 102 Section 1A - small entities.

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf by:



N J Phillips, FRICS
 Director



N G H Manns, FRICS
 Director

Date: 1 September 2021

The notes on pages 10 to 16 form part of these financial statements.

RESIDUAL LANDS LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

1. General information

Residual Lands Limited is a private company limited by shares & incorporated in Wales. Registered number 00744899. Its registered head office is located at 23a Gold Tops, Newport, South Wales, NP20 4UL.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, the functional currency of the Company. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest £1.

Residual Lands Limited's principal activity is the active development of land.

2. Accounting policies

2.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention unless otherwise specified within these accounting policies and in accordance with Section 1A of Financial Reporting Standard 102, the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006.

The preparation of financial statements in compliance with FRS 102 requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise judgement in applying the Company's accounting policies (see note 3).

There is currently a high level of macro-economic uncertainty due to Covid-19. The preparation of the financial statements requires the directors to make a number of estimates, including an assessment of the appropriateness of the going concern basis of preparation of the financial statements. This assessment includes a review of the future economic environment and the Company's future prospects and performance.

The following principal accounting policies have been applied:

2.2 Going concern

In preparing the financial statements the directors have considered the current financial position of the Company and the likely future cash flows. At the date of issuing the financial statements, the directors have concluded that it is appropriate to prepare the financial statements on a going concern basis. The Company has the formal support of its ultimate parent company, Newbridge Construction Limited. The directors have assessed the ability of the parent company to provide that support and concluded that it is appropriate to rely on this support in assessing the appropriateness of adopting the going concern basis.

2.3 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost. No depreciation is charged on the land or property rights.

RESIDUAL LANDS LIMITED

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021**

2. Accounting policies (continued)**2.4 Taxation**

Tax is recognised in the Statement of comprehensive income, except that a charge attributable to an item of income and expense recognised as other comprehensive income or to an item recognised directly in equity is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date in the countries where the Company operates and generates income.

2.5 Turnover

Turnover comprises revenue recognised by the Company in respect of land sales and associated revenue. Revenue is recognised on the date of contract completion, and is stated net of Value Added Tax. Turnover arises solely in the United Kingdom.

2.6 Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price, less any impairment. Loans receivable are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment.

2.7 Stocks

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost represents acquisition costs, materials and appropriate overheads which are directly attributable to the item of stock.

2.8 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash is represented by cash in hand and deposits with financial institutions repayable without penalty on notice of not more than 24 hours. Cash equivalents are highly liquid investments that mature in no more than three months from the date of acquisition and that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash with insignificant risk of change in value.

2.9 Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at the transaction price. Other financial liabilities, including bank loans, are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

RESIDUAL LANDS LIMITED

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021**

2. Accounting policies (continued)**2.10 Financial instruments**

The Company only enters into basic financial instrument transactions that result in the recognition of financial assets and liabilities like trade and other debtors and creditors, loans from banks and other third parties, loans to related parties and investments in ordinary shares.

Debt instruments (other than those wholly repayable or receivable within one year), including loans and other accounts receivable and payable, are initially measured at present value of the future cash flows and subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Debt instruments that are payable or receivable within one year, typically trade debtors and creditors, are measured, initially and subsequently, at the undiscounted amount of the cash or other consideration expected to be paid or received. However, if the arrangements of a short-term instrument constitute a financing transaction, like the payment of a trade debt deferred beyond normal business terms or in case of an out-right short-term loan that is not at market rate, the financial asset or liability is measured, initially at the present value of future cash flows discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument and subsequently at amortised cost, unless it qualifies as a loan from a director in the case of a small company, or a public benefit entity concessionary loan.

Financial assets that are measured at cost and amortised cost are assessed at the end of each reporting period for objective evidence of impairment. If objective evidence of impairment is found, an impairment loss is recognised in the Statement of comprehensive income.

