ROBERT HITCHINS LIMITED

REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 MARCH 2018

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ROBERT HITCHINS LIMITED STRATEGIC REPORT YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2018

The directors present the Strategic Report of Robert Hitchins Limited for the year ended 31 March 2018.

REVIEW OF THE BUSINESS IN THE YEAR

The directors consider operating profit to be the key measure of performance of the business.

The year to 31 March 2018 shows an operating profit of £10.9m compared to a profit of £13.6m last year. While revenues have increased over the previous year, this has included the disposal of older commercial properties at low margin – this is seen by the board as a positive step to reducing the risk of the portfolio. The company has continued to develop its business and trade profitably following the year end.

The company's profit performance in the year was underpinned by four significant land sales and a continuing steady stream of rental income from commercial properties.

POSITION OF THE COMPANY'S BUSINESS AT THE END OF THE YEAR

The company's position continues to improve as demand for housing in the wider economy increases, despite the problems caused by planning authorities. In the commercial sector there has been a noticeable increase in enquiries for space which the company is well placed to be able to serve due to its diverse property stock. However the uncertainty caused by the Brexit vote has made it more difficult to get deals to completion.

PRINCIPAL RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES FACING THE BUSINESS

The principal risk facing the company at the current time is the achievement of planning permission for its larger residential sites. The company continues to work closely with local councils to achieve the best outcomes for all concerned parties. In the year planning consent was received for two significant sites owned by the company which will underpin profits for the next few years.

The level of borrowings and interest rates are kept under review by the directors with a view to managing finance charges and interest risk. The company has engaged in interest rate swaps to further minimise risk.

The company is exposed to a potential downturn in the economic fortunes of the country. However it has a broad range of land holdings suitable for a number of uses and is modernising and diversifying its commercial portfolio; this diversity minimises the impact of the economic cycle.

Approved by the board on 5 December 2018

J C Hitchins

Director

ROBERT HITCHINS LIMITED DIRECTORS' REPORT YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2018

The directors present their report and financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2018.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The principal activities of the company are property development, management and contracting.

RESULTS AND DIVIDEND

The financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2018 show a profit after tax of £8,169,616 (2017: £9,364,060). The profit is attributable mainly to land sales in the year and the write-up of land stocks where planning consent has been obtained. The directors paid a dividend on the preference shares of £2,800 (2017: £2,800) and paid an interim dividend on the ordinary shares of £1,000,000 in the year. A final dividend is proposed of £1,000,000 (2017: £Nil).

DIRECTORS

The following have served as directors during the year and are considered to be the key management of the company:

J R Hitchins

(Chairman)

S R Hitchins

J C Hitchins

A J Hill

J J S Dunley

G R Jeynes

S J Tothill

None of the directors had any interest in the share capital of the company.

STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES

The directors are responsible for preparing the Strategic Report, the Directors' Report and the Financial Statements in accordance with applicable laws and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards) and applicable law.

Under company law, the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to assume that the company will continue in business.

ROBERT HITCHINS LIMITED DIRECTORS' REPORT (Continued) YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2018

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

AUDIT

In the case of each of the persons who are directors at the time this report is approved:

- so far as that director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditor is unaware, and
- he has taken all the steps that he ought to have taken as a director in order to make himself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditor is aware of that information.

AUDITORS

On 25 June 2018 the auditors, Crowe Clark Whitehill LLP, changed their name to Crowe U.K. LLP. Crowe U.K. LLP are deemed to be reappointed in accordance with section 485 of the Companies Act 2006 by virtue of an elective resolution passed by the members.

By Order of the Board

J J S Dunley

Director

54 December 2018

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF ROBERT HITCHINS LIMITED

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Robert Hitchins Limited (the "company") for the year ended 31 March 2018 which comprise the statement of comprehensive income, the balance sheet, the statement of changes in equity and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

In our opinion, the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 March 2018 and of its profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice;
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the ISAs (UK) require us to report to you where:

- the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is not appropriate; or
- the directors have not disclosed in the financial statements any identified material uncertainties that
 may cast significant doubt about the company's ability to continue to adopt the going concern basis
 of accounting for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the financial statements are
 authorised for issue.

