### Company Registration No. 716304

Pig Improvement Company UK Limited Report and Financial Statements

30 June 2006

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# Report and financial statements 2006

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### Report and financial statements 2006

### Officers and professional advisers

#### **Directors**

S A R P Crichton B Verret

#### Secretary

Pigtales Limited 2 Kingston Business Park Kingston Bagpuize Oxfordshire OX13 5FE

#### **Registered Office**

2 Kingston Business Park Kingston Bagpuize Oxfordshire OX13 5FE

#### **Bankers**

Barclays Bank PLC Abingdon Marcham Road Branch South Oxon Group PO Box 42 Abingdon Oxfordshire OX14 1GU

#### Solicitors

Morgan Cole 3 West Way, Oxford, OX2 0SZ

#### **Auditors**

Deloitte & Touche LLP London

### Directors' report

The directors present their annual report and the audited financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2006

#### Principal activity

The principal activities of the company are the sale of breeding pigs and the receipt of royalty income from licensing the use of its intellectual property, trade marks and patents

#### Review of the business

Trading conditions showed a further improvement with the UK sow herd and market prices stabilising. Combined with the introduction of new products and increased exports to developing markets in Eastern Europe and the C I S , this enabled the UK breeding activities to show further growth which is reflected in an increased turnover of 21% over the prior year.

A summary of the main performance indicators is given below

	2006	2005 (restated note 19)
	£'000	£'000
Turnover	17,089	14,072
Operating loss	(3,404)	(2,273)
Loss before taxation	(6,114)	(2,075)

The increase in the loss before taxation has arisen due to writedowns of £4,094,000 in the carrying value of the company's intercompany investments and receivables and one off redundancy and pension costs of £2,253,000 associated with a reorganisation of the company's activities following the acquisition of the company's former ultimate parent undertaking, Sygen International plc by Genus plc as explained more fully in note 21

As part of this reorganisation the company's Research and Development activities, together with those previously performed by PIC USA, a fellow group company, will be consolidated in a new Group research centre in Wisconsin, USA Consequently, the Research and Development activity of the company will be carried out at the new Group research centre, the cost of which will be recharged to the company. It is envisaged that economies of scale will be generated by combining all the Group's research activities in a single location.

The company's balance sheet on page 10 shows that the company's financial position at the year end is weaker in net asset terms due to the write down in the carrying value of its intercompany investments and receivables. However because of the strong underlying trading performance the cash position of the company is stronger than the prior year, despite the payment of additional reorganisational expenses related to the acquisition of Sygen by Genus plc

### Directors' report

#### Principal risks and uncertainties

The company operates in a highly competitive environment. Whilst offering a product range differentiated from its competitors, the company must maintain its strong market position through continuous research into new products and new methods of harnessing the company's technological capabilities in meeting the changing needs of its customers

#### **Future Prospects**

The directors believe the performance of the company in the year has been satisfactory and that the company is in a strong position to achieve future growth given its current product base and continued investment in the development of new products and markets. The directors are not aware at the date of this report of any likely changes in the company's activities in the forthcoming year.

#### Dividends

The directors do not recommend the payment of a dividend (2005 nil)

#### Significant events

As more fully explained in note 21 the company's previous ultimate parent undertaking Sygen International plc was acquired by Genus plc during the year

#### Prior year restatements

The directors have restated certain disclosures made in the prior year's financial statements to more accurately reflect the substance of the relevant transactions. A loan due to the company's parent undertaking, PIC Fyfield Limited, for £25,000,000 which was waived during the prior year has been restated in the comparative year as a capital contribution. A provision against the company's fixed asset investments of £225,000 has been reclassified in the comparative year from provisions against debtors to provisions against fixed asset investments. Full details of the prior year adjustments and their effects on the comparative figures are disclosed in note 19

#### Fixed assets

In the opinion of the directors, the current open market value of the company's land and buildings exceeds the book value by approximately £248,000

#### Directors and their interests

The directors who served on the Board during the year and to the date of this report were as shown on page 1

The undermentioned directors hold options to subscribe for ordinary shares in the company's ultimate parent undertaking, Genus plc under the Senior Executive Share Option Scheme as follows

