Directors' report and financial statements

31 March 2003

Registered in England and Wales number 669923

L91UH\$2G

LD4 *L91VH\$2G*
COMPANIES HOUSE

0424 26/01/04

Directors' report and financial statements

Contents	Page
Directors' report	1 - 3
Directors' responsibilities statement	4
Independent auditor's report	5
Profit and loss account	6
Balance sheet	7
Statement of total recognised gains and losses	8
Notes	9 - 17

Directors' report

The directors present their annual report and the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2003.

Financial review

The results for the year are set out in the profit and loss account on page 6. A final dividend of £32,918 is recommended (2002: Nil).

Principal activities

The Company is a property investment company. The directors foresee no material change in the nature of the Company's activities.

Properties

The Company's properties were revalued at 31 March 2003 as set out in note 7 to the financial statements.

Interests in subsidiary undertakings

The Company's interests in subsidiary undertakings were revalued at 31 March 2003 as set out in note 8 to the financial statements.

Directors and directors' interests

The directors who held office during the year were as follows:

NGE Driver S Dykes NTJ Groves W Millsom (alternate to NGE Driver) The Hon RA Rayne G Wright

None of the directors who held office at the end of the financial year had any disclosable interest in the shares of the Company.

The interests of Mr NGE Driver and The Hon RA Rayne in the shares of the Company's ultimate holding company and fellow subsidiary undertakings are set out in the financial statements of London Merchant Securities plc, the ultimate holding company.

The interests of the remaining directors in the shares of the Company's ultimate holding company and fellow subsidiary undertakings are set out below; their interests at the beginning of the year are shown in brackets.

Directors' report (continued)

Directors' interests at 31 March 2003

London Merchant Securities plc

	27 18/41p Ordinary	27 18/41p Deferred Ordinary	Executive 178.5p options	Executive 114.5p options	SAYE 40.5p options	SAYE 65.25p options	SAYE 104.5p options
S Dykes	4,317 (-)	5,638 (5,638)	32,496 (32,496)	55,681 (-)	- (-)	· (-)	(-)
NTJ Groves	3,695 (2,555)	24,734 (24,734)	33,337 (33,337)	82,972 (-)	24,074 (24,074)	8,965 (8,965)	12,308 (12,308)
W Millsom	382,127 (382,127)	309,288 (274,121)	(-)	- (-)	(-)	(-)	- (-)
G Wright	74,821 (74,821)	19,291 (19,291)	- (-)	- (-)	(-)	- (-)	- (-)

In accordance with the terms of the London Merchant Securities Executive Share Option Scheme

- i) Options were granted in 2000 to subscribe for 27 18/41p Deferred Ordinary shares in London Merchant Securities plc at 178.5p per share. The expiry date of these options is 27 July 2010; and
- options were granted in 2002 to subscribe for 27 18/41p Deferred Ordinary shares in London Merchant Securities plc at 114.5p per share. The expiry date of these options is 4 September 2012.

In accordance with the terms of the London Merchant Securities Savings-Related Share Option Scheme:

- Options were granted in 1996 to subscribe for 27 18/41p Deferred Ordinary shares in London Merchant Securities plc at 40.5p per share. These options were exercised on 30 September 2003;
- ii) options were granted in 1998 to subscribe for 27 18/41p Deferred Ordinary shares in London Merchant Securities plc at 65.25p per share. The expiry date of these options is 30 September 2005; and
- options were granted in 2001 to subscribe for 27 18/41p Deferred Ordinary shares in London Merchant Securities plc at 104.5 per share. The expiry date of these options is 28 February 2009.

Directors' report (continued)

Auditor

In accordance with S.385 of the Companies Act 1985, a resolution for the re-appointment of KPMG Audit Plc as auditor of the Company is to be proposed at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting.

By order of the board

SC Mitchley

Secretary

Carlton House 33 Robert Adam Street London W1U 3HR

22rd January 2004

Directors' responsibilities statement

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the profit or loss for that period. In preparing those financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. They have general responsibility for taking such steps as are reasonably open to them to safeguard the assets of the Company and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities.