Other information

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF ROBERT HITCHINS LIMITED (CONTINUED)

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

Opinion on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion based on the work undertaken in the course of our audit

- the information given in the strategic report and the directors' report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the strategic report and the directors' report have been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the strategic report or the directors' report.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept by the company, or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- · certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit

Responsibilities of directors

As explained more fully in the directors' responsibilities statement, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF ROBERT HITCHINS LIMITED

Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditor's report.



Matthew Stallabrass
Senior Statutory Auditor
For and on behalf of
Crowe U.K. LLP
Statutory Auditor

10 Salisbury Square, London

ODecember 2018

ROBERT HITCHINS LIMITED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2018

	Notes	2018 £	2017 £
TURNOVER	1(c)	39,687,184	23,701,459
Cost of sales		(25,223,591)	(7,282,326)
GROSS PROFIT		14,463,593	16,419,133
Other operating income	3	2,269,028	2,197,350
Administrative expenses		(5,843,244)	(5,014,293)
OPERATING PROFIT		10,889,377	13,602,190
Interest receivable		460,363	398,984
Finance charges	7	(1,149,272)	(2,200,539)
PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAXATION	4	10,200,468	11,800,635
Tax charge on profit on ordinary activities	6	(2,030,852)	(2,436,575)
PROFIT AFTER TAXATION		8,169,616	9,364,060
Gain/(loss) on pension fund liability	20	39,000	(301,000)
COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR		8,208,616	9,063,060

All amounts relate to continuing operations.

All of the comprehensive income for the year is attributable to the owners of the company.

The related notes 1 to 20 form an integral part of these financial statements

ROBERT HITCHINS LIMITED BALANCE SHEET 31 MARCH 2018

		•	
	Notes	2018 £	2017 £
FIXED ASSETS		~	~
Tangible	8	1,066,912	1,119,934
Investments	9	39,894,980	38,657,814
Debtors due in more than one year	11	11,065,733	
		52,027,625	39,777,748
CURRENT ASSETS			
Stocks	10	65,266,851	72,275,227
Debtors	11	51,527,984	39,958,073
Cash		16,097	3,272,458
	•	116,810,932	115,505,758
CREDITORS: amounts falling due within one year	12	(43,000,554)	(44,259,564)
NET CURRENT ASSETS		73,810,378	71,246,194
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES		125,838,003	111,023,942
CREDITORS: amounts falling due in more than one year	13	(22,369,500)	(13,492,812)
DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS	13	(3,160,163)	(4,392,406)
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES AND CHARGES	14	(25,144)	(25,144)
NET ASSETS EXCLUDING PENSION LIABILITY		100,283,196	93,113,580
PENSION LIABILITY	20	(1,035,000)	(1,074,000)
NET ASSETS		99,248,196	92,039,580
CAPITAL AND RESERVES			
Called up equity share capital	15	12,000	12,000
Profit and loss account	16	99,236,196	92,027,580
SHAREHOLDER'S FUNDS		99,248,196	92,039,580

Approved and authorised for issue by the Board on \mathcal{S}^{A} December 2018 and signed on their behalf by:

J C Hitchins Director

The related notes 1 to 20 form an integral part of these financial statements

ROBERT HITCHINS LIMITED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY 31 MARCH 2018

	Share Capital £	Profit & Loss Account £	Total £
As at 1 April 2016	12,000	82,964,520	82,976,520
Comprehensive income for the year	-	9,063,060	9,063,060
At 31 March 2017	12,000	92,027,580	92,039,580
Comprehensive income for the year	-	7,208,616	7,208,616
At 31 March 2018	12,000	99,236,196	99,248,196

The related notes 1 to 20 form an integral part of these financial statements

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

a) Basis of Accounting

Robert Hitchins Limited is a company registered in England & Wales with number 686734. Its registered office is The Manor, Boddington, Cheltenham, GL51 0TJ. The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, as modified for the revaluation of certain assets, and in accordance with applicable United Kingdom accounting standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102, and the Companies Act 2006. The financial statements present information about the company as individual undertaking and not about its group. The company is exempt from preparing consolidated financial statements on the grounds that it is wholly owned by an EU registered company, The Robert Hitchins Group Limited, which itself produces consolidated financial statements.

b) Going Concern

The financial statements are presented on a going concern basis. In assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, the directors have taken into consideration all available information relating to the 12 month period from the date of approval of these financial statements, including current and future trading and cash flow forecasts.

c) Turnover

Turnover consists of sales of land and other property and excludes VAT. The majority of sales are made in the UK. Sales are accounted for on unconditional exchange of contracts or according to the value of work performed on long term contracts.

