ROBERT HITCHINS LIMITED

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REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 MARCH 2020

19/12/2020 COMPANIES HOUSE

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ROBERT HITCHINS LIMITED STRATEGIC REPORT YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

The directors present the Strategic Report of Robert Hitchins Limited for the year ended 31 March 2020.

REVIEW OF THE BUSINESS IN THE YEAR

The directors consider operating profit to be the key measure of performance of the business.

The year to 31 March 2020 shows an operating profit of £26.1m compared to £14.2m last year. This profit was underpinned by a large sale of land to a national housebuilder along with two smaller land parcels on serviced sites. The company has continued to develop its business and trade profitably following the year end.

POSITION OF THE COMPANY'S BUSINESS AT THE END OF THE YEAR

The Covid-19 pandemic broke at the end of the financial year and therefore had little impact on the revenue side of the business. The company took a cautious approach in valuing its property and development stock at year end, but the market remains optimistic about the future demand for housing. In the commercial sector, the steady improvement in enquiries for space during the year came to an abrupt halt with the onset of the Covid-19 outbreak in March. However due to the company's diverse property stock we believe we are well placed to be able to meet the new demand as the economy recovers and tenants reassess their property needs.

PRINCIPAL RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES FACING THE BUSINESS

The principal risk facing the company at the current time is a delay in the achievement of planning permission for its larger residential sites. The company continues to work closely with local councils to achieve the best outcomes for all concerned parties.

The company has weathered the Covid-19 storm well. While the ongoing situation is clearly causing significant uncertainty in the wider economy, construction is likely to lead the economy out of the recession and the company is well placed to take advantage of opportunities that arise. Rental collection has been steady at 98% throughout the pandemic, a remarkable achievement.

The level of borrowings and interest rates are kept under review by the directors with a view to managing finance charges and interest risk. The company has engaged in interest rate swaps to further minimise risk.

The company is exposed to a potential downturn in the economic fortunes of the country. However, it has a broad range of land holdings suitable for a number of uses and is modernising and diversifying its commercial portfolio; this diversity minimises the impact of the economic cycle.

DIRECTORS' DUTY TO PROMOTE THE SUCCESS OF THE COMPANY

Under Section 172(1) of the Companies Act the directors are required to engage with their members, employees and other stakeholders to ensure that their actions promote the long term strategic interests of the business. As a long-standing family company in Gloucestershire and the surrounding areas, the directors understand their role in the community and take this responsibility seriously.

The strategic objectives of the company are clear and well known to the company's members and employees. Many decisions made by the directors are to maintain the future prospects for the property portfolio such that the business is sustainable for the next decade. We work with our stakeholders to deliver high quality projects and developments which will enhance the communities in which they sit.

ROBERT HITCHINS LIMITED STRATEGIC REPORT (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

Engagement with Employees

The company has less than 50 staff and all are based in one location. While there are clear reporting lines through a departmental structure, all directors have an open door policy and dialogue is encouraged. Staff retention rates are very high and there are several staff with more than 30 years of service. Staff are rewarded through a number of bonus schemes which reflect both company and personal performance.

Engagement with Stakeholders

The nature of the company's business requires collaboration between our suppliers, ourselves and our customers. Without that engagement it is less likely that the company will be able to deliver the level of quality product that we have a reputation for. We maintain close links with construction companies, planning advisors, architects and housebuilders and actively seek to use suppliers based within the South West region to encourage the local economy.

Environment and Community

The directors are very conscious of the impact the company's activities have on the environment and the local community. Our developments are designed and constructed to at least meet, and usually exceed, any environmental standards required. Community recreation facilities and schools have been provided at many of our recently developed residential sites.

Approved by the board on 10th December 2020

J C Hitchins

Director

ROBERT HITCHINS LIMITED DIRECTORS' REPORT YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

The directors present their report and financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2020.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The principal activities of the company are property development, management and contracting.

RESULTS AND DIVIDEND

The financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2020 show a profit after tax of £20,516,142 (2019: £10,343,279). The profit is attributable mainly to serviced land sales in the year. The directors paid a dividend on the preference shares of £2,800 (2019: £2,800) and on the ordinary shares of £1,500,000 (2019: Nil) during the year. A final dividend is proposed of £2,000,000 (2019: £2,000,000).

