Registered number: 00654944

MONTROSE INDUSTRIES LIMITED

UNAUDITED

ANNUAL REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Year Ended 31 December 2018

THURSDAY



01/08/2019 COMPANIES HOUSE

COMPANY INFORMATION

Directors Dr R. Stabbins

Dr R.J. Knaap R.G.Godson V.Godson

Company secretary R.G.Godson F.C.A.

Registered number 00654944

14 Bryanston Mansions 62-66 York Street Registered office

London **W1H 1DA**

Bankers Cater Allen Private Bank

> 9 Nelson Street Bradford BD1 5AN

CONTENTS

	Page
Chairman's statement	1 - 2
Directors' report	3
Statement of comprehensive income	4
Balance sheet	5 - 6
Statement of changes in equity	7 - 8
Notes to the financial statements	9 - 13

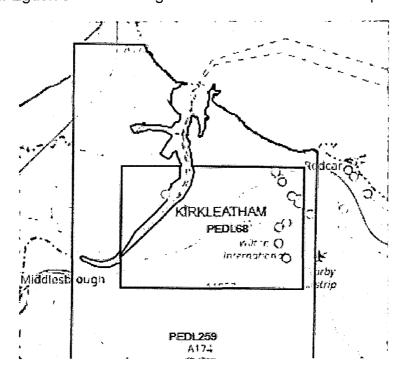
CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT For the Year Ended 31st December 2018

The chairman presents his statement for the period.

Good progress was made on the Biscathorpe licence but there were no significant developments at Kirkleatham. The Brent oil price rose from about US\$63 to US\$84 during the year but fell back again to about US\$60 by year end.

PEDL 068; Cleveland & North Yorkshire; Montrose Interest: 10.0%

The suspended Kirkleatham gas field is believed to contain undeveloped reserves at its structural crest. The licence operator, Egdon Resources plc, has proposed drilling a deviated or side-track well from the non-producing Kirkleatham-4 well. This could be an attractive re-development option for a new partner. While interest was shown by several companies in funding some of the cost of drilling such a well, a firm proposal has not yet materialised. Egdon are continuing their efforts to find a farm-in partner.



PEDL 253, Biscathorpe, Lincolnshire; Montrose Interest: 22.2%

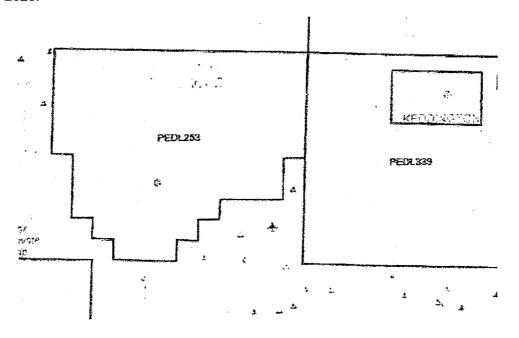
Further farm-outs were negotiated in 2018 with Union Jack Oil plc and Humber Oil & Gas Limited. Our licence equity has therefore fallen from 35.2% to 22.2%. The construction of the Biscathorpe-2 well site was completed by year end. Egdon Resources, the licence operator, received revised quotations for well materials and services, including rig hire. These increased the well's estimated "dry hole" cost to about £3.28 million gross. Our net cost after all the farm-outs was estimated to be about £440,000. Thus represents about 13.4% of the total well cost.

Biscathorpe-2 finally spudded on 7 January 2019. The primary objective, the Basal Westphalian Sand, was absent but a significant interval of live oil was encountered in the underlying Dinantian Limestone. The well was suspended on 2 March 2019. Further technical work will be carried out in 2019 to determine whether there are any remaining areas of structural closure nearby that would merit further exploration via a well side-track.

CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT For the Year Ended 31st December 2018

PEDL 253, Biscathorpe, Lincolnshire; Montrose Interest: 22.2% (continued)

Lincolnshire County Council has extended their planning consent for drilling and completing the well until December 2020, and the Oil & Gas Authority (OGA) has extended the licence for 2 years until 30 June 2020.



Investments

The value of our listed oil and gas investments fell by about 26% in 2018. This was mainly due to sales of shares to fund on-going licence costs during the year. Since the year end there has been an improvement in share prices which has allowed us to sell further shares to fund the anticipated Biscathorpe-2 costs.