	30 June 2006	30 June 2005
S A R P Crichton	20,300	-
B Verret	36,300	-

### Directors' report

#### Directors and their interests (continued)

Options outstanding by S A R P Crichton and B Verret are exercisable at anytime between 21 June 2009 and 20 June 2016, at a price of 439 75p

The options can only be exercised if over a three year period the average annual percentage growth in Genus plc's EPS exceeds either 6% or a miminum of 3% above RPI for the same period, unless the provisions for "good leavers" have been met when members retire or are made redundant

None of the directors held any interests in the share capital of the company during the year

During the year and up to the date of these financial statements, the company had in place qualifying third party indemnity insurance for the benefit of all directors

#### **Employees and company affairs**

The company operates a non-discriminatory employment policy and makes every reasonable effort to provide disabled people with equal opportunities for employment, training and development, having regard to their particular aptitudes and abilities

#### Payments to suppliers

The company has a variety of payment terms with its suppliers For the year ending 30 June 2006, the payment terms for its business transactions have been settled when agreeing the other terms negotiated with its suppliers Payment has been made in line with these agreed terms, subject to the terms and conditions being met by the suppliers

The number of days that the company takes to pay its suppliers is on average 24 (2005 24)

#### **Auditors**

Each of the persons who is a director at the date of approval of this report confirms that

- (1) so far as the director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditors are unaware, and
- (2) the director has taken all the steps that he ought to have taken as a director in order to make himself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditors are aware of that information

This confirmation is given and should be interpreted in accordance with the provisions of s234ZA of the Companies Act 1985

Deloitte & Touche LLP were appointed as auditors during the year Deloitte & Touche LLP have expressed their willingness to continue in office as auditors and a resolution to reappoint them will be proposed at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting

Approved by the Board of Directors and signed on behalf of the Board

M Boden

on behalf of Pigtales Limited, Director

26 July 2007

### Statement of directors' responsibilities

The directors are responsible for preparing the Annual Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law) The financial statements are required by law to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently,
- make judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent,
- · state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records that disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

# Independent auditors' report to the members of Pig Improvement Company UK Limited

We have audited the financial statements of Pig Improvement Company UK Limited for the year ended 30 June 2006 which comprise the profit and loss account, the note of historical cost profits and losses, the balance sheet, and the related notes 1 to 22 These financial statements have been prepared under the accounting policies set out therein

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with section 235 of the Companies Act 1985. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditors' report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed

#### Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As described in the statement of directors' responsibilities the company's directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice)

Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with relevant United Kingdom legal and regulatory requirements and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland)

We report to you our opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view, in accordance with the relevant financial reporting framework, and are properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985. We also report to you whether in our opinion the information given in the directors' report is consistent with the financial statements.

In addition we report to you if, in our opinion, the company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if information specified by law regarding directors' remuneration and other transactions is not disclosed

We read the Directors' Report and consider the implications for our report if we become aware of any apparent misstatements within it

#### Basis of audit opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland) issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

# Independent auditors' report to the members of Pig Improvement Company UK Limited (continued)

#### Opinion

#### In our opinion

- the financial statements give a true and fair view, in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, of the state of the company's affairs as at 30 June 2006 and of its loss for the year then ended,
- the financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985, and
- the information given in the Directors' Report is consistent with the financial statements

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Deloitte & Touche LLP

Chartered Accountants and Registered Auditors

London, United Kingdom

26 July 2007

### Profit and loss account Year ended 30 June 2006

		2006	2005 (restated note 19)
	Note	£'000	£'000
Turnover	2	17,089	14,072
Changes in stocks of finished goods and work in			
progress		524	10
Other operating income		232	232
Raw materials and consumables		(4,415)	(3,567)
Staff costs	5	(6,363)	(3,291)
Depreciation and other amounts written off			
tangible and intangible fixed assets		(677)	(672)
Other operating charges		(9,794)	(9,057)
Operating loss	3	(3,404)	(2,273)
Profit on disposal of fixed assets and investments		133	94
Income from other fixed asset investments		5	23
Amounts written off investments	10	(2,796)	-
Other interest receivable and similar income	4	194	226
Interest payable and similar charges	4	(246)	(145)
Loss on ordinary activities before taxation		(6,114)	(2,075)
Tax credit on loss on ordinary activities	7	726	1,767
Loss on ordinary activities after taxation and loss for the financial year	17,18	(5,388)	(308)
1000 tot the initiation year	.,,		