DIRECTORS

The following have served as directors during the year and are considered to be the key management of the company:

J R Hitchins

(Chairman)

S R Hitchins

J C Hitchins

A J Hill

J J S Dunley

G R Jeynes

S J Tothill

None of the directors had any interest in the share capital of the company.

STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES

The directors are responsible for preparing the Strategic Report, the Directors' Report and the Financial Statements in accordance with applicable laws and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards) and applicable law.

Under company law, the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to assume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

ROBERT HITCHINS LIMITED DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

MANDATORY STREAMLINED ENERGY AND CARBON REPORTING (SECR)

The Company fulfils the statutory requirements for Streamlined Energy and Carbon Reporting which includes disclosure of the Company's carbon emissions. Under the Companies Act 2006 / SECR Regulations, 'Large' companies' are required to report their annual emissions in their Directors' report.

This Streamlined Energy and Carbon Reporting statement covers the reporting period 1st April 2019 to 31st March 2020 and has been prepared in line with the requirements of the Streamlined Energy and Carbon Reporting regulations and the relevant areas of the Greenhouse Gas ('GHG') Protocol Corporate Accounting and Reporting Standard.

Total energy consumption for 2019/20 was 2,200,049 kWh equating to 535.12 tCO₂e

Carbon intensity: Emissions of tCO2e/employee for 2019/20 was 12.44 tCO2e

AUDIT

In the case of each of the persons who are directors at the time this report is approved:

- so far as that director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditor is unaware; and
- he has taken all the steps that he ought to have taken as a director in order to make himself aware
 of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditor is aware of that
 information.

AUDITORS

Crowe U.K. LLP are deemed to be reappointed in accordance with section 485 of the Companies Act 2006 by virtue of an elective resolution passed by the members.

By Order of the Board

J J S Dunley

Director & Company Secretary

10th December 2020

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF ROBERT HITCHINS LIMITED

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Robert Hitchins Limited (the "company") for the year ended 31 March 2020 which comprise the statement of comprehensive income, the balance sheet, the statement of changes in equity and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

In our opinion, the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 March 2020 and of its profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice;
 and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the ISAs (UK) require us to report to you where:

- the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is not appropriate; or
- the directors have not disclosed in the financial statements any identified material uncertainties that
 may cast significant doubt about the company's ability to continue to adopt the going concern basis
 of accounting for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the financial statements are
 authorised for issue.

Other information

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF ROBERT HITCHINS LIMITED (CONTINUED)

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

Opinion on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion based on the work undertaken in the course of our audit:

- the information given in the strategic report and the directors' report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the strategic report and the directors' report have been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the strategic report or the directors' report.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept by the company, or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit

Responsibilities of directors

As explained more fully in the directors' responsibilities statement, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF ROBERT HITCHINS LIMITED

Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

Matthew Stallabrass

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Senior Statutory Auditor For and on behalf of

Crowe U.K. LLP Statutory Auditor 55 Ludgate Hill, London, EC4M 7JW

10th December 2020

ROBERT HITCHINS LIMITED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

		2020	2019
	Notes	£	£
TURNOVER	1(c)	48,743,887	61,218,491
Cost of sales		(21,295,364)	(43,556,579)
GROSS PROFIT		27,448,523	17,661,912
Other operating income	3	3,143,057	2,268,930
Dividends received		2,800,000	-
Administrative expenses		(6,120,866)	(5,715,262)
Write-down of investments		(1,144,299)	(5,715,262)
OPERATING PROFIT		26,126,415	14,215,580
Interest receivable		622,816	535, 100
Finance charges	7	(1,984,117)	(1,882,104)
PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAXATION	4	24,765,114	12,868,576
Tax charge on profit on ordinary activities	6	(4,248,972)	(2,525,297)
PROFIT AFTER TAXATION		20,516,142	10,343,279
Gain/(loss) on pension fund liability	20	474,000	(58,000)
COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR		20,990,142	10,285,279

All amounts relate to continuing operations.

All of the comprehensive income for the year is attributable to the owners of the company.