Independent auditor's report to the members of Caledonian Property Investments Limited

We have audited the financial statements on pages 6 to 17.

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with section 235 of the Companies Act 1985. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditor

The directors are responsible for preparing the directors' report and, as described on page 4, the financial statements in accordance with applicable United Kingdom law and accounting standards. Our responsibilities, as independent auditors, are established in the United Kingdom by statute, the Auditing Practices Board and by our profession's ethical guidance.

We report to you our opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view and are properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985. We also report to you if, in our opinion, the directors' report is not consistent with the financial statements, if the Company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if information specified by law regarding directors' remuneration and transactions with the Company is not disclosed.

Basis of audit opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Auditing Standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the Company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

Opinion

In our opinion the financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company at 31 March 2003 and of its profit for the year then ended and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985.

KPMG Audit Plc

Chartered Accountants Registered Auditor London

kang Andir 14

22 Jamas 2004

Profit and loss account

for the year ended 31 March 2003

	Note	2003 £	2002 £
Net rental income from properties	2	3,895,585	3,765,739
Administrative expenses	3	(56,693)	(1,243)
Other income	4	2,300	24,235
Profit on disposal of investment properties		1,141,043	- -
Operating profit		4,982,235	3,788,731
Net finance income	5	17,707	504
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation		4,999,942	3,789,235
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	6	(3,825,982)	(3,747,996)
Profit on ordinary activities after taxation		1,173,960	41,239
Dividends proposed		(32,918)	-
Profit for the financial year	15	1,141,042	41,239

All turnover and results are derived from continuing activities.

There were no recognised gains and losses other than the profit for the year.

Balance sheet

at 31 March 2003

	Note	£	2003 £	£	2002 £
Fixed assets					
Fixed assets - Investment properties	7		58,105,034		55,093,766
Other assets			52,291		-
Investment in subsidiary undertakings	8	-	50,000	-	50,000
			58,207,325		55,143,766
Current assets					
Debtors	9	16,040,259		15,128,004	
Cash at bank and in hand	_	7,442	_	37,442	
		16,047,701		15,165,446	
Creditors: amounts falling		(2= 22= 22)		(0.5.505.60.6)	
due within one year	10	(35,335,896)	_	(35,505,626)	
Net current liabilities			(19,288,195)		(20,340,180)
Total assets less current liabilities			38,919,130		34,803,586
Creditors: amounts falling					
due after more than one year					
Provision for liabilities and charges	11		(400,441)		(400,441)
Net assets			38,518,689	•	34,403,145
Canital and vacantes		;		:	
Capital and reserves Called up share capital	12		50,000		50,000
Revaluation reserve	13		35,423,507		32,449,005
Capital reserve	14		-		2,253,288
Profit and loss account	15		3,045,182		(349,148)
Equity shareholders' funds	16		38,518,689		34,403,145

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors on 22/1 2004 and were signed on its behalf by:

Director

Statement of total recognised gains and losses

for the year ended 31 March 2003

	2003 £	2002 £
Profit for the financial year Unrealised surplus on revaluation of investment	1,173,960	41,239
Unrealised surplus on revaluation of investment properties	2,974,502	3,040,810
Total recognised gains and losses relating to the financial year	4,148,462	3,082,049

Notes

(forming part of the financial statements)

1 Accounting policies

The following accounting policies have been applied consistently in dealing with items which are considered material in relation to the Company's financial statements.

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with applicable accounting standards and under the historical cost accounting rules modified for the revaluation of investment property and the investment in the subsidiary undertaking.

Interest and outgoings on development properties

All interest and outgoings incurred in respect of development properties are charged to profit and loss account as incurred.

Investment properties

In accordance with SSAP 19 (revised) investment properties are revalued annually at open market values determined in accordance with the Guidance Notes on the valuation of assets, issued by the Royal Institution of Chartered Surveyors. Revaluation surpluses and deficits which are not permanent are included in the revaluation reserve, permanent deficits being taken through the profit and loss account.

No depreciation or amortisation is provided in respect of freehold investment properties and leasehold investment properties with over 20 years to run.