The company has no recognised gains or losses, other than those in the profit and loss account shown above, in either the current or preceding financial year. Accordingly, no statement of total recognised gains and losses is presented

All amounts derive from continuing operations

# Note of historical cost profits and losses Year ended 30 June 2006

	2006	2005 (restated note 19)
	£'000	£'000
Reported loss on ordinary activities before taxation  Difference between historical cost depreciation charge and actual	(6,114)	(2,075)
depreciation charge for the year calculated on the revalued amount	4	4
Historical cost loss on ordinary activities before taxation	(6,110)	(2,071)
Historical cost loss retained after taxation, minority interests and dividends	(5,384)	(304)

# Balance sheet 30 June 2006

		2006	2005 (restated note 19)
	Note	£'000	£'000
Fixed assets			
Intangible assets	8	1,083	1,315
Tangible assets	9	837	893
Investments	10	2,199	5,120
		4,119	7,328
Current assets			
Stocks	11	182	128
Debtors	12	7,090	33,482
Cash at bank and in hand		836	400
		8,108	34,010
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	13	(8,641)	(8,349)
within one year	15	<del></del>	
Net current (habilities)/assets		(533)	25,661
Total assets less current habilities		3,586	32,989
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	14	(25)	(24,040)
more than one year	14		
Net assets		3,561	8,949
Capital and reserves		<del></del>	
Called up share capital	16	186	186
Share premium account	17	8	8
Revaluation reserve	17	85	85
Other reserves	17	23	23
Capital contribution reserve	17	25,000	25,000
Profit and loss account	17	(21,741)	(16,353)
Total shareholders' funds	18	3,561	8,949

These financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on 26 July 2007

Signed on behalf of the Board of Directors

Beaulut B Verret Director

### Notes to the accounts Year ended 30 June 2006

#### 1. Accounting policies

The financial statements are prepared in accordance with applicable United Kingdom accounting standards. The particular accounting policies adopted are described below

#### Accounting convention

The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention as modified by the revaluation of certain fixed assets and in accordance with applicable United Kingdom accounting standards

The following accounting policies have been applied consistently in the current and preceding years in dealing with items which are considered material in relation to the financial statements

#### Consolidation

The profit and loss account and balance sheet are those of the company Consolidated financial statements have not been prepared as the company is a wholly owned subsidiary of Genus plc, a company incorporated in the United Kingdom (see note 21)

#### Turnover

Turnover comprises the gross amount of sales when the company acts as principal and the commission amount where the company acts as agent, and excludes Value Added Tax Turnover is recognised on despatch of stock to customers, including animals used by multipliers and those sold direct to slaughter houses Turnover also includes royalty income which is recognised on an accruals basis having regard to the terms of the company's royalty contracts and licence agreements

#### Tangible fixed assets excluding breeding stock

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation except for certain freehold land and buildings which are stated at valuation less accumulated depreciation. The company has followed the transitional provisions in FRS 15, Tangible Fixed Assets, to retain the book value of land and buildings, certain of which were revalued in 1996, without updating the valuations

Freehold land is not depreciated. Freehold buildings are depreciated by equal annual instalments over their estimated useful lives up to a maximum period of 50 years. Plant and equipment is depreciated over periods which range from 4 to 10 years and which do not exceed their anticipated useful lives.

#### Breeding stock

Breeding animals in genetic nucleus, daughter nucleus and production nucleus herds that are classified as Maiden Gilts, In-Pig or Empty Sows and Stock Boars are held for breeding purposes on the company's farms. These breeding animals are classified as fixed assets and are depreciated over their estimated lives of up to 2 years.

#### Intangible fixed assets

During the year ended 30 June 2001, the company acquired the trademarks, intellectual property and contract rights of Agricola Genetico Porcina Ltda, the former PIC franchisee in Chile This intangible asset is being amortised over the directors' estimate of useful life of 10 years

#### Fixed asset investments

Fixed asset investments are stated at cost less any provision for impairment

#### **Operating leases**

Assets held under operating leases are not capitalised. Operating lease rentals are charged to the profit and loss account on a straight line basis over the period of the lease term

### Notes to the accounts Year ended 30 June 2006

#### 1. Accounting policies (continued)

#### Interest

Interest receivable and payable is credited or charged to the profit and loss account on an accruals basis

#### Taxation

Current tax, including UK corporation tax and foreign tax, is provided at amounts expected to be paid (or recovered) using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events that result in an obligation to pay more tax in the future or a right to pay less tax in the future have occurred at the balance sheet date. Timing differences are differences between the group's taxable profits and its results as stated in the financial statements that arise from the inclusion of gains and losses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in the financial statements.

