# Laces and Textiles Limited

Directors' report and financial statements

30 June 2007

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23/01/2008 COMPANIES HOUSE 472

Registration number 628317

# Laces and Textiles Limited Directors and Officers

# DIRECTORS

M Ellıs

S M Llewellyn

# SECRETARY AND REGISTERED OFFICE

N Russ

PO Box 54

Haydn Road

Nottingham

NG5 1DH

# **AUDITORS**

KPMG LLP

St Nicholas House

Park Row

Nottingham

NG1 6FQ

# Laces and Textiles Limited Directors' Report

The directors present their directors' report and financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2007

#### Review of the business

During the year the Company made a provision of £1,978,000 against a debtor due from a group undertaking resulting in a loss after taxation of £1,978,000 (2006 £nil)

The management of the business and the execution of the Company's strategy are subject to a number of risks. The Company's exposure to financial risk is limited to exposure on related party loans. The risk of foreign exchange exposure and other financial risks are insignificant, and as such no further derivative instruments are used.

#### Disclosure of information to auditors

The directors who held office at the date of approval of this directors' report confirm that, so far as they are each aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the Company's auditors are unaware, and each director has taken all the steps that they ought to have taken as a director to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditors are aware of that information

#### **Dividends**

The directors do not recommend the payment of a dividend (2006 £nil)

#### Directors and directors' interests

The directors who served during the year are shown on page 1

#### **Auditors**

Pursuant to a shareholders' resolution, the Company is not obliged to reappoint its auditors annually and KPMG LLP will therefore continue in office

On behalf of the board

M Ellis Director

18 January 2008

#### Laces and Textiles Limited

# Statement of directors' responsibilities in respect of the directors' report and the financial statements

The directors are responsible for preparing the directors' report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law they have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with UK Accounting Standards and applicable law (UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice)

The financial statements are required by law to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are required to

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently,
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent,
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements, and
- prepare the financial statements on a going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records that disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that its financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. They have a general responsibility for taking such steps as are reasonably open to them to safeguard the assets of the company and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities.

## Report of the independent auditors to the members of Laces & Textiles Limited

We have audited the financial statements of Laces & Textiles Limited for the year ended 30 June 2007 which comprise the profit and loss account, the balance sheet and the related notes. These financial statements have been prepared under the accounting policies set out therein

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with section 235 of the Companies Act 1985. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, or for the opinions we have formed

#### Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

The directors' responsibilities for preparing the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and UK Accounting Standards (UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice) are set out in the statement of directors' responsibilities on page 3

Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with relevant legal and regulatory requirements and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland)

We report to you our opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view and are properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985. We also report to you whether in our opinion the information given in the directors' report is consistent with the financial statements.

In addition we report to you if, in our opinion, the company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if information specified by law regarding directors' remuneration and other transactions is not disclosed

We read the directors' report and consider the implications for our report if we become aware of any apparent misstatements within it

#### Basis of audit opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland) issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

#### Opinion

In our opinion

- the financial statements give a true and fair view, in accordance with UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, of the state of the company's affairs as at 30 June 2007 and of its loss for the year then ended,
- the financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985, and
- the information given in the directors' report is consistent with the financial statements

KPMG LLP

Chartered Accountants Registered Auditor Nottingham

KPMG LLP

18 January 2008

# Laces and Textiles Limited Profit and Loss Account For the year ended 30 June 2007

	Note	2007 £000	2006 £000
Administrative expenses		(1,978)	-
Operating (loss) / profit	2 - 3	(1,978)	-
Taxation	4	-	-
(Loss) / profit for the year		(1,978)	

All of the above results have arisen from continuing activities

There are no recognised gains or losses in either year other than the result for that year

# Laces and Textiles Limited Balance Sheet As at 30 June 2007

	Note	2007	2006
		£ 000	£ 000
Current assets			
Debtors	5	•	1,978
Net assets			1,978
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	6	14	14
Share premium account	7	52	52
Capital redemption reserve	7	45	45
Profit and loss account	7	(111)	1,867
Shareholders' funds	8		1,978

The accounts on pages 5 to 9 were approved by the board of directors on 18 January 2008 and signed on its behalf by

M Ellis Director

# Laces and Textiles Limited Notes to the Accounts At 30 June 2007

#### 1 Accounting policies

The following accounting policies have been applied consistently in dealing with items which are considered material in relation to the financial statements

#### Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with applicable accounting standards and under the historical cost accounting rules

#### Cash flow statement

Under FRS 1 the Company is exempt from the requirement to prepare a cash flow statement on the grounds of its size

