Chantrey Vellacott DFK

Company No: 667124



KERSFIELD MAINTENANCE LIMITED

Financial Statements 31 December 2000

Financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2000

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Directors_officers and advisers

Directors

Mr F J Carus●
Mrs G E M C●ker
Ms I M Fuhst
Mr J L Good
Miss O Goodinson
Mr J L Startup
Miss D Wielo●h

Secretary

Mr G P Rashbrook

Registered office

91 East Hill Wandsworth London: SW18 2QD

Company nu nber

667124

Auditors

Chantrey Vell=cott DFK Chartered Accountants Russell Square House 10/12 Russell Square London WC1B 5LF

Bankers

Barclays Bank-plc 83 Wandsworth High Street Lendon SW18 2PR:

Directors report for the year ended 31 December 2000

The directors present their report and the financial statements of the company for the year ended 31 Desember 2000.

Review of the business

The principal activity of the company continues to be the provision of maintenance services. The company does not trade in its own right.

The director∈ are satisfied with the results for the year and the financial position of the company.

Results

The results for the year ended 31 December 2000 are shown in the profit and loss account on page 4.

The maintenence levy and insurance rechargeable to members for the year amounted to £55,354 and £5,179 respectively.

The surplus for the year of £37,391 is transferred to the reserve for major repairs.

Post balancesheet events

There have been no events since the year end which have had a material effect on the business of the company.

Directors and their interests

The directors who served during the year and their interests in the share capital of the company were as follows:-

	31 December 2000 Ordinary	1 January 2000 Ordinary
Mr F J Caruso	45	45
Mrs G E M Coker	36	36
Ms I M Fuhs	36	36
Mr J L Good	51	51
Miss O Goo⊂nson	36	36
Mr J L Startu)	30	30
Miss D Wieloch	30	30

Directors report for the year ended 31 December 2000

Directors' responsibilities

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements which give a true and fair view of the s ate of affairs of the company at the end of its financial year and of the profit or loss of the company for the year then ended. In preparing those financial statements, the directors are equired to:

- select sui able accounting policies and apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable a curacy at any time the financial position of the company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Auditors

A resolution to re-appoint Chantrey Vellacott DFK as auditors of the company will be proposed at the forthco ning Annual General Meeting.

Signed on behalf of the board

G P RASHBFOOK

Secretary

Approved by the Board on 20 February 2001

Independent Auditors' report to the shareholders of Kersfield Maintenance Limited

We have audited the financial statements of Kersfield Maintenance Limited for the year ended 31 Decembe 2000 which are set out on pages 4 to 9. These financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and the accounting policies set out therein.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As describec in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities the company's directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards.

Cur responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with relevant legal and regulatory recuirements and United Kingdom Auditing Standards.

We report to you our opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view and are properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985. We also report to you if, in our opinion, the Directors' Report is not consistent with the financial statements, if the company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if information specified by law regarding directors' remuneration and transactions with the company is not disclosed.

We read the Directors' Report and consider the implications for our report if we become aware of any apparent misstatements within it.

Basis of opinion

We conducte I our audit in accordance with United Kingdom Auditing Standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amount and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstance; consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

Opinion

In our opinior—the financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2000 and of its profit for the year then ended and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985.

Clantrey relicant DFK CHANTREY WELLACOTT DFK

Chartered Accountants Registered Auditors

LONDON

20 February 2.)01

Profit and loss account for the year ended 31 December 2000

	Notes	2000 £	1999 £
Turnover	2	60,533	50,162
Administrative expenses		25,533	23,162
Operating profit		35,000	27,000
Interest recei=able and similar income	3	2,731	2,389
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation	4	37,731	29,389
Tax on prcfit ⇒n ordinary activities	6	340	484
Profit for th∉financial year		37,391	28,905
Transfer to r⇔erve for major repairs	10	(37,391)	(28,905)
		•	-

None of the company's activity was acquired or discontinued during the above two financial years.