A net deferred tax asset is regarded as recoverable and therefore recognised only to the extent that, on the basis of all available evidence, it can be regarded as more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted

Deferred tax is not recognised when fixed assets are revalued unless by the balance sheet date there is a binding agreement to sell the revalued assets and the gain or loss expected to arise on sale has been recognised in the financial statements. Neither is deferred tax recognised when fixed assets are sold and it is more likely than not that the taxable gain will be rolled over, being charged to tax only if and when the replacement assets are sold

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of the retained earnings of overseas subsidiaries and associates only to the extent that, at the balance sheet date, dividends have been accrued as receivable or a binding agreement to distribute past earnings in future has been entered into by the subsidiary or associate

Deferred tax is measured at the average tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which the timing differences are expected to reverse, based on tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date. Deferred tax is measured on a non-discounted basis

#### Stocks

Commodities, merchandise and livestock, excluding breeding animals included in fixed assets, are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value. In the case of livestock on farms, costs include direct costs and certain attributable overheads.

Net realisable value was based on estimated selling price less any further costs expected to be incurred to completion and disposal. Provision is made for obsolete, slow-moving and defective items where appropriate

#### Research and development

Research and development expenditure is written off in the year in which it is incurred

#### Foreign currency

Transactions in foreign currencies are recorded at the rate ruling at the date of the transaction

Profit and loss items in overseas currencies are translated at average exchange rates. Foreign currency denominated monetary assets and liabilities are translated at rates ruling at the balance sheet date. Monetary exchange gains and losses are taken to the profit and loss account

### Notes to the accounts Year ended 30 June 2006

#### 1. Accounting policies (continued)

#### Pension costs

The company is a member of the multi-employer Dalgety Pension Fund which provides benefits based on final pensionable salary. The company is unable to identify its share of the scheme's underlying assets and liabilities, and accordingly accounts for contributions as though the scheme was a defined contribution scheme.

Details of the Dalgety Pension Fund are fully described in the accounts of Genus plc

#### Cash flow statement

Under the provisions of FRS 1 (Revised), the company has not produced a cash flow statement on the grounds that its ultimate parent company, Genus plc, has produced group financial statements including a consolidated cash flow statement

#### 2. Turnover

	2006 £'000	£'000
Royalties receivable from group undertakings External sales	6,096 10,993	7,044 7,028
	17,089	14,072

All turnover derives from trading activities originating in the United Kingdom and France

The turnover and profit before taxation are attributable to the company's principal activities External sales are split by geographical destination as follows

	2006 £'000	2005 £'000
United Kingdom Rest of Europe	7,032 2,771	5,780 282
Other	1,190	966
	10,993	7,028
	<del></del>	

### Notes to the accounts Year ended 30 June 2006

#### 3. Operating loss

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The following have been charged before arriving at operating loss

£'000 £'000	
	Auditors' remuneration
29 28	Audit fees
10 3	Non audit fees
488 443	Operating lease costs- other
	Depreciation of fixed assets
445 440	Owned tangible assets
232 232	Amortisation of intangible fixed assets
4,237 4,071	Research and development
2,287 2,725	Group management charges
2006 2005	Interest receivable / (payable) and similar income / (charges)
2006 2005 £'000 £'000	
	Other interest receivable and similar income
£'000 £'000	Other interest receivable and similar income  Interest receivable from group undertakings
£'000 £'000  74 133	Other interest receivable and similar income  Interest receivable from group undertakings
£'000     £'000       74     133       120     93	Other interest receivable and similar income  Interest receivable from group undertakings Other interest receivable and similar income
£'000 £'000  74 133 120 93 194 226  - (115)	Other interest receivable and similar income  Interest receivable from group undertakings Other interest receivable and similar income  Interest payable and similar charges  Interest payable to group undertakings
£'000     £'000       74     133       120     93	Other interest receivable and similar income  Interest receivable from group undertakings Other interest receivable and similar income
<b>£'000</b> 74  120	Other interest receivable and similar income (charges)  Other interest receivable and similar income  Interest receivable from group undertakings Other interest receivable and similar income