The related notes 1 to 20 form an integral part of these financial statements

ROBERT HITCHINS LIMITED BALANCE SHEET 31 MARCH 2020

•	Notes	2020	2019
FIVED ACCETS		£	£
FIXED ASSETS	0	070 074	4 074 005
Tangible	8 9	978,974	1,971,335
Investments	9 11	38,733,955 25,105,679	39,878,254 25,884,353
Debtors due in more than one year	11	25,105,679	25,664,353
		64,818,608	67,733,942
CURRENT ASSETS			
Stocks	10	83,407,829	74,671,188
Debtors	11	86,912,103	70,147,840
Cash		1,055,627	6,986,652
		171,375,559	151,805,680
CREDITORS: amounts falling due within one year	12	(84,534,255)	(83,082,643)
NET CURRENT ASSETS		86,841,304	68,723,037
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES		151,659,912	136,456,979
CREDITORS: amounts falling due in more than one year	13	(19,142,509)	(22,956,009)
DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS	13	(2,849,642)	(2,849,351)
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES AND CHARGES	14	(25,144)	(25,144)
NET ASSETS EXCLUDING PENSION LIABILITY		129,642,617	110,626,475
PENSION LIABILITY	20	(619,000)	(1,093,000)
NET ASSETS		129,023,617	109,533,475
CAPITAL AND RESERVES			
Called up equity share capital	15	12,000	12,000
Profit and loss account	16	129,011,617	109,521,475
SHAREHOLDER'S FUNDS		129,023,617	109,533,475

Approved and authorised for issue by the Board on 10th December 2020 and signed on their behalf by:

J C Hitchins Director

The related notes 1 to 20 form an integral part of these financial statements

ROBERT HITCHINS LIMITED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY 31 MARCH 2020

	Share Capital £	Profit & Loss Account £	Total £
As at 1 April 2018	12,000	99,236,196	99,248,196
Comprehensive income for the year Dividends paid	-	10,285,279 -	10,285,279 -
At 31 March 2019	12,000	109,521,475	109,533,475
Comprehensive income for the year Dividends paid	-	20,990,142 (1,500,000)	20,990,142 (1,500,000)
At 31 March 2020	12,000	129,011,617	129,023,617

The related notes 1 to 20 form an integral part of these financial statements

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

a) Basis of Accounting

Robert Hitchins Limited is a company registered in England & Wales with number 686734. Its registered office is The Manor, Boddington, Cheltenham, GL51 0TJ. The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, as modified for the revaluation of certain assets, and in accordance with applicable United Kingdom accounting standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102, and the Companies Act 2006. The financial statements present information about the company as individual undertaking and not about its group. The company is exempt from preparing consolidated financial statements on the grounds that it is wholly owned by an EU registered company, The Robert Hitchins Group Limited, which itself produces consolidated financial statements.

Under FRS 102 section 7, the company is exempt from the requirement to prepare a cashflow statement on the grounds that its parent undertaking includes the company in its own published consolidated financial statements.

b) Going Concern

The financial statements are presented on a going concern basis. In assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, the directors have taken into consideration all available information relating to the 12 month period from the date of approval of these financial statements, including current and future trading, cash flow forecasts and the fact that the Lloyds banking facilities are currently being renegotiated as disclosed in note 12.

c) Turnover

Turnover consists of sales of land and other property and excludes VAT. The majority of sales are made in the UK. Sales are accounted for on unconditional exchange of contracts or according to the value of work performed on long term contracts. Where the company recognises receipts that are deferred beyond normal business terms, the financial asset is measured as the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Revenue is recognised on the discounted amount and the discount as interest income as it is unwound.

d) Tangible Fixed Assets

Tangible fixed assets are depreciated over their anticipated useful economic lives, with the exception of freehold land and those freehold buildings on which residual value is anticipated to be greater than cost, at the following rates:

Computers, plant and machinery

- 15% to 25% per annum

Motor vehicles

- 25% per annum

Fixtures and fittings

- 15% per annum

e) Stock

Land is valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Work-in-progress and completed buildings are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value, less cash received on account. Cost includes materials, sub contract labour and applicable overheads.

f) Pension Costs

Pension costs are charged to the profit and loss account to spread the costs over the average remaining service lives of employees. The pension scheme is a multi-employer defined benefit scheme and the company is unable to identify its share of the underlying assets and liabilities. A full actuarial valuation of the scheme was carried out as at 1 June 2018 and updated to 31 March 2020. FRS 102 disclosure for the Group Pension Scheme is provided in note 20 and shows a deficit in the scheme of £629,000 (2019: £1,093,000).

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

g) Deferred taxation

Full provision is made for deferred tax, at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which the timing differences are expected to reverse, based on the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantially enacted at the balance sheet date, in respect of timing differences which have arisen but not reversed at the balance sheet date. Timing differences are differences between the company's taxable profits and its results as stated in the financial statements. Deferred tax is measured on a non-discounted basis.

