Registered No. 707803

DIRECTORS

W E Freake
V Combet (French)
J M Desmolles (French)
G A Roletti (French)
M R Taylor Thomas FCA

SECRETARY

Mincing Lane Corporate Services Limited

AUDITORS

Ernst & Young Becket House 1 Lambeth Palace Road London SE1 7EU

REGISTERED OFFICE

Horton Close West Drayton Middlesex UB7 8JA



DIRECTORS' REPORT

The directors present their report together with the audited accounts of the company for the year ended 31 December 1994.

RESULTS AND DIVIDENDS

The company made a profit of £331,387 (1993 - profit of £297,860) in the year.

The directors do not recommend the payment of a dividend.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES AND REVIEW OF THE BUSINESS

The principal activities of the company are the supply of submersible and centrifugal pumps, and the sale and after sales service and hire of tower cranes.

The company has encountered difficult trading conditions throughout the year particularly as a result of the UK recession and the resulting decline in the civil engineering industry in which a substantial part of the company's activities are carried out.

FUTURE DEVELOPMENTS

The directors intend to continue their efforts to seek new customers for the company's products.

DIRECTORS AND THEIR INTERESTS

Maydod Shome

The directors who held office throughout the year are listed on page 1.

None of the directors held any beneficial interests in the ordinary share capital of the company.

FIXED ASSETS

Movements in fixed assets are shown in note 8 to these accounts.

AUDITORS

On 7 January 1993 Potain (UK) Limited elected under section 386 of Companies Act 1985 to dispense with the obligation to appoint auditors annually.

By order of the board

Director

1 5 MAR 1995

STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES IN RESPECT OF THE ACCOUNTS

Company law requires the directors to prepare accounts for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing those accounts, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the accounts; and
- prepare the accounts on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors confirm that the accounts comply with the above requirements.

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and to enable them to ensure that the accounts comply with the Companies Act 1985. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.



REPORT OF THE AUDITORS to the members of Potain (UK) Limited

We have audited the accounts on pages 5 to 16, which have been prepared under the historical cost convention as modified by the revaluation of land and buildings and on the basis of the accounting policies set out on page 8.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As described on page 3 the company's directors are responsible for the preparation of the accounts. It is our responsibility to form an independent opinion, based on our audit, on those accounts and to report our opinion to you.

Basis of opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Auditing Standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the accounts. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the accounts, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the accounts are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the accounts.

Opinion

In our opinion the accounts give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at 31 December 1994 and of its profit for the year then ended and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985.

Ernst & Young

Chartered Accountants

Registered Auditor

London

16 March 1995

East & Young

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT

for the year ended 31 December 1994

TURNOVER	Notes	1994 £	1993 £
Cost of sales Gross profit	1&2	2,954,302 (2,115,859)	2,701,209 (2,136,012)
Distribution costs Administration expenses		838,443 (119,534) (317,089)	565,197 (125,115) (294,400)
OPERATING PROFIT Other income Interest payable	3 5 6	(436,623) 401,820 (30,433)	(419,515) 145,682 225,820 (73,642)
PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAXATION Tax on profit on ordinary activities PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES AFTER TAXATION Balance brought forward – 1 January 1994	7	(30,433) 371,387 (40,000) 331,387	152,178 297,860
Carried forward – 31 December 1994		55,670 387,057	297,860 (242,190) 55,670

STATEMENT OF TOTAL RECOGNISED GAINS AND LOSSES

There are no recognised gains or losses other than the profit attributable to the company of £331,387 for the year ended 31 December 1994 and the profit of £297,860 for the year ended 31 December 1993.

BALANCE SHEET

at 31 December 1994

	Notes	1994	1993
FIXED ASSETS	.,0,05	£	£
Tangible assets	_		
Investments	8	601,933	572,100
	9	-	_
		601,933	572,100
CURRENT ASSETS			572,100 ————
Stocks	10	444.0	
Debtors and prepayments	10 11	441,966	219,818
Bank and cash balances	12	389,057	246,708
	12	2,594	24,065
CREDITORS: amounts falling due within one year		833,617	490,591
	13	(506,298)	(427,891)
NET CURRENT ASSETS		207.010	
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES		327,319	62,700
2200 CORRENT LIABILITIES		929,252	634,800
CREDITORS: amounts falling due after more than one year			1,000
e and more than one year	14	(167,488)	(204,423)
		761,764	430,377
		====	430,377
CAPITAL AND RESERVES			
Called up share capital	15	444	
Revaluation reserves	15 16	115,000	115,000
Profit and loss account	16	259,707	259,707
	10	387,057	55,670
		761,764	430,377
			====