Included in other interest receivable and similar income are exchange gains of £90,000 (2005 £82,000) arising on the translation at year end of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currency and crystallised foreign currency denominated transactions during the year

Included in other interest payable and similar charges are exchange losses of £210,000 (2005 £30,000) arising on the translation at year end of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currency and crystallised foreign exchange losses on foreign currency denominated transactions during the year

### Notes to the accounts Year ended 30 June 2006

#### 5. Employees

	2006 £'000	2005 £'000
Wages and salaries Social security costs	3,756 367	2,375 253
Pension costs	6,363	3,291
	<del></del>	

The average number of persons employed by the company throughout the year was 74 (2005 79) Included in the employee costs for the year are redundancy payments of £896,000 and a one-off recharge from PIC Fyfield Limited of £1,357,000 relating to the company's share of an additional contribution of £1,500,000 made by PIC Fyfield Limited to the Dalgety Pension Fund following the acquisition of the Sygen group of companies by Genus plc (see note 21)

#### 6. Directors

The emoluments of the directors (excluding pension contributions) were as follows

	2006 £'000	2005 £'000
Remuneration for managerial services	278	275

The emoluments (excluding pension contributions) of the highest paid director were £175,190 (2005 £175,000) and the amount of his accrued pension at the end of the year was £35,819 (2005 £31,865)

There are two directors (2005 2) for whom retirement benefits are accruing under the Dalgety Pension Fund

#### 7. Tax credit on loss on ordinary activities

Taxation comprises

2006 £'000	2005 £'000
-	(724)
115	139
	(1,101)
115	(1,686)
(841)	(81)
(726)	(1,767)
	£'000

### Notes to the accounts Year ended 30 June 2006

#### 7. Tax credit on loss on ordinary activities (continued)

Factors affecting tax charge for the year	2006 £'000	2005 £'000
Loss on ordinary activities before taxation	(6,114)	(2,075)
United Kingdom corporation tax at 30 % (2005 30%) on loss on ordinary activities	(1,834)	(622)
Effects of		
- Permanent differences	1,348	(225)
- Timing differences	486	81
- Benefits of tax losses not recognised	•	548
- Group losses surrendered at other than 30% tax rate	-	(506)
- Overseas withholding tax	115	139
- Adjustment in respect of prior year	-	(1,101)
Current tax for the year	115	(1,686)

#### 8. Intangible fixed assets

	Goodwill £
Cost At 1 July 2005 and 30 June 2006	2,318
Accumulated depreciation At 1 July 2005 Charge for the year	1,003 232
At 30 June 2006	1,235
Net book value At 30 June 2006	1,083
At 30 June 2005	1,315

This goodwill related to the acquisition of the trademarks, intellectual property and contract rights of Agricola Genetico Porcina Ltda, the former PIC franchisee in Chile

### Notes to the accounts Year ended 30 June 2006

### 9. Tangible fixed assets

	Freehold land and buildings £'000	Plant and equipment	Breeding stock £'000	Total £'000
Cost				
At 1 July 2005	640	2,392	491	3,523
Additions	-	22	448	470
Disposals	<del>-</del>	(264)	(223)	(487)
At 30 June 2006	640	2,150	716	3,506
Accumulated depreciation				
At I July 2005	268	2,036	326	2,630
Charge for the year	40	88	317	445
Disposals	-	(194)	(212)	(406)
At 30 June 2006	308	1,930	431	2,669
Net book value				
At 30 June 2006	332	220	285	837
At 30 June 2005	372	356	165	893

In the opinion of the directors, the aggregate value of tangible fixed assets is not less than the aggregate amount at which those assets are stated in the balance sheet