There is no difference between the profits shown above and their historical cost equivalents.

The notes on pages 7 to 9 form part of these financial statements.

Statement of total recognised gains and losses For the year ended 31 December 2000

	Note	2000 £	1999 £
Profit for the financial year and total recognised gains and losses relating to the year		37,391	28,905
Prior year adj istment	12	-	75,476 ———
Total recogn sed gains and losses recognised since last annual report		37,391	104,381

The notes on rages 7 to 9 form part of these financial statements.

Balance's neet at 31 December 2000

	Notes	2000 £	1999 £
Current asses		2	~
Debtors Cash at bank	7	49,860 11,008	42,683 64,695
		60,868	107,378
Creditors: arrounts falling due within one year	8	(20,825)	(2,899)
Net current a sets and total assets less current liabilities		40,043	104,479
Capital and reserves			
Called up sha⊫e capital Other reserve≡	9 10	98 39,945	98 104,381
Equity share≣olders' funds	11	40,043	104,479 =====

Approved by the Board on 20 February 2001 and signed on its behalf.

Volum L Good JL GOOD - Director

The notes on pages 7 to 9 form part of these financial statements.

Notes to the financial statements For the year ended 31 December 2000

Accounting policies 1.

Basis of accounting (a)

The financial statements are prepared on the historical cost basis of accounting.

The company has taken advantage of the provisions of Financial Reporting Standard No.1 and has not prepared a cash flow statement.

Reserve for major repairs (b)

A reserve has been established for major repairs expenditure.

2 Turno rer

Turnover represents building insurance and maintenance recoverable.

3.	Interest receivable and similar income	2000 £	1999 £
	Bank interest Tax interest	2,721 10	2,389 -
		2,731	2,389
4.	Profit ⇒n ordinary activities before taxation		
	This is stated after charging:		
		2000	1999
		£	£
	Auditors' remuneration	855	815

5. Emplo ree information

The conpany has no employees other than directors who did not receive any remuneration for thei services to the company.

· 5 .	Tax on-profit on ordinary activities	2000 £	1999 £
	United (ingdom corporation tax at 12.5% (1999 – 20.25%)	340	484

Notes to the financial statements For the year ended 31 December 2000

7.	Debto-s		2000 £	1999 £
	Maintenance levy account Prepayments and accrued income		44,484 5,376	37,504 5,179
			49,860	42,683
8.	Credit⊃rs: amounts falling due withir one year		2000 £	1999 £
	Corpo⊨ation tax		340	484
	Other creditors		2	2 442
	Accru≅s and deferred income		20,483	2,413
			20,825	2,899
				=
9.	Calledup share capital		2000	1999
			£	£
	Autho:ised: 2,000∎ordinary shares of 5p each		100	100
	2,000 Granary shares of 5p each		===	===
	Allotted and fully paid:			
	1,965-ordinary shares of 5p each		98	98
10.	Reser_es	Profit and	Other	
		Loss account	reserves	Total
		£	£	£
	At 1 January 2000	-	104,381	104,381
	Profit r∈tained for the year	37,391	-	37,391
	Major repairs in the year	· -	(101,827)	(101,827)
	Transfer between reserves	(37,391)	37,391	-
	At 31 December 2000	-	39,945	39,945

Other reserves represent the reserve for major repairs.

Notes to the financial statements For the year ended 31 December 2000

11 .	Recorciliation of movements on shareholders' funds	2000 £	1999 £
	Profit for the financial year	37,391	28,905
	Major e pairs in the year	(101,827)	-
	Opening shareholders' funds	104,479	75,574
	Closine shareholders' funds	40,043	104,479
		=====	

12. Prior year adjustment

The company had in 1999 changed its accounting policy on the application of Financial Reporting Standard 12. Instead of a provision for future repairs, a reserve for major repairs was established to provide for future repairs.