#### **Taxation**

The charge for taxation is based on the profit / loss for the year and takes into account taxation deferred because of timing differences between the treatment of certain items for taxation and accounting purposes

Deferred tax is recognised, without discounting, in respect of all timing differences between the treatment of certain items for taxation and accounting purposes which have arisen but not reversed by the balance sheet date, except as otherwise required by FRS 19

#### Classification of financial instruments issued by the Company

Following the adoption of FRS 25, financial instruments issued by the Company are treated as equity (i.e. forming part of shareholders' funds) only to the extent that they meet the following two conditions

- a) they include no contractual obligations upon the Company to deliver cash or other financial assets or to exchange financial assets or financial liabilities with another party under conditions that are potentially unfavourable to the Company; and
- b) where the instrument will or may be settled in the Company's own equity instruments, it is either a nonderivative that includes no obligation to deliver a variable number of the Company's own equity instruments or is a derivative that will be settled by the Company's exchanging a fixed amount of cash or other financial assets for a fixed number of its own equity instruments

To the extent that this definition is not met, the proceeds of issue are classified as a financial liability. Where the instrument so classified takes the legal form of the Company's own shares, the amounts presented in these financial statements for called up share capital exclude amounts in relation to those shares.

Finance payments associated with financial liabilities are dealt with as part of interest payable and similar charges Finance payments associated with financial instruments that are classified as part of shareholders' funds, are dealt with as appropriations in the reconciliation of movements in shareholders' funds

2 . Operating (loss) / profit	2007	2006 £ 000
This is stated after charging	€ 000	2 000
Provision against amount owed by group undertaking	1,978	

#### 3 Directors' remuneration

None of the directors received any emoluments or accrued retirement benefits under defined contribution or defined benefit schemes in respect of their services to the company (2006 £nil)

The average number of employees during the year was nil (2006 nil)

# Laces and Textiles Limited Notes to the Accounts At 30 June 2007

4	Taxation			2007 £ 000	2006 £ 000
	UK corporation tax		==		<u> </u>
	The tax assessed for the year is lower than (2006 The differences are explained below	the same as) the sta	andard rate of co	rporation tax in the	UK (30%)
	(Loss) / profit on ordinary activities before taxation		_	(1,978)	-
	(Loss) / profit on ordinary activities at the UK sta 30% Effects of	andard rate of corpo	oration tax of	593	-
	Provisions not deductible for tax		_	(593)	
	•		=		<u> </u>
5	Debtors			2007 £ 000	2006 £ 000
	Amounts owed by group undertakings		=	<u> </u>	1,978
6	Share capital	2007 No.	2006 No.	2007 £ 000	2006 £ 000
	Authorised:				
	Ordinary shares of £1 each	48,000	48,000	48	48
	Deferred shares of £1 each	2,000	2,000 _	50	50
	Allotted, called up and fully paid.				
	Ordinary shares of £1 each	12,275	12,275	12	12
	Deferred shares of £1 each	2,000	2,000 =	14	14

As all shares are owned by the immediate parent company, Huit Holdings (UK) Limited, the differences in rights between the two classes of shares is not regarded as material. All shares are treated as being equity shares

7	Share premium and reserves	Share	Capital redemption	Profit and loss
		premium	reserve	account
		£ 000	£ 000	£ 000
	At 30 June 2006	52	45	1,867
	Loss for the year	_ <b>-</b> _		(1,978)
	At 30 June 2007	52	45	(111)
8	Reconciliation of movements in shareholders' funds		2007	2006
			£ 000	£ 000
	(Loss) / profit for the year		(1,978)	•
	Opening shareholders' funds		1,978	1,978
	Closing shareholders' funds			1,978

# Laces and Textiles Limited Notes to the Accounts At 30 June 2007

#### 9 Related party transactions

The following transactions were carried out with related parties	2007 £ 000	2006 £ 000
Increase in provision against amount owed by parent Huit Holdings (UK) Limited	1,978	
At the balance sheet date the following debtors were due from related parties Fellow subsidiary The Long Eaton Fabric Company (Holdings) Limited	-	1,978

During the year following the liquidation of The Long Eaton Fabric Company (Holdings) Limited the above debtor was assigned to Huit Holdings (UK) Limited and is still due to the Company at 30 June 2007 but fully provided against

## 10 Ultimate parent undertaking

The Company is wholly owned by Huit Holdings (UK) Limited, incorporated in England and Wales Huit Holdings Limited, incorporated in Hong Kong, is the Company's ultimate parent company. The ultimate controlling party is Ng Man Choong, the beneficial shareholder of 100% of Huit Holdings Limited.

No other group financial statements include the results of the Company