This treatment, as regards certain of the Company's investment properties, may be a departure from the requirements of the Companies Act concerning depreciation of fixed assets. However, these properties are not held for consumption but for investment and the directors consider that systematic annual depreciation would be inappropriate. The accounting policy adopted is therefore necessary for the accounts to give a true and fair view. Depreciation and amortisation is only one of the many factors reflected in the annual valuation and the amount which might have otherwise been shown cannot be separately identified or quantified.

Repairs and renewals

No provision is made for future repairs and renewals of fixed assets, all such items being written off as incurred.

Capital reserve

The capital reserves have historically arisen from the sale of properties and other investments. Following a change to the Company's Articles approved at the Annual General Meeting in July 2002, the capital reserves are now fully distributable. Accordingly, the capital reserve has been reclassified. The reclassification is considered appropriate and is consistent with the Company's Articles of Association.

Notes (continued)

2	Net rental income from properties	2003 £	2002 £
	Gross rental income	4,096,472	3,854,942
Property outgoings less amounts recovered from tenants	(200,887)	(89,203)	
		3,895,585	3,765,739

3 Administrative expenses

Audit fees for the year ended 31 March 2003 are accounted for on a group basis (2002: £nil). The Company does not have any employees and there were no directors' emoluments (2002: £nil).

4	Other income	2003 £	2002 £
	Dividend receivable from subsidiary undertaking	-	11,149
	Sundry income:		11.011
	Insurance commission Other	2,300	11,911 1,175
		2,300	24,235
5	Net finance income	2003 £	2002 £
	Interest receivable	17,707	504
		17,707	504

Notes (continued)

6	Tax on profit on ordinary	y activities
		,

A A A A C A C A C	2003 £	2002 £
Analysis of charge for year Group relief payable: Current year Corporation tax: Current year	3,825,982	3,736,067 1,875
Total current tax	3,825,982	3,737,942

The charge to corporation tax for the year has been relieved in part by the surrender of losses from other group companies for which payment will be made.

	2003	2002
	£	£
Deferred tax		
Origination and reversal of capital allowances and other		
timing differences	-	10,054
		
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	3,825,982	3,747,996

Factors affecting the tax charge for the year

The tax assessed for the year is higher than that at the standard rate of corporation tax for the year. The differences are explained below:

	2003 £	2002 £
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation	4,999,943	3,789,235
Profit on ordinary activities multiplied by the standard UK rate		
of corporation tax at 30%	1,499,983	1,136,770
Amounts paid for group relief in excess of 30% of		
the taxable profit	2,678,187	2,615,247
Tax saved by small companies relief at 10%	-	(938)
Capital allowances	-	(10,054)
Loss on sale of fixed investment property	(344,700)	-
Intercompany dividends receivable	(9,875)	(3,524)
Other items	2,387	441
Current tax charge for the year	3,825,982	3,737,942

Notes (continued)

7	Tangible assets	Freehold investment properties £	Long leasehold investment properties £	Total £
	Valuation			
	At 31 March 2002	42,128,000	13,000,000	55,128,000
	Additions	939,274	(6,000)	933,274
	Revaluation surplus	2,410,726	706,000	3,116,726
	Disposals	(876,000)	-	(876,000)
	Open market value Amount included in prepayments	44,602,000	13,700,000	58,302,000
	under UITF 28	(196,966)	-	(196,966)
	At 31 March 2003	44,405,034	13,700,000	58,105,034
	Historical cost of revalued assets			
	At 31 March 2003	14,255,897	8,279,092	22,534,989
	At 31 March 2002	13,644,713	8,285,092	21,929,805

The investment properties have been independently valued by Cluttons, Chartered Surveyors, of London as at 31 March 2003 on the basis of "Open Market Value" in accordance with the Appraisal and Valuation Manual of the Royal Institution of Chartered Surveyors.