Approved by the Board on 15 " March 1995

DICCIOI

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

for the year ended 31 December 1994

	Notes	1994 £	1993 £
NET CASH INFLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	3b	138,116	157,039
RETURNS ON INVESTMENTS AND SERVICING OF FINANCE			
Interest paid			
Interest element of finance lease rental payments		(30,433)	(45,186)
Interest received		_	_
•		-	
NET CASH OUTFLOW FROM RETURNS ON INVESTMENTS AND SERVICING OF FINANCE		(30,433)	(45,186)
TAXATION			
Corporation tax paid			
Corporation tax received		_	_
TAX PAID			
			_
INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Payments to acquire tangible fixed assets	9	(44,568)	(6,000)
Receipts from sales of tangible fixed assets		1,750	105,304
NET CASH (OUTFLOW)/INFLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIE	ES .	(42,818)	99,304
NET CASH INFLOW BEFORE FINANCING		64,865	
			211,157
FINANCING Pengyment of house			
Repayment of popital alarment of special alarm		33,155	20,000
Repayments of capital element of finance lease rentals		_	1,581
NET CASH OUTFLOW FROM FINANCING		33,155	21 501
INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	12	31,710	21,581 189,576
	= 		
		64,865	211,157
			

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

at 31 December 1994

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of accounting

The accounts have been prepared under the historical cost convention, as modified to include the revaluation of the freehold properties.

Turnover

Turnover represents the amount receivable for goods sold and services provided to customers excluding value added tax.

Depreciation and amortisation of tangible fixed assets

Depreciation and amortisation is provided in order to write off the cost of an asset evenly over its estimated useful life on the following bases:

Leasehold property

over the period of the lease

Plant and machinery

over 5 years

Fixtures and equipment

over 5 years

Computer equipment

over 4 years

Motor vehicles

over 4 to 5 years

No depreciation is provided on freehold land.

Stocks

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost comprises the purchase price and all transport and handling costs. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price less all further costs to be incurred prior to sale, including selling and distribution costs.

Investments

Fixed asset investments are shown at cost less amounts written off.

Translation of foreign currency transactions

Assets and liabilities expressed in foreign currencies are converted to sterling at the appropriate rates in force at the year end.

Any gain or loss resulting from changes in exchange rates is taken to the profit and loss account as it arises.

Deferred taxation

Deferred taxation is provided at current rates on the excess of the book value over the value for taxation purposes of fixed assets eligible for taxation allowances. No provision has been made for corporation tax on capital gains on the sale of the freehold properties at their revalued amounts, since the directors believe this does not constitute a timing difference. The tax has therefore not been quantified.

Leases

Assets acquired under finance leases, including hire purchase, are treated as tangible fixed assets. The related borrowing is shown under creditors and the interest element of repayments is charged to the profit and loss account over the period of the lease. Rentals payable under operating leases are charged to the profit and loss account as incurred.

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

at 31 December 1994

2. TURNOVER

(a) An analysis of turnover by activity is as follows:

	1994	1993
	£000	£000
Pumps	1,703	1,717
Cranes	1,251	984
		
	2,954	2,701
(b) An analysis of the operating profit by class of business is:		
	1994	1993
	£000	£000
Pumps		
Cranes	274	141
	275	143
Indiana administrative	549	284
Indirect administration costs	(147)	(138)
	402	146
(c) An analysis of turnover by geographical market is given below:		
•	1994	1993
·	£000	£000
United Kingdom	2.560	1.004
Other EC Countries	2,560	1,386
Outside EC	26 368	371
		944
	2,954	2,701

at 31 December 1994

3. OPERATING PROFIT

4.