### Notes to the accounts Year ended 30 June 2006

#### 10. Fixed asset investments

	Shares in subsidiary undertakings £'000	Other investments £'000	Total £'000
Cost			
At 1 July 2005	20,224	510	20,734
Disposals		(350)	(350)
At 30 June 2006	20,224	160	20,384
Provisions			
At 1 July 2005 as previously reported	(15,249)	(140)	(15,389)
Prior year adjustment provision reclassification (note 19)	-	(225)	(225)
At 1 July 2005 as restated	(15,249)	(365)	(15,614)
Amounts written off investments	(2,796)	-	(2,796)
Disposals	-	225	225
At 30 June 2006	(18,045)	(140)	(18,185)
Net book value			
At 30 June 2006	2,179	20	2,199
At 30 June 2005 (as restated)	4,975	145	5,120

#### Share in subsidiary undertakings

The company's subsidiary undertakings at 30 June 2006 are as follows

	Country of incorporation	Class of shares and nominal value	Percentage of nominal value of issued shares held	Nature of business
National Pig Development Company Limited	United Kingdom	Ordinary £31,768 Non-voting ordinary £11,034	100% 100%	Receipt of rental income
PIC Polska	Poland	Ordinary 13 748 million zlotys	100%	Pig breeding

#### Other investments

The company holds various trade investments in agricultural and research companies

In the opinion of the directors, the aggregate recoverable value of the investment in the company's subsidiary undertakings and other investments is not less than the aggregate amount at which those assets are stated in the balance sheet

### Notes to the accounts Year ended 30 June 2006

11	Stock		
		2006	2005
		£'000	£'000

95 103 182 128

25

87

2006

2005

In the opinion of the directors, there is no material difference between the book value of stocks and their replacement cost at 30 June 2006

#### 12. Debtors

Livestock

Consumables

Trade debtors Amounts owed by parent undertakings Amounts owed by fellow subsidiary undertakings Amounts owed by subsidiary undertakings Amounts owed by subsidiary undertakings Deferred tax asset (see note 15) Other taxation including VAT Other debtors Prepayments and accrued income  952 713 3,407 3,407 3,407 3,407 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3,507 3		2006	2005 (restated note 19)
Amounts owed by parent undertakings Amounts owed by fellow subsidiary undertakings Amounts owed by subsidiary undertakings Amounts owed by subsidiary undertakings Deferred tax asset (see note 15) Other taxation including VAT Other debtors Prepayments and accrued income  1,816 3,407 27,838 3,106 325 1,166 325 1,166 325 1,011 745 01 1,011 745 01 305 305		£'000	£'000
Amounts owed by fellow subsidiary undertakings Amounts owed by subsidiary undertakings  Deferred tax asset (see note 15) Other taxation including VAT Other debtors Prepayments and accrued income  1,524 27,838 251 91 1,166 322 1,166 325 1,101 745 01 1,011 745 01 1,011 745 01 1,011 745 01 1,011 745 01 1,011 745 01 1,011 745 01 1,011 745 01 1,011 745 01 1,011 745 01 1,011 745 01 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011 1,011	Trade debtors	952	713
Amounts owed by subsidiary undertakings  Deferred tax asset (see note 15)  Other taxation including VAT  Other debtors  Prepayments and accrued income  251  1,166 325  1,011 745  60 50  730  305	Amounts owed by parent undertakings	1,816	3,407
Deferred tax asset (see note 15)	Amounts owed by fellow subsidiary undertakings	1,524	27,838
Other taxation including VAT Other debtors Prepayments and accrued income  1,011 745 60 58 930 305	Amounts owed by subsidiary undertakings	251	91
Other debtors 60 58 Prepayments and accrued income 310 303	Deferred tax asset (see note 15)	1,166	325
Prepayments and accrued income 310 305	Other taxation including VAT	1,011	745
	Other debtors	60	58
7,090 33,482	Prepayments and accrued income	310	305
		7,090	33,482

### 13. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	£,000	£'000
Trade creditors	354	429
Amounts owing to parent undertakings	-	1,547
Amounts owing to fellow subsidiary undertakings	4,527	3,428
Amounts owing to subsidiary undertakings	1,248	1,252
Other taxation and social security	580	328
Other creditors	52	97
Accruals and deferred income	1,880	1,268
	8,641	8,349

