Unaudited Financial Statements
Year Ended

31 December 2016

Company Number 00654674

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Acorn Corporation Limited Registered number: 00654674

Balance Sheet As at 31 December 2016

	Note		2016 £		2015 £
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	4		1,488		549
Investments	5		126,602		126,602
		-	128,090	•	127,151
Current assets					
Debtors: amounts falling due within one year	6	490,055		4,589	
Current asset investments	7	-		925,531	
Cash at bank and in hand	8	13,079		1,054,062	
		503,134		1,984,182	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	9	(224,659)		(1,123,659)	
Net current assets			278,475		860,523
Total assets less current liabilities		-	406,565	-	987,674
Net assets		-	406,565	-	987,674
Capital and reserves		_		-	
Called up share capital	10		10,000		10,000
Capital redemption reserve			90,000		90,000
Profit and loss account			306,565		887,674
		-	406,565	-	987,674
•	10	- -	90,000 306,565	-	88

Registered number: 00654674

Balance Sheet (continued) As at 31 December 2016

The directors consider that the Company is entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 and members have not required the Company to obtain an audit for the year in question in accordance with section 476 of Companies Act 2006.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with the provisions of FRS 102 Section 1A - small entities.

The financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The Company has opted not to file the statement of income and retained earnings in accordance with provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf by:

C M Dunér

Director

Date: 2017-09-20

The notes on pages 3 to 9 form part of these financial statements.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended 31 December 2016

1. General information

Acorn Corporation Limited is a private company incorporated in England and Wales under the Companies Act. It is a company limited by shares. The address of the registered office is 31 Chertsey Street, Guildford, GU1 4HD.

2. Accounting policies

2.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention unless otherwise specified within these accounting policies and in accordance with Section 1A of Financial Reporting Standard 102, the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006.

The preparation of financial statements in compliance with FRS 102 requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise judgment in applying the Company accounting policies. In preparing these financial statements, given the nature of the company's principal activity, the directors have not had to make any material judgements or estimates.

The date of transition to FRS102 was 1 January 2015. The last set of accounts which were prepared under the previous UK GAAP framework were for the year ended 31 December 2015.

The policies applied under the entity's previous accounting framework are not materially different to FRS 102 and have not impacted on equity or profit or loss.

The following principal accounting policies have been applied:

2.2 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets under the cost model are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management.

Depreciation is charged so as to allocate the cost of assets less their residual value over their estimated useful lives, using the straight-line method.

Depreciation is provided on the following basis:

Motor vehicles
Computers, furniture, fittings
and equipment

- 25% straight line

- 15-20% straight line

The assets' residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed, and adjusted prospectively if appropriate, or if there is an indication of a significant change since the last reporting date

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing the proceeds with the carrying amount and are recognised in the statement of income and retained earnings.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended 31 December 2016

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.3 Valuation of investments

Investments in subsidiaries are measured at cost less accumulated impairment.

Listed investments classified as current assets are stated at cost, less provision for diminuation in value.

2.4 Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price, less any impairment. Loans receivable are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment.

2.5 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash is represented by cash in hand and deposits with financial institutions repayable without penalty on notice of not more than 24 hours. Cash equivalents are highly liquid investments that mature in no more than three months from the date of acquisition and that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash with insignificant risk of change in value.

2.6 Financial instruments

The Company only enters into basic financial instruments transactions that result in the recognition of financial assets and liabilities like trade and other debtors and creditors, loans from banks and other third parties, loans to related parties and investments in non-puttable ordinary shares.

Investments in non-convertible preference shares and in non-puttable ordinary and preference shares are measured:

- at fair value with changes recognised in the statement of income and retained earnings if the shares are publicly traded or their fair value can otherwise be measured reliably;
- at cost less impairment for all other investments.

Financial assets that are measured at cost and amortised cost are assessed at the end of each reporting period for objective evidence of impairment. If objective evidence of impairment is found, an impairment loss is recognised in the statement of income and retained earnings.

For financial assets measured at amortised cost, the impairment loss is measured as the difference between an asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated cash flows discounted at the asset's original effective interest rate. If a financial asset has a variable interest rate, the discount rate for measuring any impairment loss is the current effective interest rate determined under the contract.

For financial assets measured at cost less impairment, the impairment loss is measured as the difference between an asset's carrying amount and best estimate of the recoverable amount, which is an approximation of the amount that the Company would receive for the asset if it were to be sold at the balance sheet date.