KStaddins

Richard Stabbins

Chairman

30 July 2019

DIRECTORS' REPORT For the Year Ended 31st December 2018

The directors present their report and the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2018.

Directors

The directors who served during the year and their interests in the Company's issued share capital were:

	Ordinary shares of 25p each	
	31/12/18	1/1/18
Dr R. Stabbins	5,568,750	5,568,750
Dr R.J. Knaap	371,250	371,250
R.G.Godson	278,885	278,885
V.Godson	-	-

Small companies note

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In preparing this report, the directors have taken advantage of the small companies exemptions provided by section 415A of the Companies Act 2006.

This report was approved by the board on 30 July 2019 and signed on its behalf.

R.G.Godson

Director

STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME For the Year Ended 31 December 2018

		2018	2017
	Note	£	£
Exploration costs written off		(813)	(778)
Gross loss	-	(813)	(778)
Administrative expenses		(4,247)	(4,054)
Operating loss	-	(5,060)	(4,832)
Income from fixed assets investments		27,519	31,667
Surplus/ (deficit) on investments		(55,852)	(12,207)
Interest received		152	120
(Loss)/profit before tax	_	(33,241)	14,748
(Loss)/profit for the financial year	_	(33,241)	14,748
Other comprehensive income for the year	. =		
Total comprehensive income for the year		(33,241)	14,748

MONTROSE INDUSTRIES LIMITED Registered number: 00654944

BALANCE SHEET As at 31 December 2018 2018 2017 Note £ £ **Fixed assets** 5 275,636 Intangible assets 422,179 6 210,868 201,717 Tangible assets 7 Investments 453,629 614,579 1,086,676 1,091,932 **Current assets** Debtors: amounts falling due within one year 8 19,794 485 9 119,740 Cash at bank and in hand 159,550 179,344 120,225 10 (107,501)(20,397)Creditors: amounts falling due within one year Net current assets 71,843 99,828 Total assets less current liabilities 1,158,519 1,191,760 **Net assets** 1,158,519 1,191,760 Capital and reserves Called up share capital 330,000 330,000 Share premium account 1,226,314 1,226,314 Capital redemption reserve 73,791 73,791 Profit and loss account (471,586)(438, 345)

1,191,760

1,158,519

MONTROSE INDUSTRIES LIMITED Registered number: 00654944

BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED) As at 31 December 2018

The directors consider that the Company is entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 and members have not required the Company to obtain an audit for the year in question in accordance with section 476 of Companies Act 2006.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The Company's financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf on 30 July 2019.

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R. Stabbins

Director

R.G.Godson

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Director

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY For the Year Ended 31 December 2018

	Called up share capital £	Share premium account £	Capital redemption reserve	Profit and loss account	Total equity £
At 1st January 2018	330,000	1,226,314	73,791	(438,345)	1,191,760
Comprehensive income for the year					
Loss for the year	-	-	-	(33,241)	(33,241)
Other comprehensive income for the year	-	-		-	. •
Total comprehensive income for the year	-			(33,241)	(33,241)
Total transactions with owners	-		-	•	-
At 31st December 2018	330,000	1,226,314	73,791	(471,586)	1,158,519

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY For the Year Ended 31 December 2017

,	. Called up share capital £	Share premium account £	Capital redemption reserve £	Profit and loss account £	Total equity £
At 1st January 2017	330,000	1,166,314	73,791	(453,093)	1,117,012
Comprehensive income for the year					
Profit for the year	-	-	-	14,748	14,748
			,		
Other comprehensive income					
for the year	•	-	-	-	-
Total comprehensive income for					
the year	-	-	-	14,748	14,748
Shares issued during the year		60,000	-	<u>-</u>	60,000
Total transactions with owners		60,000	-	<u> </u>	60,000
At 31st December 2017	330,000	1,226,314	73,791	(438,345)	1,191,760

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the Year Ended 31st December 2018

1. General information

The Company is a private corporation with limited liability incorporated in England and Wales with its registered office at 14 Bryanston Mansions, 62-66 York Street, London W1H 1DA.

2. Accounting policies

2.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention unless otherwise specified within these accounting policies and in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102, the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006.

The preparation of financial statements in compliance with FRS 102 requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise judgment in applying the Company's accounting policies (see note 3).

The following principal accounting policies have been applied:

2.2 Interest income

Interest income is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income using the effective interest method.