No provision is made for deferred tax assets unless their recoverability is regarded as more likely than not.

h) Provision for liabilities and charges

Provision is made for liabilities judged likely to arise in respect of minor and major repairs associated with properties constructed by the company. The amount of the provision is estimated by reference to previous experience of repair work required on similar buildings.

i) Long term contracts

The value of long term contracts is based on recoverable costs plus corresponding profit. As projects reach stages where it is considered that their outcome can be reasonably foreseen, appropriate proportions of the expected total profit are brought into the financial statements. Amounts recoverable on long term contracts are included in debtors and payments on account in excess of amounts recoverable on long term contracts are included in creditors. Provision is made for all known and anticipated losses.

j) Derivative financial instruments

Derivative financial instruments are recognised at fair value with any gains/losses reported in profit or loss. Outstanding derivatives at the balance sheet date are included in note 13.

k) Financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities include trade and other payables, bank loans and loans from fellow group companies. They are initially recognised at transaction price, unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of future payments discounted at a market rate of interest. Debt instruments are subsequently carried at amortised cost.

2. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS

In preparing these financial statements the Directors are required to make certain estimates and judgements. In their opinion there are two areas where such estimates and judgements may have a material effect:

- Valuation of land holdings within stock the group holds land at different stages in its development cycle. The valuation of these holdings is subjective in nature but is generally based on the directors' opinion of the open market value of each site where it is below cost. Two directors are members of the Royal Institute of Chartered Surveyors and the board additionally uses external valuations when available. Judgements this year were more uncertain due to the unknown impact of the Covid-19 pandemic.
- ii) Valuation of investments the company holds investments in subsidiaries and associated companies. The directors review the accounts of these companies in determining whether the carrying value of the investment is appropriate.

3.	ОТН	IER OPERATING INCOME	2020 £	2019 £
		t receivable (net) it on disposal of tangible fixed assets	2,002,622 1,076,981	2,146,861
		cellaneous income	63,454	122,069
			3,143,057	2,268,930
4.	PRO	FIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAXATION	2020 £	2019 £
	ls st	ated after charging:	~	~
	Dep	reciation	94,679	62,741
		tor's remuneration	45,189	43,387
	D	I remuneration of: irectors est payable	1,712,343	1,601,567
		n bank overdrafts and loans	1,967,220	2,175,344
		ovement in mark to market adjustment	291	(310,812)
	Fees	s to the company's auditors for non-audit services were:		
	S	ervices relating to taxation compliance	46,953	43,565
	0	ther taxation advisory services	41,920	12,219
5.	EMF	PLOYEE INFORMATION		0040
	(a)	Staff Costs (including directors)	2020 £	2019 £
		Aggregate gross wages and salaries	3,369,559	3,029,662
		Employer's National Insurance Contributions	406,980	409,004
		Employer's Pension Costs	124,563	197,961
			3,901,102	3,636,627
		The average number of persons (including directors) employed year was 48 (2019: 45), being employed in:		
			2020 No.	2019 No.
		Property development, management and contracting	26	25
		Finance, legal, administration and other	22	
			48	45
	b)	Directors' Emoluments (excluding pension costs)	£	£
		Highest paid director	505,213	518,962
		The number of directors accruing benefits under group pension		
			No.	No.
		Defined benefit scheme	1	1
		Defined contribution scheme	2	2

5. EMPLOYEE INFORMATION (continued)

- c) Certain employees and directors are members of The Robert Hitchins Group Pension Scheme, a multi-employer defined benefit scheme. Contributions to the scheme are determined by qualified actuaries on the basis of triennial valuations. The last actuarial valuation was carried out as at 1 June 2018 and updated to 31 March 2020. Further details of the scheme are set out in note 20.
- **d)** Certain directors are members of The Robert Hitchins Group Executive Pension Scheme, a small self-administered defined contribution scheme.