d) Tangible Fixed Assets

Tangible fixed assets are depreciated over their anticipated useful economic lives, with the exception of freehold land and those freehold buildings on which residual value is anticipated to be greater than cost, at the following rates:

Leasehold buildings

- over period of the lease

Computers, plant and machinery

- 15% to 25% per annum

Motor vehicles

- 25% per annum

Fixtures and fittings

- 15% per annum

e) Stock

Land is valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Work-in-progress and completed buildings are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value, less cash received on account. Cost includes materials, sub contract labour and applicable overheads.

f) Deferred Taxation

Full provision is made for deferred tax, at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which the timing differences are expected to reverse, based on the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantially enacted at the balance sheet date, in respect of timing differences which have arisen but not reversed at the balance sheet date. Timing differences are differences between the company's taxable profits and its results as stated in the financial statements. Deferred tax is measured on a non-discounted basis.

No provision is made for deferred tax assets unless their recoverability is regarded as more likely than not.

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

q) Pension Costs

Pension costs are charged to the profit and loss account to spread the costs over the average remaining service lives of employees. The pension scheme is a multi-employer defined benefit scheme and the company is unable to identify its share of the underlying assets and liabilities. A full actuarial valuation of the scheme was carried out as at 1 June 2015 and updated to 31 March 2018. FRS 102 disclosure for the Group Pension Scheme is provided in note 20 and shows a deficit in the scheme of £1,035,000 (2017: £1,074,000).

h) Provision for liabilities and charges

Provision is made for liabilities judged likely to arise in respect of minor and major repairs associated with properties constructed by the company. The amount of the provision is estimated by reference to previous experience of repair work required on similar buildings.

i) Long term contracts

The value of long term contracts is based on recoverable costs plus corresponding profit. As projects reach stages where it is considered that their outcome can be reasonably foreseen, appropriate proportions of the expected total profit are brought into the financial statements. Amounts recoverable on long term contracts are included in debtors and payments on account in excess of amounts recoverable on long term contracts are included in creditors. Provision is made for all known and anticipated losses.

i) Derivative financial instruments

Derivative financial instruments are recognised at fair value with any gains or losses being reported in profit or loss. Outstanding derivatives at the balance sheet date are included in note 13.

2. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS

In preparing these financial statements the Directors are required to make certain estimates and judgements. In their opinion there are two areas where such estimates and judgements may have a material effect:

- i) Valuation of land holdings within stock the group holds land at different stages in its development cycle. The valuation of these holdings is subjective in nature but is generally based on the directors' opinion of the open market value of each site where it is below cost. In reaching this opinion the directors are advised by members of the key management team who are members of the Royal Institute of Chartered Surveyors.
- ii) Valuation of investments the company holds investments in subsidiaries and associated companies. The directors review the accounts of these companies in determining whether the carrying value of the investment is appropriate.

3.	OTHER OPERATING INCOME	2018 £	2017 £
	Rent receivable (net) (Loss)/profit on disposal of tangible fixed assets Miscellaneous income	2,213,218 (759) 56,569	2,140,361 35,077 21,912
		2,269,028	2,197,350

4.	PRO	OFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAXATION	2018 £	2017 £
	ls st	ated after charging:	~	~
	Dep	reciation	100,177	87,490
		tor's remuneration	26,018	37,550
		I remuneration of:	4 505 042	4 044 506
		irectors est payable	1,505,843	1,211,526
		n bank overdrafts and loans	2,378,715	2,721,270
	M	ovement in mark to market adjustment	(1,232,243)	(523,531)
	Fees	s to the company's auditors for non-audit services were:		
	Se	ervices relating to taxation compliance	40,000	15,218
	0	ther taxation advisory services	9,200	15,258
5.	EME	PLOYEE INFORMATION		
5.	CIVIE	LOTEE INFORMATION	2018	2017
	(a)	Staff Costs (including directors)	£	£
		Aggregate gross wages and salaries	2,875,795	2,291,649
		Employer's National Insurance Contributions	388,894	304,868
		Employer's Pension Costs	120,265	152,901
			3,384,954	2,749,418
	•	The average number of persons (including directors) employ year was 44 (2017: 43), being employed in:	red by the compa	ny during the
		year was 44 (2017: 45), being employed in.	2018	2017
			No.	No.
		Property development and contracting	25	24
		Finance, administration and other	19	19
			44	43
	b)	Directors' Emoluments (excluding pension costs)	£	£
	·	Highest paid director	503,197	350,182
		The number of directors accruing benefits under group pensi		
			No.	No.
		Defined benefit scheme	1	11
		Defined contribution scheme	2	2
	٠.	Contain amplement and directors are recorded of The De		D i

