CANARY WHARF LEASING (FC4) LIMITED Registered Number: 722624

DIRECTORS' REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2007

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FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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THE DIRECTORS' REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2007

The directors present their report with the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2007 This report has been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to small companies under section 246(4) of the Companies Act 1985

BUSINESS REVIEW AND PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The company is a wholly owned subsidiary of Canary Wharf Group plc and its ultimate parent undertaking is Songbird Estates plc

The principal activity of the company is the provision of finance and associated services

As shown in the company's profit and loss account, the company's profit after tax for the year was £43 (2006 loss of £727).

The balance sheet shows the company's financial position at the year end and indicates that net assets were £4,317 (2006 £4,274)

There have been no significant events since the balance sheet date

DIVIDENDS AND RESERVES

The profit and loss account for the year ended 31 December 2007 is set out on page 6. No dividends have been paid or proposed (2006 £Nil) and the retained profit of £43 (2006 loss of £727) has been transferred to reserves

DIRECTORS

The directors of the company throughout the year ended 31 December 2007 were

M D Precious R J J Lyons

The group has in place liability insurance covering the directors and other officers of group companies

STATEMENT AS TO DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION TO AUDITORS

Each director holding office at the date of this report has taken all the steps that he ought to have taken as a director in order to make himself aware of relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditors are aware of that information. As far as the directors are aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditors are unaware.

This confirmation is given and should be interpreted in accordance with the provisions of Section 234 ZA of the Companies Act 1985

THE DIRECTORS' REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2007

AUDITORS

Elective resolutions to dispense with holding annual general meetings, the laying of financial statements before the company in general meeting and the appointment of auditors annually are currently in force. The auditors, Deloitte & Touche LLP, will therefore be deemed to have been reappointed at the end of the period of 28 days, beginning the day on which copies of this report and financial statements are sent to members, unless a resolution is passed under section 393 of the Companies Act 1985 to the effect that their appointment be brought to an end

BY ORDER OF THE BOARD

Joint Secretary

14 August 2008

A M Holland

Registered office 30th Floor One Canada Square Canary Wharf London E14 5AB

STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES IN RESPECT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors are responsible for preparing the Annual Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law) The financial statements are required by law to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for the year then ended In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to

select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently,

- · make judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent,
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements,
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records that disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF CANARY WHARF LEASING (FC4) LIMITED

We have audited the financial statements of Canary Wharf Leasing (FC4) Limited for the year ended 31 December 2007 which comprise the Profit and Loss Account, Statement of Total Recognised Gains and Losses, Balance Sheet and the related Notes 1 to 10 These financial statements have been prepared under the accounting policies set out therein

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with section 235 of the Companies Act 1985. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditors' report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members, as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

The directors' responsibilities for preparing the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice) are set out in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities

Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with relevant legal and regulatory requirements and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland)

We report to you our opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view and are properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985. We also report to you whether in our opinion the information given in the Directors' Report is consistent with the financial statements. In addition we report to you if, in our opinion, the company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if information specified by law regarding directors' remuneration and other transactions is not disclosed.

We read the Directors' Report and consider the implications for our report if we become aware of any apparent misstatements within it

Basis of audit opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland) issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF CANARY WHARF LEASING (FC4) LIMITED

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion, we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

Opinion

In our opinion

- the financial statements give a true and fair view, in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2007 and of its profit for the year then ended,
- the financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985, and
- · the information given in the Directors' Report is consistent with the financial statements

Deloitte & Touche LLP

Chartered Accountants and Registered Auditors

Reloite & Toolulle

London, UK

14 August 2008

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2007

	Note	Year Ended 31 December 2007 £	Year Ended 31 December 2006 £
TURNOVER Cost of sales		93,345 (93,345)	93,345 (93,345)
GROSS PROFIT			
OPERATING PROFIT	2	-	-
PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAXATION			_
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	3	43	(727)
PROFIT/(LOSS) ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES AFTER TAXATION FOR THE YEAR	8	43	(727)

Movements in reserves are shown in Note 8 of these financial statements

All amounts relate to continuing activities in the United Kingdom

The Notes on pages 9 to 13 form an integral part of these financial statements

STATEMENT OF TOTAL RECOGNISED GAINS AND LOSSES FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2007

Profit/(loss) for the financial year Unrealised surplus on revaluation of properties	Year Ended 31 December 2007 £ 43	Year Ended 31 December 2006 £ (727) 4,999
Total recognised gains relating to the year	43	4,272

The Notes on pages 9 to 13 form an integral part of these financial statements

BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2007

	Note	31 December 2007 £	31 December 2006 £
FIXED ASSETS Tangible assets	4	5,000	5,000
CURRENT ASSETS Debtors	5	1	1
NET CURRENT ASSETS		1	1
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES	·	5,001	5,001
Provisions for liabilities	6	(684)	(727)
NET ASSETS	,	4,317	4,274
CAPITAL AND RESERVES			
Called-up share capital	7	2	2
Revaluation reserve	8	4,999	4,999
Profit and loss account	8	(684)	(727)
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS	9	4,317	4,274

The Notes on pages 9 to 13 form an integral part of these financial statements

APPROVED BY THE BOARD ON 14 AUGUST 2008 AND SIGNED ON ITS BEHALF BY

R J J LYONS DIRECTOR

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2007

1. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A summary of the principal accounting policies of the company, all of which have been applied consistently throughout the year and the preceding year, is set out below