6.	TAX	ON PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES	2020 £	2019 £
	a)	The taxation charge comprises:	L	٤
		UK Corporation tax Compensation for losses surrendered to/(by)	3,816,618	2,064,978
		group undertakings	509,678	405,514
		Deferred taxation (see c below)	(68,155)	53,981
		Over/ under provision for prior years	(9,169)	824
		Total tax charge in year	4,248,972	2,525,297
	b)	Factors affecting the tax charge for the year		
		Profit/(loss) on ordinary activities before taxation	24,765,114	12,868,576
		Profit/(loss) on ordinary activities multiplied by standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19% (2019: 19%)	4,705,372	2,445,029
		Effects of :		
		Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	223,093	17,904
		Chargeable gain	64,009	-
		Dividends received	(532,000)	-
		Prior year adjustments	(9,169)	824
		Transfer pricing	58,925	59,392
		Other fixed asset movements	(199,941)	-
		Other adjustments	(61,317)	2,148
		Current tax charge	4,248,972	<u>2,525,297</u>
	c)	Deferred taxation movement in the year		
		At 1 April 2019		521,195
		Charge for the year		68,155
		At 31 March 2020		589,350
		The deferred taxation asset is included in debtors.		
	d)	Deferred taxation	2020 £	2019 £
		Accelerated capital allowances	26,521	~ 34,758
		Revaluation of financial derivatives	541,432	484,390
		Short term timing differences	21,397	2,047
		•	589,350	521,195
		•		

						
7.	FINANCE CHARGES				2020 £	2019 £
	5.6% Cumulative Preference	shares divider	nd paid		2,800	2,800
	Bank interest payable		.a pa.a	1.	967,220	2,175,344
	Other interest payable			,	13,806	14,772
	Movement in mark to market	adjustment			291	(310,812)
				1	,984,117	1,882,104
8.	TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS		Freehold Land and	Fixtures and	Computers Plant and	Motor
		Total	buildings	Fittings	Machinery	Vehicles
	Cost	£	£	£	£	£
	At 1 April 2019	3,647,194	1,791,552	376,505	801,629	677,508
	Additions	278,390	121,513	7,159	18,729	130,989
	Disposals	(1,275,523)	(1,176,069)			(99,454)
	At 31 March 2020	2,650,061	736,996	383,664	820,358	709,043
	Depreciation			•		
	At 1 April 2019	1,675,859	-	373,360	780,667	521,832
	Charge for the year	94,679	-	1,220	9,430	84,029
	Disposals	(99,451)				(99,451)
	At 31 March 2020	1,671,087		374,580	790,097	506,410
	Net book values					
	31 March 2020	978,974	736,996	9,084	30,261	202,633
	31 March 2019	1,971,335	1,791,552	3,145	20,962	155,676
9.	INVESTMENTS					£
	At 1 April 2019					39,878,254
	Write-offs					(1,144,299)
					_	
	At 31 March 2020				-	38,733,955

The following UK subsidiary undertakings, with a cost of £4,524,549, are 100% owned by the company and each of the trading entities has the same registered office as the company:

Name	Principal activity
Urban and Regional Property Services Limited	Property management
Eastern Business Park Limited	Property investment and management
Cheltenham Office Park Limited	Property investment and management
Grovefield Car Parking Limited	Property development
St. Mellons 2 Limited	Dormant
Castlegate Business Park Limited	Property investment and management
Robert Hitchins Investment Properties Limited	Property investment and management
RH Kingsway No.1 Limited	Dormant
RH Kingsway No.2 Limited	Dormant

9. INVESTMENTS (continued)

The Company owns a controlling 80.33% (2019: 80.33%) interest in the share capital of Bahia del Almanzora SL, a Spanish company which owns land and property in Southern Spain.

The company holds a 14.6% interest in its associate Desert Springs SL, a golf and leisure development in the Almanzora Valley, Spain. This Spanish company has an accounting date of 31 December and its results are included in the consolidated group accounts. The carrying value of this investment is reviewed each year for appropriateness.

10.	STOCKS	2020	2019
		£	£
	Land	44,035,839	39,941,323
	Work in progress	20,157,365	13,863,601
	Completed buildings	19,214,625	20,866,264
		83,407,829	74,671,188
11.	DEBTORS	2020 £	2019 £
	Trade debtors	29,841,410	24,670,827
	Amounts owed by group undertakings	31,589,011	26,122,716
	Amounts owed by related undertakings	21,507,206	18,501,081
	Other debtors	879,528	-
	Taxation and social security	978,200	-
	Deferred tax	589,350	521,195
	Prepayments and accrued income	1,527,398	332,021
		86,912,103	70,147,840

Trade debtors above includes £25,792,135 (2019: £24,648,030) of future instalments on land sales not yet due. These amounts are secured either on the land sold or by promissory notes. A further £25,105,679 (2019: £25,884,353) of such payments due in more than year are shown within fixed assets having been discounted to current values.

