# ARTIPODE CO. LIMITED UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 31 MARCH 2019



# ARTIPODE CO. LIMITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019

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#### **DIRECTORS' REPORT**

#### YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019

The directors present their report and the unaudited financial statements of the company for the year ended 31 March 2019.

#### PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES AND BUSINESS REVIEW

The principal activity of the company is share investment. There has been no significant change in the nature of the company's business activities during the year under review, nor is any envisaged in the immediate future.

#### DIRECTORS

The directors who served the company during the year were as follows:

Mr B S E Freshwater

Mr D Davis

The Articles of Association of the company do not require the directors to retire by rotation. Neither director has a service contract with the company.

#### RESULTS AND DIVIDENDS

The results for the year are set out in the attached profit and loss account and explanatory notes. The financial position of the company at the year end is set out in the attached balance sheet and explanatory notes.

The company did not pay a dividend in the year (2018: £nil). The directors do not propose a final dividend for the year (2018: £nil).

This report was approved by the board of directors on 10 DEC 2019 and signed on behalf of the

MR M Jenner F.C.I.S.

Company Secretary

Registered office: Freshwater House

158-162 Shaftesbury Avenue

London

WC2H 8HR

# PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019

	Note	2019 . £	2018 £
TURNOVER	4	1	1
GROSS PROFIT		1	1
Administrative expenses Net valuation (deficit)/gains on listed investments		<u>(1)</u>	(944) (5)
OPERATING LOSS		-	(948)
LOSS BEFORE TAXATION		~	(948)
Tax on loss	6	-	
LOSS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR AND TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME		~~ <del></del> -	(948)

All the activities of the company are from continuing operations.

#### **BALANCE SHEET**

#### 31 MARCH 2019

	2019		2018		
	Note	£	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS					
Investments	7		59		60
CURRENT ASSETS					
Cash at bank and in hand		798		798	
CREDITORS: amounts falling due					
within one year	8	(2,489)		(2,490)	
NET CURRENT LIABILITIES			(1,691)	<del></del> . <del></del>	(1,692)
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT		•	_ <del>_</del>		
LIABILITIES			(1,632)		(1,632)
CAPITAL AND RESERVES		,			
Called up share capital	10		50		50
Capital reserves	11		5,058		5,058
Profit and loss account	11		(6,740)		(6,740)
TOTAL EQUITY			(1,632)		(1,632)

For the year ending 31 March 2019 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

#### Directors' responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476;
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 1.0.DEC.2019, and are signed on behalf of the board by:

Mr B S E Freshwater

Director

Company registration number: 606486

# STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

### YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019

	Called up Capital share capital reserves 1		Profit and ss account	Total
	£	£	£	£
AT 1 APRIL 2017	50	5,058	(5,792)	(684)
Loss for the year			(948)	(948)
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR	_	_	(948)	(948)
AT 31 MARCH 2018	50	5,058	(6,740)	(1,632)
Profit for the year			_	-
AT 31 MARCH 2019	50	5,058	(6,740)	( <u>1,632</u> )

The balance on the profit and loss account at 31 March 2019 includes £57 of unrealised profits which are not available for distribution.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019

#### 1. GENERAL INFORMATION

Artipode Co. Limited (the "Company") is a company limited by shares and incorporated in the UK. The Company's Registered Office is Freshwater House, 158-162 Shaftesbury Avenue, London WC2H 8HR. The presentation currency of these financial statements is sterling.

#### 2. STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE

These financial statements have been prepared in compliance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and voluntarily adopting FRS 102, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable to the UK and the Republic of Ireland'.

#### 3. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention except that listed investments are measured at fair value.

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the accounting principles appropriate to a going concern not withstanding the deficiency in net current assets at the Balance Sheet date. The directors consider this to be appropriate having regard to the continued provision of financial support by Stronelle Company Limited, the directors of which are also directors of the company. This should enable the company to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future by meeting its liabilities as they fall due for payment. As with any company placing reliance on other entities for financial support, the directors acknowledge that there can be no certainty that this support will continue although, at the date of approval of these financial statements, they have no reason to believe that it will not do so. Based on this undertaking the directors believe that it remains appropriate to prepare the financial statements on a going concern basis. The financial statements do not include any adjustments that would result from the basis of preparation being inappropriate.

The accounting policies set out below have, unless otherwise stated, been applied consistently to all periods presented in these financial statements.

There are no judgements made by directors in the application of these accounting policies that have significant effect on the financial statements nor any estimates with a significant risk of material adjustment in the next year.

#### Disclosure exemptions

In these financial statements, the company is considered to be a small entity (for the purposes of FRS 102) and has applied the exemptions available under FRS 102 in respect of the Cash Flow Statement and related notes.

#### Turnover

Turnover represents income from listed investments.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

#### YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019

#### 3. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### **Taxation**

Tax on the profit or loss for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the profit and loss account except to the extent that it relates to items recognised directly in equity or other comprehensive income, in which case it is recognised directly in equity or other comprehensive income.

Current tax is expected tax payable or receivable on the taxable income or loss for the year, using rates enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date, and any adjustment to tax payable in respect of previous years.