2.7 Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at the transaction price. Other financial liabilities, including bank loans, are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended 31 December 2016

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.8 Foreign currency translation

Functional and presentation currency

The Company's functional and presentational currency is GBP.

Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the spot exchange rates at the dates of the transactions.

At each period end foreign currency monetary items are translated using the closing rate. Non-monetary items measured at historical cost are translated using the exchange rate at the date of the transaction and non-monetary items measured at fair value are measured using the exchange rate when fair value was determined.

2.9 Finance costs

Finance costs are charged to the statement of income and retained earnings over the term of the debt using the effective interest method so that the amount charged is at a constant rate on the carrying amount. Issue costs are initially recognised as a reduction in the proceeds of the associated capital instrument.

2.10 Dividends

Equity dividends are recognised when they become legally payable. Interim equity dividends are recognised when paid. Final equity dividends are recognised when approved by the shareholders at an annual general meeting. Dividends on shares recognised as liabilities are recognised as expenses and classified within interest payable.

2.11 Interest income

Interest income is recognised in the statement of income and retained earnings using the effective interest method.

2.12 Borrowing costs

All borrowing costs are recognised in the statement of income and retained earnings in the year in which they are incurred.

2.13 Taxation

Tax is recognised in the statement of income and retained earnings, except that a charge attributable to an item of income and expense recognised as other comprehensive income or to an item recognised directly in equity is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date in the countries where the Company operates and generates income.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended 31 December 2016

3. Employees

The average monthly number of employees, including directors, during the year was 4 (2015 - 4).

4. Tangible fixed assets

	Motor vehicles £	Fixtures, fittings and equipment £	Total £
Cost or valuation			
At 1 January 2016	38,441	17,441	55,882
Additions	-	1,338	1,338
At 31 December 2016	38,441	18,779	57,220
Depreciation			
At 1 January 2016	38,441	16,892	55,333
Charge for the year on owned assets	-	399	399
At 31 December 2016	38,441	17,291	55,732
Net book value			
At 31 December 2016	•	1,488	1,488
At 31 December 2015	-	549	549

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended 31 December 2016

5. Fixed asset investments

	Investments in subsidiary companies £
Cost or valuation At 1 January 2016 and 31 December 2016	126,602
Net book value At 1 January 2016 and 31 December 2016	126,602

Subsidiary undertakings

The following were subsidiary undertakings of the Company:

Name	Country of incorporation	Class of shares	Holding	Principal activity
Ekman Cleave Group Limited	England	Ordinary	100%	Staff employment services

The aggregate of the share capital and reserves as at 31 December 2016 and of the profit or loss for the year ended on that date for the subsidiary undertakings were as follows:

	Ekman Cleave Group Limited	Aggregate of share capital and reserves £ 206,038	Profit/(loss) £ (8,470)
6.	Debtors		
		2016 £	2015 £
	Amounts owed by group undertakings	490,055	-
	Other debtors	-	3,667
	Prepayments and accrued income	-	922
		490,055	4,589

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended 31 December 2016

7.	Current asset investments		
		2016 £	2015 £
	Listed investments		925,531
	Listed Investments		
	As at 31 December 2016, the company transferred the full portfolio of inves AB the parent company.	tments held to	Acorn Nordic
	The market value of the listed investment at transfer was £1,131,152 (2015 -	£1,014,577).	
	The cost of the listed investments at transfer was £1,110,125 (2015 - £1,033,	929).	
8.	Cash and cash equivalents		
		2016 £	2015 £
	Cash at bank and in hand	13,079	1,054,062
	Less: bank overdrafts	•	(595,535)
		13,079	458,527
9.	Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year		
		2016	2015
		3	3
	Bank overdrafts Amounts owed to group undertakings	- 173,302	595,535 490,107
	Other creditors	41,551	25,308
	Accruals and deferred income	9,806	12,709
		224,659	1,123,659
10.	Share capital		
		2016 £	2015 £
	Shares classified as equity	L	L
	Allotted, called up and fully paid		
	10,000 Ordinary shares of £1 each	10,000	10,000

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended 31 December 2016

11. Related party transactions

At 31 December 2016 B M Duner was owed £41,549 (2015: £20,390) by the company, which is included in other creditors.

B M Duner received no dividends during the year (2015: £32,900)

At 31 December 2016, the company owed its subsidary £173,302 (2015: £490,107)

12. Controlling party

Acorn Nordic AB, a company registered in Sweden, is the ultimate parent company. It's registered address is Matildehemsvägen 32, 436 58 Hovås.