12.	CREDITORS: amounts falling due within one year	2020 £	2019 £
	Bank loans and overdrafts (secured on stocks)	11,423,406	12,665,250
	Trade creditors	9,844,118	1,475,782
	Deferred income	37,128,459	31,858,236
	Amounts owed to group undertakings	11,180,625	14,267,215
	Other creditors	90,000	107,775
	Corporation tax	2,049,097	1,643,962
	Taxation and social security	-	9,381,768
	Accruals	12,818,550	11,682,655
		84,534,255	83,082,643

The bank overdraft carried an interest rate of 3.0% over base rate during the year. The bank loans due in less than one year in 2020 were extended by Lloyds Bank plc on 31 July 2020 for 6 months and heads of terms have been agreed for a further 3 year term.

13.	CREDITORS: amounts falling due after more than one year	2020 £	2019 £
	50,000 5.6% Cumulative Preference shares of £1 each	50,000	50,000
	Bank loans (secured on stocks)	11,949,750	5,963,000
	Other creditors	7,142,759	16,943,009
		19,142,509	22,956,009
	Derivative financial instruments	2,849,642	2,849,351
		21,992,151	25,805,360

The bank loans bore interest at between 2.75% and 3.5% over LIBOR during the year. The company had £2.75m of undrawn term facilities available at the year end date.

'Derivative financial instruments' represents the mark to market valuation for the company's interest rate swaps which expire in 2020, 2023 and 2024.

14. PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES AND CHARGES

	Provision for maintenance and repairs on completed properties		£
	At 1 April 2019		25,144
	Movement in the year		
	At 31 March 2020		25,144
15.	SHARE CAPITAL		
		2020	2019
	Equity:	£	£
	Authorised, allotted and fully paid:		
	1,000 Ordinary shares of £1 each	1,000	1,000
	11,000 Deferred shares of £1 each	11,000	11,000
		12,000	12,000
	Non-equity:		
	50,000 5.6% Cumulative Preference shares of £1 each	50,000	50,000

In accordance with FRS 102, non-equity share capital has been classified as long term liabilities (note 13)

16.	MOVEMENT ON COMPANY RESERVES	Profit & Loss Account £
	At 1 April 2019	109,521,475
	Comprehensive income for the financial year	20,990,142
	Dividends paid to ordinary members	(1,500,000)
	At 31 March 2020	129,011,617

17. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The company is exposed to 3 principal types of risk – interest rate, foreign exchange and liquidity. Each is managed differently as follows:

- i) Interest rate risk is managed by taking out fixed rate swaps against the floating rate bank debt. At year end the company had £18.8m of debt subject to such swaps. Under FRS 102 these swaps are valued annually at their fair market value and any movement is reflected in the interest charge for the year.
 - The market value adjustment recorded in the current year's accounts was a loss of £291 (2019 benefit: £310,812). The fair value adjustment in the balance sheet in creditors currently stands at £2,849,642.
- ii) The company is exposed to foreign exchange risk through its ownership of certain assets in Spain. This exposure cannot be effectively managed as there is no certainty when the investments will be realised. Investments and loans to the Spanish businesses are denominated in sterling and therefore there is no valuation risk to the balance sheet.
- iii) The company is subject to liquidity risk as a significant proportion of its revenues are by their nature large and irregular. While the company generally expects to meets its financial obligations through operational cashflows, it maintains revolving credit facilities with its banks and manages its cashflow projections throughout the year on a weekly basis.

FINANCIAL ASSETS AND LIABILITIES	2020 £	2019 £
Financial assets at cost less impairment	38,733,955	39,878,254
Other financial assets at cost	109,021,506	95,178,977

Included in Other financial assets at cost is an amount of £25,105,679 due in more than one year. This represents the present value of future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest of 3.75%

Financial liabilities at fair value	2,849,642	2,849,351
Debt instruments at amortised cost	23,549,156	18,804,250
Other financial liabilities at cost	21,024,743	25,232,540

18. ULTIMATE PARENT UNDERTAKING

The company's ultimate parent undertaking is Bay Group Limited, a company incorporated in Bermuda.

19. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The company transacts business with its immediate parent undertaking The Robert Hitchins Group Limited and its other subsidiary and fellow group undertakings. These transactions are not disclosed as they are eliminated in the consolidated financial statements of the immediate parent undertaking available from the Registrar of Companies, Cardiff.