2.3 Intangible assets

Intangible assets are initially recognised at cost. After recognition, under the cost model, intangible assets are measured at cost less any accumulated amortisation and any accumulated impairment losses.

All intangible assets are considered to have a finite useful life. If a reliable estimate of the useful life cannot be made, the useful life shall not exceed ten years.

2.4 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets under the cost model are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management.

Depreciation is charged so as to allocate the cost of assets less their residual value over their estimated useful lives, using the straight-line method.

Depreciation is provided on the following basis:

Fixtures & fittings - 33% Office equipment - 100%

The assets' residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed, and adjusted prospectively if appropriate, or if there is an indication of a significant change since the last reporting date.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing the proceeds with the carrying amount and are recognised in the statement of comprehensive income.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the Year Ended 31st December 2018

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.5 Impairment of fixed assets and goodwill

Assets that are subject to depreciation or amortisation are assessed at each balance sheet date to determine whether there is any indication that the assets are impaired. Where there is any indication that an asset may be impaired, the carrying value of the asset (or cash-generating unit to which the asset has been allocated) is tested for impairment. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's (or CGU's) fair value less costs to sell and value in use. For the purposes of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are separately identifiable cash flows (CGUs). Non-financial assets that have been previously impaired are reviewed at each balance sheet date to assess whether there is any indication that the impairment losses recognised in prior periods may no longer exist or may have decreased.

2.6 Valuation of investments

Investments in listed company shares are remeasured to market value at each balance sheet date. Gains and losses on remeasurement are recognised in profit or loss for the period.

2.7 Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price, less any impairment. Loans receivable are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment.

2.8 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash is represented by cash in hand and deposits with financial institutions repayable without penalty on notice of not more than 24 hours. Cash equivalents are highly liquid investments that mature in no more than three months from the date of acquisition and that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash with insignificant risk of change in value.

2.9 Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at the transaction price. Other financial liabilities, including bank loans, are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

2.10 Financial instruments

The Company only enters into basic financial instrument transactions that result in the recognition of financial assets and liabilities like trade and other debtors and creditors, loans from banks and other third parties, loans to related parties and investments in non-puttable ordinary shares.

3. Judgments in applying accounting policies and key sources of estimation uncertainty

The preparation of the financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported for assets and liabilities as at the balance sheet date and the amounts reported for revenues and expenses during the year. However, the nature of estimation - means that actual outcomes will differ from those estimates.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the Year Ended 31st December 2018

4. Employees

The average monthly number of employees, including the directors, during the year was as follows:

	2018 No.	2017 No.
Directors	4	4

5. Intangible assets

	Oll & gas costs pending determination £
Cost	
At 1 January 2018	275,636
Additions	146,542
At 31st December 2018	422,178
Net book value	
At 31st December 2018	422,178
At 31st December 2017	275,636

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the Year Ended 31st December 2018

6.	Tangible fixed assets				
		Fixtures & fittings £	Office equipment £	Oil and gas development costs £	Tota £
	Cost or valuation				
	At 1 January 2018	1	948	414,809	415,758
	Additions	-	-	9,152	9,152
	At 31st December 2018	1	948	423,961	424,910
	Depreciation				
	At 1 January 2018	-	947	213,095	214,042
	At 31st December 2018	-	947	213,095	214,042
	Net book value				
	At 31st December 2018	1	1	210,866	210,868
	At 31st December 2017	1	1	201,715	201,717
7.	Fixed asset investments				
					Listed investments £
	Cost or valuation				
	At 1 January 2018				614,579
	Additions	·			810
	Disposals Revaluations				(359,455) 197,696
	At 31st December 2018				453,630
8.	Debtors				
				2018 £	2017 £

Trade debtors

5,537

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the Year Ended 31st December 2018

Other debtors		14,257	485
•	•		
		19,794	485

9. Cash and cash equivalents

Debtors (continued)

8.

	2018 £	2017 £
Cash at bank and in hand	159,550	119,740
	159,550	119,740

10. Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year

	2018 £	2017 £
Trade creditors	105,251	17,409
Other taxation and social security	-	744
Other creditors	-	(6)
Accruals and deferred income	2,250	2,250
	107,501	20,397

11. Related party transactions

Godson & Co, a business owned by R.G.Godson, a director received £3,000 (2017 - £3,000) for the provision of accounting and secretarial services.

12. Controlling party

The Ultimate Controlling Party is Dr. R. Stabbins, a director.