- c) Certain employees and directors are members of The Robert Hitchins Group Pension Scheme, a multi-employer defined benefit scheme. Contributions to the scheme are determined by qualified actuaries on the basis of triennial valuations. The last actuarial valuation was carried out as at 1 June 2015 and updated to 31 March 2018. Further details of the scheme are set out in note 20.
- **d)** Certain directors are members of The Robert Hitchins Group Executive Pension Scheme, a small self-administered defined contribution scheme.

TA	X ON PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES	2018 £	2017 £
a)	The taxation charge comprises:		
	UK Corporation tax Compensation for losses surrendered to/(by)	1,358,157	1,403,366
	group undertakings	420,950	464,850
	Deferred taxation (see c below)	203,701	475,964
	Over/ under provision for prior years	48,044	92,395
	Total tax charge/(credit) in year	2,030,852	2,436,575
b)	Factors affecting the tax charge for the year		
	Profit/(loss) on ordinary activities before taxation	10,200,468	11,800,635
	Profit/(loss) on ordinary activities multiplied by standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19% (2017: 20%)	1,938,089	2,360,127
	Effects of :		
	Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	17,492	8,834
	Income not taxable for tax purposes	(225,362)	-
	FRS102 adjustments	234,126	(34,893
	Prior year adjustments	48,044	92,395
	Transfer pricing	42,429	9,229
	Other adjustments	(23,966)	883
	Current tax charge/(credit)	2,030,852	2,436,575
c)	Deferred taxation movement in the year		
	At 1 April 2017		778,877
	Charge for the year		(203,701)
	At 31 March 2018		575,176
	The deferred taxation asset is included in debtors.		
d)	Deferred taxation	2018 £	2017 £
	Accelerated capital allowances	36,011	29,488
	Revaluation of financial derivatives	537,228	746,709
	Short term timing differences	1,937	2,680
		575,176	778,877
FIN	ANCE CHARGES	2018	201
- ^^	(O D - C D - C D - C D - C D - C D - C - D -	£	0.00
	6 Cumulative Preference shares dividend paid	2,800	2,80
Ban	k interest payable	2,378,715 (1,232,243)	4,721,27 (2,523,53
Mar			
Mov	ement in mark to market adjustment	1,149,272	2,200,53

8.	TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS Cost	Total £	Freehold Land and buildings £	Fixtures and Fittings £	Computers Plant and Machinery £	Motor
	At 1 April 2017 Additions Disposals	2,677,135 61,713 (58,818)	937,314	373,939 476	782,824 4,146	•
	At 31 March 2018	2,680,030	937,314	374,415	786,970	
,	Depreciation At 1 April 2017 Charge for the year Disposals At 31 March 2018 Net book values 31 March 2018	1,557,201 100,177 (44,260) 1,613,118	937,314	371,770 970 - - 372,740 1,675	760,222 11,427 771,649	87,780 (44,260) 468,729
	31 March 2017	1,119,934	937,314	2,169	22,602	157,849
9.	INVESTMENTS At 1 April 2017 Additions			·		£ 38,657,814 1,237,166
	At 31 March 2018					39,894,980

The following UK subsidiary undertakings, with a cost of £4,524,549, are 100% owned by the company and each of the trading entities has the same registered office as the company:

Name	Principal activity

Urban and Regional Property Services Limited
Eastern Business Park Limited
Cheltenham Office Park Limited
Grovefield Car Parking Limited
St. Mellons 2 Limited
Castlegate Business Park Limited
Robert Hitchins Investment Properties Limited
Property investment and management
Dormant
Property investment and management
Property investment and management

The Company owns a controlling 80.33% (2017 - 77.72%) interest in the share capital of Bahia del Almanzora SL, a Spanish company which owns land and property in Southern Spain.

The company holds a 14.6% interest in its associate Desert Springs SL, a golf and leisure development in the Almanzora Valley, Spain. This Spanish company has an accounting date of 31 December and its results are included in the consolidated group accounts. The carrying value of this investment is reviewed each year for appropriateness.

