REGISTERED NUMBER: 00671508 (England and Wales)

Norman Caley Limited

Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 5th April 2021

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for the year ended 5th April 2021

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Norman Caley Limited

Company Information for the year ended 5th April 2021

DIRECTOR: T V Caley S Caley **SECRETARY: REGISTERED OFFICE:** The Old Farm West Newton Skirlaugh Hull East Yorkshire HU11 4LP 00671508 (England and Wales) **REGISTERED NUMBER: ACCOUNTANTS:** Smailes Goldie Limited **Chartered Accountants** Regent's Court Princess Street Hull East Yorkshire HU28BA

Balance Sheet

5th April 2021

		202	<u>:</u> 1	2020)
	Notes	£	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS					
Intangible assets	4		-		9,324
Tangible assets	5		1,443,842		1,110,873
Investment property	6		740,000		490,000
			2,183,842		1,610,197
CURRENT ASSETS					
Stocks		221,912		242,662	
Debtors	7	102,710		85.719	
Cash at bank and in hand	•	712,751		553,061	
		1,037,373	-	881,442	
CREDITORS		1,441,414		551,112	
Amounts falling due within one year	8	586,510	_	201,703	
NET CURRENT ASSETS			450,863	_	679,739
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT					
LIABILITIES			2,634,705		2,289,936
CREDITORS					
Amounts falling due after more than one					
year	9		(294,720)		(366,836)
year	J		(254,720)		(000,000)
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES			(196,384)		(156,626)
NET ASSETS			2,143,601		1,766,474
					, ,
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called up share capital			18,000		18,000
Revaluation reserve	11		591,267		388,767
Fair value reserve			-		7,553
Retained earnings			1,534,334		1,352,154
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			2,143,601		1,766,474

The company is entitled to exemption from audit under Section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 for the year ended 5th April 2021.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year ended 5th April 2021 in accordance with Section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The director acknowledges his responsibilities for:

- (a) ensuring that the company keeps accounting records which comply with Sections 386 and 387 of the Companies Act 2006 and
- (b) preparing financial statements which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at the end of each financial year and of its profit or loss for each financial year in accordance with the requirements of Sections 394 and 395 and which otherwise comply with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 relating to financial statements, so far as applicable to the company.

Balance Sheet - continued

5th April 2021

The financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

In accordance with Section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the Profit and Loss Account has not been delivered.

The financial statements were approved by the director and authorised for issue on 22nd December 2021 and were signed by:

T V Caley - Director

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 5th April 2021

1. STATUTORY INFORMATION

Norman Caley Limited is a private company, limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The company's registered number and registered office address can be found on the Company Information page.

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of preparing the financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with applicable accounting standards including Section 1a of Financial Reporting Standard 102 The Financial Reporting Standard Applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102) and the Companies Act 2006. The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis under the historical cost convention, modified to include certain items at fair value.

The significant accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all years presented unless otherwise stated.

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding discounts, rebates, value added tax and other sales taxes.

Intangible fixed assets

Basic Payment Scheme entitlements are initially recognised at cost and are amortised on a straight line basis over their expected useful life. At the reporting date, the expected useful life is 7 years, reflecting the 7 year period of benefit to be received via the Basic Payment Scheme. The Basic Payment Scheme commenced in 2015 and the cessation year was 2021.

Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost (or deemed cost) or valuation less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses. Cost includes costs directly attributable to making the asset capable of operating as intended.

Depreciation

Depreciation of fixed assets is charged by annual instalments commencing with the year of acquisition at rates estimated to write off their cost less any residual value over the expected useful lives.

The annual rates used are as follows:

Freehold property 2% reducing balance and 10% reducing balance, land not depreciated

Plant and machinery etc 20% reducing balance and 10% reducing balance

Government grants

The company receives government grants in respect of the Basic Payment Scheme, under Common Agricultural Policy. These grants are recognised at the fair value of the asset received or receivable when there is reasonable assurance that the company will comply with conditions attaching to them and the grants will be received using the performance model.

Government grants received in respect of fixed assets are released to the profit and loss account in equal annual amounts over the estimated useful economic lives of the specific asset they relate to.

Other government grants of a revenue nature are credited to income so as to match them with the expenditure to which they relate.

Investment property

Investment property is shown at most recent valuation. Any aggregate surplus or deficit arising from changes in fair value is recognised in profit or loss.

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Notes to the Financial Statements - continued

for the year ended 5th April 2021

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Stocks

Stocks, including biological assets, are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is determined using the first-in, first-out (FIFO) method and represents costs incurred to date to bring growing crops and finished produce to its current state. Net realisable value is estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less applicable variable selling expenses.

Current & deferred tax

Current tax represents the amount of tax payable or receivable in respect of the taxable profit (or loss) for the current and past reporting periods. It is measured at the amount expected to be paid or recovered using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

Deferred tax represents the future tax consequences of transactions and events recognised in the financial statements of current and previous periods. It is recognised in respect of all timing differences, with certain exceptions. Timing differences are differences between taxable profits and total comprehensive income as stated in the financial statements that arise from the inclusion of income and expense in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in the financial statements. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities and other future taxable profits.

Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date that are expected to apply to the reversal of timing differences. Deferred tax on revalued non-depreciable tangible fixed assets and investment properties is measured using the rates and allowances that apply to the sale of the asset.

Hire purchase and leasing commitments

Assets obtained under hire purchase contracts or finance leases are capitalised in the balance sheet. Those held under hire purchase contracts are depreciated over their estimated useful lives. Those held under finance leases are depreciated over their estimated useful lives or the lease term, whichever is the shorter.

The interest element of these obligations is charged to the profit and loss account over the relevant period. The capital element of the future payments is treated as a liability.

Pension costs and other post-retirement benefits

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme. Contributions payable to the company's pension scheme are charged to profit or loss in the period to which they relate.

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Notes to the Financial Statements - continued

for the year ended 5th April 2021

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Debtors and creditors receivable/ payable within one year

Debtors and creditors with no stated interest rate and receivable or payable within one year are recorded at transaction price. Any losses arising from impairment are recognised in the profit and loss account in other administrative expenses.

Loans and borrowings

Loans and borrowings are initially recognised at the transaction price including transaction costs. Subsequently, they are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method, less impairment. If an arrangement constitutes a finance transaction it is measured at present value.

Impairment

Assets not measured at fair value are reviewed for any indication that the asset may be impaired at each balance sheet date. If such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset, or the asset's cash generating unit, is estimated and compared to the carrying amount. Where the carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount, an impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss unless the asset is carried at a revalued amount where the impairment loss is a revaluation decrease.

Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the company has an obligation at the balance sheet date as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required in settlement and the amount can be reliably estimated.

3. EMPLOYEES AND DIRECTORS

The average number of employees during the year was 6 (2020 - 6).

4. INTANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

	Other intangible assets
0007	£
COST At 6th April 2030	
At 6th April 2020 and 5th April 2021	50,350
AMORTISATION	
At 6th April 2020	41,026
Charge for year	9,324
At 5th April 2021	50,350
NET BOOK VALUE	
At 5th April 2021	-
At 5th April 2020	<u>9,324</u>

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Notes to the Financial Statements - continued

for the year ended 5th April 2021

5. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

6.

Revaluations

At 5th April 2021

At 5th April 2021 At 5th April 2020

NET BOOK VALUE

	Land and buildings	Plant and machinery etc	Totals
	£	£	£
COST			
At 6th April 2020	1,004,159	1,394,357	2,398,516
Additions	374,652	73,720	448,372
Disposals	· •	(48,448)	(48,448)
At 5th April 2021	1,378,811	1,419,629	2,798,440
DEPRECIATION			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
At 6th April 2020	306,054	981,589	1,287,643
Charge for year	14,441	83,734	98,175
Eliminated on disposal	· -	(31,220)	(31,220)
At 5th April 2021	320,495	1,034,103	1,354,598
NET BOOK VALUE			
At 5th April 2021	1,058,316	385,526	1,443,842
At 5th April 2020	698,105	412,768	1,110,873
INVESTMENT PROPERTY			
			Total £
FAIR VALUE			
At 6th April 2020			490,000
•			, -

In the opinion of the director, the value of the investment properties at 5th April 2021 is £740,000.

Fair value at 5th April 2021 is represented by:

	£
Valuation in 2015	225,000
Valuation in 2017	123,767
Valuation in 2018	40,000
Valuation in 2021	250,000
Cost	101,233
	740,000

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250,000

740,000

740,000

490,000

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued

for the year ended 5th April 2021

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		2021	2020
		£	£
	Trade debtors	83,685	59,456
	Other debtors	19,025	26,263
		102,710	85,719
8.	CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR		
0.	oredinates, and office in the second of the	2021	2020
		£	£
	Bank loans and overdrafts	54,276	33,138
	Hire purchase contracts	33,732	33,351
	Trade creditors	20,885	40,422
	Taxation and social security	52,017	33,987
	Other creditors	425,600	60,805
		<u> 586,510</u>	201,703
9.	CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE AFTER MORE THAN ONE YEAR		
		2021	2020
		£	£
	Bank loans	278,279	334,514
	Hire purchase contracts	4,833	17,812
	Other creditors	11,608	14,510
		<u>294,720</u>	<u>366,836</u>
	Amounts falling due in more than five years:		
	Repayable by instalments		
	Bank loans due after 5 years	<u>61,176</u>	105,412
10.	SECURED DEBTS		
	The following secured debts are included within creditors:		
		2021	2020
		£	£
	Bank loans	332,555	367,652
	Hire purchase contracts	38,565	51,163
		371,120	418,815
		_ 	

Bank loans are secured by way of a fixed charge and a mortgage deed.

Hire purchase contracts are secured on the related asset.

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued

for the year ended 5th April 2021

11. RESERVES

	Revaluation reserve
A4 CN- A 1 0000	£
At 6th April 2020 Revaluation	388,767 202,500
At 5th April 2021	591,267

12. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

Included within other creditors is a balance of £175,329 (2020: £53,928) owed to persons with control over the entity along with a balance due to the director of £40,000 (2020: £NIL).

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.