For financial assets measured at amortised cost, the impairment loss is measured as the difference between an asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated cash flows discounted at the asset's original effective interest rate. If a financial asset has a variable interest rate, the discount rate for measuring any impairment loss is the current effective interest rate determined under the contract.

For financial assets measured at cost less impairment, the impairment loss is measured as the difference between an asset's carrying amount and best estimate of the recoverable amount, which is an approximation of the amount that the Company would receive for the asset if it were to be sold at the reporting date.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the Statement of financial position when there is an enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

3. Judgements in applying accounting policies and key sources of estimation uncertainty

Preparation of the financial statements requires management to make significant judgements and estimates. The items in the financial statements where these judgements and estimates have been made include:

- Valuation of stock - management exercise judgement to determine expected net realisable value of stock, and whether there are any indicators of impairment.

RESIDUAL LANDS LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

4. Auditor's remuneration

Fees payable to the Company's auditor for the audit of the Company's annual financial statements totalled £1,900 (2020: £1,680). Fees payable to the Company's auditor for Other services totalled £515 (2020: £500).

5. Employees

The Company has no employees other than the directors, who did not receive any remuneration (2020 - £NIL).

6. Tangible fixed assets

	Land and property rights £
Cost or valuation	
At 1 April 2020	2
At 31 March 2021	2
Net book value	
At 31 March 2021	2
At 31 March 2020	2

RESIDUAL LANDS LIMITED

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021**

7. Stocks

	2021 £	2020 £
Land and property	<u>652,764</u>	<u>612,391</u>

8. Debtors

	2021 £	2020 £
Trade debtors	100	150
Other debtors	4,279	2,297
Prepayments and accrued income	316	300
	<u>4,695</u>	<u>2,747</u>

9. Cash and cash equivalents

	2021 £	2020 £
Cash at bank and in hand	<u>8,961</u>	<u>80,070</u>

10. Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year

	2021 £	2020 £
Trade creditors	2,069	845
Amounts owed to group undertakings	700,806	645,806
Corporation tax	-	62,963
Accruals and deferred income	4,908	6,673
	<u>707,783</u>	<u>716,287</u>

RESIDUAL LANDS LIMITED

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021**

11. Financial instruments

	2021	2020
	£	£
Financial assets		
Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss	8,961	80,070
Financial assets measured at amortised cost	100	150
	<u>9,061</u>	<u>80,220</u>
Financial liabilities		
Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost	<u>(707,783)</u>	<u>(653,324)</u>

Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss comprise cash at bank and in hand.

Financial assets measured at amortised cost comprise trade debtors.

Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost comprise trade creditors, amounts owed to group and accruals.

12. Related party transactions

Name of related party	Relationship
Lynwood investments Limited	N J Phillips, FRICS (Director with significant interest)
Trustees of Llanover Estate	B C Herbert (Trustee of Llanover Estate)

During the year, Residual Lands Limited made purchases from Lynwood Investments Limited of £Nil (2020: £25,213). At 31 March 2021, there was £Nil (2020: £Nil) owing to Lynwood Investments Limited.

During the year, Residual Lands Limited made purchases from Trustees of Llanover Estate of £2,465 (2020: £2,180). At 31 March 2021, there was £2,465 (2020: £2,180) owing to Trustees of Llanover Estate.

The company has taken advantage of the exemption conferred by FRS 102 section 33 'Related party transactions', as a subsidiary undertaking which is 100% controlled by the ultimate parent undertaking, and has not disclosed transactions with its parent company, Newbridge Construction Limited, and other group companies.

RESIDUAL LANDS LIMITED

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021**

13. Controlling party

The immediate parent company and ultimate parent company is Newbridge Construction Limited, a company registered in England and Wales. This is the parent of the smallest and largest group of which the Company is a member. Consolidated financial statements are not prepared. Newbridge Construction Limited's registered address is: 23a Gold Tops, Newport, South Wales, NP20 4UL.

Copies of the financial statements of Newbridge Construction Limited are available from Companies House, Crown Way, Cardiff, CF14 3UZ.

The directors consider that there is no ultimate controlling party.