10.	STOCKS	2018	2017
		£	£
	Land	27,657,006	33,727,698
	Work in progress	15,521,615	12,022,127
	Completed buildings	22,088,230	26,525,402
		65,266,851	72,275,227
11.	DEBTORS	2018	2017
		£	£
	Trade debtors	12,997,780	6,119,016
	Amounts owed by group undertakings	19,761,970	18,640,204
	Amounts owed by related undertakings	16,071,285	13,113,178
	Other debtors	802,955	891,919
	Taxation and social security	966,488	-
	Deferred tax	575,176	778,877
	Prepayments and accrued income	352,330	414,879
		51,527,984	39,958,073

Trade debtors above includes £8,930,128 of future instalments on land sales not yet due. These amounts are secured either on the land sold or by promissory notes. A further £11,065,733 of such payments due in more than year are shown within fixed assets.

12.	CREDITORS: amounts falling due within one year	2018 £	2017 £
	Bank loans and overdrafts (secured on stocks)	808,333	14,262,500
	Trade creditors	2,968,577	1,010,138
	Amounts owed to group undertakings	13,116,154	13,156,848
	Amounts owed to associated undertakings	-	655,146
	Other creditors	90,000	52,877
	Corporation tax	1,026,736	1,373,822
	Taxation and social security	-	86,076
	Accruals and deferred income	24,990,754	13,662,157
		43,000,554	44,259,564

The bank overdraft carried an interest rate of 3.0% or 2.75% over base rate during the year.

The bank loans due in less than one year in 2017 were refinanced with Lloyds Bank plc on 31 July 2018 for a 3 year term.

13.	CREDITORS: amounts falling due after more than one year	2018 £	2017 £
	50,000 5.6% Cumulative Preference shares of £1 each Bank loans (secured on stocks)	50,000 22,319,500	50,000 13,442,812
	•	22,369,500	13,492,812
	Derivative financial instruments	3,160,163	4,392,406
•		25,529,663	17,885,218

The bank loans bore interest at between 2.45% and 4.0% over LIBOR during the year.

'Derivative financial instruments' represents the mark to market valuation for the company's interest rate swaps which expire in 2019, 2020 and 2023.

14. PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES AND CHARGES

	Provision for maintenance and repairs on completed properties	9	£
	At 1 April 2017		25,144
	Movement in the year		
	At 31 March 2018		25,144
15.	SHARE CAPITAL		
	Equity:	2018 £	2017 £
	Authorised, allotted and fully paid:		~
	1,000 Ordinary shares of £1 each	1,000	1,000
	11,000 Deferred shares of £1 each	11,000	11,000
		12,000	12,000
	Non-equity:		
	50,000 5.6% Cumulative Preference shares of £1 each	50,000	50,000

In accordance with FRS 102 non-equity share capital has been classified as long term liabilities (note 13)

16. MOVEMENT ON COMPANY RESERVES

	Profit & Loss Account £
At 1 April 2017	92,027,580
Comprehensive income for the financial year	8,208,616
Dividends paid to ordinary members	(1,000,000)
At 31 March 2018	99,236,196

17. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The company is exposed to 3 principal types of risk – interest rate, foreign exchange and liquidity. Each is managed differently as follows:

- i) Interest rate risk is managed by taking out fixed rate swaps against the floating rate bank debt. The company currently has £20.4m of debt subject to such swaps. Under FRS 102 these swaps are valued annually at their fair market value and any movement is reflected in the interest charge for the year.
 - The market value adjustment recorded in the current year's accounts was a benefit of £1,232,243 (2017: £2,523,531 including a £2m cash payment made). The fair value adjustment in the balance sheet in creditors currently stands at £3,160,163.
- ii) The company is exposed to foreign exchange risk through its ownership of certain assets in Spain. This exposure cannot be effectively managed as there is no certainty when the investments will be realised. Investments and loans to the Spanish businesses are denominated in sterling and therefore there is no valuation risk to the balance sheet.
- iii) The company is subject to liquidity risk as a significant proportion of its revenues are by their nature large and irregular. While the company generally expects to meets its financial obligations through operational cashflows, it maintains revolving credit facilities with its banks and manages its cashflow projections throughout the year on a weekly basis.