Deferred tax is provided on timing differences which arise from the inclusion of income and expenses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in the financial statements. The following timing differences are not provided for: differences between accumulated depreciation and tax allowances for the cost of a fixed asset if and when all conditions for retaining the tax allowances have been met. Deferred tax is not recognised on permanent differences arising because certain types of income or expense are non-taxable or are disallowable for tax or because certain tax charges or allowances are greater or smaller than the corresponding income or expense.

Deferred tax is provided in respect of the additional tax that will be paid or avoided on differences between the amount at which an asset (other than goodwill) or liability is recognised in a business combination and the corresponding amount that can be deducted or assessed for tax.

Deferred tax is measured at the tax rate that is expected to apply to the reversal of the related difference, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date. For listed investments that are measured at fair value, deferred tax is provided at the rate and allowances applicable to the sale of the listed investments.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

#### **Investments**

Listed investments are initially recorded at cost, and subsequently stated at fair value with changes in fair value being recognised in profit or loss account.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

#### YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019

#### 3. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### Financial instruments

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the entity after deducting all its financial liabilities.

#### Basic financial instruments

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash balances and call deposits.

Trade and other debtors

Trade and other debtors are recognised initially at transaction price plus attributable transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition they are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment losses. If the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, for example if payment is deferred beyond normal business terms, then it is measured at the present value of future payments discounted at a market rate for a similar debt instrument.

#### Trade and other creditors

Trade and other creditors are recognised initially at transaction price less attributable transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition they are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. If the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, for example if payment is deferred beyond normal business terms, then it is measured at the present value of future payments discounted at a market rate for a similar debt instrument.

#### Income and expenses

Interest receivable and Interest payable:

Interest income and interest payable are recognised in the profit and loss account as they accrue, using the effective interest method.

Borrowing costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or redevelopment of an asset that takes a substantial time to be prepared for use are expensed as incurred.

#### 4. TURNOVER

Turnover arises from:

	2019	2018
	£	£
Dividends	1	1

The whole of the turnover is attributable to the principal activity of the company wholly undertaken in the United Kingdom.

#### 5. PARTICULARS OF EMPLOYEES

No salaries or wages have been paid to employees, including the directors, during the year (2018: £Nil).

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

#### YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019

#### 6. TAX ON LOSS

#### Reconciliation of tax income

The tax assessed on the loss on ordinary activities for the year is the same as (2018: higher than) the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19% (2018: 19%).

•	2019	2018
	£	£
Loss on ordinary activities before taxation	_	(948)
·	<del></del>	
Loss on ordinary activities by rate of tax	_	(180)
Timing differences on unrealised gains	_	1
Disallowed expenses	-	177
Other differences	, <del>-</del>	2
Tax on loss		_
		-

#### Factors that may affect future tax income

A reduction in the UK corporation tax rate to 17% (effective from 1 April 2020) was substantively enacted on 15 September 2016. This will reduce the Company's future tax charge accordingly.

The deferred tax liability at 31 March 2019 has been calculated based on the rate of 17% (2018: 17%).

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#### 7. INVESTMENTS

	Listed
	investments
	£
Fair value	
At 1 April 2018	60
Revaluations	(1)
	<del>-</del>
At 31 March 2019	59
Impairment	
At 1 April 2018 and 31 March 2019	_
	-
Carrying amount	
At 31 March 2019	59
At 31 March 2018	60

The fair value of the listed investments at the balance sheet date is determined using quoted prices.

#### Historical cost model

The historical cost of listed investments at 31 March 2019 is £2 (2018: £2).

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

#### YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019

#### 8. CREDITORS: amounts falling due within one year

	2019	2018
	£	£
Other creditors	2,489	2,490

Other creditors include an amount of £2,489 (2018: £2,477) due to a connected company, Highdorn Co. Limited, a company of which Mr B S E Freshwater is a director and also has a non-beneficial interest in its share capital. The loan is interest free and effectively repayable on demand.

#### 9. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The carrying amount for each category of financial instrument is as follows:

2019	2018
£	£
59	60
ost	
798	798
-	
2,489	2,490
	£

The fair values of assets held at fair value through profit and loss at the balance sheet date are determined using quoted prices.

#### 10. CALLED UP SHARE CAPITAL

Issued, called up and fully paid

2019		2018		2018	
No.	£	No.	£		
50	50	50	50		
	No.	No. £	No. £ No.		

#### 11. CAPITAL AND RESERVES

Called-up share capital represents the nominal value of shares that have been issued.

Capital reserves include all current and prior retained profits arising from the disposal of the company's investment properties. These profits are not available for distribution as stipulated in the Articles of Association of the company.

Profit and loss account includes all current and prior period retained profits and losses.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

#### YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019

#### 12. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The majority of the day to day management of the company's operations is carried out by Highdorn Co. Limited, a company in which Mr B S E Freshwater is a director and has a non-beneficial interest in the share capital.

Dividends receivable from listed investments relate to Daejan Holdings Plc, a company in which Mr B S F. Freshwater and Mr D Davis are directors and are also interested in its share capital.

The Board considers that the Directors are the key management personnel of the company and their remuneration is disclosed in note 5.