Accounting convention

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, modified to include the revaluation of properties and in accordance with applicable United Kingdom accounting standards

In accordance with the provisions of FRS 1 (Revised) the company is exempt from the requirements to prepare a cash flow statement, as it is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Canary Wharf Group plc, which has prepared a consolidated cash flow statement

Turnover

Turnover, representing rents receivable, is recognised net of VAT in the period in which the rents become due and arises wholly in the United Kingdom

Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets, comprising leasehold investment properties, are revalued annually and in accordance with SSAP 19 (Accounting for Investment Properties) no provision is made for depreciation. This departure from the requirements of the statutory accounting rules, which require all properties to be depreciated is, in the opinion of the directors, necessary for the accounts to show a true and fair view. Depreciation is only one of the factors reflected in the annual valuation and the amount attributable to this factor is not capable of being separately identified or quantified. Surpluses or deficits are transferred to the revaluation reserve, unless a deficit is expected to be permanent and exceeds previous surpluses recognised on the same property, in which case the excess is charged to the profit and loss account.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2007

Deferred taxation

Deferred tax assets and liabilities arise from timing differences between the recognition of gains and losses in the financial statements and their recognition in the corporation tax return

Under FRS 19 deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events that result in an obligation to pay more tax in the future or a right to pay less tax in the future have occurred at the balance sheet date. A net deferred tax asset is regarded as recoverable and therefore recognised only when, on the basis of all available evidence, it can be regarded as more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted

Deferred tax is not recognised when fixed assets are revalued unless by the balance sheet date there is a binding agreement to sell the revalued assets and the gain or loss expected to arise on sale has been recognised in the financial statements

Deferred tax is measured on a discounted basis to reflect the time value of money over the period between the balance sheet date and the dates on which it is estimated that the timing differences will reverse, or where the timing differences are not expected to reverse, a period not exceeding 50 years. Discount rates of 3.1% to 3.2% have been adopted reflecting the post-tax yield to maturity that can be obtained on government bonds with similar maturity dates and currencies to those of the deferred tax assets or liabilities.

2. OPERATING PROFIT

None of the directors received any emoluments in respect of their services to the company during the year or the prior year

No staff were employed by the company during the year or the prior year

Auditors' remuneration of £500 (2006 £500) for the audit of the company has been borne by another group undertaking

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2007

3. TAXATION

	Year Ended 31 December 2007 £	Year Ended 31 December 2006 £
Current tax		
UK Corporation tax (see below)	_	_
Deferred tax		
Net effect of discount	5	_
Effect of change in future tax rates	(48)	_
Origination and reversal of timing differences		727
Total deferred tax (Note 6)	(43)	727

No charge for taxation has been made since the company recorded neither a profit or a loss, for tax purposes, for the year. It is anticipated that group relief and other reliefs will impact on future tax charges. There is no unprovided deferred taxation.

4. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

	Leasehold Property £
VALUATION At 1 January 2007 and 31 December 2007	5,000
NET BOOK VALUE At 31 December 2007	5,000
At 31 December 2006	5,000

On a historic cost basis, investment properties would have been included as follows

	31 December	31 December
	2007	2006
	£	£
Historic cost	1	1

As at 31 December 2007 the company's leasehold property interest was valued by the group's external property advisers, CB Richard Ellis Limited, Surveyors and Valuers, on the basis of Market Value in accordance with the Appraisal and Valuation Manual published by the Royal Institution of Chartered Surveyors. No allowance was made for any expenses of realisation nor for any taxation which might arise in the event of disposal

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2007

5.	DEBTORS		
		31 December 2007	31 December 2006 £
	Amount owed by parent undertaking	1	1
6.	DEFERRED TAXATION		
		31 December 2007 £	31 December 2006 £
	Accelerated capital allowances	1,400	1,500
	Undiscounted deferred tax liability Discount	1,400 (716)	1,500 (773)
	Discounted deferred tax liability	684	727
	Brought forward Deferred tax (credit)/charge in profit and loss account for the period	727 (43)	- 727
	Carried forward	684	727
7.	CALLED-UP SHARE CAPITAL		
	Authorised share capital:	31 December 2007	31 December 2006
	100 Ordinary shares of £1 each	£ 100	100
	Allotted, called up and fully paid:	31 December 2007	31 December 2006 £
	2 Ordinary shares of £1 each	2	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2007

8. RESERVES

	Revaluation Profit and loss		
	reserve	account	Total
	£	£	£
At 1 January 2007	4,999	(727)	4,272
Profit for the year		43	43
At 31 December 2007	4,999	(684)	4,315

9. RECONCILIATION OF MOVEMENTS IN SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS

	31 December	31 December
	2007	2006
	£	£
Opening shareholders' funds	4,274	2
Profit/(loss) for the year	43	(727)
Revaluation		4,999
Closing shareholders' funds	4,317	4,274

10. RELATED PARTIES

The company's immediate parent undertaking is Canary Wharf Investments Limited and its ultimate parent undertaking is Songbird Estates plc Both companies are registered in England and Wales

As at 31 December 2007, Songbird Estates plc was the parent company of the largest group of which the company is a member and Canary Wharf Group plc was the parent undertaking of the smallest group of which the company is a member. Copies of the financial statements of Songbird Estates plc and Canary Wharf Group plc may be obtained from the Company Secretary, One Canada Square, Canary Wharf, London E14 5AB

The directors have taken advantage of the exemption in paragraph 3(c) of FRS8 allowing the company not to disclose related party transactions with respect to other group companies