FINANCIAL ASSETS AND LIABILITIES	2018 £	2017 £
Financial assets at cost less impairment	39,894,980	38,657,814
Other financial assets at cost	60,699,723	38,764,317
Financial liabilities at fair value	3,160,163	4,392,406
Debt instruments at amortised cost	23,003,500	27,800,000
Other financial liabilities at cost	16,174,731	14,822,132

18. ULTIMATE PARENT UNDERTAKING

The company's ultimate parent undertaking is Bay Group Limited, a company incorporated in Bermuda.

19. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The company transacts business with its immediate parent undertaking The Robert Hitchins Group Limited and its other subsidiary undertakings. These transactions are not disclosed as they are eliminated in the consolidated financial statements of the immediate parent undertaking available from the Registrar of Companies, Cardiff.

The company had outstanding loans of £15,371,800 (2017: £12,687,141) due from Desert Springs SL, an associated company. Interest of £459,659 was charged in the year (2017: £398,984).

The company has entered a set-off agreements with its banks under which it has pledged its property assets to secure the banking liabilities of certain other group undertakings.

20. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION SCHEME

a) Latest actuarial valuation

The company is the principal employer in the group operated defined benefit scheme in the UK. A full actuarial valuation was carried out as at 1 June 2015.

b) FRS 102 information

The valuation of the scheme is reassessed as at 31 March each year by a qualified independent actuary for the purposes of the financial reporting standard FRS102. The major assumptions used by the actuary were:

	At 31 March	At 31 March	
	2018	2017	
Rate of increase in salaries	2.9%	2.9%	
Rate of increase in pensions in payment	2.4%	2.4%	
Discount Rate	2.7%	2.6%	
Inflation	3.4%	3.4%	
Life expectancy for 65 year old male (years)	22.1	22.2	
Life expectancy for 65 year old female (years)	24.0	24.3	

The assumptions used by the actuary are the best estimates chosen from a range of possible actuarial assumptions which, due to the timescale covered, may not necessarily be borne out in practice.

The amounts recognised in the balance sheet are as follows:		
	Value at 31	Value at 31
	March 2018 £000	March 2017 £000
•	2000	2000
Present value of funded obligations	(10,225)	(10,116)
Fair value of plan assets	9,190	9,042
Net (liability)	(1,035)	(1,074)
Represented in the balance sheet as:		
Liabilities	(1,035)	(1,074)
Assets	-	-
Net (liability)/assets	(1,035)	(1,074)
The amounts recognised in the profit and loss are as follows:		
	Value at 31	Value at 31
	March 2018`	March 2017
	£000	£000
Current service cost	58	67
Interest on obligation	264	287
Expected return on plan assets	(234)	(261)
Total	88	93
Actual return on plan assets	209 -	1,378
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20. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION SCHEME (Continued)

Changes in the present value of the defined benefit obligation are as follows:

	Value at 31 March 2018 £000	Value at 31 March 2017 £000
Opening defined benefit obligation	10,116	8,445
Service cost	58	67
Interest cost	264	287
Actuarial losses/(gains) - Change in assumptions	(325)	1,469
Actuarial losses/(gains) - Liability experience	254	(53)
Benefits paid	(142)	(99)
Closing defined benefit obligation	10,225	10,116
Changes in the fair value of plan assets are as follows:	£000	£000
Opening value of plan assets	9,042	7,672
Expected return	234	261
Actuarial gains and (losses)	(25)	1,117
Contributions by employer	50	. 56
Contributions by members	31	35
Benefits paid	(142)	(99)
Total ·	9,190	9,042

The company expects to contribute £61,000 (2017: £54,000) to its defined benefit pension plan in the year to 31 March 2018.

Major categories of plan assets (as a percentage of total plan assets)	Value at 31 March 2018	Value at 31 March 2017
Equity	19%	8%
Property	30%	35%
Fixed interest	36%	34%
Index linked	13%	13%
Cash	2%	10%

Amounts for the current and previous 4 periods are as follows:

Amounts for the current and previous 4 periods are as follows.					
	Value at 31 March				
	2018 £'000	2017 £'000	2015 £'000	2014 £'000	2013 £'000
Defined benefit obligation	(10,225)	(10,116)	(8,445)	(9,139)	(6,851)
Plan assets	9,190	9,042	7,672	7,650	6,536
Surplus/ (deficit) Experience adjustments on plan	(1,035)	(1,074)	(773)	(1,489)	(315)
liabilities Experience adjustments on plan	(71)	(1,416)	748	(1,948)	(26)
assets	(25)	1,117	(31)	719	44