The insolvency Act 1986

Liquidator's Statement of Receipts and Payments Pursuant to Section 192 of The Insolvency Act 1986 S.192

To the Registrar of Companies

For Official Use

Company Number

00609981

Name of Company

Communications Installations Technology Ltd

I / We Tim Alan Askham The Lexicon Mount Street Manchester M2 5NT

Guy Robert Thomas Hollander Tower Bridge House St Katharine's Way London E1W 1DD

the liquidator(s) of the company attach a copy of my/our statement of receipts and payments under section 192 of the Insolvency Act 1986

Signed \_\_\_\_\_\_

Date

ite \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

Mazars LLP The Lexicon Mount Street Manchester M2 5NT

Ref CITLTD/TAA/GZH/CAP/KJS/MT

WEDNESDAY

For Official Use

Insolvency Sect

Post Room

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04/04/2012 COMPANIES HOUSE #288

Software Supplied by Turnkey Computer Technology Limited Glasgow

# Statement of Receipts and Payments under section 192 of the Insolvency Act 1986

Name of Company

Communications Installations Technology Ltd

Company Registered Number

00609981

State whether members' or

creditors' voluntary winding up

Creditors

Date of commencement of winding up

05 March 2010

Date to which this statement is

brought down

04 March 2012

Name and Address of Liquidator

Tim Alan Askham The Lexicon Mount Street Manchester M2 5NT Guy Robert Thomas Hollander Tower Bridge House St Katharine's Way London E1W 1DD

#### **NOTES**

You should read these notes carefully before completing the forms The notes do not form part of the return to be sent to the registrar of companies

## Form and Contents of Statement

(1) Every statement must contain a detailed account of all the liquidator's realisations and disbursements in respect of the company. The statement of realisations should contain a record of all receipts derived from assets existing at the date of the winding up resolution and subsequently realised, including balance at bank, book debts and calls collected, property sold etc., and the account of disbursements should contain all payments of costs, charges and expenses, or to creditors or contributories. Receipts derived from deposit accounts and money market deposits are to be included in the 'balance at bank'. Only actual investments are to be included in the 'amounts invested' section in the analysis of balance on page 5 of the form. Where property has been realised, the gross proceeds of sale must be entered under realisations and the necessary payments incidental to sales must be entered as disbursements. A payment into the Insolvency Services Account is not a disbursement and should not be shown as such, nor are payments into a bank, building society or any other financial institution. However, the interest received on any investment should be shown in the realisations. Each receipt and payment must be entered in the account in such a manner as sufficiently to explain its nature. The receipts and payments must severally be added up at the foot of each sheet and the totals carried forward from one account to another without any intermediate balance, so that the gross totals represent the total amounts received and paid by the liquidator respectively.

#### **Trading Account**

(2) When the liquidator carries on a business, a trading account must be forwarded as a distinct account, and the total of receipts and payments on the trading account must alone be set out in this statement

#### Dividends

- (3) When dividends, instalments of compositions, etc. are paid to creditors or a return of surplus assets is made to contributories, the total amount of each dividend, etc. actually paid, must be entered in the statement of disbursements as one sum, and the liquidator must forward separate accounts showing in lists the amount of the claim of each creditor, and the amount of dividend, etc payable to each creditor or contributory
- (4) When unclaimed dividends, etc. are paid into the Insolvency Services Account, the total amount so paid in should be entered in the statement of disbursements as one sum. The items to be paid in relation to unclaimed dividends should first be included in the realisations side of the account.
- (5) Credit should not be taken in the statement of disbursements for any amount in respect of liquidator's remuneration unless it has been duly allowed by resolutions of the liquidation committee or of the creditors or of the company in general meeting, or by order of the court as the case may require, or is otherwise allowable under the provisions of the Insolvency Rules

# . Liquidator's statement of account

under section 192 of the Insolvency Act 1986

Rea	hes	tio	ne
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Date	Of whom received	Nature of assets realised	Amount
		Brought Forward	61,190 43
05/09/2011 05/09/2011 28/10/2011 05/12/2011	Bank of Ireland plc Bank of Ireland plc H M Revenue & Customs Bank of Ireland plc	Suspense Account Bank Interest Gross Vat Control Account float Bank Interest Gross	2 46 0 10 1,781 76 0 10
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		Carried Forward	

Disbursemer			
Date	To whom paid	Nature of disbursements	Amount
02/44/2044	Mazars LLP	Brought Forward	18,935 84 2,450 00
03/11/2011 03/11/2011	Mazars LLP	Liquidator's Fees Vat Receivable	490 00

### Analysis of balance

Total realisations Total disbursements		£ 62,974 85 21,875 84
	Balance £	41,099 01
This balance is made up as follows  1 Cash in hands of liquidator  2 Balance at bank  3 Amount in Insolvency Services Account		0 00 41,099 01 0 00
4 Amounts invested by liquidator Less The cost of investments realised Balance 5 Accrued Items	£ 0 00 0 00	0 00 0 00
Total Balance as shown above		41,099 01

NOTE - Full details of stocks purchased for investment and any realisation of them should be given in a separate statement

The Liquidator should also state -

(1) The amount of the estimated assets and liabilities at the date of the commencement of the winding up

Assets (after deducting amounts charged to secured creditors including the holders of floating charges)

Liabilities - Fixed charge creditors

Floating charge holders

Preferential creditors

Unsecured creditors

£

1,870,000 00

0 00

0 00

2,016,000 00

(2) The total amount of the capital paid up at the date of the commencement of the winding up -

Paid up in cash
Issued as paid up otherwise than for cash
0 00

(3) The general description and estimated value of any outstanding assets (if there is insufficient space here, attach a separate sheet)

Inter-company debt of some £200,000

(4) Why the winding up cannot yet be concluded

Distribution to be made to unsecured creditors

(5) The period within which the winding up is expected to be completed

2 months