The company had outstanding loans of £21,160,409 (2019: £18,087,565) due from Desert Springs SL, an associated company. Interest of £612,111 was charged in the year (2019: £535,100). The company also made a loan in November 2019 of £700,000 to Readyhome Limited, a related undertaking, on which interest on normal commercial terms of £10,705 was charged.

19. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (CONTINUED)

During the year the Company sold a number of properties to connected parties. A block of 6 residential flats was sold to Readyhome Limited, a company controlled by certain directors of the Company, for £1.5m as it was felt that this activity was not core to the Company's business. Additionally, three small cottages were sold to a director for £745,000. All properties were professionally valued before each sale to ensure that the prices were determined on an arm's length basis at market value.

The company has entered a set-off agreement with one of its banks under which it has pledged its property assets to secure the banking liabilities of certain other group undertakings.

20. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION SCHEME

a) Latest actuarial valuation

The company is the principal employer in the group operated defined benefit scheme in the UK. A full actuarial valuation was carried out as at 1 June 2018.

b) FRS 102 information

The valuation of the scheme is reassessed as at 31 March each year by a qualified independent actuary for the purposes of the financial reporting standard FRS102. The major assumptions used by the actuary were:

	At 31 March	At 31 March	
	2020	2019	
Rate of increase in salaries	2.5%	3.0%	
Rate of increase in pensions in payment	2.0%	2.5%	
Discount Rate	2.5%	2.5%	
Inflation	3.0%	3.5%	
Life expectancy for 65 year old male (years)	21.9	22.0	
Life expectancy for 65 year old female (years)	23.4	23.9	

The assumptions used by the actuary are the best estimates chosen from a range of possible actuarial assumptions which, due to the timescale covered, may not necessarily be borne out in practice.

The amounts recognised in the balance sheet are as follows:

The amounts recognised in the balance sheet are as follows:	Value at 31 March 2020 £000	Value at 31 March 2019 £000
Present value of funded obligations	(9,943)	(10,944)
Fair value of plan assets	9,324	9,851
Net (liability)	(619)	(1,093)
Represented in the balance sheet as:		
Liabilities	(619)	(1,093)
Assets	-	-
Net (liability)/assets	(619)	(1,093)

The amounts recognised in the profit and loss are as follows	S :
	Value at 31 March 2020
	£000
Current service cost	59
Interest on obligation	275
Expected return on plan assets	(246)

DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION SCHEME (continued)

20.

 Total
 88
 89

 Actual return on plan assets
 (402)
 737

Changes in the present value of the defined benefit obligation are as follows:

	Value at 31 March 2020 £000	Value at 31 March 2019 £000
Opening defined benefit obligation	10,944	10,225
Service cost	59	59
Interest cost	275	277
Actuarial losses/(gains) - Change in assumptions	(1,064)	582
Actuarial losses/(gains) - Liability experience	(54)	(38)
Benefits paid	(217)	(161)
Closing defined benefit obligation	9,943	10,944
Changes in the fair value of plan assets are as follows:	£000	£000
Opening value of plan assets	9,851	9,190
Expected return	246	247
Actuarial gains and (losses)	(647)	490
Contributions by employer	59	53
Contributions by members	32	32
Benefits paid	(217)	(161)
Total	9,324	9,851

The company expects to contribute £60,000 (2019: £58,000) to its defined benefit pension plan in the year to 31 March 2020.

Major categories of plan assets (as a percentage of total plan assets)	Value at 31 March 2020	Value at 31 March 2019
Equity	16%	20%
Property	11%	29%
Fixed interest	41%	35%
Index linked	14%	13%
Cash	18%	3%

Value at 31 March 2019

£000

(247)

59 277

20. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION SCHEME (continued)

Amounts for the current and previous 4 periods are as follows:

	Value at 31 March				
	2020 £'000	2019 £'000	2018 £'000	2017 £'000	2016 £'000
Defined benefit obligation	(9,943)	(10,944)	(10,225)	(10,116)	(8,445)
Plan assets	9,324	9,851	9,190	9,042	7,672
Surplus/ (deficit) Experience adjustments on plan	(619)	(1,093)	(1,035)	(1,074)	(773)
liabilities Experience adjustments on plan	1,118	(544)	71	(1,416)	748
assets	(647)	490	(25)	1,117	(31)