Notes (continued)

7	Tangible assets (continued)	Office machinery , fixtures and fittings £
	Cost	
	At 31 March 2002	-
	Additions	57,373
	Disposals	(3,103)
	At 31 March 2003	54,270
	Depreciation	
	At 31 March 2002	-
	Charge for year	5,082
	Disposals	(3,103)
	At 31 March 2003	1,979
	Net book value	
	At 31 March 2003	52,291
	At 31 March 2002	-

8 Investments in subsidiary undertakings

Details of the Company's interest in its wholly-owned subsidiary undertakings are as follows:

Name

Country of registration

Caledonian Properties Limited

England

Group accounts are not submitted because the Company is itself a wholly-owned subsidiary of a company incorporated in Great Britain.

Notes (continued)

9	Debtors	2003 £	2002 £
	Due from tenants Amounts owed by group undertakings:	351,818	5,244
	Fellow subsidiaries	15,335,863	14,792,648
	Subsidiaries	136,612	273,308
	Other debtors	19,000	22,411
	Prepayments and accrued income	196,966	34,391
	Income tax	-	2
		16,040,259	15,128,004
1	O Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	2003	2002
		£	£
	Bank loans and overdrafts	12,092	5,606
	Rents received in advance	478,172	392,348
	Amounts owed to group undertakings:		
	Fellow subsidiary undertakings	30,569,313	30,569,315
	Group relief payable	3,825,982	3,736,067
	Proposed dividends	32,918	-
	Corporation tax	-	1,875
	Other taxation and social security	167,677	162,788
	Accruals	249,142	637,027
	Other creditors	600	600
		35,335,896	35,505,626

Notes (continued)

11 Deferred taxation

11	Deterred taxation	2003	2002
		£	£
	Provision	-	~
	At 31 March 2002	400,441	390,387
	Provision during the year	-	10,054
		400,441	400,441
12	Called up share capital		
		2003 £	2002 £
	Authorised, allotted, called up and fully paid	£	*
	50,000 Ordinary shares of £1 each	50,000	50,000
13	Revaluation reserve		0
			£
	At 31 March 2002		32,449,005
	Surplus arising on revaluation of investment properties		3,116,727
	UITF 28 adjustment	_	(142,225)
	At 31 March 2003	_	35,423,507

No provision has been made for any taxes which might become payable in the event of future sales or deemed disposals of these properties at their book values. In the opinion of the directors any such contingent liability would be £7,841,000 (2002: £7,061,000).

Notes (continued)

14	Capital reserve	£
	At 31st March 2002	2,253,288
	Profit on disposal of investment properties	-
	Reclassification (see note below)	(2,253,288)
	A4 21 Manula 2002	
	At 31 March 2003	

The capital reserves have historically arisen from the sale of properties and other investments. Following a change to the Company's Articles the capital reserves are now fully distributable. Accordingly, the capital reserve has been reclassified. The reclassification is considered appropriate and is consistent with the Company's Articles of Association.

15 Profit and loss account

		2003 £	2002 £
Retained loss bro Reclassification (see note 14)	(349,148) 2,253,288	(390,387)
Retained profit fo	or the financial year	1,141,042	41,239
Retained profit/(I	oss) carried forward	3,045,182	(349,148)
16 Reconciliation o	f movements in shareholders' fur	nds	
		2003 £	2002 £
Profit for the fina Dividends	ncial year	1,173,960 (32,918)	41,239
	nareholders' funds	1,141,042	41,239
to the year (ne	gains and losses relating et)	2,974,502	3,040,810
Net movement in	shareholders' funds	4,115,544	3,082,049
Opening shareho	lders' funds	34,403,145	31,321,096
Closing sharehol	ders' funds	38,518,689	34,403,145

Notes (continued)

17 Capital Commitments

•	2003 £	2002 £
Authorised but not contracted	17,684,000	14,000,000

18 Charges

There is a floating charge over the Company's assets to secure a £175,000,000 bond of the ultimate parent company, London Merchant Securities plc.

19 Ultimate parent company

The Company is a member of the London Merchant Securities Group and the Company's ultimate parent company is London Merchant Securities plc, which is registered in England and Wales. Copies of the accounts of the above company may be obtained at the following address: Carlton House, 33 Robert Adam Street, London W1U 3HR.

20 Cash flow statement

Under Financial Reporting Standard 1, the Company is exempt from the requirement to prepare a cash flow statement on the grounds that it is a wholly-owned subsidiary undertaking.