(a) The operating profit is stated after charging/(crediting):

	1994	1993
	£	£
Depreciation and amortisation of tangible fixed assets		
Operating lease rentals	14,735	29,706
Profit on disposal of tangible fixed assets	28,440	25,566
Auditors' remuneration	(1,750)	(10,477)
	12,000	9,000
(b) Reconciliation of operating profit to net cash inflow from operating	g activities	
	1994	1993
	£	£
Operating profit		
Provisions released	401,820	145,682
Depreciation	-	225,820
(Profit) on disposal of tangible fixed assets	14,735	29,707
(Increase)/decrease in debtors	(1,750)	(10,477)
(Increase)/decrease in stocks	(142,349)	41,215
Increase/(decrease) in creditors	(222,148)	85,271
m cicators	87,808	(360,179)
Net cash inflow from operating activities	138,116	155.000
•	130,110	157,039
WAGES AND SALARIES		
	1994	1002
	£	1993
Costs arising during the year amounted to:	T.	£
Wages and salaries		
Social security costs	262,300	263,623
Pension costs	28,689	27,585
	9,093	9,085
	300,082	300,293
Directors' remuneration:		
	1994	1002
	4	1993
Emoluments in respect of:	£	£
Remuneration	68,423	63,434
Pension costs	2,588	2,588
	71,011	66,022

at 31 December 1994

4	Continued)		
	The above emoluments include amounts (other than pension costs) paid to:		
		1994	1993
		£	£
	Highest paid director	35,949	36,176
	Chairman		
	The emoluments, other than pensions costs, of the directors fell within the following		
	pendions costs, of the directors left within the ro.	llowing ranges:	
		No.	No.
	£nil – £5,000	. 3	2
	£20,001 – £25,000	. 3	3
	£25,001 – £30,000	_	1
	£30,001 - £35,000	1	_
	£35,001 – £40,000	1	1
	The average weekly number of employees (including executive directors) was	as followe:	
		<i>No</i> .	No.
	Works	11	12
	Selling and distribution	4	4
	Administration	5	4
		20	
5.	OTHER INCOME		 *
٠,	OTHER MCOME		
		1994	1993
		£	£
	Release of provision for settled Raynesway case	_	100,017
	Release of time barred provision against Claessen Sales	_	95,000
	Other provisions released	-	30,803
			225,820
6.	INTEREST DAVANA		====
υ.	INTEREST PAYABLE		
		1994	1993
		£	£
	On bank overdrafts repayable within five years	15,088	45,142
	On bank loans (see note 14)	15,345	28,500
		30,433	73,642
			

at 31 December 1994

7. TAX ON PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES

The taxation on the profit on ordinary activities is as follows:	1994 £	1993 £
Corporation tax at 33%	40,000	-

8. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

Cost or valuation:	Freehold properties £	Plant and machinery £	Fixtures and equipment £	Motor vehicles £	Hire equipment £	Total £
At 31 December 1993 Additions in year Disposals in year	550,000	94,826	249,781 21,370	68,916 23,198 (18,563)	21,361 - -	984,884 44,568 (18,563)
At 31 December 1994 Depreciation and amortisation:	550,000	94,826	271,151	73,551	21,361	1,010,889
At 31 December 1993 Eliminated on disposal Provided during the year At 31 December 1994		93,312 - 1,392 - 94,704	239,983 - 4,920 - 244,903	58,228 (18,563) 8,423 ————————————————————————————————————	21,261	412,784 (18,563) 14,735 408,956
Net book value: At 31 December 1994 At 31 December 1993	550,000	122	26,248	25,463	100	601,933
<u>-</u>		 . :				572,100

The historical cost of the freehold properties is £290,293. The properties are stated at valuation carried out by members of the Royal Institute of Chartered Surveyors.

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

at 31 December 1994

9. INVESTMENTS

	1994 £	1993 £
Shares in subsidiary undertakings at cost Less: Amounts written off	11,997 (11,997)	11,997 (11,997)
	-	_
4.01 5		

At 31 December 1994 the company owned the entire issued share capital of the following subsidiary undertakings, all of which are registered in England.

Company	•
---------	---

Principal Activity

Record Potain Limited:

Sale and after sale service of tower cranes

Claessen Pumps Limited:

Supply of submersible and centrifugal pumps

Claessen Sales Limited:

Sale and after sales service of mechanical handling equipment

The above subsidiaries are all dormant.

At 31 December 1994 the company owned 510 ordinary shares of IR £1 representing 51% of the total equity of the following subsidiary undertaking, which is incorporated in Eire.

Company

Principal activity

Potain (Ireland) Limited:

Sale and after sale service of tower cranes

10. STOCKS

		1994 £	1993 £
11.	Goods held for resale DEBTORS AND PREPAYMENTS	441,966 =====	219,818
		1994 £	1993 £
	Due within one year: Trade debtors Due from subsidiary undertakings Other debtors Prepayments and accrued income	346,240 11,469 589 30,759	221,448 2,855 3,650 18,755
		389,057	246,708

at 31 December 1994

13.

12. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Analysis of balances as shown in the balance sheet and changes during the current and previous year:

			Change in
	1994	1993	year
	£	£	£
Cash at bank and in hand	2,594	24,065	(21.471)
Bank overdraft	(169,381)	(222,562)	(21,471) 53,181
			
	(166,787)	(198,497) ———	31,710
			Change in
	1993	1992	year
	£	£	£
Cash at bank and in hand	24,065	21,320	2,745
Bank overdraft	(222,562)	(409,393)	186,831
			
	(198,497)	(388,073)	189,576
CDEDITORS, amount f 11'			
CREDITORS: amounts falling due within one year:			
		1994	1993
		£	£
Trade creditors		194,415	74 102
Current corporation tax		40,000	74,103
Other taxes and social security		26,986	40,939
Sundry creditors and accruals		44,493	63,044
		305,894	178,086
T		- 30,03	170,000
Bank overdraft (secured)		169,381	222,562
Bank loan (secured) (see note 14)		31,023	27,243
		506,298	427,891
		====	

at 31 December 1994

14.	CREDITORS:	amounts	falling	due	after	more	than	one	vear:	
-----	------------	---------	---------	-----	-------	------	------	-----	-------	--

	1994 £	1993 £
Bank loan repayable by instalments: Within 2-5 years	162 472	
After 5 years	163,473 4,015	154,270 50,153
	167,488	204,423

The company's bankers have a mortgage debenture being a fixed charge over the company's freehold properties and a floating charge over all other assets of the company and its subsidiary undertaking.

The bank loan is repayable by equal monthly instalments (including interest) for 15 years from February 1985, and bears interest at 9^{1} /2% per annum.

Loans:

	1994	1993
	£	£
Loans within one year - brought forward	27,243	23,464
Loans after one year - brought forward	204,423	228,202
Drawn down	, <u> </u>	
Repaid	(33,155)	(20,000)
	198,511	231,666
Being:		
Loans within one year - carried forward	31,023	27,243
Loans after one year - carried forward	167,488	204,423
	198,511	231,666
15 CHARE CARWAY	 _	
15. SHARE CAPITAL		
	1994	1993
	No.	No.
Authorised: ordinary shares of £1 each	200,000	200,000
		====
	£	£
Allotted, called up and fully paid:		
115,000 ordinary shares of £1 each	115,000	115,000
		===

at 31 December 1994

16. RECONCILIATION OF SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS AND MOVEMENTS ON RESERVES

	THE STATE OF RESERVES				
	Share capital £	Revaluation reserve £	Profit and loss account £	Total £	
At 1 January 1993 Profit for the year	115,000 -	259,707 -	(242,190) 297,860	132,517 297,860	
At 1 January 1994 Profit for the year	115,000	259,707	55,670 331,387	430,377 331,387	
At 31 December 1994	115,000	259,707	387,057	761,764	

17. CAPITAL COMMITMENTS

There were no capital expenditure commitments either authorised by the directors but not contracted for, or contracted for but not provided for in the accounts at 31 December 1994 (1993 – £nil).

18. PENSION COMMITMENTS

The company operates a pension and life assurance scheme to provide deferred benefits for employees of the group. Contributions by the company to the scheme, based upon the remuneration of the scheme members, are paid into an external fund and are charged in the profit and loss account as incurred.

19. OPERATING LEASES

	1994 £	1993 £
The group has a commitment to pay rentals in respect of operating leases expiring as follows:		
Within 1 year Within 2-5 years	25,468	23,842
After 5 years	24,100	37,199
·		
	49,568	61,041
		

20. PARENT UNDERTAKING

The company is a wholly owned subsidiary of Potain SA, a company incorporated in France. The ultimate parent undertaking is Legris Industries SA, a company incorporated in France. The results for the year have been included in the group accounts prepared by these companies. Copies are available from the registered office noted on page 1.

21. SUBSIDIARY UNDERTAKING

The company has a subsidiary undertaking, Potain (Ireland) Limited, a company incorporated in Ireland. The company is not required to prepare group accounts in accordance with section 228 of the Companies Act 1985. The accounts present information about the company as an individual undertaking and not about its group.