### Notes to the accounts Year ended 30 June 2006

14.	Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year		
		2006 £'000	2005 £'000
	Amounts owed to parent undertakings	-	24,006
	Deferred operating lease credit	25	34
		25	24,040
15.	Deferred taxation asset		
		2006 £'000	2005 £'000
	Accelerated capital allowances	126	270
	Short term timing differences	330	55
	Losses carried forward	710	-
		1,166	325
			£'000
	Balance at 1 July 2005		325
	Credit to profit and loss account		841
	Balance at 30 June 2006		1,166
16.	Share capital		
		2006	2005
		£'000	£'000
	Authorised: 2,000,000 ordinary shares of 10p each	200	200
	2,000,000 ordinary snares or rop each		
	Allotted, issued, called up and full paid: 1,857,164 ordinary shares of 10p each	186	186

### Notes to the accounts Year ended 30 June 2006

#### 17. Movement on reserves

	Share premium £'000	Revaluation reserve £'000	Other reserves £'000	Capital contribution reserve £'000	Profit and loss account £'000
At 1 July 2005 as previously reported Prior year adjustment	8	85	23	-	8,647
Capital contribution	-	-		25,000	(25,000)
At 1 July 2005 as restated	8	85	23	25,000	(16,353)
Retained loss for the year		•		<u>-</u>	(5,388)
At 30 June 2006	8	85	23	25,000	(21,741)

#### 18 Reconciliation of movements in shareholders' funds

	2006 £'000	2005 (restated note 19 £'000
Loss for the financial year after taxation and net		
decrease in shareholders' funds	(5,388)	(308)
Capital contribution	-	25,000
Opening shareholders' funds	8,949	(15,743)
Closing shareholders' funds	3,561	8,949

As described in note 19, the prior year adjustments had no impact on opening shareholders' funds

### Notes to the accounts Year ended 30 June 2006

#### 19. Prior year adjustments

#### Restatement of loan waived by group company

The company was previously funded by a long term loan from its immediate parent undertaking, PIC Fyfield Limited, totalling £25,000,000 The funding was a long term financing arrangement that did not arise as part of the company's normal trading. No repayments had ever been made by the company in respect of this loan and in 2005 the loan was waived by PIC Fyfield Limited. The waiver of this loan was shown in the accounts of the company for the prior year as a credit to the profit and loss account. In the current year's accounts this transaction has been restated as a capital contribution by the parent undertaking and shown as a direct addition to reserves in a separate capital reserve.

The effect on the profit and loss account and net assets is as follows

	£,000
Profit and loss account Loan waived by group company	(25,000)
Decrease for the year	(25,000)
Balance sheet Capital contribution reserve Profit and loss account reserve	25,000 (25,000)
Increase in net assets	-

#### Reclassification of investment

The company purchased non-voting preference shares from Greenway Farm in 1996 for £350,000 In 1999, this investment was impaired by £225,000 In the accounts of the company for the prior year this investment provision was aggregated with bad debt provisions and credited against trade debtors. In the current year's accounts the provision has been reclassified as a deduction against fixed asset investments as follows.

	£'000
Balance sheet	
Debtors	225
Investments	(225)
Increase in net assets	
mercase in tier assers	

2005

2005

### Notes to the accounts Year ended 30 June 2006

#### 20 Lease obligations

	Land and buildings		Oth	Other	
	2006	2005	2006	2005	
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	
Operating leases					
Annual commitments which expire					
Within one year	132	21	193	21	
Between one and five years	426	10	58	185	
After five years	216	103	-	-	
	774	134	251	206	

#### 21. Parent undertaking

The company's immediate parent undertaking is PIC Fyfield Limited, which is registered in England

The company's ultimate controlling party and parent undertaking as at 30 June 2005 was Sygen International Limited (name changed from Sygen International plc on 23 February 2006)

On 31 October 2005, an offer was made on behalf of Genus plc to acquire all of the existing Sygen International plc share capital for cash consideration. On 2 December 2005, the offer was declared unconditional in all respects and control of Sygen International plc therefore passed to Genus plc Accordingly as of 2 December 2005, the company's ultimate controlling party and parent undertaking is Genus plc, a company registered in the UK. Genus plc is the largest and smallest group, of which the company is a member, for which consolidated accounts are prepared. Copies of the financial statements of Genus plc are available from its registered office whose address is as follows.

Belvedere House Basing View Basingstoke Hants RG 21 4HG

#### 22. Related party transactions

The company is a member of the Genus plc group of companies In accordance with exemptions conferred by FRS 8, the company has not disclosed transactions with other group companies